```
clear all;
close all;
% plotting of ellipses (constraints)
fi = linspace(0, 2*pi, 100);
x_ball = [cos(fi); sin(fi)];
                                 % unit ball
th = -pi/3; R60n = [cos(th) sin(th); -sin(th) cos(th)]; % pos.
rotation
th = -pi/4; R45n = [cos(th) sin(th); -sin(th) cos(th)]; % neg.
rotation
lam1 = [2; 1]; lam2 = [1 3];
                                    % semiaxis length
xc1 = [0; 2]; xc2 = [-1; 2];
                                  % ellipse centre
x \text{ ball } r1 = R60n*diag(lam1)*x \text{ ball } + xc1*ones(1,size(x ball,2));
x_ball_r2 = R45n*diag(lam2)*x_ball + xc2*ones(1,size(x_ball,2));
invP1 = inv(R60n*diag(lam1)*diag(lam1)*R60n');  % ellipse 1
invP2 = inv(R45n*diag(lam2)*diag(lam2)*R45n');  % ellipse 2
% second order penalty function
A = [2 1; 1 3]; f = [1; -1]; c = 2;
[XX, YY] = meshgrid(-2:0.1:2, -1:0.1:3);
ZZ = zeros(size(XX));
ZZ1 = zeros(size(XX));
for i = 1:size(XX,1),
    for j = 1:size(XX,2),
        z = [XX(i,j); YY(i,j)];
        if (((quad_form(z - xc1, invP1) <= 1) && (quad_form(z - xc2,</pre>
 invP2) <= 1))),
                ZZ1(i,j) = quad_form(z, A) + f'*z + c;
        else
                ZZ1(i,j) = nan;
        end;
    end;
end;
figure(1), contour(XX, YY, ZZ1), grid on;
%figure(4), contour(XX, YY, ZZ), grid on;
hold on
    plot(x_ball_r1(1,:), x_ball_r1(2,:), 'm--',...
         x_ball_r2(1,:), x_ball_r2(2,:), 'm--');
hold off
% cvx minimization QPQC
cvx begin
    variable x(2);
    minimize (quad_form(x, A) + f'*x + c);
    subject to
        quad_form(x - xc1, invP1) <= 1;</pre>
        quad_form(x - xc2, invP2) <= 1;
cvx end
min_val = cvx_optval;
x_{\min} = x_i
```

```
hold on
   plot(x min(1), x min(2), 'ks');
disp(['minimization = ', num2str(min val),...
   ' for ', num2str(x_min(1)), ' ', num2str(x_min(2))]);
Calling SDPT3 4.0: 14 variables, 5 equality constraints
  For improved efficiency, SDPT3 is solving the dual problem.
_____
num. of constraints = 5
dim. of socp var = 12,
                       num. of socp blk = 3
dim. of linear var = 2
******************
  SDPT3: Infeasible path-following algorithms
******************
version predcorr gam expon scale_data
   NT 1 0.000 1 0
                                 prim-obj dual-obj
it pstep dstep pinfeas dinfeas gap
cputime
 0/0.000/0.000/1.3e+00/3.6e+00/2.6e+02/ 1.342052e+01 0.000000e+00/
0:0:00 | chol 1 1
1/1.000/0.944/3.7e-07/2.5e-01/4.1e+01/ 1.817812e+01 -6.081448e+00/
 0:0:00 | chol 1 1
2/0.947/0.995/2.4e-07/6.4e-03/4.5e+00/ 2.150326e-01 -4.098536e+00/
 0:0:00/ chol 1 1
 3|0.812|1.000|8.3e-07|5.2e-04|1.3e+00|-1.940218e+00 -3.255078e+00|
 0:0:00 | chol 1 1
 4|1.000|0.851|8.3e-08|1.2e-04|2.7e-01|-2.737484e+00 -3.004194e+00|
 0:0:00 | chol 1 1
 5/0.827/1.000/1.8e-08/5.2e-06/6.9e-02/-2.901232e+00 -2.969990e+00/
 0:0:00 | chol 1 1
 6|1.000|0.810|3.3e-09|1.4e-06|1.5e-02|-2.936227e+00 -2.951314e+00|
 0:0:00 | chol 1 1
 7/0.883/1.000/1.9e-09/5.3e-08/2.5e-03/-2.947239e+00 -2.949711e+00/
0:0:00 | chol 1 1
8|1.000|0.956|1.8e-09|7.7e-09|2.7e-04|-2.949150e+00 -2.949421e+00|
 0:0:00 | chol 1 1
 9|0.980|0.982|9.9e-11|4.9e-10|5.6e-06|-2.949403e+00 -2.949408e+00|
 0:0:00/ chol 1 1
10/0.993/1.000/7.3e-13/2.0e-11/7.0e-08/-2.949408e+00 -2.949408e+00/
0:0:00
 stop: max(relative gap, infeasibilities) < 1.49e-08</pre>
______
                   = 10
number of iterations
primal objective value = -2.94940800e+00
dual objective value = -2.94940807e+00
gap := trace(XZ) = 6.98e-08
relative gap
                   = 1.01e-08
actual relative gap = 1.01e-08
rel. primal infeas (scaled problem) = 7.28e-13
rel. dual "
                                = 1.98e-11
```

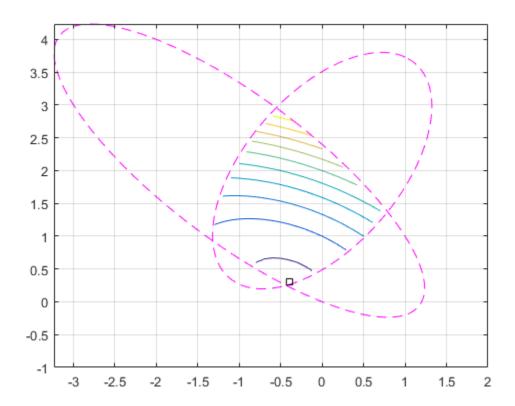
```
rel. primal infeas (unscaled problem) = 0.00e+00 rel. dual " " = 0.00e+00 norm(X), norm(y), norm(Z) = 4.0e+00, 7.2e-01, 2.7e+00 norm(A), norm(b), norm(C) = 4.6e+00, 6.1e+00, 4.3e+00 Total CPU time (secs) = 0.48 CPU time per iteration = 0.05 termination code = 0 DIMACS: 7.4e-13 0.0e+00 3.5e-11 0.0e+00 1.0e-08 1.0e-08
```

._____

Status: Solved

Optimal value (cvx_optval): +1.65

minimization = 1.65 for -0.4 0.3



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