

RETRIEVAL ADVANCES OF BrO/SO₂ MOLAR RATIOS FROM NOVAC

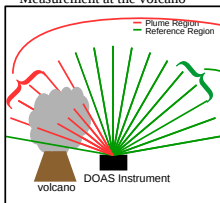
Elsa Wilken

Master Thesis

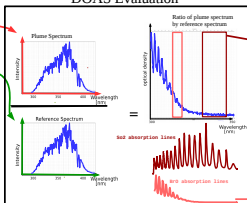
September 12, 2017

Established Routine

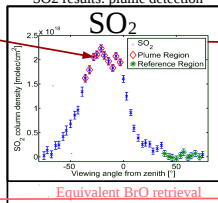
Measurement at the volcano



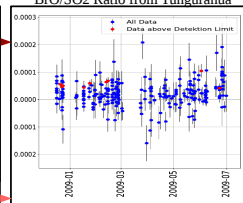
DOAS Evaluation



SO2 results: plume detection



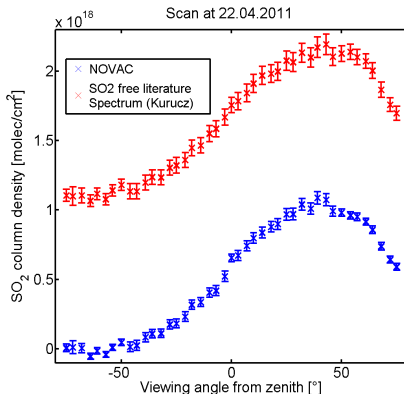
BrO/SO2 Ratio from Tungurahua



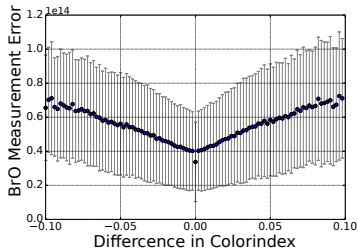
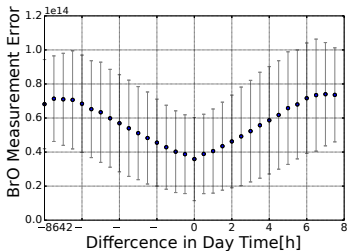
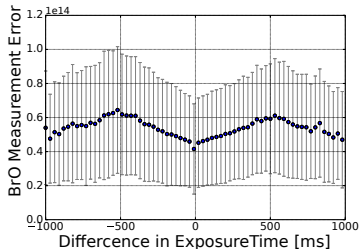
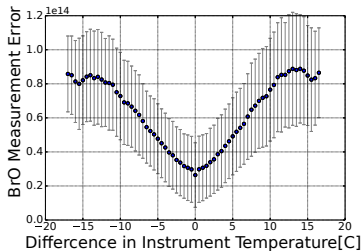
Contamination Problem

- In total ca. 7% of the Data are contaminated

In the following we only work with the contaminated data



BrO Error dependency on variables



Calculations

- ▶ linear approximation of the Data

$$\Delta\epsilon_{BrO} = a_t \cdot \Delta t + a_{temp} \cdot \Delta temp + a_{daytime} \cdot \Delta daytime + a_{coloridx} \cdot \Delta coloridx$$

Calculations

Hereby are the constants

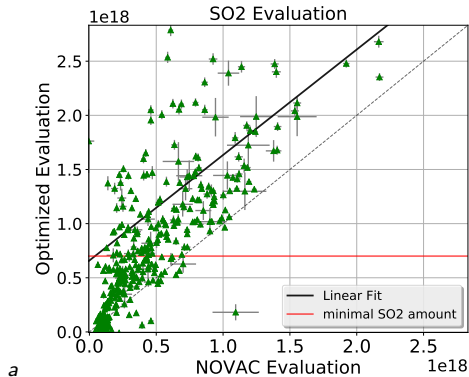
Constant	importance	deviation
a_T	0.661	29%
a_{ET}	0.011	164%
a_t	0.133	50%
a_{dt}	0.138	65%
a_c	0.061	136%

