CEC High-level Statement Dismantlers



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1 Rewriting Class

By itself, this class simply does a depth-first walk of the AST; it is meant as a base class for rewriting classes that actually do something.

1 $\langle rewriter \ class \ 1 \rangle \equiv$

1.1 Composite Statements

```
These call rewrite on each of their children (e.g., bodies).
```

```
2a
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle \equiv
          Status visit(Modules &m) {
            for (vector<Module*>::iterator i = m.modules.begin() ;
                  i != m.modules.end() ; i++ ) {
              rewrite(*i);
               assert(*i);
            }
            return &m;
2b
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(Module &m) {
            module = &m;
            rewrite(m.body);
            assert(m.body);
            return &m;
2c
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a\rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(StatementList &1) {
            for (vector<Statement*>::iterator i = 1.statements.begin() ;
                  i != l.statements.end(); i++ ) {
              rewrite(*i);
              assert(*i);
            }
            return &1;
```

```
\langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a\rangle + \equiv
3a
          Status visit(ParallelStatementList &1) {
            for (vector<Statement*>::iterator i = 1.threads.begin() ;
                  i != 1.threads.end() ; i++ ) {
               rewrite(*i);
               assert(*i);
            }
            return &1;
          }
3b
       \langle rewriter \ methods \ 2a \rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(Loop &s) {
            rewrite(s.body);
            return &s;
          }
        \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
3c
          Status visit(Repeat &s) {
            rewrite(s.count);
            rewrite(s.body);
            return &s;
          }
3d
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a\rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(Every &s) {
            rewrite(s.body);
            rewrite(s.predicate);
            return &s;
          }
3е
        \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(Suspend &s) {
            rewrite(s.predicate);
            rewrite(s.body);
            return &s;
          }
3f
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(Abort &s) {
            rewrite(s.body);
            for (vector<PredicatedStatement*>::iterator i = s.cases.begin() ;
                  i != s.cases.end() ; i++) {
               assert(*i);
               rewrite(*i);
            }
            return &s;
```

```
\langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
4a
          Status visit(PredicatedStatement &s) {
            rewrite(s.predicate);
            rewrite(s.body);
            return &s;
          }
4b
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(Trap &s) {
            rewrite(s.body);
            for (vector<PredicatedStatement*>::iterator i = s.handlers.begin() ;
                  i != s.handlers.end() ; i++) {
               assert(*i);
               rewrite((*i)->body);
            return &s;
          }
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
4c
          Status visit(IfThenElse& n) {
            rewrite(n.predicate);
            rewrite(n.then_part);
            rewrite(n.else_part);
            return &n;
          }
        \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
4d
          Status visit(Signal& s) {
            rewrite(s.body);
            return &s;
          }
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
4e
          Status visit(Var& s) {
            rewrite(s.body);
            return &s;
          }
4f
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a\rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(ProcedureCall& s) {
            for ( vector<Expression*>::iterator i = s.value_args.begin() ;
                    i != s.value_args.end() ; i++ ) {
               assert(*i);
               rewrite(*i);
            }
            return &s;
```

```
5a
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(Emit& s) {
            rewrite(s.value);
            return &s;
          }
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a\rangle + \equiv
5b
          Status visit(Assign& s) {
            rewrite(s.value);
            return &s;
          }
       \langle rewriter \ methods \ 2a \rangle + \equiv
5c
          Status visit(Present& s) {
            for ( vector<PredicatedStatement*>::iterator i = s.cases.begin() ;
                   i != s.cases.end() ; i++ ) {
              assert(*i);
              rewrite(*i);
            }
            if (s.default_stmt) rewrite(s.default_stmt);
            return &s;
          }
       \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
5d
          Status visit(If& s) {
            for ( vector<PredicatedStatement*>::iterator i = s.cases.begin() ;
                    i != s.cases.end() ; i++ ) {
              assert(*i);
              rewrite(*i);
            }
            if (s.default_stmt) rewrite(s.default_stmt);
            return &s;
          }
```

1.2 Leaf Statements

These stop the recursion and return themselves;

