

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Revision Date: 10/29/2015 Date of issue: 10/29/2015

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P **1.2. Intended Use of the Product**

Use of the substance/mixture: Tack coat, Chip seal

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Russell Standard / Hammaker East

285 Kappa Drive Suite 300

Pittsburgh, PA 15238 T: (800) 323-3053

www.russellstandard.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : (800) 323-3053 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US classification

Skin Irrit. 2 H315
Eye Irrit. 2A H319
Skin Sens. 1 H317
Carc. 2 H351
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)





Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national,

and international regulations.

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2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. May defat skin and cause contact dermatitis. Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Although this product is not flammable, it may create flammable levels of hydrogen sulfide if stored or used improperly. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant. If stored under heat for extended periods or significantly agitated, this material might evolve or release hydrogen sulfide, a flammable gas, which can raise and widen this material's actual flammability limits and significantly lower its auto-ignition temperature. Hydrogen sulfide is a toxic gas that can be fatal. Product may contain low levels of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNAs). Evidence from animal studies indicates that prolonged exposure to various PNAs can cause cancer of the lungs, skin and other organs.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

3.5 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral, Dermal, Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

| Name | Product Identifier | % | GHS-US classification |
|--|----------------------|------------|---|
| Asphalt | (CAS No) 8052-42-4 | 55 - 68 | Carc. 2, H351 |
| 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene, 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid | (CAS No) 27306-43-0 | <= 1.5 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 |
| Proprietary fatty amine derivative | (CAS No) Proprietary | 0.2 - 0.5 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 |
| Proprietary emulsifier | (CAS No) Proprietary | 0.2 - 0.5 | Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 |
| Sodium hydroxide | (CAS No) 1310-73-2 | 0.15 - 0.4 | Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 |
| Potassium hydroxide | (CAS No) 1310-58-3 | 0.15 - 0.4 | Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 |

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: In contact with cold form: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. In contact with molten form: Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten product. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: In contact with cold form: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention. In contact with molten form: Protect skin and eyes from contact with molten material. Removal of solidified molten material from the eyes requires medical assistance. **First-aid Measures After Ingestion**: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Skin sensitization. Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.

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^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret within the meaning of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard [29 CFR 1910.1200].

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Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. WARNING: irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of causing cancer.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If burned by hot product, cool affected area immediately with cool water. Do not attempt to remove solidified material from skin. Seek medical attention immediately. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder. Earth. Sand.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use water when molten material is involved, contact of hot product with water will result in a violent expansion as the water turns to steam causing explosion with massive force. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but will burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive. Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions closed containers may rupture or explode.

Firefighting Instructions: In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Do not get water inside containers. Do not apply water stream directly at source of leak. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Other Information:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Cool molten material to limit spreading. Allow liquid material to solidify before cleaning up. Take up mechanically (sweeping, shoveling) and collect in suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

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6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product. Contains Sulfur, may release small amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a highly flammable, explosive gas under certain conditions, is a toxic gas, and may be fatal. Gas can accumulate in the headspace of closed containers, use caution when opening sealed containers. Heating the product or containers can cause thermal decomposition of the product and release hydrogen sulfide.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Protect skin and eyes from contact with molten material. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do NOT breathe vapor. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Products: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Chlorine. Permanganates. Chlorates. Metal salts.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Tack coat, Chip seal

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) | 0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable fraction) | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen fume, coal tar-free | |
| USA ACGIH | Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) | (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift at end of workweek - | |
| | | Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis (nonquantitative) | |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ (fume) | |
| Sodium hydr | Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2) | | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³) | 2 mg/m³ | |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³) | 2 mg/m³ | |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ | |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 2 mg/m³ | |
| Potassium hy | Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3) | | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³) | 2 mg/m³ | |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³) | 2 mg/m³ | |

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Storage and handling temperatures should be kept as low as feasible to minimize fume production. Do not enter empty storage tanks until measurements of hydrogen sulfide concentration and available oxygen have been carried out.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.





Materials for Protective Clothing

Hand Protection

- : With molten material wear thermally protective clothing. Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
- : Wear protective gloves. If material is hot, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.

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Eye Protection : Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection : If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory

protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory

protection.

Thermal Hazard Protection: When working with hot material, use suitable thermally protective clothing.

Other Information : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: LiquidAppearance: Black/brownOdor: Asphalt

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 9-12

: No data available **Evaporation Rate Melting Point** No data available : No data available **Freezing Point Boiling Point** : 212 °F (100 °C) **Flash Point** No data available **Auto-ignition Temperature** : No data available **Decomposition Temperature** : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available **Vapor Pressure** No data available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C No data available **Relative Density** : No data available Specific gravity / density 7.5 - 9.2 lb/gal Solubility No data available Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water No data available **Viscosity** : 20 - 400 SFS

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Other Information No additional information available

- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.
- **10.5.** Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Chlorine. Permanganates. Chlorates. Metal salts.
- **10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Hydrocarbons. Nitrogen oxides. Sulfur oxides. Hydrogen sulfide. Sodium oxides. Potassium oxides. Amines. Metal oxides. Phosphorus oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

9.2.

| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--|
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 5000 mg/kg | |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg | |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | > 94.4 mg/m³ | |
| Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2) | | |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | 1350 mg/kg | |
| Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3) | | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | 333 mg/kg | |

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Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

pH: 9 - 12

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

pH: 9 - 12

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Suspected of causing cancer.

| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | |
|---|---|
| IARC group | 2B |
| National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status | Twelfth Report - Items under consideration. |
| OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List | In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list. |

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. WARNING: irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of causing cancer.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Not classified.

| Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2) | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 45.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static]) | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 40 mg/l | |

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

| Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Persistence and Degradability | Not established. |

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

| Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. | |
| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | Asphalt (8052-42-4) | |
| BCF fish 1 | (no bioaccumulation expected) | |
| Log Pow | >6 | |
| Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3) | | |
| Log Pow | 0.65 | |

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology – Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
 14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 US Federal Regulations

| 13.1 O3 Federal Regulations | | |
|--|--|--|
| Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P | | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Immediate (acute) health hazard | |
| | Delayed (chronic) health hazard | |
| Asphalt (8052-42-4) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | A Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Delayed (chronic) health hazard | |
| Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Immediate (acute) health hazard | |
| Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | | |
| 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene, 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid | | |
| (27306-43-0) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | | |

15.2 US State Regulations

Asphalt (8052-42-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 10/29/2015

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR

1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

| Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) | Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4 |
|-----------------------|--|
| Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3 |
| Carc. 2 | Carcinogenicity Category 2 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A |
| Eye Irrit. 2B | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B |
| Met. Corr. 1 | Corrosive to metals Category 1 |
| Skin Corr. 1A | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A |
| Skin Corr. 1B | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 |

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| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitization Category 1 |
|--------------|---|
| H290 | May be corrosive to metals |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H320 | Causes eye irritation |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer |
| H402 | Harmful to aquatic life |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects |

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)

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