

4.8. a) Let B_t denote n -dimensional Brownian motion and let $f: \mathbf{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ be C^2 . Use Itô's formula to prove that

$$f(B_t) = f(B_0) + \int_0^t \nabla f(B_s) dB_s + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t \Delta f(B_s) ds,$$

where $\Delta = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_i^2}$ is the Laplace operator.

By Itô's formula,

$$df(B_t) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial t}(t, B_t) dt + \sum_i \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i}(t, B_t) dB_{t,i} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_i \partial x_j}(t, B_t) dB_{t,i} dB_{t,j}$$

Given that f does not depend on t ,

$$\bullet \frac{\partial f}{\partial t}(t, B_t) = 0$$

$$\bullet \sum_i \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i}(t, B_t) = \nabla f(B_t)$$

$$\bullet dB_{t,i} dB_{t,j} = \delta_{ij} dt \Rightarrow \sum_{i,j} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_i \partial x_j}(t, B_t) dB_{t,i} dB_{t,j} = \sum_i \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_i^2}(t, B_t) dt$$

$$\bullet \int_0^+ df(B_s) = \int_0^+ \frac{df}{dB_s} dB_s = f(B_s) \Big|_0^+ = f(B_t) - f(B_0)$$

We have that

$$f(B_t) = f(B_0) + \int_0^+ \nabla f(B_s) dB_s + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^+ \Delta f(B_s) ds$$

□

- b) Assume that $g : \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ is C^1 everywhere and C^2 outside finitely many points z_1, \dots, z_N with $|g''(x)| \leq M$ for $x \notin \{z_1, \dots, z_N\}$. Let B_t be 1-dimensional Brownian motion. Prove that the 1-dimensional version of a) still holds, i.e.

$$g(B_t) = g(B_0) + \int_0^t g'(B_s) dB_s + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t g''(B_s) ds.$$

(Hint: Choose $f_k \in C^2(\mathbf{R})$ s.t. $f_k \rightarrow g$ uniformly, $f'_k \rightarrow g'$ uniformly and $|f''_k| \leq M$, $f''_k \rightarrow g''$ outside z_1, \dots, z_N . Apply a) to f_k and let $k \rightarrow \infty$).

Let $f_k \in C^2(\mathbf{R})$ such that $f_k \rightarrow g$ uniformly, $f'_k \rightarrow g'$ uniformly and $|f''_k| \leq M$ and $f''_k \rightarrow g''$ outside z_1, \dots, z_N .
Applying a) to f_k ,

$$f_k(B_t) = f_k(B_0) + \int_0^t f'_k(B_s) dB_s + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t f''_k(B_s) ds$$

as $k \rightarrow \infty$, we have

$$g(B_t) = g(B_0) + \int_0^t g'(B_s) dB_s + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t g''(B_s) ds$$

□