o. our first ideas

first thoughts

- collaboration among users
- communities formation
- recommender
- focus on code modification/code review/else
- focus on projects from one category and analyze the practices of dev
- starring behavior? i.e. what people star and to what extent it is useful
- mine communication patterns using issues and commits

first thoughts

- collaboration among users
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- mine communication patterns using issues and commits 👍

Communication patterns on GitHub

but we are ok with stackoverflow as well



1. research questions

research questions

RQ1: How communication patterns differ between users and developers?

RQ2: What place do the newcomers hold and how they build their reputation and extend their social network?

(что происходит с новенькими, one-commit developers, всякое такое)

RQ3: Who gets more negative comments, and why?

2. hypotheses

hypotheses

H1: contributions of developers differ from each other

H2: communication patterns differ between users and developers

H3: newcomers can receive more hate?



3. a bit of literature review



- 1. Ortu, Marco & Hall, Tracy & Marchesi, Michele & Tonelli, Roberto & Bowes, David & Destefanis, Giuseppe. (2018). Mining Communication Patterns in Software Development: A GitHub Analysis. 10.1145/3273934.3273945.
- 2. Yu, Yue & Yin, Gang & Wang, Huaimin & Wang, Tao. (2014). Exploring the patterns of social behavior in GitHub. 31-36. 10.1145/2666539.2666571.

1. Mining Communication Patterns in Software Development: A GitHub Analysis

Данные: ~650K comments from 130K issues of 64K contributors, GHTorrent dataset

Методы:

- выделили эмоции (love, joy, anger, sadness) и politeness
- выделяют несколько групп пользователей и разработчиков
- используют классификатор Ortu + Murgia, чтобы определять эмоции (был обучен специально на Software Engineering domain)
- для politeness: использовали библиотеку, обученную на данных со stackoverflow

Вопросы:

- Do developers and users communicate differently with respect to fan-in, fan-out, emotions (love, joy, anger, sadness), and politeness?
- What are the differences in communication typology between one-commit and multi commit developers?

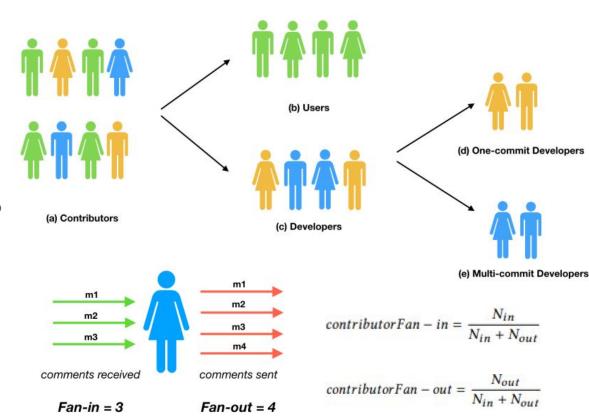
1. Mining Communication Patterns in Software Development: A GitHub Analysis

User - a project contributor without commits

Developer - a contributor with commits on the source code

One-commit & Multi commit: comes from "One-Time Code Contributor" - некоторые коммитят только 1 раз по нескольким причинам

Fan-in - сколько комментов contributor получает к своим issue Fan-out - метрика, отражающая тенденцию публиковать комментарии и к другим issues



1. Mining Communication Patterns in Software Development: A GitHub Analysis

Результаты:

- пользователи и разработчики общаются по разному

RQ1

- комментариев от разработчиков меньше, чем комментариев от пользователей
- разработчикам отвечают больше
- politeness комментариев от разработчиков оказалась ниже, чем пользователей,
- разработчики получают более вежливые комменты
- у пользователей более высокий fan-out и более низкий fan-in
- politeness комментов пользователей выше, чем у разработчиков
- более низкий уровень politeness наблюдается в комментах, получаемых пользователями

1. Mining Communication Patterns in Software Development: A GitHub Analysis

RQ₂:

- OCDs are more active in posting issues and more polite when commenting issues.
- one-commit developers общаются больше как пользователи
- politeness MCD ниже, чем у OCD
- разработчики комментируют OCDs' issues менее вежливо, и наоборот
- issues с менее вежливыми комментами и commits с низким уровнем politeness имеют меньшие шансы на то, чтобы их приняли (to be merged into the main project)

literature review/ 2. Exploring the patterns of social behavior in GitHub

Данные: a dataset of activities of 1,838,805 users

Методы: network analysis

Вопросы:

- What are the differences between the growth modes of GitHub and traditional OSS communities, and is there any sociological theory that supports the special growth mode of GitHub?
- Whether or not the social connections among developers form some distinctive behavior patterns in GitHub, and if it is true, what are these patterns?

