



# Leveling Up Dependency Injection in .NET

## 1: Overview

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# What Is Dependency Injection?

- Dependency Injection is a software design pattern that allows a choice of component to be made at run-time rather than compile time.

- Wikipedia 2012

# What Is Dependency Injection?

- Dependency injection is a software design pattern that allows the removal of hard-coded dependencies and makes it possible to change them, whether at run-time or compile-time.
- Wikipedia 2013

# What Is Dependency Injection?

- Dependency injection is a software design pattern that implements inversion of control and allows a program design to follow the dependency inversion principle. The term was coined by Martin Fowler.

- Wikipedia 2014

# What Is Dependency Injection?

- In software engineering, dependency injection is a software design pattern that implements inversion of control for software libraries, where the caller delegates to an external framework the control flow of discovering and importing a service or software module. Dependency injection allows a program design to follow the dependency inversion principle where modules are loosely coupled. With dependency injection, the client part of a program which uses a module or service doesn't need to know all its details, and typically the module can be replaced by another one of similar characteristics without altering the client.

- Wikipedia 2015

# What Is Dependency Injection?

- In software engineering, dependency injection is a software design pattern that implements inversion of control for resolving dependencies. A dependency is an object that can be used (a service). An injection is the passing of a dependency to a dependent object (a client) that would use it. The service is made part of the client's state.[1] Passing the service to the client, rather than allowing a client to build or find the service, is the fundamental requirement of the pattern.

- Wikipedia 2016

# What Is Dependency Injection?

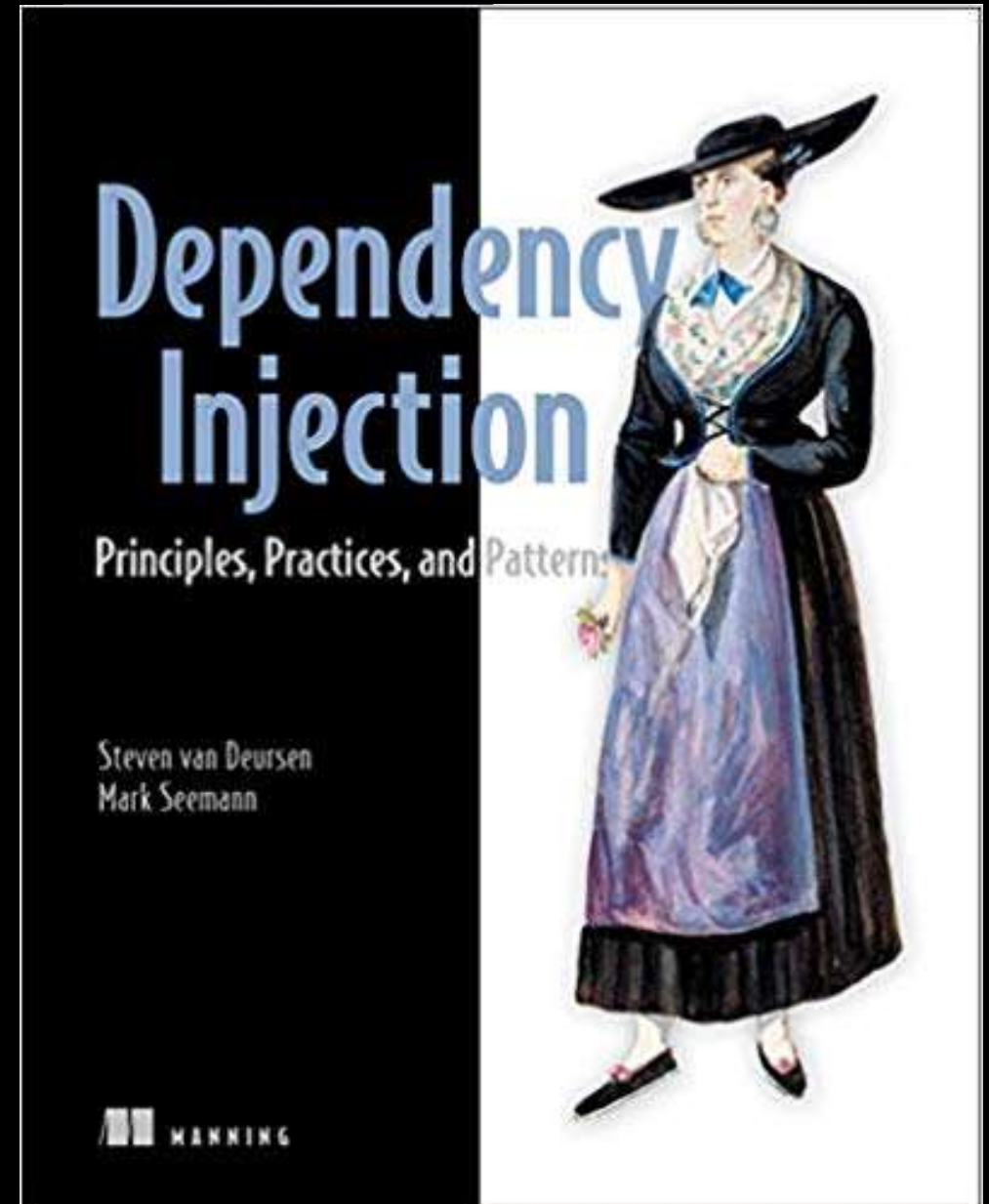
- Dependency Injection is a set of software design principles and patterns that enable us to develop loosely coupled code.
- Mark Seeman



