

5.7. The mean-reverting Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process is the solution  $X_t$  of the stochastic differential equation

$$dX_t = (m - X_t)dt + \sigma dB_t$$

where  $m, \sigma$  are real constants,  $B_t \in \mathbf{R}$ .

- a) Solve this equation by proceeding as in Exercise 5.5 a).  
 b) Find  $E[X_t]$  and  $\text{Var}[X_t] := E[(X_t - E[X_t])^2]$ .

a) Let  $Y_t = X_t - m$ . By Itô's formula,  $dY_t = dX_t$ . Hence

$$dY_t = -Y_t dt + \sigma dB_t$$

Applying 5.5. ( $\mu = -1$ )

$$Y_t = e^{-t} Y_0 + \sigma \int_0^t e^{(s-t)} dB_s$$

and finally,

$$X_t = m + e^{-t} Y_0 + \sigma \int_0^t e^{(s-t)} dB_s$$

b) By 5.5.,

$$E[X_t] = m + E[Y_t] = m + e^{-t} E[Y_0] = m + e^{-t} E[X_0]$$

$$\text{Var}[X_t] = e^{2\mu t} (E[X_0^2] - E^2[X_0]) + \frac{\sigma^2}{2\mu} (e^{2\mu t} - 1)$$

$$= e^{-2t} (E[X_0^2] - E^2[X_0]) - \frac{\sigma^2}{2} (e^{-2t} - 1)$$