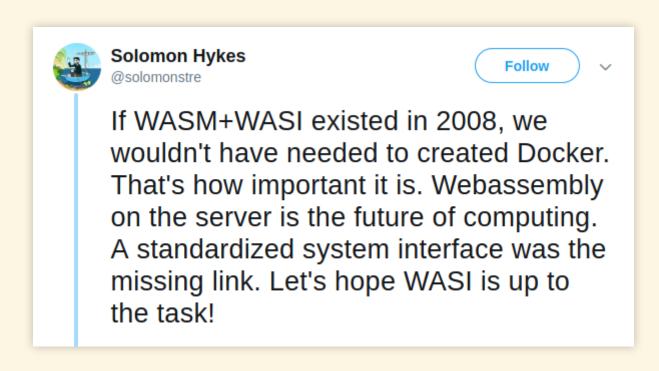
# Server-Side C++ With WebAssembly

## Disclaimer

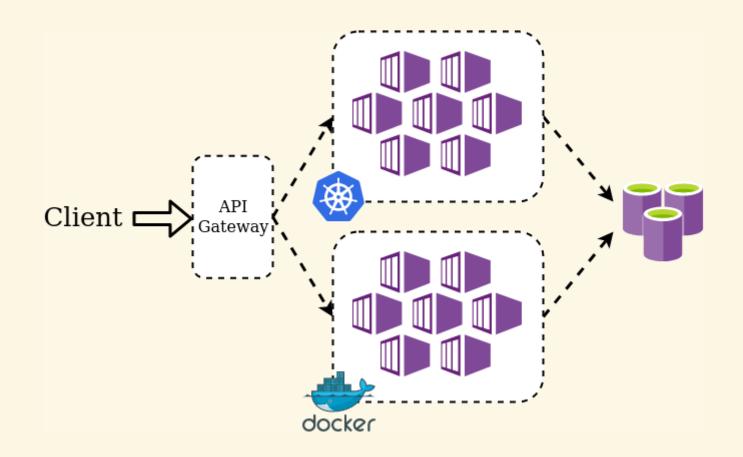
Not a WebAssembly expert

## Why WebAssembly?



Solomon Hykes is the Founder, former CTO and Chief Architect of Docker.





## Java

- Slow startup times
- High RAM usage
- Unpredictable performance
- Large container images

## Go

- Also GC
- No const, enum, templates, RAII\*, overloading etc.
- Very opinionated
- No standard, controlled by single corporation

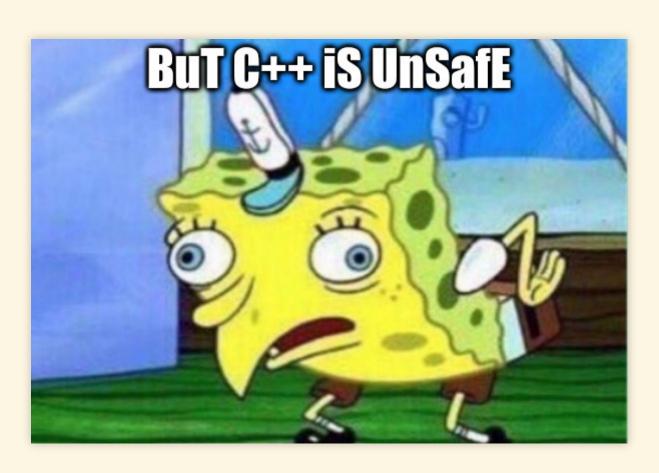
## What About C++?

## Lack of Ecosystem

- Complicated build systems (make, ninja, cmake, autotools)
- Fragmented package managers (pkg-config, conan, vcpkg, build2)
- Lack of packaged libraries



## Safety



## WebAssembly

"Neither web, nor assembly" Everyone

## **JavaScript**

JavaScript prototype developed at Netscape in 1995

```
function factorial(n) {
   if (n === 0)
      return 1; // 0! = 1

   return n * factorial(n - 1);
}
```

## asm.js

```
size_t strlen(char *ptr) {
  char *curr = ptr;
  while (*curr != 0) {
    curr++;
  }
  return (curr - ptr);
}
```

#### Emscripten

1

```
function strlen(ptr) {
  ptr = ptr|0;
  var curr = 0;
  curr = ptr;
  while ((MEM8[curr>>0]|0) != 0)
    curr = (curr + 1)|0;
  return (curr - ptr)|0;
}
```

## WebAssembly

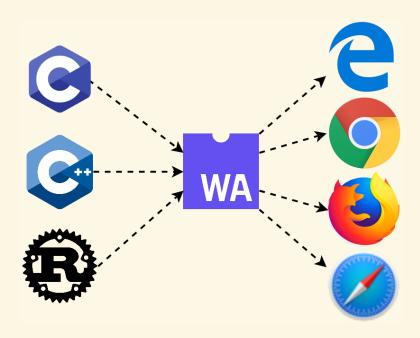


"In a miracle of standards that never actually happens, everyone got together and agreed on something."