# Dependency Injection

Principles, Practices, and Patterns

- Mark Seeman
- Steven van Deursen







# Primary Benefits

- Late Binding
  - Extensibility
  - Parallel Development
  - Maintainability
  - Testability
- 
- Adherence to S.O.L.I.D. Design Principles.



## Benefits – Late Binding

Services can be swapped with other services without recompiling code.



## Benefits – Extensibility

Code can be extended in ways not explicitly planned for.



# Benefits – Parallel Development

Code can be developed in parallel with less chance of merge conflicts.



## Benefits – Maintainability

Classes with clearly defined responsibilities  
are easier to maintain.



## Benefits – Testability

Classes can be unit tested,  
i.e., easily isolated from other classes  
and components for testing.



# Benefits – SOLID Principles

- Single Responsibility Principle (SRP)
- Open/Closed Principle (OCP)
- Liskov Substitution Principle (LSP)
- Interface Segregation Principle (ISP)
- Dependency Inversion Principle (DIP)

# Dependency Injection Concepts

- DI Design Patterns
  - Constructor Injection
  - Property Injection
  - Method Injection
  - Ambient Context
  - Service Locator
- Dimensions of DI
  - Object Composition
  - Interception
  - Lifetime Management

# Dependency Injection Containers

- C# Containers
    - Ninject
    - Autofac
    - Unity
    - Castle Windsor
    - Spring.NET
  - Frameworks w/ Containers
    - ASP.NET Core
    - Angular
    - Prism
- and many others

