$$\mathcal{L} = f(\xi) + \lambda(\zeta - g(\xi))$$

$$MAX \qquad f(\xi)$$

$$S. Q. -g(\xi) = \zeta$$

MAX
$$-Z \cdot W$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda = -2 \cdot W + \lambda (f(t) - 4) \\ \lambda = (M_g) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} W \cdot \xi = S \cdot W \cdot \xi \cdot W \cdot \xi$$

('(X")(C-X")=0 KHUN TUCKER 1

MAX
$$f(X)$$
 $f:\mathbb{R}^{m}\to\mathbb{R}$
 $f(X)$
 $f(X)$

$$\frac{COND. K-T}{D} = \sum_{k=1}^{K} \lambda_k \frac{\partial f_k(X)}{\partial X_i} + \sum_{\ell=1}^{L} \chi_\ell \frac{\partial h_\ell(X)}{\partial X_i}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{K} \lambda_k \frac{\partial f_k(X)}{\partial X_i} + \sum_{\ell=1}^{L} \chi_\ell \frac{\partial h_\ell(X)}{\partial X_i}$$

Of (h, (x)-be)=0

(1) CUASI LINEACES: U(x,Y)=X+Y MAX X+Y $\{X,Y\}$ S. e. $\{xX+f,Y=I$ 0< < < 1 -X <0 $- > \leq 0$

$$\frac{\partial (x+y^{-1})}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial (-x^{-1}y+1)}{\partial x} + \int_{1} \frac{\partial (-x)}{\partial x} + \int_{2} \frac{\partial (-y)}{\partial x} dx$$

$$\frac{\partial (x+y^{-1})}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial (-x^{-1}y+1)}{\partial y} + \int_{1} \frac{\partial (-x)}{\partial y} + \int_{2} \frac{\partial (-y)}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial (x+y^{-1})}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial (-x^{-1}y+1)}{\partial y} + \int_{1} \frac{\partial (-x)}{\partial y} + \int_{2} \frac{\partial (-y)}{\partial y}$$

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$$\frac{\partial (x+y^{-1})}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial (-x^{-1}y+1)}{\partial y} + \int_{2} \frac{\partial (-x)}{\partial y} + \int_{2} \frac{\partial (-x)}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial (-x)}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial (-x)}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial (-x)}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial (-x)}{\partial y}$$

$$\begin{cases} \gamma = -1 + \frac{\sqrt{l_x}}{l_y} \left(\frac{T}{l_y}\right)^{x-1} > 0 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\frac{\sqrt{l_x}}{l_y}} \frac{\sqrt{l_x}}{l_y} = -1 + \frac{\sqrt{l_x}}{l_y} \left(\frac{T}{l_y}\right)^{x-1} > 1 + \frac{\sqrt{l_x}}{l_y} \left(\frac{T}{l_y$$

