Workshop 4

ANDRES CAMILO RAMOS ROJAS - 20242020005

Project:

Outlook (message app with a close environment)

this is a school project done in order to learn and apply concepts of object-oriented programming, it was decided to create a replica of an Outlook-style messaging service through object-oriented programming as is the objective of the course, additionally it is expected to achieve a graphical interface.

Objectives:

- Create the design for a system that will allow the users to communicate between them.
- Create a prototype of the system planned, and start verifying if there are any design error to correct.
- Create the final product with all the corrections.

Requirements:

- Functional requirements:
 - User register:

The user will be able to register himself

User login

The user will be able to login in his account

User identification

The user will be able to identify other users by the username

User communication

The user will be able to send messages to other users

User update (was added with human error in mind WS#2)

The user will be able to update his own information

User elimination (was added for users that leave the system WS#2)

The administrator will be able to eliminate users

User logout

The user will be able to logout from his account

Message management

The user will be able to view messages sended by other users

Archive management

The user will be able to manage the send and reception of archives (removed from the principal requirements)

- Non functional requirements:
 - o Multiple users simultaneously support

- o Outlook-like interface
- Standard security parameters to password defining
- Unique identifiers (usernames)

User stories:

Title: user access Priority: High Estimate

User story:

As a user, I want to be able to sing in, so that I will have acces to the system.

Acceptance criteria:

Given 10 users

When they acces to the system

Then will be able to send a message

User story:

As a user, I want to send messages to the other users when I need to, so that I can communicate with other people

communicate with other people.

Acceptance criteria:

When they send a message to other user

Given hundreds users

Then they will be able yo recognizes each other easily

Then the second user will have the message in her messages

Title: user update	Priority: high	Estimate;
User story:		

As a user, I want to update my profile, so that If I make a mistake when registering I can correct it.

Acceptance criteria:

Given a user

When he update his information

Then he will se the changes

(If a user want to change his password for security reasons, also if there was an error in the register WS#2)

Title: user disable	Priority: high	Estimate;
User story:		
As an administrator, I want to disable profiles, so that I can manage how many users the		
system have		
Acceptance criteria:		

Title: user log out Priority: High Estimate User story:

As a user, I want to be able to log out, so that I will disconnect from the system

Acceptance criteria:

Given 10 users

When they log out

Then they will be able to access again

Title: message query Priority: high Estimate:

User story:

As a user, I want to see the messages the people send me, so that I can stay in contact with them.

Acceptance criteria:

Given hundred users

When the user receive a message

Then the user will be able to see al the messages he received

Title: archive management **Estimate** Priority: low User story:

As a user, I want to be able to attach archives, so that I can send photos or reports to other people.

Acceptance criteria:

Given a chat

When the user attach an archive

Then the other user will see and be able to open the archive

Title:	Priority:	Estimate
User story:		

As a user, I want to change the color of the interface , so that if I'm used to dark	
interfaces	
Acceptance criteria:	
Given [how things begin]	
When [action taken]	
Then [outcome of taking action]	

Mockups:

https://www.figma.com/design/MdKn3vvMIK9hrLO47QKTft/Untitled?node-id=2-127&t=jVvi57LOTBsAzuqb-1

CRC cards:

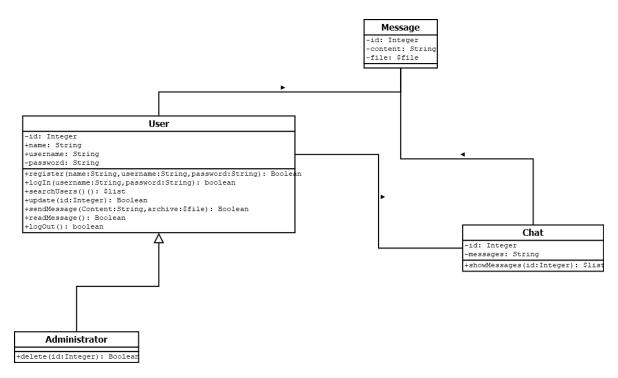
Class: user			
Respo	onsibility:	Collaborator:	
0	Register	o Email	
0	Sing in		
0	Log out		
0	Update		
0	Send messages		
0	Read messages		

Class: Email	
Responsibility:	Collaborator:
0	o User

All the crc card have changed to be equal to the classes diagram, the responsibilities as the methods of each class WS#2

