

# Automated API Testing with Rest Assured

Introduction to Rest Assured

# Learning objectives

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- ▶ Understand what Rest Assured is and why it is used
- ▶ Explain the advantages of automated API testing
- ▶ Describe the structure of a Rest Assured test
- ▶ Identify the types of HTTP requests supported (GET, POST, PUT, PATCH, DELETE)
- ▶ Understand integration with JUnit for automated execution
- ▶ Know when and why to use Rest Assured in Spring Boot projects

# What Is Rest Assured?

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- ▶ Java library for testing RESTful APIs
- ▶ Provides a fluent, human-readable test syntax
- ▶ Makes HTTP request testing simple
- ▶ Works together with JUnit
- ▶ Ideal for testing Spring Boot controllers
- ▶ Popular tool for API test automation

# Why Use Rest Assured?

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- ▶ Removes boilerplate HTTP client code
- ▶ Easy validation of responses and JSON fields
- ▶ Suitable for integration and end-to-end testing
- ▶ Helps confirm API contracts before UI development
- ▶ Encourages cleaner test structure

# Rest Assured Test Structure

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- ▶ Rest Assured tests typically follow three steps:
  - ▶ Setup (headers, parameters, JSON body)
  - ▶ Execute an HTTP method
  - ▶ Validate the response
- ▶ Designed to mimic how real API clients behave
- ▶ Integrates naturally with JUnit test lifecycle
- ▶ Tests become readable and expressive

# Adding Rest Assured to Your Project

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- ▶ To use Rest Assured in a Maven project:
  - ▶ Add the Rest Assured dependency (test scope)
  - ▶ Use JUnit 5 for running tests
  - ▶ Requires no Spring configuration
  - ▶ Works with any Java test framework, but JUnit is most common

# Running Rest Assured with Spring Boot

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- ▶ When testing a Spring Boot API:
  - ▶ Application can be started on a random port
  - ▶ Tests communicate with a real HTTP server
  - ▶ Allows testing the full HTTP layer
  - ▶ Works with your existing controllers, filters, and config
  - ▶ Useful complement to unit and repository tests

# What Rest Assured Can Validate

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- ▶ Rest Assured allows verifying:
  - ▶ HTTP status codes
  - ▶ JSON structure and fields
  - ▶ Collection sizes
  - ▶ Response content type
  - ▶ Headers and metadata
  - ▶ Behavior of all HTTP methods (GET, POST, PUT, PATCH, DELETE)



# When Rest Assured Should Be Used

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- ▶ Use it when:
  - ▶ Testing REST controllers
  - ▶ Verifying API endpoints end-to-end
  - ▶ Ensuring correct request/response handling
  - ▶ Validating JSON payloads
  - ▶ Confirming API behavior before frontend integration
- ▶ Not ideal for:
  - ▶ Pure business logic tests (use unit tests instead)
  - ▶ Pure repository tests (use Spring Data + H2 tests)

# Key Takeaways

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- ▶ Rest Assured is the standard Java tool for API testing
- ▶ Simple fluent syntax for HTTP requests and assertions
- ▶ Integrates smoothly with Spring Boot and JUnit
- ▶ Enables realistic testing of controller behavior
- ▶ Helps verify API contracts early in development
- ▶ Complements unit and repository testing techniques