Steve Klabnik

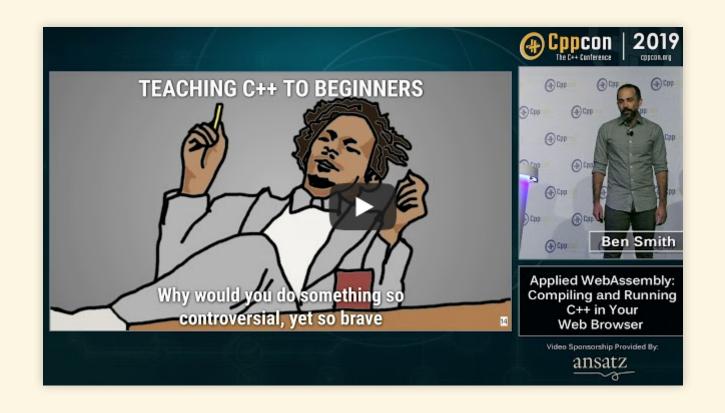
## Origin

- Originally designed by Mozilla, Microsoft, Google, and Apple
- Binary instruction format for a stack-based virtual machine
- Portable target for compilation of high-level languages



## WebAssembly in the Browser Today

- W3C standard as of December 5, 2019
- Supported in all major browsers (including mobile)
- Unity, Unreal, Godot, Construct3
- Autocad, Google Earth, VLC
- Qt, SDL



Ben Smith: "Applied WebAssembly: Compiling and Running C++ in Your Web Browser"

## So What Exactly Is WebAssembly?



WebAssembly Specification

Release 1.0

WebAssembly Community Group

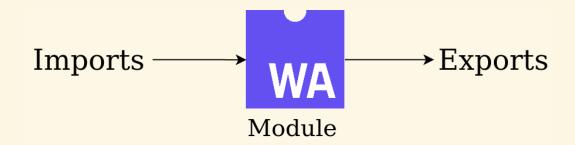
Andreas Rossberg (editor)

## **WebAssembly Specification**

- Module format
- Virtual machine
- Instruction set
- Binary and text encoding

## **Module**

Distributable, loadable, and executable unit of code

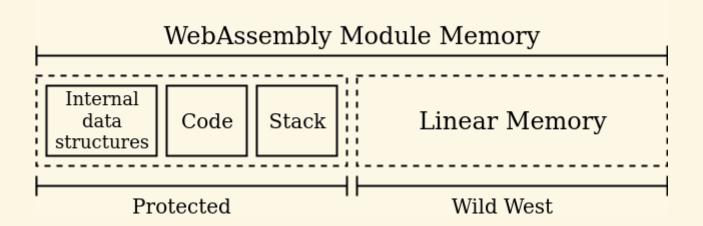


## **Virtual Machine**

- 32-bit typed stack machine
- Value Types (little endian): i32, i64, f32, f64
- Code is validated before execution
- Machine verified type system

## Memory

- Harvard architecture
- All memory accesses are bounds checked



## **Structured Control Flow**

- No arbitrary jumps/goto
- block, loop, if, br

### **Text Format**

#### Linear

```
(func $sum (type 0) (param i32 i32) (result i32)
  local.get 1
  local.get 0
  i32.add)
```

#### Folded (s-expressions)

```
(func $sum (type 0) (param i32 i32) (result i32)
    (i32.add
        (local.get 1)
        (local.get 0)))
```

## **WebAssembly Execution Example**

sum(2, 3)

## Function code 1 (func \$sum (param i32 i32) (result i32) 2 local.get 0 3 local.get 1 4 i32.add 5 ) Bin Stack 20 00 20 00 60 60 60 60

#### Locals:

```
[]
```

#### Reset | Next

## What About C++?



## **What Works**

- Everything that happens at compile time
- Stack access (aliased stack)
- Arbitrary control flow (relooper algorithm)
- Function pointers, vtable (call\_indirect)
- RTTI, dynamic\_cast, noexcept\*, varargs

## What Doesn't Work

- Threads, atomic operations (threads proposal)
- SIMD (SIMD proposal)
- Exceptions (exceptions proposal)
- Dynamic initialization, atexit
- System calls (WASI)

## Compiling C++ to WASM

- Emscripten
- Clang 8+

## **Live Demo!**

#### Windows

An error has occurred. To continue:

Press Enter to return to Windows, or

Press CTRL+ALT+DEL to restart your computer. If you do this, you will lose any unsaved information in all open applications.

