

optimization

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# Chapter 1

## File Index

### 1.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

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## Chapter 2

# File Documentation

### 2.1 optimization.hpp File Reference

```
#include <stdexcept>
#include <functional>
#include <optional>
#include "armadillo"
```

#### Typedefs

- using **f64** = double

#### Functions

- template<typename T >  
Mat< T > **jacobian** (const function< Col< T >(Col< T >)> &func, const Col< T > &x)  
*Numerically approximate the jacobian matrix for a vector function Compute the numerical approximation for the Jacobian matrix using the centered-difference approximation. This requires the size of the function 'f' to be the number of input parameters so that the corresponding Jacobian matrix is square.*
- template<typename T >  
optional< Col< T > > **root** (const function< Col< T >(Col< T >)> &func, const function< Mat< T >(Col< T >)> &jac, const Col< T > &x0)  
*Determine the root of a general vector function Determine the root of a general vector function using Newton-Raphson iteration. Newton-Raphson iteration requires evaluating a Jacobian and then solving the resulting linear system. The iterative method looks like:  $x^{i+1} = x^i - J(x^i)^{-1}f(x^i)$  This method has quadratic convergence, though may be unstable and therefore requires an initial guess that is sufficiently close to the root.*

#### Variables

- const unsigned int **MAX\_ITERATIONS** = 50

#### 2.1.1 Typedef Documentation

### 2.1.1.1 f64

using **f64** = double

Maximum number of iterations before failing

## 2.1.2 Function Documentation

### 2.1.2.1 jacobian()

```
template<typename T >
Mat<T> jacobian (
    const function< Col< T >(Col< T >)> & func,
    const Col< T > & x )
```

Numerically approximate the jacobian matrix for a vector function Compute the numerical approximation for the Jacobian matrix using the centered-difference approximation. This requires the size of the function 'f' to be the number of input parameters so that the corresponding Jacobian matrix is square.

#### Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	A floating point data type
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#### Parameters

<i>func</i>	The continuous function whose Jacobian to approximate
<i>x</i>	The value at which to approximate the Jacobian of 'f'

#### Returns

Mat<T>

### 2.1.2.2 root()

```
template<typename T >
optional<Col<T> > root (
    const function< Col< T >(Col< T >)> & func,
    const function< Mat< T >(Col< T >)> & jac,
    const Col< T > & x0 )
```

Determine the root of a general vector function Determine the root of a general vector function using Newton-Raphson iteration. Newton-Raphson iteration requires evaluating a Jacobian and then solving the resulting linear system. The iterative method looks like:  $x^{i+1} = x^i - J(x^i)^{-1}f(x^i)$  This method has quadratic convergence, though may be unstable and therefore requires an initial guess that is sufficiently close to the root.



## Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	
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## Parameters

<i>func</i>	The function to find the root of
<i>jac</i>	The function that generates the jacobian matrix
<i>x0</i>	The initial guess for the root

## Returns

optional<Col<T>>



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