

	Command	Comments or examples	
1	pwd		Show current directory
2	cd	cd . #current directory cd .. #navigate to the parent directory of the current directory	Change the directory to a different location
3	ls	ls -l #use a long listing format ls -t #sort by time, newest first ls -r #reverse order while sorting	list the contents of the current directory
4	mkdir	mkdir <directory>	create a new directory
5	touch	touch <filename>	create a new file
6	rm	rm <filename> #delete a file rm -r <directory> #delete a directory	remove a file or directory
7	cp	cp <filename> <target_dir> #copy file to a new directory cp <filename> <new_filename> # make a copy of file cp -r <directory> <target_dir> # copy directory	Copy a file or a directory
8	mv	mv <file1> ... <fileN> <directory>...<directoryN> <target_dir> #move everything to target directory	Move or rename a file or directory
9	echo	echo "Hello World"	print text to the terminal
10	cat	cat <filename>	Concatenate and print the contents of a file
11	grep	grep "<filename>" -e "<pattern>" #search for lines with a specific pattern in a file grep -r "<directory>" -e "<pattern>" #search for lines with a specific pattern in a directory cat <filename> grep <pattern> # print the lines with a specific pattern	Search for a pattern in a file
12	head	head -5 <filename> # display the first 5 lines	Print the first 10 (or self-defined) lines of each FILE to standard output
13	tail	tail -15 <filename> # display the last 15 lines	Print the last 10 (or self-defined) lines of each FILE to standard output
14	ps		Display information about running processes
15	>	echo "Hello World" > <filename> # if a file with <filename> exists, it will automatically overwrite	Writing to a file
16	>>	echo "Hello World" >> <filename> # append this line to the end of the file	Append to a file

17	=	var1="Hellow World" #assign a value to a variable, no space is allowed before and after = echo \$var1 #add \$ before variable name to use the variable	Assign values to a variable
18	if-elif-else	if [[-z "\$string"]]; then echo "String is empty" elif [[-n "\$string"]]; then echo "String is not empty" else echo "This never happens" fi	conditional statement
19	while-do-done	while [[\$i -le 10]] ; do echo "\$i"; ((i += 1)); done	While loop
20	for-do-done	for i in {1..5}; do echo \$i; done	For loop