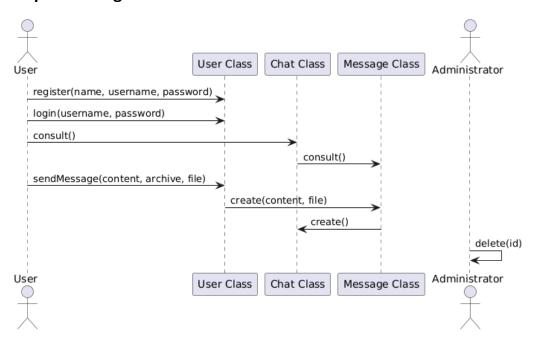
PART 2 - WORKSHOP - 2

UML CLASSES DIAGRAM *CORRECTED AT WS-3*

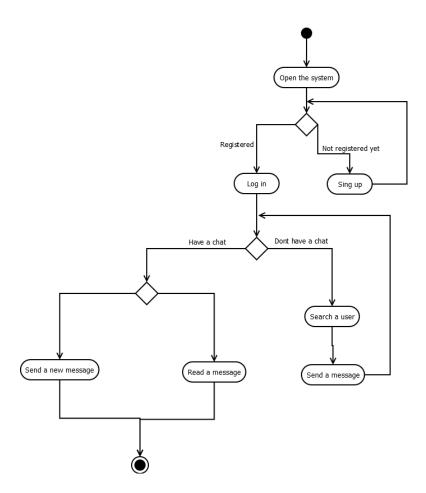


The class user has method to satisfy the sing up, sing in, log out, user update, and elimination requirements, the user identification will be able by the attribute username in the user class, the message and archive management is between the classes message and chat, where we will be able to store and show the messages. The same with the archive management

Sequence diagram *CORRECTED AT WS-3*



Activities diagram *CORRECTED AT WS-3*



IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR OOP CONCEPTS *CORRECTED AT WS-3*

In the project we can see the inheritance working because the super class user has a sub-class administrator that have more methods, the classes message and chat have private attributes, I'll apply the encapsulation by using a validations of the user and if the user is in the chat, he can see it, he also will have permission to send new messages.

The project will use MVC structure, starting with the models proposed in database, the views and all the controllers that will procesate the petitions from the user

Models

- User model
- Chat model
- Message model

Views

- Administrator views
 - o Elimination views
 - o Chat view
 - user view

- general view
- User views
 - Chat view
 - o user view
 - general view

controllers

- user validation
- validation of information for update

CODE PROGRESS *CORRECTED AT WS-3*

CLASS USER

```
public class User {
    private Integer id;
    public String name;
    public String username;
    private String password;
    public User (Integer id, String name, String username, String password)
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.username = username;
        this.password = password;
    }
    public boolean register(String name, String username, String password) {
        * This method will save the information of a user in the database.
        * @param name: the name of the user
        * @param username: the username of the user
        * @param password: the password of the user
        * @return a confirmation of the registration
        this.name = name;
        this.username = username;
        this.password = password;
        return true;
    public boolean login(String username, String password) {
        * This confirms the user exists, and if the credentials ingresed are
correct.
```

```
* @param username: the username of the user
        * @param password: the password of the user
        * @return a confirmation of the login, in case the information is
        if (this.username.equals(username) &&
this.password.equals(password)) {
           return true;
        } else {
            return false;
    }
    public String searchUsers() {
        * this method should show the information of all the users in the
system, their name an their username
        * @return all the users registered in the system, their name an
their username
        //this method should validate if the user is logged in before
returning the information, an also show the information of all the users in
the system
        return "Name: " + this.name + "\nUsername: " + this.username +
"\nPassword: " + this.password;
    public boolean update(Integer id, String newName, String newUsername,
String newPassword) {
        * This method will update the information of a user in the database.
        * @param id: the id of the user
        * @param newName: the name of the user
        * @param newUsername: the username of the user
        * @param newPassword: the password of the user
        * @return a confirmation of the update
        //the id will be used to identify the user in the system in the
database
        this.name = newName;
        this.username = newUsername;
```

```
this.password = newPassword;
        return true;
   public boolean sendMessage(String message) {
        * This method will save the content of a message in the database.
       * @param message: the message to be sent
        * @return a confirmation of the message sent
       //this method should validate if the user is logged in before
sending the message, and take the message from the interface and send it to
the database in asociation with a chat
       return true;
   public boolean readMessage() {
received.
       * @return the content of the message
       //this method should validate if the user is logged in before
reading the message, and take the message from the interface and send it to
the database in asociation with a chat
       return true;
   public boolean logout() {
       * This method will log out the user from the system.
        * @return a confirmation of the logout
       this.username = null;
       this.password = null;
       return true;
   }
```

CLASS MESSAGE

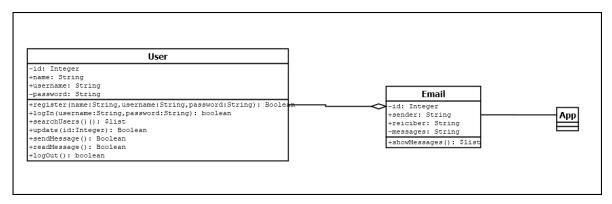
```
public class Message {
   private Integer id;
```

```
private String content;
private File file;//the message is suposed to support files.
}
```