Error: OE: 016F: BFF9B3D4

Press any key to continue

## Why Outside the Browser?

- Safety and security
- Isolation
- Portability
- Performance
- Standard

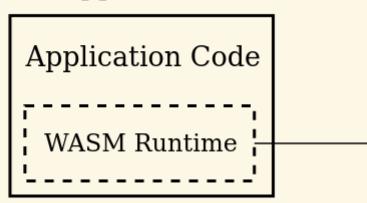
## Standalone WebAssembly Runtimes

- Wasmtime (Mozilla)
- Lucet (Fastly)
- Node.js (V8)
- WAMR, Wasmer, WAVM, WAC...

## **Embedding Runtime**

#### Application

- C++
- Rust
- Python
- NodeJS
- Go
- ...



## node-sass

#### Supported Environments

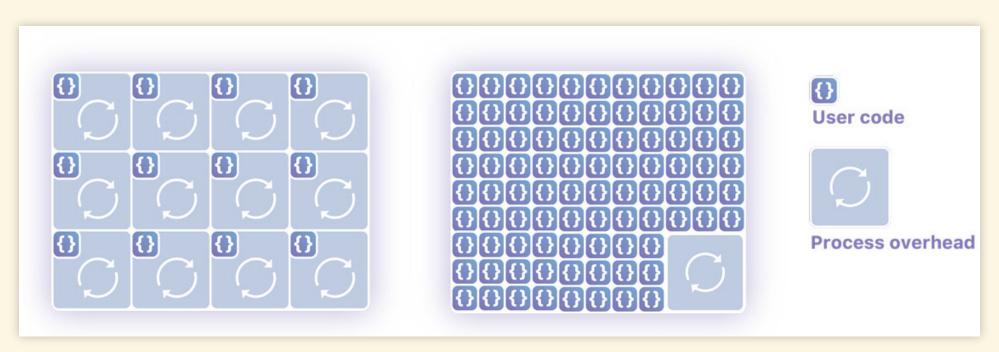
os	Architecture	Node
Windows	x86 & x64	0.10, 0.12, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
OSX	x64	0.10, 0.12, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
Linux*	x86 & x64	0.10, 0.12, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8**, 9**, 10**^, 11**^, 12**^, 13**^
Alpine Linux	x64	6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13
FreeBSD	i386 amd64	6, 8, 10, 12, 13

<sup>\*</sup>Linux support refers to Ubuntu, Debian, and CentOS 5+

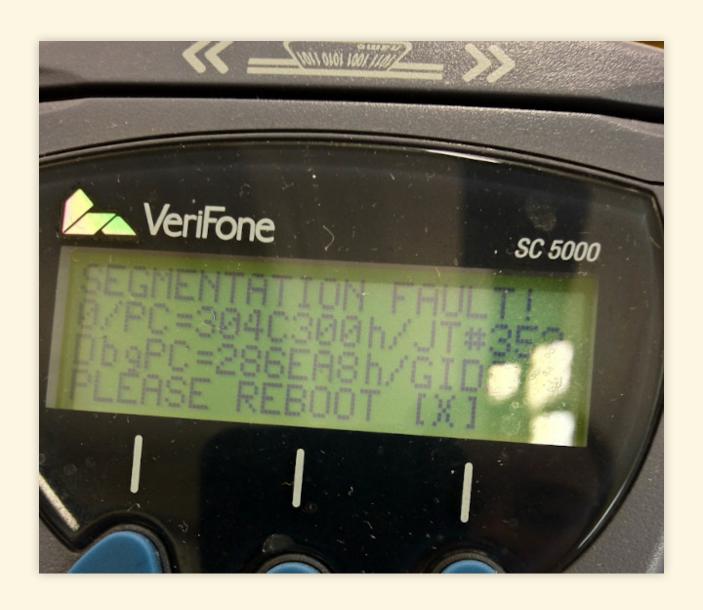
<sup>\*\*</sup> Not available on CentOS 5

