

<p><u>Why asyncio?</u> Asyncio provides coroutine-based concurrency suited to non-blocking socket I/O applications.</p> <p><u>Coroutine</u></p> <p>Import <code>import asyncio</code></p> <p>Define a coroutine <code>async def custom_coroutine(): # ...</code></p> <p>Create coroutine object <code>coro = custom_coroutine()</code></p> <p>Run coroutine as entry point <code>asyncio.run(main())</code></p> <p>Suspend and run coroutine from a coroutine <code>await custom_coroutine()</code></p> <p>Sleep a coroutine <code>await asyncio.sleep(1)</code></p> <p><u>Async Comprehensions and Loops</u></p> <p>Asynchronous comprehension <code>res = [r async for r in async_gen()]</code></p> <p>Await comprehension <code>res = [r await a in awaitables]</code></p> <p>Asynchronous for-loop <code>async for item in async_gen(): print(item)</code></p>	<p><u>Task</u> A task schedules a coroutine to run independently.</p> <p>Create and schedule task (high-level) <code>task = asyncio.create_task(coro)</code></p> <p>Create and schedule task (low-level) <code>task = asyncio.ensure_future(coro)</code></p> <p>Suspend and wait for a task to finish <code>await task</code></p> <p>Get the current task <code>task = asyncio.current_task()</code></p> <p>Get all running tasks <code>tasks = asyncio.all_tasks()</code></p> <p>Get task result <code>value = task.result()</code></p> <p>Get task unhandled exception <code>ex = task.exception()</code></p> <p>Cancel a task result <code>was_canceled = task.cancel()</code></p> <p>Check if the task is done (not running) <code>if task.done(): # ...</code></p> <p>Check if the task was canceled <code>if task.cancelled(): # ...</code></p> <p>Add done callback function <code>task.add_done_callback(handler)</code></p> <p>Remove done callback function <code>task.remove_done_callback(handler)</code></p> <p>Set and get task name <code>task.set_name('MyTask') name = task.get_name()</code></p>	<p><u>Tasks</u> Operations on an awaitable, task, or tasks.</p> <p>Wait for awaitable with a timeout <code>try: await asyncio.wait_for(tk, timeout=1) except asyncio.TimeoutError: # ...</code></p> <p>Shield a task from cancelation <code>shielded = asyncio.shield(task)</code></p> <p>Run blocking function in new thread <code>coro = asyncio.to_thread(myfunc)</code></p> <p>Run coroutine in asyncio event loop <code>fut = run_coroutine_threadsafe(coro, loop)</code></p> <p>Run many awaitables as a group <code>await asyncio.gather(c1(), c2())</code></p> <p>Wait for all tasks in a collection <code>done,pen = await asyncio.wait(tasks)</code></p> <p>Wait for all tasks with a timeout in seconds <code>Try: done,pen = await asyncio.wait(tasks, timeout=5) except asyncio.TimeoutError: # ...</code></p> <p>Wait for the first task in a collection <code>done,pen = await asyncio.wait(tasks, return_when=FIRST_COMPLETED)</code></p> <p>Wait for the first task to fail <code>done,pen = await asyncio.wait(tasks, return_when=FIRST_EXCEPTION)</code></p> <p>Get results in task completion order <code>for c in asyncio.as_completed(tasks): result = await c</code></p>
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Non-blocking IO Subprocesses

Run command as subprocess

```
p = await  
create_subprocess_exec('ls')
```

Run shell command as subprocess

```
p = await  
create_subprocess_shell('ls')
```

Wait for subprocess to finish

```
await process.wait()
```

Read from subprocess

```
data = await process.communicate()
```

Read from subprocess

```
await  
process.communicate(input=data)
```

Terminate a subprocess

```
process.terminate()
```

Non-blocking IO Streams

Open a client tcp connection

```
reader, writer = await  
open_connection('google.com', 80)
```

Start a tcp server

```
server = await start_server(handle,  
'127.0.0.1', 9876)
```

Read from socket

```
data = await reader.readline()
```

Write to socket

```
writer.write(data)
```

Drain socket until ready

```
await writer.drain()
```

Close socket connection

```
writer.close()  
await writer.wait_closed()
```

Semaphores and Events, and Conditions

Semaphore, set num positions

```
semaphore = asyncio.Semaphore(10)  
await semaphore.acquire()  
# ...  
semaphore.release()
```

Semaphore, context manager

```
async with semaphore:  
    # ...
```

Create event, then set event

```
event = asyncio.Event()  
event.set()
```

Check if event is set

```
if event.is_set():  
    # ...
```

Wait for event to be set (blocking)

```
await event.wait()
```

Condition variable

```
condition = asyncio.Condition()  
await condition.acquire()  
# ...  
condition.release()
```

Wait on condition to be notified (blocking)

```
async with condition:  
    await condition.wait()
```

Wait on condition for expression (blocking)

```
async with condition:  
    await condition.wait_for(check)
```

Notify any single thread waiting on condition

```
async with condition:  
    condition.notify(n=1)
```

Notify all threads waiting on condition

```
async with condition:  
    condition.notify_all()
```

Async Locks

Mutex lock

```
lock = asyncio.Lock()  
await lock.acquire()  
# ...  
lock.release()
```

Mutex lock, context manager

```
async with lock:  
    # ...
```

Queues

Via Queue, LifoQueue, PriorityQueue

Create queue

```
queue = asyncio.Queue()
```

Create queue with limited capacity

```
queue = asyncio.Queue(100)
```

Add item to queue (blocking, if limited)

```
await queue.put(item)
```

Retrieve item from queue (blocking)

```
item = await queue.get()
```

Check if queue is empty

```
if queue.empty():  
    # ...
```

Check if queue is full

```
if queue.full():  
    # ...
```

Get current capacity of queue

```
capacity = queue.qsize()
```

Mark unit of work complete

```
queue.task_done()
```

Wait for all units to be complete

```
await queue.join()
```

Async Generators and Iterators

Define asynchronous generator

```
async def async_generator():  
    for i in range(10):  
        await asyncio.sleep(1)  
        yield i
```

Define asynchronous iterator

```
class AsyncIterator():  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.counter = 0  
    def __aiter__(self):  
        return self  
    async def __anext__(self):  
        if self.counter >= 10:  
            raise StopAsyncIteration  
        await asyncio.sleep(1)  
        self.counter += 1  
        return self.counter
```

Use asynchronous iterator

```
async for value in AsyncIterator():  
    # ...
```

Async Context Managers

Define asynchronous context manager

```
class AsyncContextManager():  
    async def __aenter__(self):  
        await asyncio.sleep(1)  
    def __exit__(self, et, exc, tb):  
        await asyncio.sleep(1)
```

Use asynchronous context manager

```
async with CustomClass() as mgr:  
    # ...
```