

# 零输入响应和零状态响应举例

**例：**描述某系统的微分方程为

$$y''(t) + 3y'(t) + 2y(t) = 2f'(t) + 6f(t)$$

已知  $y(0-) = 2, y'(0-) = 0, f(t) = \varepsilon(t)$ 。求该系统的零输入响应和零状态响应。

**解：1) 零输入响应  $y_{zi}(t)$**

激励为0，故  $y_{zi}(t)$  满足  $y_{zi}''(t) + 3y_{zi}'(t) + 2y_{zi}(t) = 0$

$$y_{zi}(0+) = y_{zi}(0-) = y(0-) = 2$$

$$y_{zi}'(0+) = y_{zi}'(0-) = y'(0-) = 0$$

该齐次方程的特征根为-1， -2， 故

$$y(0-) = 2, y'(0-) = 0, f(t) = \varepsilon(t)$$

$$y_{zi}(t) = C_{zi1}e^{-t} + C_{zi2}e^{-2t}$$

代入初始值并解得系数为  $C_{zi1} = 4, C_{zi2} = -2$ , 代入得

$$y_{zi}(t) = 4e^{-t} - 2e^{-2t}, t < 0$$

## 2) 零状态响应 $y_{zs}(t)$

$$y''_{zs}(t) + 3y'_{zs}(t) + 2y_{zs}(t) = 2\delta(t) + 6\varepsilon(t)$$

$$y_{zs}(0-) = y'_{zs}(0-) = 0$$

由于上式右端含有冲激函数, 因此  $y''_{zs}(t)$  含有冲激函数, 从而  $y'_{zs}(t)$  跃变, 即  $y'_{zs}(0-) \neq y'_{zs}(0+)$ , 但  $y_{zs}(t)$  在  $t=0$  处连续, 有  $y_{zs}(0-) = y_{zs}(0+)$

$$y_{zs}(0-) = y'_{zs}(0-) = 0$$

$$y''(t) + 3y'(t) + 2y(t) = 2f'(t) + 6f(t) \quad y'_{zs}(0-) \neq y'_{zs}(0+)$$

等式两端积分得

$$y_{zs}(0-) = y_{zs}(0+)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & [y'_{zs}(0+) - y'_{zs}(0-)] + 3[y_{zs}(0+) - y_{zs}(0-)] + 2 \int_{0-}^{0+} y_{zs}(t) dt \\ &= 2 \int_{0-}^{0+} \delta(t) dt + 6 \int_{0-}^{0+} \varepsilon(t) dt \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{因此, } y'_{zs}(0+) = y'_{zs}(0-) + 2 = 2$$

$$\text{对 } t > 0 \text{ 时, 有 } y''_{zs}(t) + 3y'_{zs}(t) + 2y_{zs}(t) = 6$$

$$\text{求得其齐次解为 } C_{zs1}e^{-t} + C_{zs2}e^{-2t},$$

其特解为常数3,

$$y_{zs}(t) = C_{zs1}e^{-t} + C_{zs2}e^{-2t} + 3$$

$$\text{代入初始值求得 } y_{zs}(t) = -4e^{-t} + e^{-2t} + 3 \quad t \geq 0$$

