# Predicting Atom Location Using Machine Learning Algorithms

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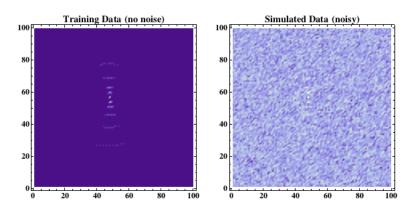
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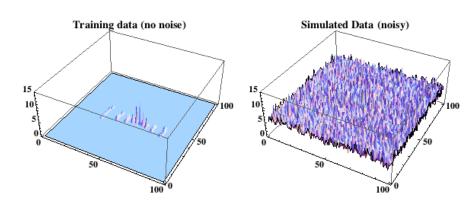
Friday 13th June, 2014

- ▶ Why atom location?
  - Camera in the Steck Lab takes pictures of atoms, but we want to know where its location.
- ▶ Why machine learning?
  - Automatically predict atom location for a new image based on training examples.
- Why shared memory parallelism?
  - Generate finer resolution images faster.
  - Finer resolution resolution images provide better accuracy.
- Why distributed parallelism?
  - ▶ Gradient descent is an *embarrassingly parallel* iterative process.
  - ► Scalable data ⇒ more available parallelism (Gustafson's Law).

## Input Data



## Input Data



ackground Design Development Experiments Conclusion

## Design and Objective

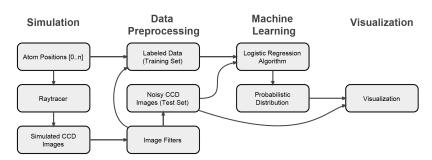


Figure: High Level Data Flow Architecture Diagram

**Objective:** Create and test a scalable machine learning solution for atom location prediction using CCD images.

## Development and Implementation

Our development efforts are divided into sections based on our data flow architecture with some overlap of effort in the data preprocessing step.

#### 4 Development Directions:

- Simulation
- Data Preprocessing
- Machine Learning
- Visualization

#### Simulation

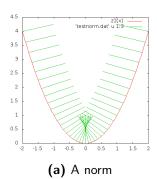
#### **Raytracer Development**

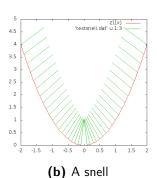
- Basic Raytracer vector operations, surface definition, refraction
- Imaging System



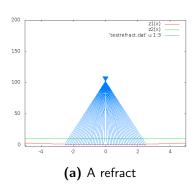
**Figure :** Scale model of the atom imaging system.

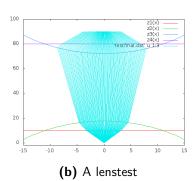
## Simulation





## Simulation





## Data Preprocessing

#### 4 Directions for Data Preprocessing:

- Filtering
- Noise Adding
- Data Partitioning
- ► Feature Scaling

## Machine Learning

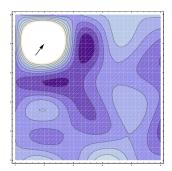
Built distributed logistic regression classifier capable of multi-class classification and mini-batch processing:

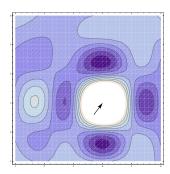
- Data partitioning and feature scaling handled automatically
- MPI with Allreduce and custom reduce fuctions
- Iterative performs gradient updates and reduces updates using summation

Unsuccessful attempt to use distributed SVM implementation to compare with our own classifier.

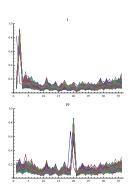
#### **Data Visualization**

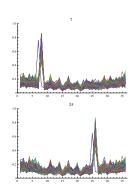
Used Mathematica to create contour plots to visual images and plots to demonstrate accuracy of the classifier.

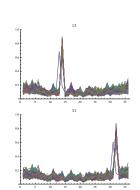




## **Data Visualization**



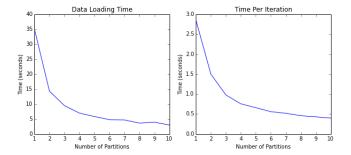




ackground Design Development **Experiments** Conclusion

## **Experiments**

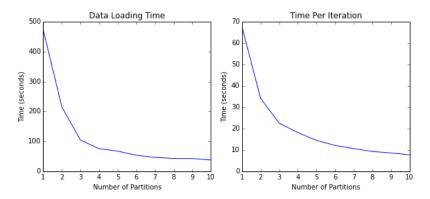
Trained and on two data, one small and one large to test scalability. Prediction Results are 100% accurate after only 10 iterations.



**Figure :** Performance gains for both data loading and iteration time on the small training set.

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## **Experiments**



**Figure :** Performance gains for both data loading and iteration time on the big training set.

#### Conclusion

- Implemented parallelized raytracer and generated lots of images
- ▶ Preprocessed images to create training and testing sets
- Successfully implemented and tested distributed logistic regression classifier using our training and testing dataset
- Visualized out results to prove classifier accuracy and performance

## The End