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title: The Unix Shell  
subtitle: Loops  
ANSWERS

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## Exercises

### Challenge 1

Suppose that `ls` initially displays:

```
fructose.dat    glucose.dat    sucrose.dat
```

What is the output of:

```
for datafile in *.dat
do
    ls *.dat
done
```

Now test your theory and redirect your answer to `programming-fundamentals/my_files/challenge_1.txt`!

```
cd my_files
mkdir sugar
touch sugar/fructose.dat    sugar/glucose.dat    sugar/sucrose.dat
cd sugar
ls
for datafile in *.dat
do
    ls *.dat
done > ../challenge_1.txt
```

### Challenge 2

What is the effect of this loop if each `.dat` file contains only the word `sugar`?

```
for sugar in fructose.dat glucose.dat sucrose.dat
do
    echo $sugar
    cat $sugar > xylose.dat
done
```

Now test your theory and redirect the output to `programming-fundamentals/my_files/challenge_2.txt`, use `nano` to edit the file and append the contents of `xylose.dat` to your `challenge_2.txt`.

```
cd my_files/sugar
for filename in *.dat
do
    echo "sugar" > $filename
done
for sugar in fructose.dat glucose.dat sucrose.dat
do
    echo $sugar
    cat $sugar > xylose.dat
done > challenge_2_loop.txt
cat challenge_2_loop.txt xylose.dat > ../challenge_2.txt
```

### Challenge 3

The expr does simple arithmetic using command-line parameters:

```
$ expr 3 + 5
8
$ expr 30 / 5 - 2
4
```

Given this, what is the output of:

```
for left in 2 3
do
    for right in $left
    do
        expr $left + $right
    done
done
```

Now test your theory and redirect your answer to programming-fundamentals/my\_files/challenge\_3.txt!

```
cd my_files
for left in 2 3
do
    for right in $left
    do
        expr $left + $right
    done
done > challenge_3.txt
```