<sup>^</sup> Only available on x64

## Serverless



## **Live Demo!**

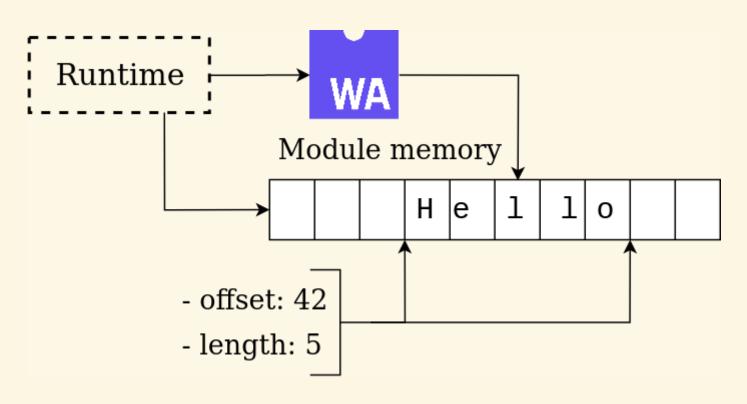


# Interfacing With WebAssembly

Numbers in, numbers out

```
(func sum (param i32 i32) (result i32)
  local.get 1
  local.get 0
  i32.add)
```

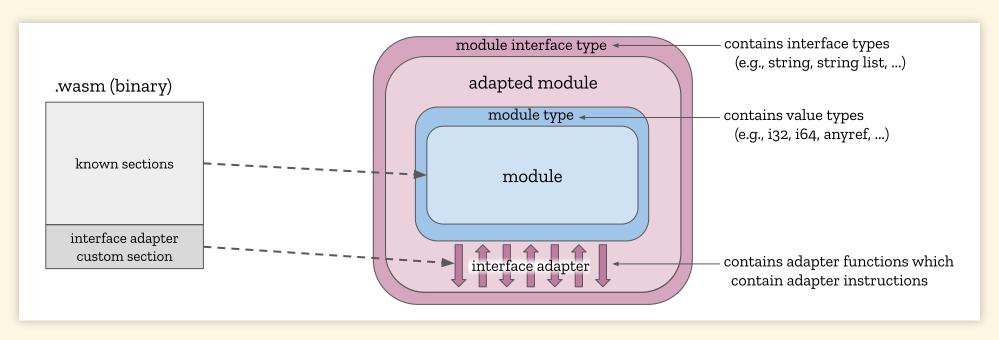
# Passing/Returning a String



### **Not an Ideal Solution**

- Lot of tedious work
- Manual memory management
- Multiple type representations

# **Interface Types**



# Returning a String

```
1 (module
2  (memory (export "mem") 1)
3  (data (i32.const 0) "hello there")
4  (func (export "greeting_") (result i32 i32)
5   i32.const 0 ;; offset of string in memory
6   i32.const 11 ;; length
7  )
8 )
```

# Returning a String

```
1 (module
2  (memory (export "mem") 1)
3  (data (i32.const 0) "hello there")
4  (func (export "greeting_") (result i32 i32)
5    i32.const 0  ;; offset of string in memory
6    i32.const 11  ;; length
7  )
8  (@interface func (export "greeting") (result string)
9    call-export "greeting_" ;; call greeting_
10    memory-to-string "mem" ;; offset+length -> string
11  )
12 )
```

# **Dynamically Allocated String**

```
1 (@interface func (export "greeting") (result string)
2    call-export "greeting_"
3    defer-call-export "free"
4    memory-to-string "mem"
5 )
```

### **Live Demo!**

Error 404: Demo Not Found

# Interfacing With the System

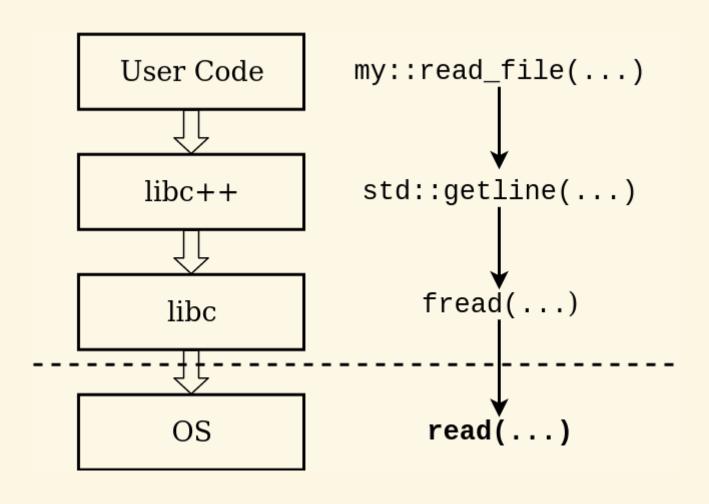
"WebAssembly cannot do anything."