# Application Layers

## View

- MainWindow

## View Model

- MainWindowViewModel

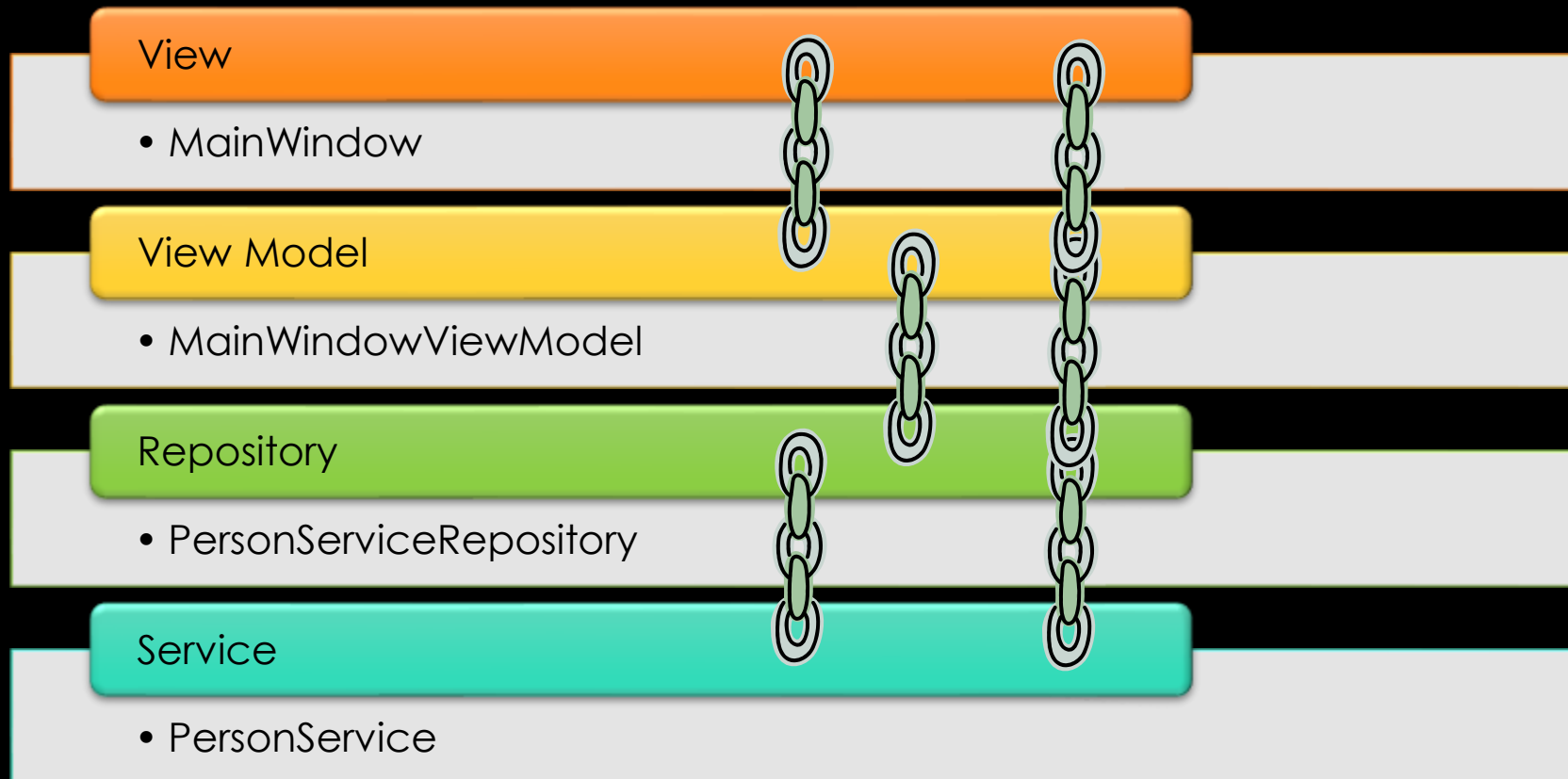
## Repository

- PersonServiceRepository

## Service

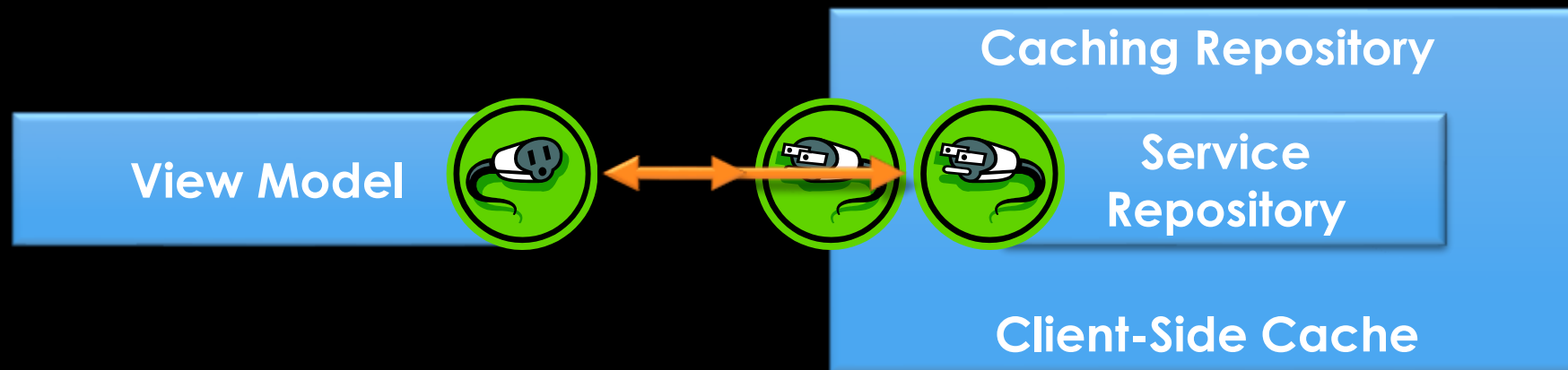
- PersonService

