# Alexa, in you, I trust!

# Fairness and Interpretability Issues in E-commerce Search through Smart Speakers

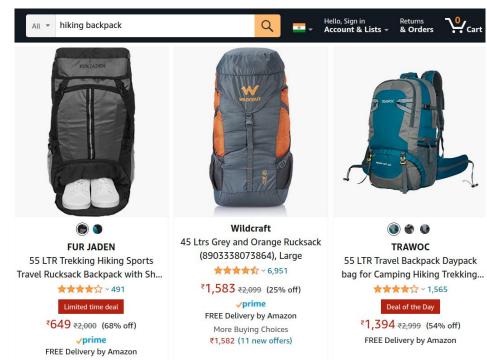


**Abhisek Dash**, Abhijnan Chakraborty, Saptarshi Ghosh, Animesh Mukherjee, Krishna P. Gummadi



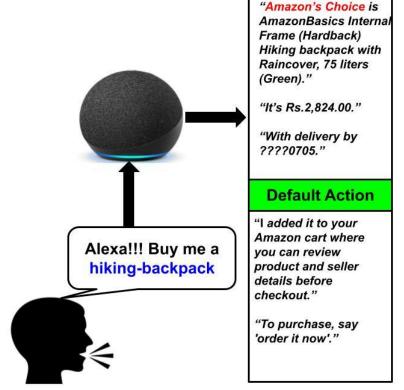
#### Traditional e-commerce search

- → Customers enter query strings
- → A ranked **list of products** appear
  - Decreasing order of relevance
  - Metadata of the products shown
- Customers have multiple options to choose from



# E-commerce search through Smart Speakers

- → Smart speakers are powered by voice assistants (VAs)
- → Customers utter a query string
- → The details of a single product is told
  - ◆ Audio response with a brief explanation
  - Default action of adding the product to cart



**Audio Response** 

"buy me a hiking backpack"

"Amazon's Choice is AmazonBasics Internal Frame (Hardback) Hiking Backpack with Raincover, 75Liters (Green)."

"It's Rs.2,824.00."

"With delivery by ????0705."

"I added it to your Amazon cart where you can review product and seller details before checkout."

"buy me a hiking backpack" 

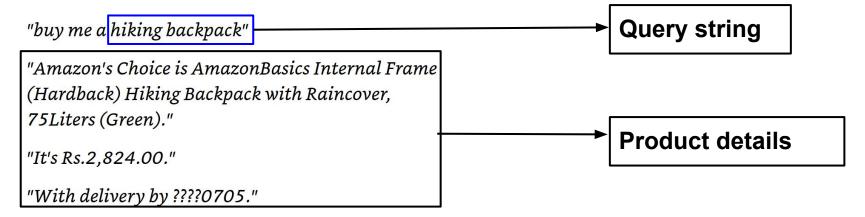
→ Query string

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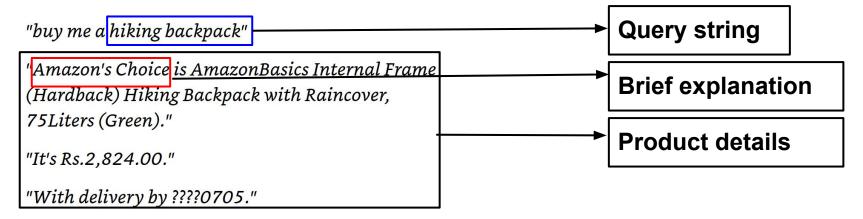
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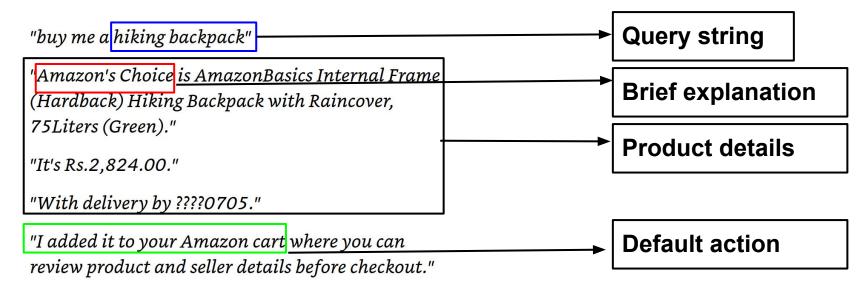
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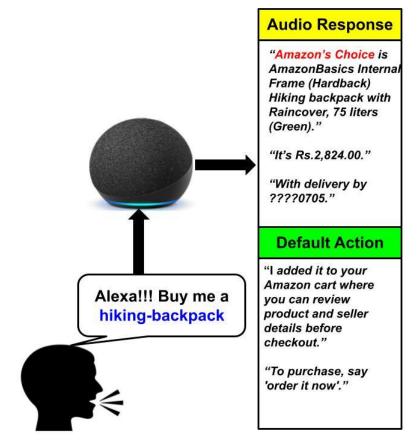
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# E-commerce search through Smart Speakers