1.3 Expressions

```
6a
        \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(LoadVariableExpression &e) { return &e; }
          Status visit(LoadSignalExpression &e) { return &e; }
          Status visit(LoadSignalValueExpression &e) { return &e; }
          Status visit(Literal &e) { return &e; }
6b
        \langle \mathit{rewriter} \ \mathit{methods} \ 2a \rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(UnaryOp &e) {
             rewrite(e.source);
             return &e;
          }
6c
        \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
          Status visit(BinaryOp &e) {
             rewrite(e.source1);
             rewrite(e.source2);
             return &e;
        \langle \mathit{rewriter} \ \mathit{methods} \ 2a \rangle + \equiv
6d
          Status visit(FunctionCall &e) {
             for ( vector<Expression*>::iterator i = e.arguments.begin() ;
                     i != e.arguments.end() ; i++ ) {
               assert(*i);
               rewrite(*i);
            return &e;
          }
        \langle rewriter\ methods\ 2a \rangle + \equiv
6e
          Status visit(Delay &e) {
             rewrite(e.predicate);
             rewrite(e.count);
             return &e;
```

2 Statement Dismantlers

This uses the Rewriter class to perform a preorder traversal of the tree of statements in each module to rewrite each node as it goes. After a method has dismantled its object, it calls rewrite on itself to insure things are dismantled as far as possible.

Once this pass is complete,

- Present and If statements have been converted to cascades of IfThenElse statements
- Await, Do watching, and Do Upto statements have been replaced with appropriate Abort statements
- Weak abort statements have been replaced with equivalent cascades of Trap statements.
- Traps with multiple traps and/or handlers have been replaced with a single, more complex handler.
- Loop Each has been replaced with Look and Abort
- Halt has been replaced with loop pause end.
- Sustain has been replaced by a loop and emit.
- Nothing has been replaced by an empty instruction sequence.

```
7  ⟨first pass class 7⟩≡
     class Dismantler1 : public Rewriter {
     public:
      ⟨first pass methods 8⟩
};
```

2.1 Case Statements: Present and If

Present and If statements are dismantled into a cascade of if-then-else statements:

```
if (p1) s1
   present
                                        else if (p2) s2
      case pl do sl
      case p2 do s2
                                               else s3
      else s3
   end
\langle first \ pass \ methods \ 8 \rangle \equiv
  IfThenElse *dismantle_case(CaseStatement &c) {
    assert(c.cases.size() > 0);
    IfThenElse *result = 0;
    IfThenElse *lastif = 0;
    for (vector<PredicatedStatement*>::iterator i = c.cases.begin() ;
         i != c.cases.end(); i++) {
      assert(*i);
      assert((*i)->predicate);
      IfThenElse *thisif = new IfThenElse((*i)->predicate);
      thisif->then_part = transform((*i)->body);
      if (result)
        lastif->else_part = thisif;
        result = thisif;
     lastif = thisif;
    assert(lastif);
    lastif->else_part = c.default_stmt;
    assert(result);
    return transform(result);
  virtual Status visit(Present &s) { return dismantle_case(s); }
  virtual Status visit(If &s) { return dismantle_case(s); }
```

2.2 Await

Await becomes an abort running a halt statement.

```
await
                                                 abort
            {\bf case\ immediate\ p1\ do\ s1}
                                                  loop pause end
            case p2 do s2
            case p3 do s3
                                                  case immediate p1 do s1
                                                  case p2 do s2
          \mathbf{end}
                                                  case p3 do s3
9
      \langle \mathit{first\ pass\ methods}\ 8 \rangle {+} {\equiv}
        Status visit(Await &a) {
          Pause *p = new Pause();
          Loop *1 = new Loop(p);
          Abort *ab = new Abort(1, false);
          // Copy the predicates
          for ( vector<PredicatedStatement*>::const_iterator i = a.cases.begin();
                 i != a.cases.end() ; i++ )
            ab->cases.push_back(*i);
          return transform(ab);
        }
```

