cse15I-lab-reports

Lab Report #1

Command: cd

This navigates to the user's home directory when no arguments are provided.

(Initial working dir: /home/lecture1, end working dir: /home, Error: no)

```
[user@sahara ~/lecture1]$ cd
[user@sahara ~]$
```

When provided with a directory as an argument, it will make that directory the working directory.

(Initial working dir: /home , end working dir: /home/lecture1 , Error: no)

```
[user@sahara ~]$ cd lecture1/
[user@sahara ~/lecture1]$
```

When provided with a file, we see an error since cd requires a directory as its argument.

(Initial working dir: /home/lecture1, end working dir: /home/lecture1, Error: yes)

```
[user@sahara ~/lecture1]$ cd Hello.java
bash: cd: Hello.java: Not a directory
```

Command 1s

When 1s is used on its own, it prints out all files and directories in the working directory:

```
(Working dir: /home , Error: no)
```

```
[user@sahara ~]$ ls
lecture1
```

When Is is provided a real directory, it prints out the files and directories in the provided directory. However, it remains in the same directory, e.g. /home in this case:

(Working dir: /home , Error: only if the directory provided doesn't exist)

```
[user@sahara ~]$ ls lecture1/
Hello.java messages README
[user@sahara ~]$
```

When Is is provided with a file, it lists that file - but only if it exists.

(Working dir: /home/lecture1 , Error: only if the file provided doesn't exist)

```
[user@sahara ~/lecture1]$ ls Hello.java
Hello.java
```

Command cat

When cat is not provided any arguments, it waits for input, and outputs whatever the keyboard sends. It only seems to stop when provided with an EOF or a SIGINT from the user.

(Working dir: /home , Error: no)

```
[user@sahara ~]$ cat
test <-- user input
test <-- terminal output
^C <-- ctrl+C (sig-int)
[user@sahara ~]$</pre>
```

When cat is provided with a directory, it handles it gracefully. cat does not seem to work with directories:

(Working dir: /home , Error: yes)

```
[user@sahara ~]$ cat lecture1/
cat: lecture1/: Is a directory
```

When cat is provided with a file, it outputs the contents of the file to the output stream (default to the terminal when called from the terminal).

(Working dir: /home/lecture1 , Error: no)

```
[user@sahara ~/lecture1]$ cat Hello.java
import java.io.IOException;
import java.nio.charset.StandardCharsets;
import java.nio.file.Files;
import java.nio.file.Path;

public class Hello {
   public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
      String content = Files.readString(Path.of(args[0]), StandardCharsets.UTF_8);
      System.out.println(content);
   }
```