- → Smart speakers are powered by voice assistants (VAs)
- → Customers utter a query string
- → The details of a single product is told
  - ◆ Audio response with a brief explanation
  - Default action of adding the product to cart
- → Unlike traditional product search, customers do not have many options to choose from.



# In this paper



RQ 1: How do customers interpret the explanations given in the audio response by the VA?

RQ 2: How fair is the default action by the VA?

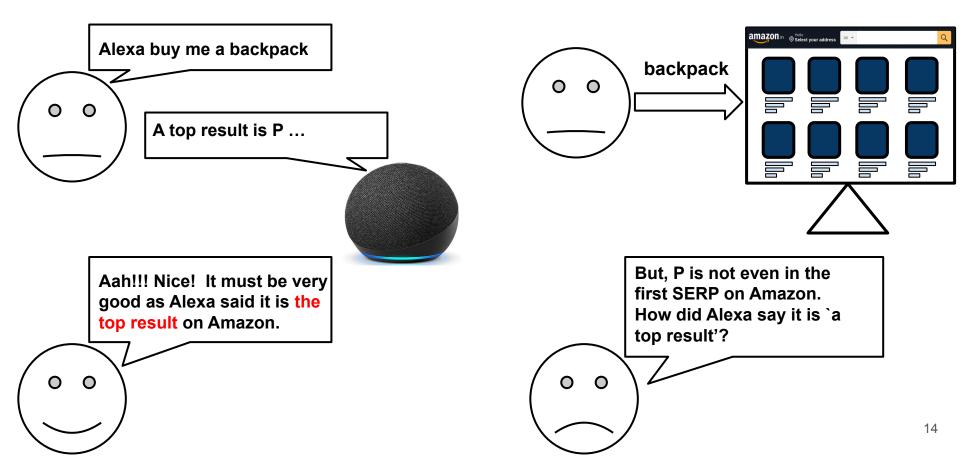
# Why are these questions important?

# Gap in explanation and Interpretation of customers

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# Fairness in the default action by VA

- → VA selects one specific product as part of its default action
- → Customers have a tendency to take the path of less effort.
- → Default option often comes as an endorsement from the choice architect.
- → Hence, likelihood of choosing / purchasing the default option is generally high.

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- → Hence, likelihood of choosing / purchasing the default option is generally high.

- → Non-selection of the most relevant product as the default choice
  - may deny its producers sales and revenue opportunities
  - may mislead customers to (possibly) less relevant products

# Research questions



RQ 1: How do customers interpret the explanations given in the audio response by the VA?

RQ 2: How fair is the default action by the VA?

# Challenges in understanding customers interpretation

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- → Customers are more conversant with traditional mediums e.g., Desktop e-commerce search.

