SFWRENG 3K04: Software Development

Assignment 1 – Part 2

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Likely Requirement Changes

- > Develop communication between DCM and the hardware
- > Create a way of visually indicating when the DCM and the device are communicating
- Create a way of visually indicating when a different PACEMAKER device than previously is connected

Likely Design Decision Changes

- > Prompt the user with an error when a value is outside of the range for a programmable parameter
- ➤ Have the most recent programmed parameter values displayed in the GUI when the application is opened again after being exited

Modules

Application

Description

This is the main application module for all other components of the Device Controller-Monitor (DCM). It starts the Graphical User Interface (GUI) and handles the transmission of data between modules.

GUI

GUI Controller

Description

The GUI controller handles the drawing of the custom interface to the display by calling the GUI Library through the GUI Abstraction Layer (see Appendix for a flowchart of the modules). The GUI controller takes care of tasks such as starting menus, filling forms with values, and building the GUI.

Class	Functions/Methods
LoginMenuData()	init(self, userNameLabel, passwordLabel, signInButtonText, newUserButtonText)
Data (Alama Data (A	setCallbacks(self, callbacks)
ProgramMenuData()	init(self, fieldLabels, buttonTexts, dropDownLabelText, dropDownOptions, currentOption)
	setCallbacks(self, callbacks)
CreateUserData()	init(self, userNameLabel, passwordLabel,
	createUserButtonText, cancelButtonText)
	setCallbacks(self, callbacks)
Screen	init(self, screenname, data)
GUIC	init(self)
	setCallbacks(self, callbacks)
	startGUI(self)
	drawScreen(self, screen)
	updateGUI(self)
	getLoginData(self)
	getNewUserData(self)
	getProgramData(self)
	drawFirstScreen(self)
	p_drawLoginScreen(self, data)
	p_drawProgrammingScreen(self, data)
	p_drawCreateUserScreen(self, data)

Function	Input(s)	Output(s)
ALLinit() FUNCTIONS	Parameters for a class structure	Sets the values of the structure with the given inputs. Returns nothing
ALL setCallbacks(self, callbacks) FUNCTIONS	Callbacks	Enables button functionality/interaction. Returns nothing
startGUI(self)	None	Draws the first screen. Returns nothing
drawScreen(self, screen)	Screen class	Draws a screen of either type Login, Programming, or Create User. Returns nothing
updateGUI(self)	None	Updates the interface. Returns nothing
getLoginData(self)	Input field data	Returns GUI field data on Login Screen in a LoginData class
getNewUserData(self)	Input field data	Returns GUI field data on Create User Screen in a LoginData class
getProgramData(self)	Input field data	Returns GUI field data on Programming Screen in a ProgrammedData class
p_drawFirstScreen(self)	None	Draws the Login screen. Returns nothing
<pre>p_drawLoginScreen(self, data)</pre>	Data/text to fill the Login screen	Draws the Login screen. Returns nothing
<pre>p_drawProgrammingScreen(self, data)</pre>	Data/text to fill Programming screen	Draws the Programming screen. Returns nothing
<pre>p_drawCreateUserScreen(self, data)</pre>	Data/text to fill Create User screen	Draws the Create User screen. Returns nothing

Global Variables

Global Vallables	
Variable(s)	Description
LoginData	Imported class from the User Account Manager module, each of which contains a username and password for a user
ApplicationCallbacks	Imported class from a file that contains numerous button callbacks
Enum	Imported Enum from enum
loginScreen	A Screen class created with ScreenNames(0) and the LoginMenuData class
programmingScreen	A Screen class created with ScreenNames(1) and the ProgramMenuData class.
createUserMenuScreen	A Screen class created with ScreenNames(2) and the CreateUserData class.