Ben Smith

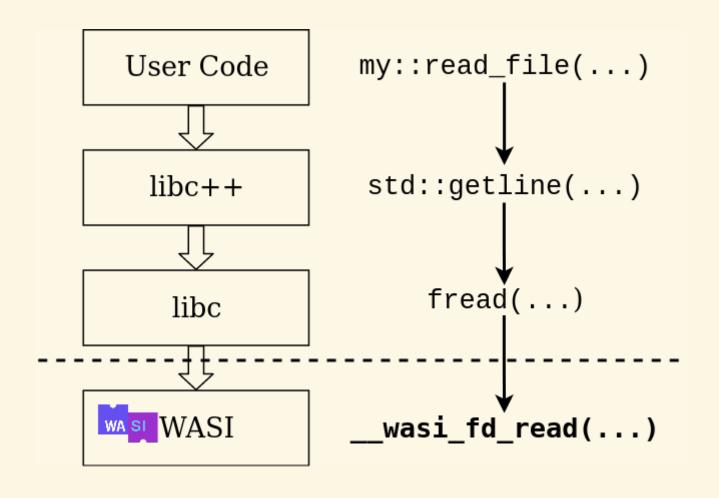
### WebAssembly System Interface



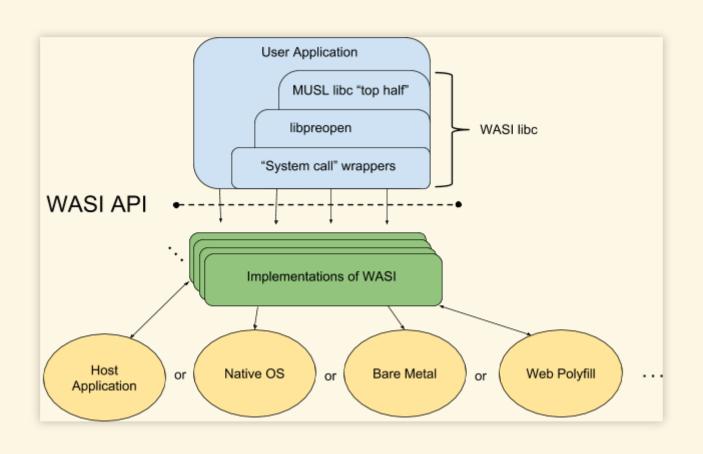
# Reading a File



# Reading a File



### **WASI Architecture**



### **Current State**

- WASI Core: work in progress
- Arguments, files/directories, time, sockets
- Experimental support in runtimes and toolchains