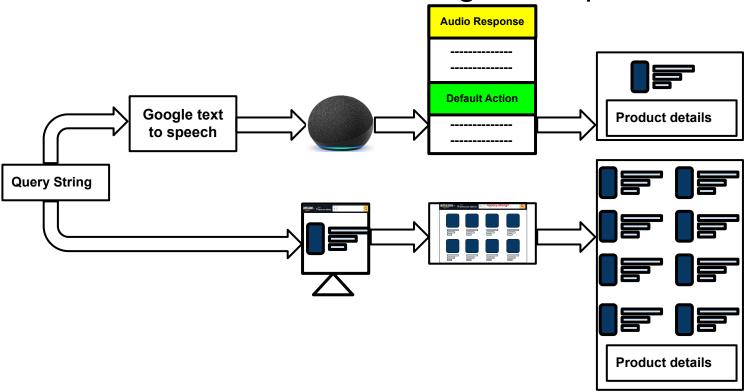
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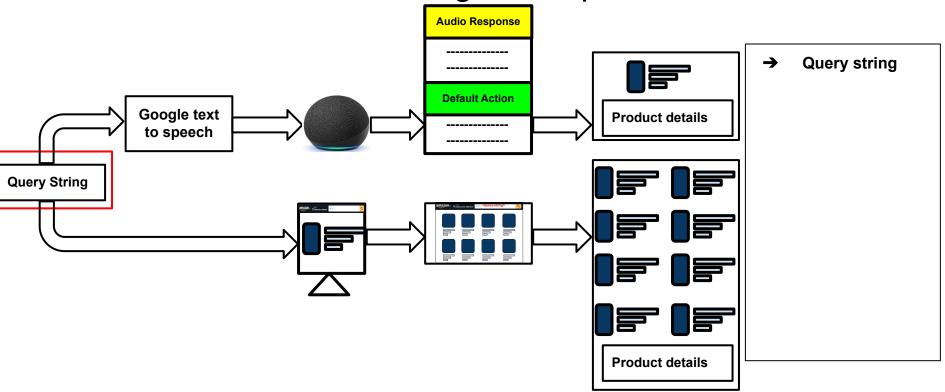
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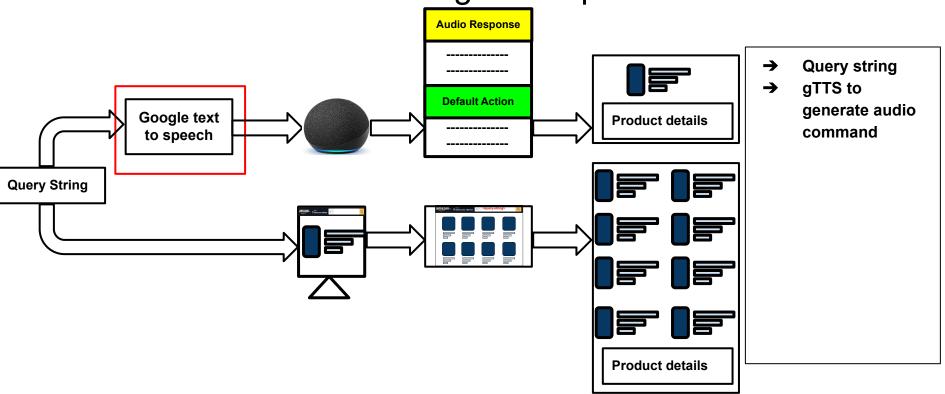
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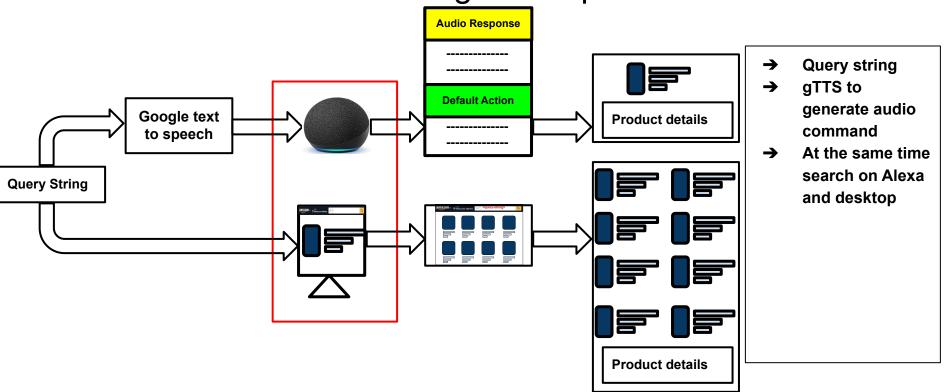
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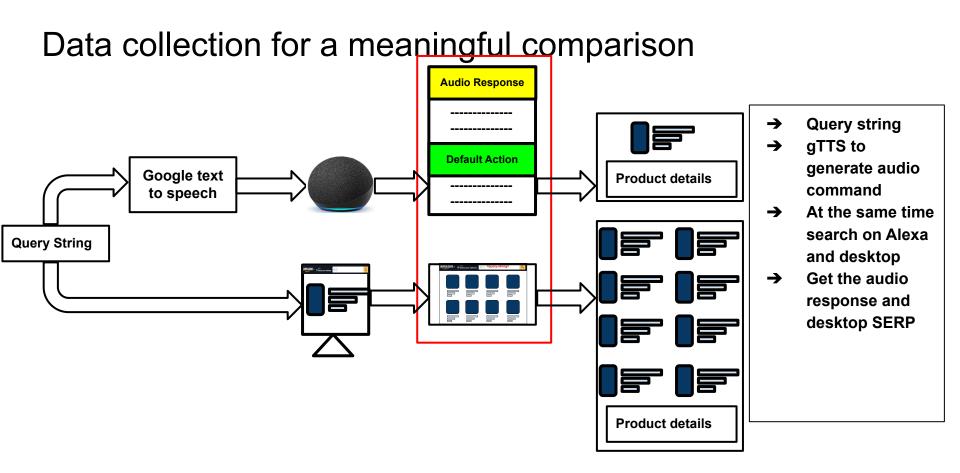
How to design an effective data collection framework for such analysis?

