

频域微分积分特性例1

$$f(t) = t\varepsilon(t) \longleftrightarrow F(j\omega) = ?$$

解:

$$\varepsilon(t) \longleftrightarrow \pi \delta(\omega) + \frac{1}{j\omega} \qquad (-\mathbf{j}t)^{\mathbf{n}} f(t) \longleftrightarrow F^{(\mathbf{n})}(\mathbf{j}\omega)$$

$$(-\mathbf{j}t)^{\mathbf{n}} f(t) \longleftrightarrow F^{(\mathbf{n})}(\mathbf{j}\omega)$$

$$-jt \ \varepsilon(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}\omega} \left[\pi \delta(\omega) + \frac{1}{j\omega} \right]$$

$$t\varepsilon(t) \longleftrightarrow j\pi\delta'(\omega) - \frac{1}{\omega^2}$$

注意:
$$t\varepsilon(t) = \varepsilon(t) * \varepsilon(t) \longleftrightarrow$$

$$\left[\pi\delta(\omega) + \frac{1}{j\omega}\right] \times \left[\pi\delta(\omega) + \frac{1}{j\omega}\right]$$

It's wrong.

Because $\delta(\omega)\delta(\omega)$ and $(1/j\omega)\delta(\omega)$ is not defined.