2.3 Trap

Multi-handler trap statements are transformed into a single one.

```
trap T1, T2 in
                                              trap T1, T2 in
             s1
                                                 s1
           handle T1 and T2 do s2
                                              handle T1 or T2 do
           handle not T2 do s3
                                                 if [T1 \text{ and } T2] then s2
           end trap
                                                 if [not T2] then s3
                                              end
10
      \langle first\ pass\ methods\ 8 \rangle + \equiv
        Status visit(Trap &t) {
          assert(t.symbols);
          if (t.handlers.size() > 1 ||
               (t.handlers.size() >= 1 && t.symbols->size() > 1) ) {
           // More than one trap or more than one handler: transform
           ParallelStatementList *psl = new ParallelStatementList();
           BuiltinTypeSymbol *boolean_type = NULL;
           for (vector<PredicatedStatement*>::const_iterator i = t.handlers.begin() ;
                 i != t.handlers.end() ; i++ ) {
             assert(*i);
             assert((*i)->predicate);
             IfThenElse *ite = new IfThenElse((*i)->predicate, (*i)->body, NULL);
             boolean_type = dynamic_cast<BuiltinTypeSymbol*>((*i)->predicate->type);
             psl->threads.push_back(ite);
           assert(boolean_type); // Should have found at least one
           Expression *newExpr = NULL;
           for (SymbolTable::const_iterator i = t.symbols->begin() ;
                i != t.symbols->end() ; i++) {
             SignalSymbol *ss = dynamic_cast<SignalSymbol*>(*i);
             assert(ss);
             assert(ss->kind == SignalSymbol::Trap);
             LoadSignalExpression *lse = new LoadSignalExpression(boolean_type, ss);
             if (newExpr)
               newExpr = new BinaryOp(boolean_type, "or", newExpr, lse);
             else
               newExpr = lse;
           }
           assert(newExpr); // Should have found at least one
```

```
t.handlers.clear(); // Old handlers are now unneeded: should garbage collect
    t.newHandler(newExpr, psl);
    }
    assert(t.handlers.size() <= 1);</pre>
   return Rewriter::visit(t);
2.4
      Weak Abort
weak abort
                             trap T1 in
                               trap T2 in
   b
when
                                  trap T3 in
   case p1 do h1
                                    b;
   case p2 do h2
                                    exit T3
end weak abort
                                    await
                                       case pl do exit Tl
                                       case p2 do exit T2
                                    end await
                                  end trap % T3
                               handle T2 do h2
                                            % T2
                               end trap
                             handle T1 do h1
                             end trap
                                            % T1
\langle first\ pass\ methods\ 8 \rangle + \equiv
  Trap *newTrap(SignalSymbol *&ts) {
    static unsigned int nextIndex = 0;
   Trap *result = new Trap();
   result->symbols = new SymbolTable();
   // Note: The parent of this symbol table is incorrectly NULL
    char buf[10];
    sprintf(buf, "%d", nextIndex++);
   string name = "weak_trap_" + string(buf);
   ts = new SignalSymbol(name, NULL, SignalSymbol::Trap, NULL, NULL);
   result->symbols->enter(ts);
   return result;
  }
```

11

```
12
      \langle first \ pass \ methods \ 8 \rangle + \equiv
        Status visit(Abort &a) {
           if (a.is_weak) {
             SignalSymbol *innerTrap;
             Trap *inner = newTrap(innerTrap);
             StatementList *newbody = new StatementList();
             if (a.body) *newbody << a.body;</pre>
             *newbody << new Exit(innerTrap, 0);
             Await *await = new Await();
             ParallelStatementList *psl = new ParallelStatementList();
             psl->threads.push_back(newbody);
             psl->threads.push_back(await);
             inner->body = psl;
             Statement *result = inner;
             BuiltinTypeSymbol *boolean_type =
               dynamic_cast<BuiltinTypeSymbol*>(module->types->get("boolean"));
             assert(boolean_type);
             for (vector<PredicatedStatement*>::reverse_iterator i = a.cases.rbegin() ;
                  i != a.cases.rend() ; i++) {
               SignalSymbol *trapSymbol;
               Trap *theNewTrap = newTrap(trapSymbol);
               theNewTrap->body = result;
               Statement *body = (*i)->body;
               if (!body) body = new Nothing();
               theNewTrap->newHandler(
                   new LoadSignalExpression(boolean_type, trapSymbol), body);
               await->cases.insert(await->cases.begin(),
                 new PredicatedStatement(new Exit(trapSymbol, NULL), (*i)->predicate));
               result = theNewTrap;
            return transform(result);
           } else {
             // A normal Abort: recurse
             return Rewriter::visit(a);
        }
```