### **Live Demo!**

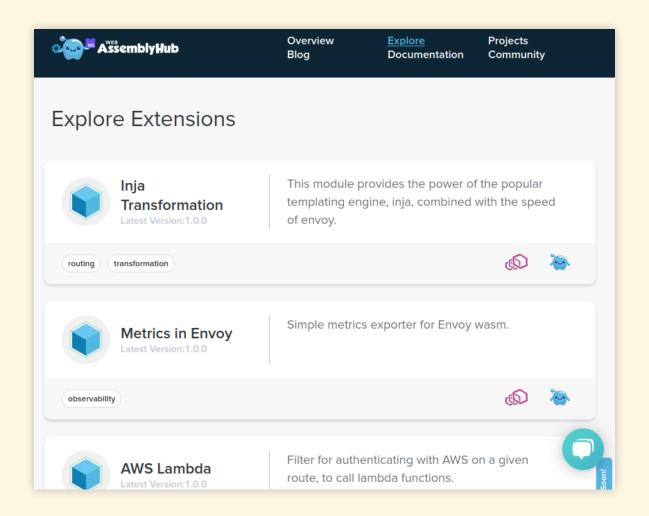


# Present and Future of WebAssembly (outside the browser)

**Buzzword Bingo Incoming** 

# **Plugins**

**Envoy** proxy filters: C++, Lua and now WASM.



# **Command Line Applications**

Wasmer + WebAssembly Package Manager (WAPM)

```
root@db20dbf74627: /
root@db20dbf74627:/# wapm install cowsay
[INFO] Installing _/cowsay@0.2.0
Package installed successfully to wapm packages!
root@db20dbf74627:/# wapm run cowsay Hello Ottawa C++ User Group
< Hello Ottawa C++ User Group >
root@db20dbf74627:/#
root@db20dbf74627:/#
root@db20dbf74627:/#
root@db20dbf74627:/#
root@db20dbf74627:/#
root@db20dbf74627:/#
root@db20dbf74627:/#
```

### **WASM** in the Linux Kernel

#### kernel-wasm

Safely run WebAssembly in the Linux kernel, with faster-than-native performance.

#### **Background**

I wrote Cervus, another WebAssembly "usermode" subsystem running in Linux kernel, about one year ago. At that time we didn't yet have WASI or any "production-ready" non-Web runtimes, though the Cervus project has proved that the idea is possible and of great potential.

Now the WASM ecosystem is growing, and it's time to build a complete in-kernel WASM runtime for real applications.

#### **Features**

- WASI support (incomplete; work in progress)
- Asynchronous networking extension with epoll support
- Modular host API provider interface
- Fully sandboxed execution environment with software fault isolation
- Faster than native (partially achieved)
- Device drivers in WASM
- "eBPF" in WASM

### IoT

### WAMR + Application Framework



### **Blockchain**

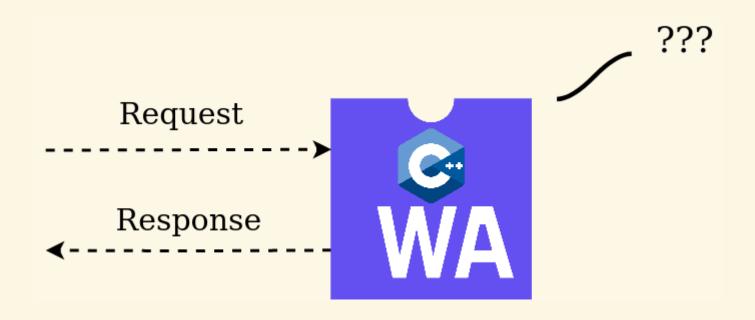
Ethereum WebAssembly (eWASM)



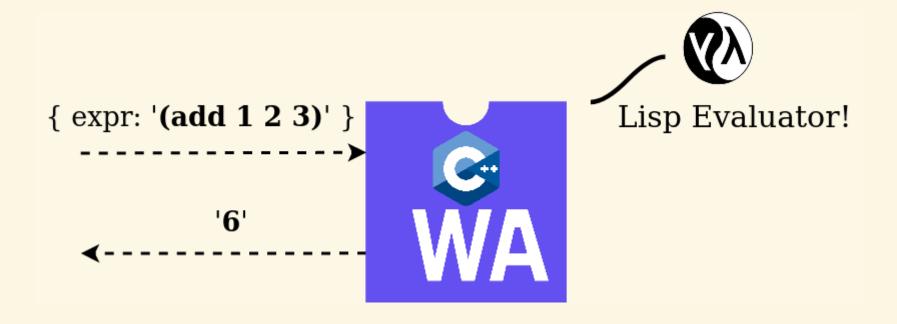
### **Live Demo!**



### **Web Service**



# Lisp as a Service



### github.com/suetanvil/sic

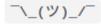
#### Sic: Yet Another Mediocre Lisp Dialect in C++

The other day, I had an interesting realization about modern C++. One thing led to another and here I am with another Lisp dialect. Sorry about that.

#### Why?

It seemed like a good idea at the time.

#### What's it good for?



Also,

#### 1. It's simple.

Most Lispish languages care about fripperies like efficiency and so will internally convert Lisp(ish) expressions to more efficient forms.

### **Getting Rid of Exceptions**

- throw ... → std::abort()
- Comment out try / catch keywords

### **Dynamic Initialization**

```
const Foo* foo = foo();
const Bar* bar = bar();
```



```
Foo* foo = nullptr;
Bar* bar = nullptr;

void init() {
   foo = foo();
   bar = bar();
}
```

### There Is No Escape From printf()



### References

- webassembly.org
- github.com/webassembly
- wasi.dev
- webassembly.studio
- github.com/mbasso/awesome-wasm