

$$A: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left| \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} - \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right| = 0$$

$$\vec{X} = AX$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a - \lambda & b \\ c & d - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

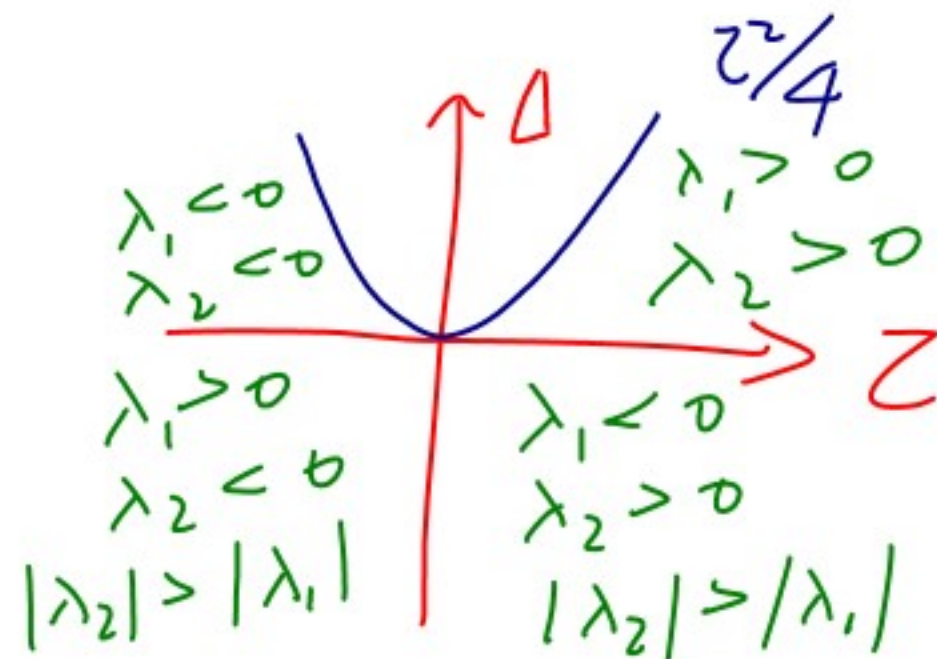
$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + \Delta = 0$$

$$(a - \lambda)(d - \lambda) - cb = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \underbrace{(a + d)}_2 \lambda + \underbrace{ad - cb}_{\Delta} = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \zeta \lambda + \Delta = 0$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{\zeta}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 4\Delta}$$



$$\zeta^2 - 4\Delta > 0$$

$$\lambda_1, \lambda_2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2$$

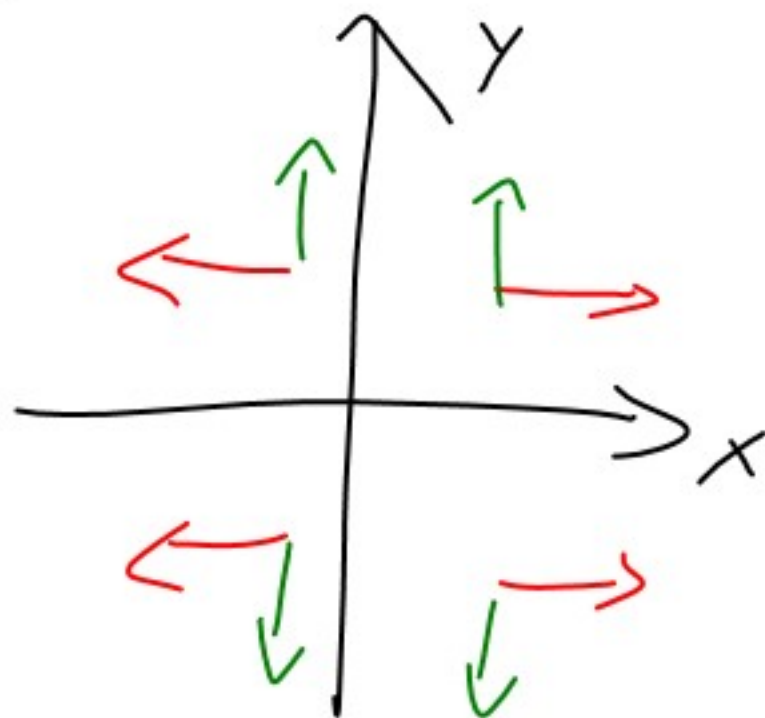
$$A = P \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix} P^{-1}$$

$$|A| = |P| |P^{-1}| (\lambda_1, \lambda_2) = \lambda_1 \lambda_2 = \Delta$$

$$\zeta = \lambda_1 + \lambda_2$$

$$\boxed{\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}} \quad \lambda_1, \lambda_2 \in \mathbb{R} \quad \lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2 \quad \begin{aligned} x_t &= x_0 e^{\lambda_1 t} \\ y_t &= y_0 e^{\lambda_2 t} \end{aligned}$$

① $\lambda_1 > 0 \quad \lambda_2 > 0$



$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_2 - \lambda_1 &< 0 \\ \lambda_2 &< \lambda_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\lambda_2 > \lambda_1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy/dt}{dx/dt} = \frac{\lambda_2 y_0 e^{\lambda_2 t}}{\lambda_1 x_0 e^{\lambda_1 t}} = \frac{\lambda_2 y_0}{\lambda_1 x_0} e^{(\lambda_2 - \lambda_1)t}$$