No Prefix Set



There is a given list of strings where each string contains only lowercase letters from a-j, inclusive. The set of strings is said to be a **GOOD SET** if no string is a prefix of another string. In this case, print **GOOD SET**. Otherwise, print **BAD SET** on the first line followed by the string being checked.

Note If two strings are identical, they are prefixes of each other.

Example

```
words = ['abcd', 'bcd', 'abcde', 'bcde']
```

Here 'abcd' is a prefix of 'abcde' and 'bcd' is a prefix of 'bcde'. Since 'abcde' is tested first, print

```
BAD SET
abcde
```

```
words = ['ab', 'bc', 'cd'].
```

No string is a prefix of another so print

```
GOOD SET
```

Function Description

Complete the noPrefix function in the editor below.

noPrefix has the following parameter(s):

- string words[n]: an array of strings

Prints

- string(s): either **GOOD SET** or **BAD SET** on one line followed by the word on the next line. No return value is expected.

Input Format

First line contains n, the size of words[].

Then next n lines each contain a string, words[i].

Constraints

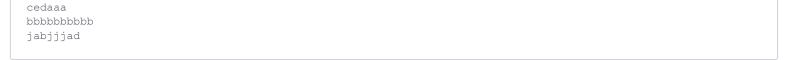
```
1 \le n \le 10^5
```

 $1 \leq$ the length of words[i] ≤ 60

All letters in words[i] are in the range 'a' through 'j', inclusive.

Sample Input00

```
STDIN Function
-----
7 words[] size n = 7
aab words = ['aab', 'defgab', 'abcde', 'aabcde', 'bbbbbbbbbbb', 'jabjjjad']
defgab
abcde
aabcde
```



Sample Output00

```
BAD SET aabcde
```

Explanation

'aab' is prefix of 'aabcde' so it is a **BAD SET** and fails at string 'aabcde'.

Sample Input01

```
4
aab
aac
aacghgh
aabghgh
```

Sample Output01

```
BAD SET aacghgh
```

Explanation

'aab' is a prefix of 'aabghgh', and aac' is prefix of 'aacghgh'. The set is a **BAD SET**. 'aacghgh' is tested before 'aabghgh', so and it fails at 'aacghgh'.