2.5 Var

```
\mathbf{var} \quad v1 := e1, \quad v2 := e2 \quad \mathbf{in}
                                                      var v1, v2 in
          b
                                                          v1 := e1;
       end var
                                                          v2 := e2;
                                                          b
                                                       end var
13
       \langle first \ pass \ methods \ 8 \rangle + \equiv
         Status visit(Var &v) {
           bool hasInitializer = false;
           assert(v.symbols);
           for ( SymbolTable::const_iterator i = v.symbols->begin() ;
                  i != v.symbols->end(); i++) {
             VariableSymbol *vs = dynamic_cast<VariableSymbol *>(*i);
             assert(vs);
             if (vs->initializer) {
               hasInitializer = true;
               break;
             }
           }
           if (hasInitializer) {
             StatementList *sl = new StatementList();
             for ( SymbolTable::const_iterator i = v.symbols->begin() ;
                    i != v.symbols->end() ; i++ ) {
               VariableSymbol *vs = dynamic_cast<VariableSymbol *>(*i);
               assert(vs);
               if (vs->initializer) {
                  *sl << new Assign(vs, vs->initializer);
                  vs->initializer = NULL;
             }
             \ensuremath{//} Add the body of the var statement to the list
             *sl << v.body;
             v.body = s1;
           }
           rewrite(v.body);
           return &v;
```

2.6 Do Watching and Do Upto

```
do
                                                                 abort
             b
                                                                    b
          \mathbf{watching} \;\; \mathbf{p} \;\; \mathbf{timeout} \;\; \mathbf{s}
                                                                 when p do s
14a
         \langle first\ pass\ methods\ 8 \rangle + \equiv
            Status visit(DoWatching &s) {
              return transform(new Abort(s.body, s.predicate, s.timeout));
          do
                                                         abort
                                                            b;
               b
                                                             halt
          upto p
                                                         when p
14b
         \langle first \ pass \ methods \ 8 \rangle + \equiv
            Status visit(DoUpto &s) {
              return transform(new Abort(&(sl() << s.body << new Halt()), s.predicate, 0));</pre>
         2.7
                  Loop Each
          loop
                                                        loop
                                                           abort
               b
          each p
                                                              b:
                                                              halt
                                                           when p
                                                        end
14c
         \langle first\ pass\ methods\ 8 \rangle + \equiv
            Status visit(LoopEach &s) {
               \begin{tabular}{ll} return transform (new Loop (new Abort (&(sl() << s.body << new Halt()), \\ \end{tabular} 
                                                             s.predicate, 0)));
            }
         2.8
                 Halt
          halt
                                                       loop
                                                          pause
                                                       \mathbf{end}
         \langle first \ pass \ methods \ 8 \rangle + \equiv
14d
            Status visit(Halt &s) {
              return transform(new Loop(new Pause()));
            }
```

2.9 Sustain

```
sustain s
                                                   loop
                                                      emit s;
                                                      pause
                                                   end
        \langle first\ pass\ methods\ 8 \rangle + \equiv
15a
           Status visit(Sustain &s) {
             return transform(new Loop(&(sl() <<
                                              new Emit(s.signal, s.value) << new Pause())));</pre>
           }
        2.10
                 Nothing
        A nothing statement is replaced with an empty instruction sequence.
15b
        \langle first\ pass\ methods\ 8 \rangle + \equiv
           Status visit(Nothing &) {
             return transform(new StatementList());
```

3 Dismantle.hpp and .cpp

```
\langle Dismantle.hpp 15c \rangle \equiv
15c
            #ifndef _DISMANTLE_HPP
            # define _DISMANTLE_HPP
              include "AST.hpp"
            # include <assert.h>
            # include <sstream>
            # include <set>
            # include <stdio.h>
            namespace Dismantle {
              using namespace IR;
              using namespace AST;
              \langle rewriter\ class\ 1 \rangle
              \langle first \ pass \ class \ 7 \rangle
            }
            #endif
         \langle Dismantle.cpp 15d \rangle \equiv
15d
            #include <stdio.h>
            #include "Dismantle.hpp"
            namespace Dismantle {
```