

Exercises for 5.1–5.4

1. Let x, y be variables and let the following keys explain the meanings of some predicates and constants:

Nx: x is a narcissist
Lxy: x loves y
Px: x is popular
d: Donald
f: Francis
m: Magdalena

Translate the following sentences into \mathcal{L}_Q (it is often helpful to translate back into English to see if it comes out meaning the same as the original):

- (a) Donald is a narcissist.
- (b) If Donald is a narcissist, then Donald loves Donald.
- (c) Narcissists love themselves.
- (d) If someone is a narcissist, they are not popular.
- (e) Narcissists are not popular.
- (f) Everyone loves Magdalena.
- (g) Magdalena loves everyone.
- (h) There is someone Francis loves.
- (i) There is someone who loves Francis.
- (j) Everyone loves someone.
- (k) Someone is loved by everyone.
- (l) If someone is loved by everyone, then everyone loves someone.

Answer Key

- (a) Nd
- (b) $Nd \supset Ldd$
- (c) $\forall x(Nx \supset Lxx)$
- (d) $\forall x(Nx \supset \neg Px)$
- (e) $\forall x(Nx \supset \neg Px)$
- (f) $\forall xLxm$

- (g) $\forall x Lmx$
- (h) $\exists x Lfx$
- (i) $\exists x Lxf$
- (j) $\forall x \exists y Lxy$
- (k) $\exists x \forall y Lyx$
- (l) $\exists x \forall y Lyx \supset \forall x \exists y Lxy$

2. Consider the following formula:

$$\exists x \left[Fx \wedge \exists y \left(Fy \wedge \{ \neg Gxy \wedge \neg \exists z [\neg Gxk \wedge (\neg Gyz \wedge Fz)] \} \right) \right]$$

- (a) What is the scope of the left-most quantifier?
- (b) What is the scope of the right-most quantifier?
- (c) True or false: the formula contains free variables.

Answer Key

- (a) The entire rest of the sentence.
- (b) $\neg Gxk \wedge (\neg Gyz \wedge Fz)$
- (c) True. k is free (should have specified k is not a constant).

3. Consider the following formula (x, y, z are variables):

$$\exists x Fx \supset \forall x [\neg Fx \supset \exists y (\neg Gxz \wedge Fy)]$$

- (a) Which variable in the formula is free?
- (b) What is the scope of the left-most existential quantifier?
- (c) What is the scope of the universal quantifier?

Answer Key

- (a) z .
- (b) Just the Fx left of the first \supset .
- (c) $\neg Fx \supset \exists y (\neg Gxz \wedge Fy)$