# Lab 2: DHCP

#### **Objective:**

To help students understand how DHCP works and setup a DHCP Server.

#### Scenario:

IP Address Range: 192.168.1.0/24

• Gateway: **192.168.1.1** 

• DNS: 192.168.1.2

• DHCP Server: **192.168.1.1** 

Workstation: Linux (hostname: lin): 192.168.1.100

### **Open Hadrian from the vSphere Client:**

#### [1] Installation:

```
1-1 Required packages:
```

• dhcp

1-2 Configuration files: /etc/dhcpd.conf

1-3 Installation:

[root@dhep /root]# yum -y install dhcp

# [2] Configuration: Collecting MAC Addresses:

```
_____
```

```
[root@dhcp/root]# for i in $(seq 100 101); do ping -c1 192.168.1.$i; done [root@dhcp/root]# arp -a|grep 192.168.1.10
```

# Edit /etc/dhcpd.conf

```
# DHCP Server Configuration file.
```

ddns-update-style interim; ignore client-updates;

subnet 139.182.148.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {

```
option routers 192.168.1.1;
option subnet-mask 255.255.255.0;
option domain-name "coyote.net";
option domain-name-servers 139.182.2.1;
```

option time-offset -18000; # Eastern Standard Time (Change to PST)

[3] Start the services:				
[root@dhcp /root]# service d [root@dhcp /root]# chkconfi				
[4] Set up DHCP Client:				
[root@dhcp/root]# setup				
Select "Network configur	ration"			
Choose a Tool  Authentication configu  Firewall configuration  Network configuratio  System services	ration   			
Run Tool     Quit	 t			
Select "eth0" Select a Devi				
   Quit   	   Cancel   			
Select "Use DHCP" and " Devernet Co     Name   Device   Use DHCP   Static IP   Netmask   Default gateway	"OK"  Infiguration  eth0 eth0 [*]			

| Cancel |

| **OK** |

# Select "Quit"

Select a Device				
	eth0 - 3Com Cor lo	poration 3c905C		
1				
ļ ļ	Quit   	Cancel		

# Select "Quit"

Choose a Tool	
Authentication configuration	n
Firewall configuration	1
Network configuration	- 1
System services	į
	1
Run Tool     Quit	1
***************************************	j

# [5] Testing

[root@hadrian ~]# service network restart	
Shutting down interface eth0:	[ OK ]
Shutting down loopback interface:	[ OK ]
Bringing up loopback interface:	[ OK ]
Bringing up interface eth0:	[ OK ]

#### [root@lin ~]# ifconfig eth0

eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:06:5B:90:E3:01
inet addr:192.168.1.100 Bcast: 192.168.1.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
RX packets:1593171 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:1 frame:0
TX packets:47247 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
RX bytes:126402286 (120.5 MiB) TX bytes:4807182 (4.5 MiB)

Interrupt:11 Base address:0x2c00

#### default-lease-time 21600; max-lease-time 43200;

}

```
#
    Example:
#
    host lin {
#
        hardware ethernet 00:06:5B:90:E3:01;
#
        fixed-address 192.168.1.100;
#
#
    host win {
       hardware ethernet 00:06:5B:90:E3:02;
#
#
        fixed-address 192.168.1.101;
    }
   host ____ {
    hardware ethernet _____;
    fixed-address ____;
   host ____ {
    hardware ethernet _____
        fixed-address ____
    }
```

# Lab 2: DHCP Report

Name:	Team Member:
[1] What is purpose of DHCP Server?	
Mark Control of the C	
[2] Draw the Network diagram for DHCPD	server and Clients.
[3] What are the advantages of DHCP?	
[4] What package(s) you should install in ore	

[6] Write your own dhcpd.conf file for following scenario.

#### Scenario:

• IP Address Range: 192.168.0.0/22

Gateway: 192.168.0.1DNS: 192.168.0.2

• DHCP Server: **192.168.0.3** Workstations (Windows Xp):

ws-0: 192.168.1.100 = 00:01:E3:FE:A0 ws-1: 192.168.1.101 = 00:01:E3:FE:A1 ws-2: 192.168.1.102 = 00:01:E3:FE:A2 ws-3: 192.168.1.103 = 00:01:E3:FE:A3 ws-4: 192.168.1.104 = 00:01:E3:FE:A4 ws-5: 192.168.1.105 = 00:01:E3:FE:A5 [7] How to test your Windows Xp clients?

• How to check your network settings?

• How to renew your network settings?

• How to release your network settings?

[8] What did you learn from this lab?