Results

- ▶ Results only for contaminated data
- ▶ Data are treated as contaminated if the SO₂ column density is larger as $2 \cdot 10^{17} \frac{\text{molec}}{\text{cm}^2}$
- ▶ Plume data are reliable if the SO₂ column density is larger as $7 \cdot 10^{17} \frac{\text{molec}}{\text{cm}^2}$
- ▶ The results are described relative to an optimal evaluation
- ▶ The optimal Evaluation is done by choosing the smallest total error
- ▶ If the relative error is larger than 5 we don't use the data

SO2 Evaluation

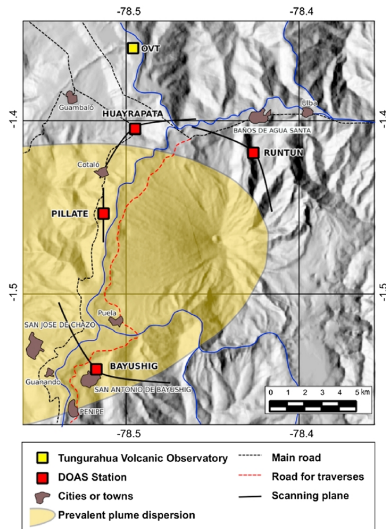
- ▶ Increase if the SO2 column densities of: 84%
 - ▶ PILLATE: 62%
 - ▶ HUAYRAPATE: 122%
 - ▶ BAYUSHIG: 23% (very view data)
- ▶ More Data relative to the NOVAC-Evaluation: 206%



^aFit uses only data where SO2 column density is higher than $7 \cdot 10^{17} \frac{\text{molec}}{\text{cm}^2}$

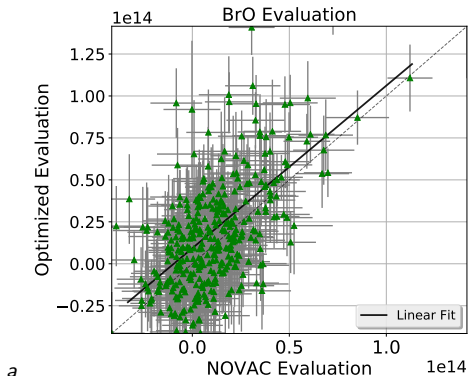
BrO Evalutaion

- ▶ Instrument PILLATE
 - ▶ Increase of BrO column density: 30%
- ▶ Instrument HUAYRAPATE
 - ▶ Increase of BrO column density: 87%
- ▶ Instrument BAYUSHIG (very view data)
 - ▶ Increase of BrO column density: 35%



BrO Evaluation

- Increase of BrO column density: 52%
- Factor the absolute error increases relative to the NOVAC-evaluation: 1.65
- Factor the relative error increases relative to the optimal-results: 1.5



^aFit uses only data where SO₂ column density is higher than $7 \cdot 10^{17} \frac{\text{molec}}{\text{cm}^2}$

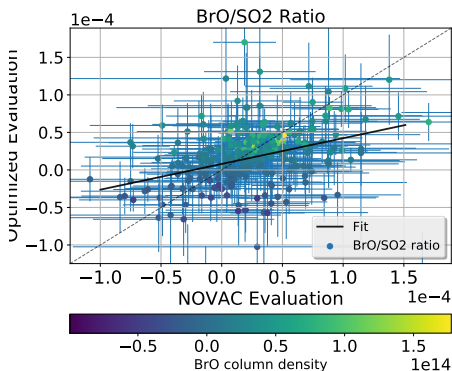
Other Methods

		Error	Amount of Data	valid data
All Variables	independent	1.51	95%	10,5%
	dependent	1.40	98%	8%
Exposure Time	independent	1.47	97%	10%
	All	1.39	98%	7%
Exp.Time u Coloridx	independent	1.40	98%	11
	All	1.35	98%	7%

- In the optimal results are 15% valid data

Ratio Evaluation

- ▶ Decrease of gas ratio: 25%
- ▶ PILLATE: 32%
- ▶ HUAYRAPATE: 12%
- ▶ BAYUSHIG: -6%(very view data)



Total evaluation

- ▶ More BrO Data: 51%
- ▶ More valid BrO Data: 38%