2. Exploring the patterns of social behavior in GitHub

Результаты (RQ1 - Growth mode)

supporting vs. human factor

Diffusion of Innovations theory: if there were 2.5% innovators and 13.5% early adopters hosting their projects on GitHub and promoting to others, the "tipping point" would be achieved.

Why?

- the effect of leader
- herd behavior

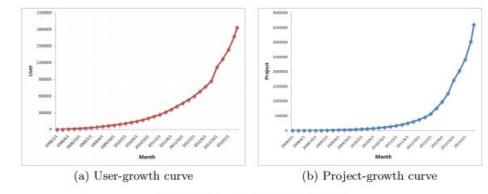


Figure 1: The growth figure of Github

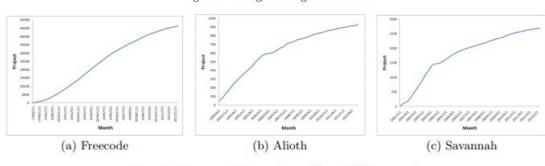


Figure 2: The growth figure of tranditional OSS community

literature review/ 2. Exploring the patterns of social behavior in GitHub

Результаты

(RQ2 - Social networks - Follow-network)

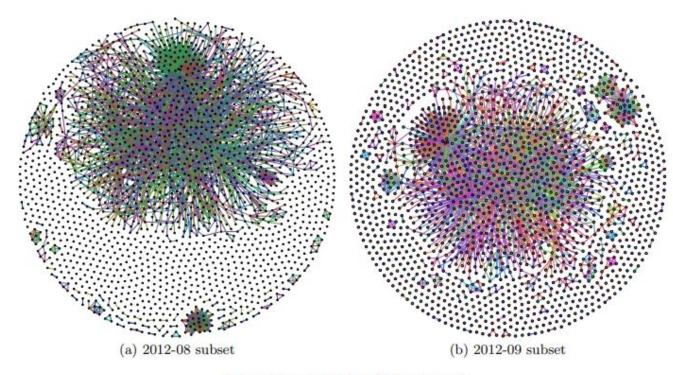


Figure 3: Two examples of follow-network

2. Exploring the patterns of social behavior in GitHub

Результаты

(RQ2 - Patterns of social behavior)

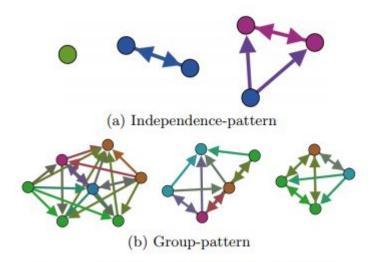


Figure 4: The typical patterns in the isolated part

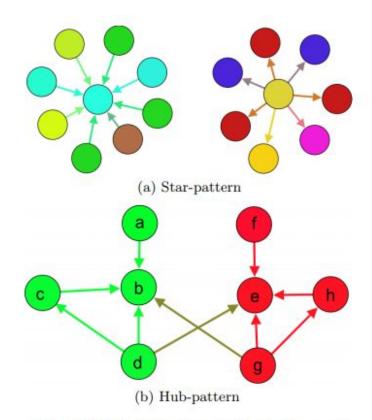
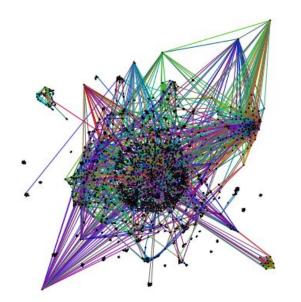


Figure 7: The typical patterns in the interlaced part

literature review/ 2. Exploring the patterns of social behavior in GitHub

Результаты

(RQ2 - Patterns of social behavior)





(b) The Network redrawn by Force Atlas 2 algorithm

Figure 5: The redrawn follow-network of 2012-08 subset

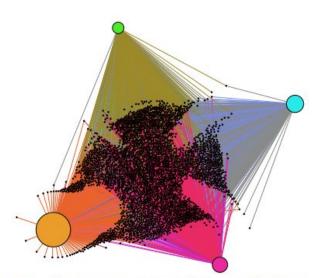


Figure 6: Community structures in the follow-network of 2012-08 subset

4. methods





methods

- > собрать комментарии к issues & commits (более-менее крупных проектов)
- > попробовать найти там различия
- > ещё можно кластеризовать!
- > собрать данные о самих юзерах

а как?

- > topic modeling, чтобы понять, о чем (и как) пишут
- > clustering, чтобы выделить группы/типы пользователей
- построить сети и посмотреть на связи между пользователями (например, отвечают друг другу, фолловят)