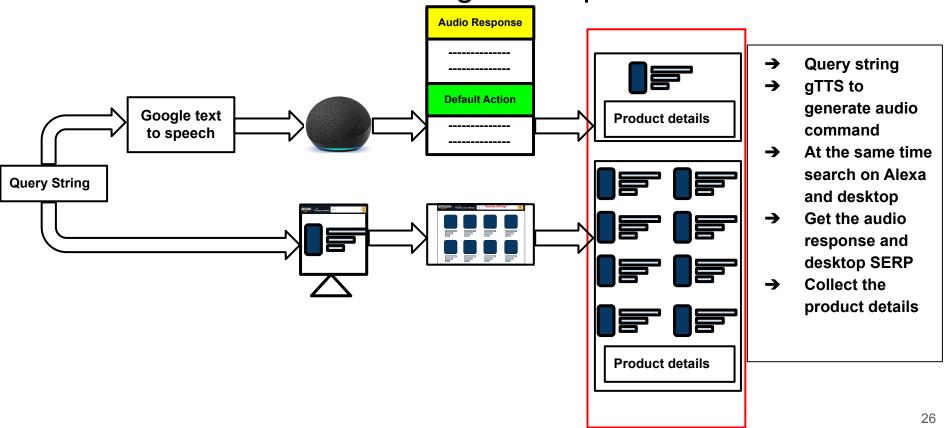












#### Some statistics of the dataset collected

- → We collected data for 1000 query strings on Amazon.
- → The queries cover 10 popular product categories on Amazon.
- → We also collected 14 temporal snapshots for top-100 queries on Amazon.

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# Most prevalent explanations

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66% queries out of 1000

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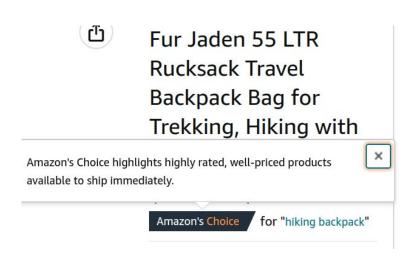
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Amazon's choice highlights <u>highly</u> <u>rated</u>, <u>well-priced</u> products available to ship immediately.

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- → We asked them different questions pertaining to
  - What do customers interpret by `highly rated' (or `well priced') products?
  - Where do customers expect Amazon's Choice products to appear?
  - How likely are you to buy the product which is explained as "Amazon's Choice"?