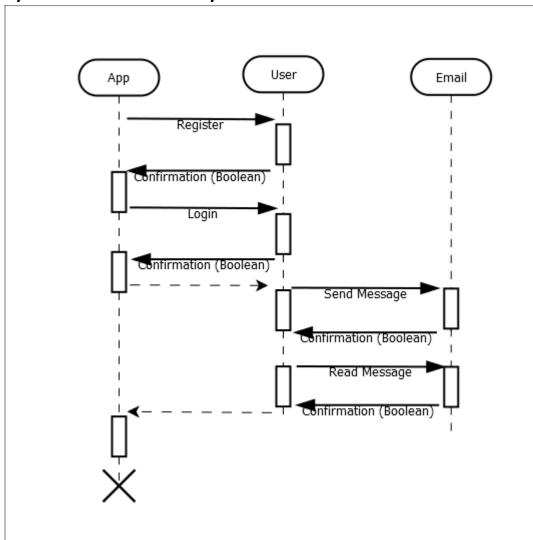
CLASS CHAT

PART 3 – WORKSHOP – 3

- Revisiting Requirements & Design:
 - The classes diagram have changed due to the changes suggested by the teacher, also the requirements and the CRC cards have changed, implementing only two classes,
- Enhanced UML Diagrams:



The classes message and chat have been replaced by the class email and the App was added to the diagram, all according to the corrections given by the teacher in the Friday class.



The new sequence diagram allow a better comprehension of the designed system and how will it work.

SOLID-Focused Implementation:

Single responsibility:
 We can evidence that this principle is easy visible at the class email,
 because the email only has the functionality to see the emails, and
 the visualization the user class only manages what is related to the

user, the information of her self and the messages that have been send

Open/Closed:

In this case there are no interfaces that allow us see this principle in a easy way but we can see the email class could be related to a interface for attachments if we need to develop this functionality in the future.

Liskov substitution:

The Liskov Substitution is not applicable to the system because the design does not need a interfaces or inheritances at this moment.

Interface segregation:

There are no interfaces so the principle doesn't apply to the system

Dependency inversion:

There are no interfaces so the principle doesn't apply to the system because there not high level modules in the system.

• Work in porgress Code & Documentation:

Being strict in the code, there is no evidence of any interface or use of weak and strong classes, so the email class will be added as code.

```
import java.util.List;

public class Email {
    private Integer id = 1;
    private String sender;
    private String receiver;
    private String subject;
    private String body;
    private List<Email> emails = null;

    public Email(Integer id, String sender, String receiver, String subject,
    String body) {
        this.id = id;
        this.sender = sender;
        this.receiver = receiver;
        this.subject = subject;
        this.body = body;
```

```
}
   public String showMessages() {
       String messagesPrint = null;
        * @param id: the identifier of the chat
        * @return mesagges in the chat
       //The system will validate wich are the users in the system
       if (this.emails.isEmpty())
           return "No emails registered in the system.";
       for (Email email : this.emails) {
           if (email.receiver == this.sender){
               messagesPrint = email.id + " " + email.sender + " " +
email.receiver + " " + email.subject + " " + email.body;
               return messagesPrint;
           }
       return "Error";
   }
```

Due to some problems with the static value of the main method some things doesn't work because I don't know how make them work.

Revisiting Layers & Design:

 The classes diagram have changed due to the changes related to the correct execution of the code

Swing-based GUI Prototype:

For the moment I have an unique frame, thinking in the use only, once the login method have been implemented the GUI will change allowing the user to see their messages, and also the logic of sending messages, because the user don't be requested to send messages.

Documentation and Artifact submission:



In the final solution the app manages the storage of users and emails, because there is not an file storage implemented, it allowing the user and emails visualization.

The principal Swing usage are the buttons so there you have an example of the sending email button configuration:

```
JButton sendEmailButton = new JButton("Send Email");
            sendEmailButton.addActionListener(e -> {
                String sender = JOptionPane.showInputDialog(frame, "Enter
the sender's username:");
                String receiver = JOptionPane.showInputDialog(frame, "Enter
the receiver's username:");
                String subject = JOptionPane.showInputDialog(frame, "Enter
the subject of the email:");
                String body = JOptionPane.showInputDialog(frame, "Enter the
body of the email:");
                if (sender != null && receiver != null && subject != null &&
body != null) {
                    try {
                        // Create a new email and add it to the central
list.
                        Email newEmail = new Email(1, sender, receiver,
subject, body);
```