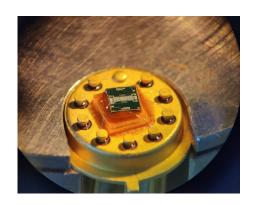
# Low Power Gas Sensor based on tungsten trioxide nanoparticles

#### Features:

- Small in size
- Detection of C2H6O
- Detection of NH3
- Low cost
- Low power consumption
- Short response time



#### **Description**

This gas sensor was developed at the multi-university laboratory of micro-nano electronics (AIME). The sensor is based on nanoparticles of tungsten trioxide, which is a metal oxide semiconductor. Two identical sensing elements composed of interdigitated combs of silicon substrate allow accurate gas measurement. A thin layer of tungsten trioxide deposited on the sensing elements form the active component of the sensor. Foreign gases react with the tungsten trioxide, altering the resistivity of the interdigitated combs.

#### **Specifications**

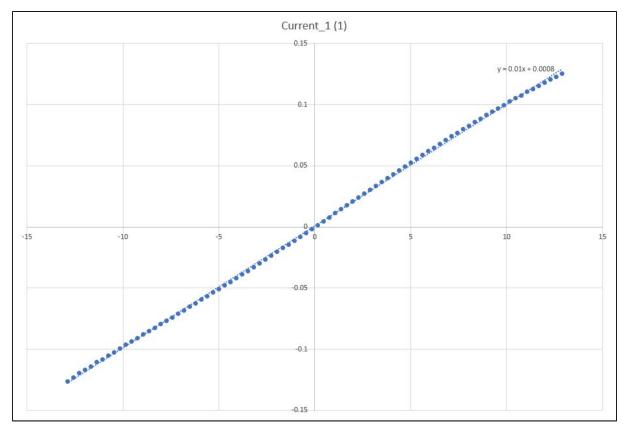
| Туре                    | Nanoparticle-based sensor  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Materials               | <ul> <li>N-doped poly-silicon (heater)</li> <li>Aluminium (for temperature measurement)</li> <li>Silicon</li> <li>Tungsten trioxide nanoparticles</li> </ul> |  |
| Sensor type             | Active (power supply required)   |  |
| Temperature measurement | Resistive measure  |  |
| Gas measurement         | Resistive measure  |  |
| Detectable gas          | <ul><li>NH3</li><li>C2H6O</li></ul>  |  |
| Diameter                | 9.5mm  |  |
| Mounting                | Through fixed hole   |  |
| Time response           | <ul><li>Ethanol &lt; 30s</li><li>Ammonia &lt; 15s</li></ul>  |  |
| Package                 | 10-Lead TO-5 metal   |  |

#### Standard use conditions

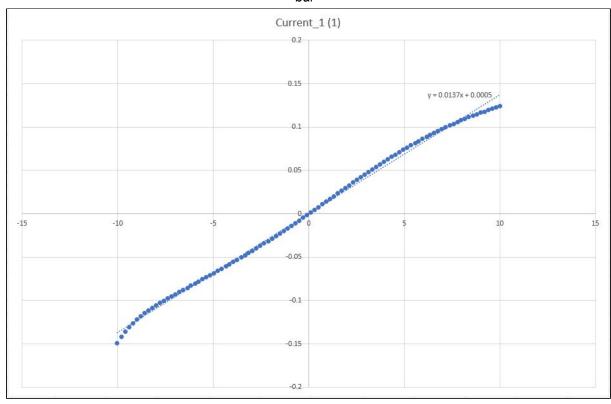
|             | Unit   | Typical value |
|-------------|--------|---------------|
| Temperature | °C     | 20±5          |
| Humidity    | %      | 60±5          |
| Air quality | %N2/O2 | 80/20         |

#### **Electrical characteristics**

|                               | Unit | Value |         |     |
|-------------------------------|------|-------|---------|-----|
|                               |      | Min   | Typical | Max |
| Gas sensor resistance         | ΜΩ   | 0,01  | 1       | 100 |
| Temperature sensor resistance | Ω    | 150   | 151     | 350 |
| Heater resistance             | Ω    | 67    | 86      | 105 |
| Gas sensor voltage            | V    | -     | 3,3     | -   |
| Temperature sensor            | V    | 3,3   | 5       | -   |
| Heater                        | V    | 10    | 15      | 20  |



Current(y) in relation to voltage(x) to determine standard-conditions resistance(slope) in the polymer bar



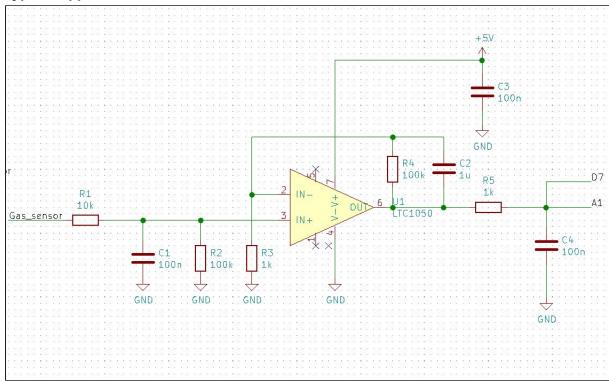
Current(y) in relation to voltage(x) to determine standard-conditions resistance(slope) in the akuminium resistance

### **Temperature sensor characteristics**

[GRAPH]

| Temperature(°C) | Resistance(Ω) |
|-----------------|---------------|
| 20              | 151           |
| 150             | 270           |
| 180             | 283           |
| 250             | 334           |

## **Typical Applications**



Above is typical application of the sensor in an analogic circuit.