# What do customers interpret by `highly rated' product?

→ According to 59% respondents, a product with avg. rating greater than
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→ In all the 662 queries, the product selected with Amazon's choice explanation has an average rating greater than 4.0.

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→ In merely 23% cases, product added to cart adhered to the most common interpretation as mentioned above.

## Where do customers expect Amazon's Choice products to appear?

→ 54% respondents expect them to appear in top-5 positions; while 30% respondents expect them to appear as the top search result.

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- → 54% respondents expect them to appear in top-5 positions; while 30% respondents expect them to appear as the top search result.
- → In 74% cases, Amazon's Choice product appeared in the top-5 positions.

## Where do customers expect Amazon's Choice products to appear?

- → 54% respondents expect them to appear in top-5 positions; while 30% respondents expect them to appear as the top search result.
- → In 74% cases, Amazon's Choice product appeared in the top-5 positions.

- → The contribution from position 1 is merely 39%.
- → Worse, nearly 8% of the times, it does not even appear in the first SERP.

# Major takeaways from the survey

Explanation type	Statement	Interpretation	Match	
Amazon's Choice	Highly rated	Avg. user rating ≥ 4.0	<b>✓</b> (100%) <b>×</b> (00%)	
	Well priced	Least-5 price	<b>✓</b> (23%) <b>×</b> (77%)	
	Expected position	Top-5 in SERP	<b>✓</b> (74%) <b>×</b> (26%)	
A top result	Expected position	Top result (position 1)	<b>✓</b> (19%) <b>×</b> (81%)	

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Respondents' interpretations of the VA's explanation do not align with observations from desktop search results in majority of the cases.

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Respondents' interpretations of the VA's explanation do not align with observations from desktop search results in majority of the cases.

Additionally, 56% customers answered that they are likely or very likely to purchase products with such explanations.

## Research questions



RQ 1: How do customers interpret the explanations given in the audio response by the VA?

RQ 2: How fair is the default action by the VA?

## (Un)Fairness toward producers

- → Exposure due to Alexa:
  - ◆ 1 if product is added to cart, 0 otherwise
- → Exposure due to ranked results of desktop search
  - Can be evaluated using any standard attention distribution mechanism.
  - We assume attention / exposure are distributed geometrically
- → Exposure bias is the difference between the two exposures
  - ◆ Ideally, Exposure bias ≃ 0.

In 68% of all 1000 queries, exposure bias is non-zero →most relevant product according to desktop search was not added to cart by Alexa.

Less relevant products were added to cart; thus, depriving producers of more relevant products an opportunity to potential sales and revenue.

## (Un)Fairness toward customers

- → Is the product added to cart by Alexa also preferred by customers?
- → We conducted a user survey among the same 100 respondents
- → We showed the customers:
  - Product that was added to cart by Alexa
  - Product that appeared as the top result in the corresponding desktop search
- → Which of the following two products would you prefer to buy?

→ For 22 out of the 30 queries (73.3%), the majority preference of respondents did not match with the products selected by Alexa.

→ Out of the 1000 evaluations, we find that in 73.2% cases, respondents preferred the top desktop search result to the product selected by Alexa.

→ For 22 out of the 30 queries (73.3%), the majority preference of respondents

These observations further underpin the potential unfairness and customer dissatisfaction concerns due to default product selection of Alexa.

preferred top of desktop search result to product selected by Alexa.

#### Conclusion

- → There exists significant gap in customers' interpretation of Alexa's explanations and observation in traditional desktop search.
- → The default product selection of Alexa has potential unfairness concerns for both customers and producers / sellers.
- → Since customers cede complete autonomy to smart speakers (and the VAs therein), VAs should be more responsible during such interactions.

## Acknowledgements

- → ERC Advanced Grant
- → TCS Research Fellowship
- → CNeRG Lab, IIT Kharagpur



# Thank You

For dataset please fill up: <a href="https://forms.gle/PQdTghzynxQiuw4h6">https://forms.gle/PQdTghzynxQiuw4h6</a>

