Problem 1: -

Method 1

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + c$$
 if $n > 1$

$$T(n) = T(n - 1) + c$$

$$T(n) = T(n - 2) + c + c$$

$$T(n) = T(n-3) + c + c + c$$

Inputing value 1 to value k

$$T(n) = T(n - k) + k * c$$

$$T(n) = T(1) + (n - 1) * c$$

$$T(n) = O(1) + n * c - c$$

$$T(n) = O(n)$$

Therefore, the time complexity is O(n)

Method 2

$$T(n) = T(n/2) + c$$
 if $n > 1$

$$T(n) = T(n/2) + c$$

$$T(n) = T(n/2^2) + c + c$$

$$T(n) = T(n/2^3) + c + c + c$$

$$T(n) = T(n/2^k) + k * c$$

$$n/2^k = 1 => 2^k = n => k = log^n$$

Inputing value 1 to value k

$$T(n) = T(1) + c * log^n$$

$$T(n) = O(1) + c * log^n$$

$$T(n) = O(log^n)$$

Therefore, the time complexity is O(logⁿ)

Method 3

$$T(n) = T(n/2) + T(n/2) + c = 2 * T(n/2) + c$$
 if $n > 1$

$$T(n) = 2 * T(n/2) + c$$

$$T(n) = 2^2 * T(n/2^2) + c + c$$

$$T(n) = 2^3 * T(n/2^3) + c + c + c$$

$$T(n) = 2^k * T(n/2^k) + k * c$$

$$n/2^k = 1 \implies 2^k = n \implies k = log^n$$

Inputing value 1 to value k

$$T(n) = n * T(1) + c * log^n$$

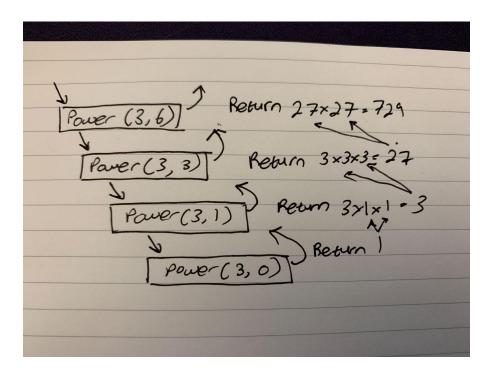
$$T(n) = n + c * log^n$$

$$T(n) = O(n)$$

Therefore, the time complexity is O(n)

Problem 2: -

Question 1



Question 2