# Tight Coupling



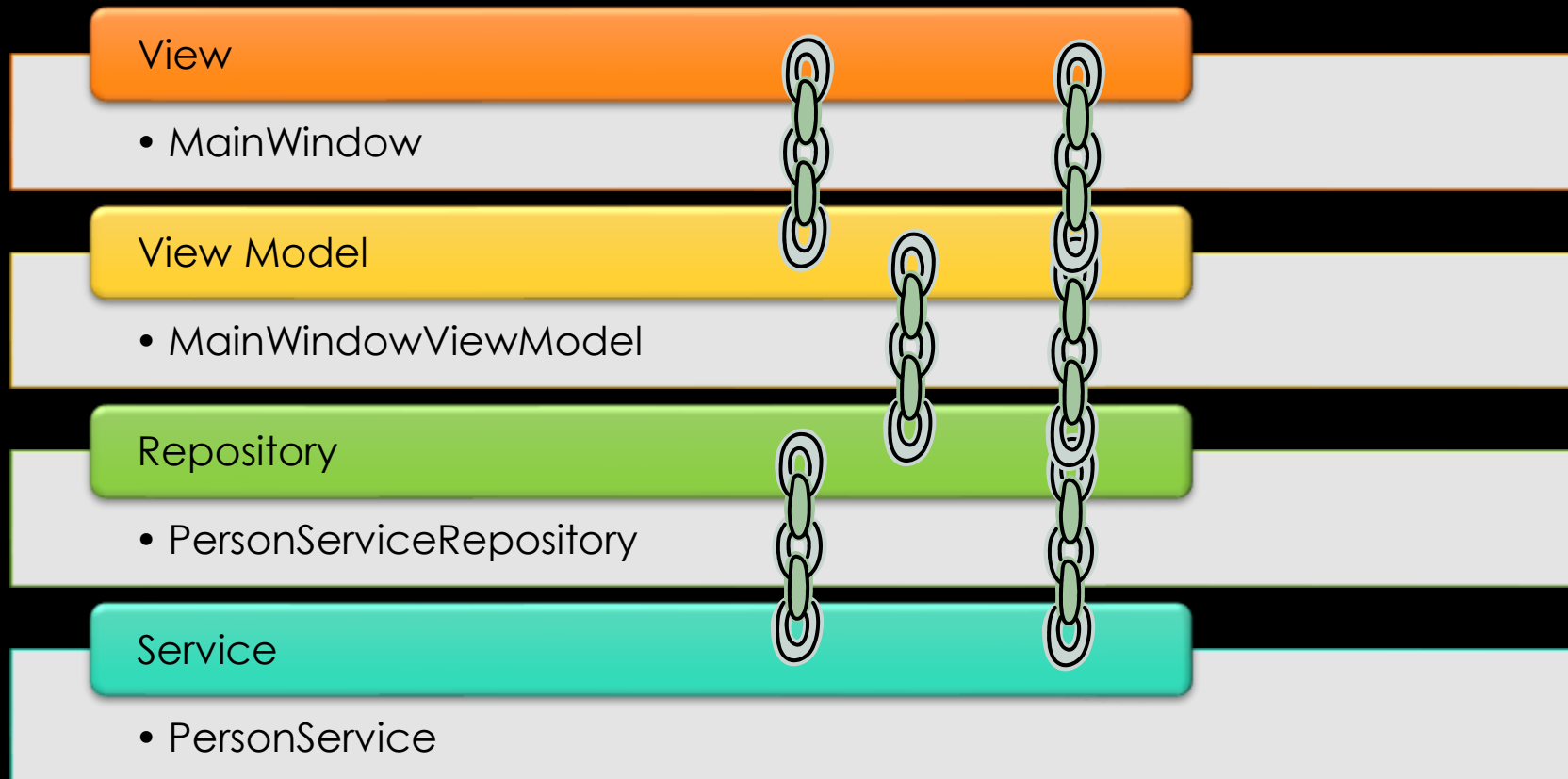
# Creating a Caching Repository

## The Decorator Pattern





# Loose(r) Coupling



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# More Information

<https://github.com/jeremybytes/di-dotnet-workshop>