CS 325 - Homework 8 p. 1 of 5

CS 325 - Homework 8

Deadline

11:59 pm on Thursday, November 7, 2024.

Purpose

To get more practice converting ER models into a (partial) database designs/schemas (including converting supertype/subtype entity classes); to practice writing queries involving joins of more than two tables; to practice more with SQL views; and to get more experience with some combinations of the SQL features we have discussed so far.

How to submit

Zip the 325hw8 folder (contains 325hw8-db-designs.txt, 325hw8.sql, 325hw8-out.txt), submit the 325hw8.zip on Canvas.

(Make sure that the files you intend to submit are indeed inside your zip folder)

Additional notes:

- Reminder: CS 325 course style for relation-structure form includes:
 - Write all attributes making up a relation's primary key in all-uppercase
 - For foreign keys, list their attributes as usual in the parentheses, but then also write a SQL-style foreign key clause after the closing parenthesis.
 - For example:

```
Rental(RENTAL_NUM, client_num, vid_id, date_out, date_due, date_returned)
  foreign key (client_num) references client,
  foreign key(vid_id) references video
```

- You are required to use the HSU Oracle student database for **Problem 2** of this homework.
- **DB Reading Packets 8** and **SQL Reading Packet 7**, on the course Canvas site, and the course slides are useful references for this homework.
 - (But since some of the queries also deliberately combine features we have discussed earlier, you may also find it useful to refer to previous SQL Reading Packets, also.)
- Now that we have covered the order by clause, you are expected to use it appropriately when an *explicit* row ordering is specified. Queries for problems asking for *explicit* row ordering will be incorrect if they do not include a reasonable order by clause.
- Feel free to add additional prompt commands to your SQL scripts as desired to enhance the readability of the resulting output.
- An example 325hw8-out.pdf has been posted along with this homework handout, to help you see if you are on the right track with your queries for Problem 2. If your 325hw8-out.txt matches this posted one, that doesn't guarantee that you wrote appropriate queries, but it is an encouraging sign.
- You are expected to follow **course style standards** for SQL select statements.
 - On the CS 325 public course web site, under "References", there are now some evolving lists of course style standards posted. There is also a link to these on the course Canvas home page.

CS 325 - Homework 8 p. 2 of 5

Setup

Use ssh to connect to nrs-projects, and create, protect, and go to a directory named 325hw8 on nrs-projects:

mkdir 325hw8 chmod 700 325hw8 cd 325hw8

Put all of your files for this homework in this directory.

Problem 1

Use vim to create a file named 325hw8-db-designs.txt:

vim 325hw8-db-designs.txt

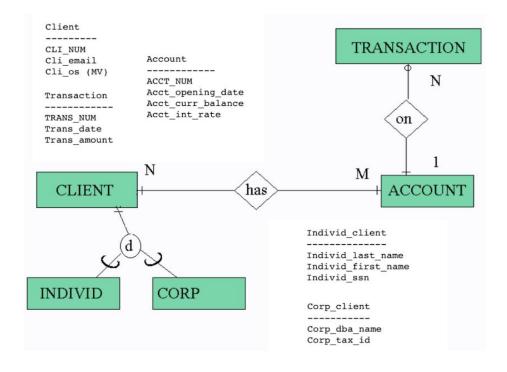
Place your answers for this problem into file 325hw8-db-designs.txt

For this problem, you will be converting two database models into (partial) database designs/schemas. (Why partial? Because, again for this assignment, we are not including domains or business rules, which are part of a database design/schema, also.)

Consider the following ER models. Convert each into an appropriate corresponding (partial) design/schema, using the conversion rules discussed in lecture. Your resulting database designs/schemas needs to meet the following requirements:

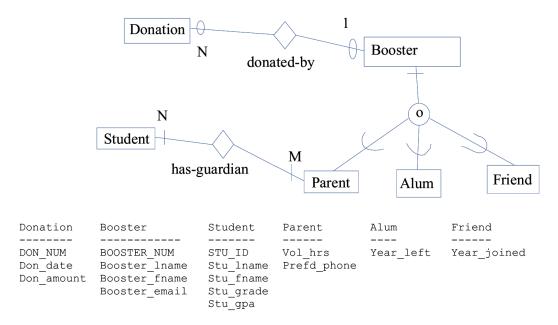
- * for this problem, you will list your resulting tables in relation structure form, indicating foreign keys by writing SQL foreign key clauses after the relation structure.
- * make sure, for each table, that you clearly indicate primary key attributes by writing them in all-uppercase (and by writing non-primary-key attributes NOT in all-uppercase).
- * do not make ANY inferences/assumptions NOT supported by the given models or stated along with them. (Assume that the models DO reflect the scenarios faithfully.)

