Problem 1.3. (*) Find the Wiener–Itô chaos expansion of the following random variables:

(a) $\xi = W(t)$, where $t \in [0, T]$ is fixed,

Notice that
$$I_1(1) = \int_0^T dW_1 = W(T) - W(Q)$$
.

Since we want only
$$W(t)$$
,
$$\int_{\Gamma} \chi_{\Gamma_0,+]}(s) dW_s = W(t) \Longrightarrow \xi = I_1(\chi_{\Gamma_0,+]}(s)$$

(b)
$$\xi = \int_0^T g(s)dW(s)$$
, where $g \in L^2([0,T])$,

(c) $\xi = W^2(t)$, where $t \in [0, T]$ is fixed,

Since ha(x)=x2-1 and

we have

$$I_{2}(1)=2\cdot\int_{0}^{t}\int_{0}^{t}d\omega(t_{1})d\omega(t_{2})=Th_{2}\left(\frac{\int_{0}^{t}I\cdot d\omega(t_{2})}{\sqrt{T}}\right)=Th_{2}\left(\frac{\omega(T)}{\sqrt{T}}\right)=\omega^{2}(T)-T$$

To restrict to [0,+], we consider

$$2 \cdot \int_{0}^{T} \int_{0}^{t_{2}} \chi_{\text{Loff}}(t_{1}, t_{2}) dw(t_{1}) dw(t_{2}) = Th_{2} \left(\frac{\int_{0}^{T} \chi_{\text{Loff}}(s) dw_{s}}{\sqrt{T'}} \right)$$

=
$$th_2\left(\frac{\omega(t)}{\sqrt{T}}\right) = \omega^2(t) - T = I_2(\chi_{\text{conj}}(t_{i_1}t_2))$$

Thus,
$$\vec{\beta} = W^2(+) = I_2(\chi_{con}(+,+)) + I_0$$

(d) $\xi = \exp\{\int_{0}^{T} g(s)dW(s)\}\$, where $g \in L^{2}([0,T])$ [*Hint.* Use (1.15).],

By the exercise J.C, we have

exp
$$\left[\int_{0}^{\pi} g(s) dw(s) - \frac{1}{2} \|g\|^{2}\right] = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\|g\|^{n}}{n!} h_{n} \left(\frac{\theta}{\|g\|}\right)$$

=
$$\exp\left[\int_{0}^{T} g(s) dw(s)\right] \cdot \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \|g\|^{2}\right]$$

Thus,
$$exp\left[\int_{0}^{T}g(s)d\omega(s)\right] = exp\left[\int_{0}^{T}u|g|^{2}\right]\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}\frac{\|g\|^{n}}{n!}h_{n}\left(\frac{D}{\|g\|}\right)$$

$$=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} I_n \left[\frac{e^n \exp(1/2 \|q\|^2)}{n!} \right] = \frac{7}{3}$$

(e)
$$\xi = \int_0^T g(s)W(s)ds$$
, where $g \in L^2([0,T])$.

$$\int_{0}^{T} ds (s) ds = \int_{0}^{T} ds (s) \int_{0}^{s} dw(t) ds = \int_{0}^{T} \int_{0}^{T} ds (s) ds dw(t)$$

Hence,
$$\vec{z} = I_1 \left[\int_{-1}^{1} g(s) ds \right]$$
(x) $\chi_{[0,5]}(t) = \chi_{[t+7]}(s)$

First step: use

$$I_{n}(g^{\otimes n}) = n! \int_{0}^{T} \int_{0}^{t_{n}} \cdots \int_{0}^{t_{2}} g(t_{1})g(t_{2}) \cdots g(t_{n}) dW(t_{1}) \cdots dW(t_{n}) = ||g||^{n} h_{n} \left(\frac{\int_{0}^{T} g(t) dW(t)}{||g||} \right)$$

Second otep: combine with the Wiener-Hô chaos expansion:

Theorem 1.2.1 (The Wiener-Itô Chaos Expansion). Let ξ be an \mathscr{F}_T -measurable random variable in $L^2(\mathbb{P})$. There exists a unique sequence (f_n) of functions $f_n \in \mathring{L}^2([0,T]^n)$ such that

$$\xi = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} I_n(f_n)$$