Problem 1-1's model:



CS 325 - Homework 8 p. 3 of 5

Problem 1-2's model:



Problem 2

This problem again uses the tables created by the SQL script movies-create.sql and populated by movies-pop.sql. As a reminder, these tables can be described in relation structure form as:

```
Movie_category(CATEGORY_CODE, category_name)
Client(CLIENT_NUM, client_lname, client_fname, client_phone,
    client_credit_rtg,
        client_fave_cat)
    foreign key (client_fave_cat) references movie_category(category_code)
Movie(MOVIE_NUM, movie_title, movie_director_lname, movie_yr_released,
        movie_rating, category_code)
    foreign key(category_code) references movie_category
Video(VID_ID, vid_format, vid_purchase_date, vid_rental_price, movie_num)
    foreign key (movie_num) references movie
Rental(RENTAL NUM, client num, vid id, date out, date due, date returned)
```

And, again, for your convenience as a reference, a handout of these relation structures is posted along with this homework handout.

Because we modified these tables' contents in Homework 7, for Homework 8 you might want to make sure they have been restored to those populated by movies-pop.sql:

Make a copy of movies-pop.sql in your 325hw8 directory.

foreign key (client num) references client,

foreign key(vid id) references video

- Note that one of several ways to get this is to copy it from your local machine into nrs-projects using sftp and put command.
- Now enter sqlplus and run your movies-pop.sql copy.

Create a file named 325hw8.sql and include the following within one or more SQL comments:

· your name

CS 325 - Homework 8 p. 4 of 5

- CS 325 Homework 8 Problem 2
- the date this file was last modified

Then:

- use spool to start writing the results for this script's actions into a file 325hw8-out.txt
- put in a prompt command printing Homework 8 Problem 2
- put in a prompt command printing your name
- include a spool off command, at the BOTTOM/END of this file. Type your answers to the problems below BEFORE this spool off command!

Now, within your file 325hw8.sql, add in SQL statements for the following, **PRECEDING** EACH with a SQL*Plus prompt command noting what problem part it is for.

Problem 2-1

To practice a join of more than two tables: write a query that projects, for each movie category **name**, the number of videos of movies in that category, displaying the results in reverse order of the number of videos of movies in that category. Give the second column the column alias NUM VIDEOS.

HINTS:

- in an equi-join of n tables, make sure you have n-1 join conditions
- look carefully at the foreign keys of tables involved to determine what those join conditions should be, looking for columns with common domains where their being equal in the Cartesian product has useful meaning
- remember what select clause is needed when you want to project a column along with an aggregate function result...

Problem 2-2

The store would like to give counter employees a very limited view of client information (they will be granted access to this view instead of to the client table itself).

Drop and create a view called counter_client_info, based on the client and movie_category tables, which contains only the client's last name and the *name* of the client's favorite category. Write this such that the name of the second column in this view is fave category.

Problem 2-3

Write a query that uses JUST the counter_client_info view to project all of the columns all of the rows of the counter_client_info view, displaying the rows in order of client last name.

Then write another query that uses JUST the counter_client_info view, but this time projecting the fave_category column first and then the client last name column, now displaying the rows in order of the name of the client's favorite category.

Problem 2-4

Drop and create a view called movie_list of the movie and movie_category tables, containing only the category name, movie rating, and movie title for each movie.

CS 325 - Homework 8 p. 5 of 5

Problem 2-5

Write a query that **uses JUST** the movie_list view to project all of the columns of all of the rows of the movie_list view, displaying the rows in order of category name, with a secondary ordering by movie rating, and a third-ordering by movie title.

Problem 2-6

Now, using ONLY the view movie_list, write a query projecting two columns: the name of a movie category, and the number of movies in that category, giving this second column the column heading CATEGORY QUANT, and displaying the rows in order of decreasing number of movies.

Problem 2-7

Because there is often more than one way to write a SQL query to answer some questions, on some previous assignments you have been asked to use a particular SQL approach or feature rather than another, to get practice with that SQL approach or feature.

But, that might give the mistaken impression that, for example, for features such as joins and sub-selects, it is always a choice of one OR the other, when actually there are queries that can usefully involve both used together!

Write a select statement that will project the last names, favorite movie category **names**, and credit ratings for clients who have credit ratings higher than the average credit rating for all clients. (**NOTE**: I am not asking you to project the client_fave_cat --- I am asking you to project the **name** of the category corresponding to the client fave cat.)

HINTS:

- a single query can definitely use both equi-joins AND sub-selects
- a select clause can only project attributes from relation(s) in its corresponding from clause

Problem 2-8

Continuing with the theme that a query can involve BOTH joins AND sub-selects:

Write a select statement that will project the video ids, the title of the movie on that video, and the format of that video, for all videos that have never been rented.

Submit your files 325hw8.sql and 325hw8-out.txt.