Function	Description
ALLinit() FUNCTIONS	For all classes this is a constructor function that is automatically called with the creation of every instance of a class. This function allows the class to initialize itself with the attributes/values it is given.
ALL setCallbacks(self, callbacks) FUNCTIONS	Tkinter's button widget provides a command callback when a user clicks a button. This function enables the functionality for all relevant classes without the need to create extra GUI objects.
startGUI(self)	Uses the p_drawFirstScreen method to start the GUI
drawScreen(self, screen)	Clears the window, determines which screen type should be drawn (LOGIN_SCREEN, PROGRAMMING_SCREEN, or CREATE_USER_SCREEN), and then uses the appropriate method to draw the screen.
updateGUI(self)	Updates the GUI
getLoginData(self)	Retrieves data from the GUI input fields when the Login Screen is up and returns the data in a LoginData class
getNewUserData(self)	Retrieves data from the GUI input fields when the Create User Screen is up and returns the data in a LoginData class
getProgramData(self)	Retrieves data from the GUI input fields when the Programming Screen is up and returns the data in a ProgrammedData class
p_drawFirstScreen(self)	Draws the first screen (Login Screen) of the GUI by using self.drawScreen(loginScreen)
p_drawLoginScreen(self, data)	Draws the Login Screen with field labels, button texts, and button callbacks.
<pre>p_drawProgrammingScreen(self, data)</pre>	Draws the Programming Screen with drop-down labels, drop-down options, field labels, button texts, and button callbacks.
<pre>p_drawCreateUserScreen(self, data)</pre>	Draws the Create User Screen with field labels, button texts, and button callbacks.

GUI Abstraction Layer

Description

The GUI Abstraction Layer hides the specific working details of drawing the GUI from the GUI controller in order to create a Separation of Concerns; this helps allow for the reuse and independent maintenance/upgrades of modules.

Class	Functions/Methods
GUIAL	init(self)
	update(self)
	setTitle(self, title)
	clearWindow(self)
	drawTwoFieldsTwoButtonLayout(self, fieldLabels, buttonTexts, buttonCallbacks)
	drawNFieldsNButtonsOneDropDownLayout(self, dropDownLabelText, currentDropDownItem, dropDownOptions, fieldLabels, buttonTexts, buttonCallbacks)
	getEntryData(self)

Function	Input(s)	Output(s)
init()	Parameters for a class structure	Sets the values of the structure with the given inputs. Returns nothing
update(self)	None	Updates the GUI. Returns nothing
setTitle(self, title)	Title string	Writes the input in the title bar of the GUI
clearWindow(self)	None	Clears the window. Returns nothing
drawTwoFieldsTwoButtonLayout(self, fieldLabels, buttonTexts, buttonCallbacks)	Input field text, button text, and button callbacks	Draws a screen with two user input fields and buttons, all with associated text. Returns nothing
drawNFieldsNButtonsOneDropDownLayout(self, dropDownLabelText, currentDropDownItem, dropDownOptions, fieldLabels, buttonTexts, buttonCallbacks)	Drop down menu label, value of the current drop-down option, the set of drop-down options, an array of input field texts, button text, and button callbacks	Draws a screen with ten user input fields, a drop-down menu, and buttons, all with associated texts. Returns nothing
getEntryData(self)	None	Returns an array of the data inputted into the data fields of the current screen

Global Variables

Variable(s)	Description
Variables From	The file dcm_constants.py contains the variables that hold the text
src.dcm_constants	to be displayed when drawing various screens (i.e.
	C_LOGIN_USERNAME_LABEL = "Username",
	C_PROGRAM_BUTTON_TEXT = "Program")

Function	Description
init()	Constructor function that is automatically called with the creation of every instance of a class. This function allows the class to initialize itself with the
	attributes/values it is given
update(self)	Updates the GUI and initializes it if it hasn't been already
setTitle(self, title)	Sets the text to be shown in the title bar of the GUI if it has been initialized
clearWindow(self)	Clears all elements on the current screen by parsing through the list that is the output of the getEntryData(self) function
drawTwoFieldsTwoButtonLayout(self, fieldLabels, buttonTexts, buttonCallbacks)	Draws two user input fields and a button to the screen. fieldLabels is an array of labels to be used for the input fields. buttonTexts is an array of texts to be displayed in the button. buttonCallbacks is an array of button callback functions. These are drawn using the GUI Library (tkinter)
drawNFieldsNButtonsOneDropDownLayout(self, dropDownLabelText, currentDropDownItem, dropDownOptions, fieldLabels, buttonTexts, buttonCallbacks)	Draws ten user input fields and a button to the screen. dropDownLabelText is the label for dropDownMenu. currentDropDownItem is the value of the current dropDownOption. dropDownOptions is the set of dropDownOptions. fieldLabels is an array of labels to be used for the input fields. buttonTexts is an array of texts to be displayed in the button. buttonCallbacks is an array of button callback functions. These are drawn using the GUI Library (tkinter). This method creates a tkinter variable and uses it to set the currentDropDownItem. It also uses a tkinter link function to change the dropdown.
getEntryData(self)	Gets the information inputted into the data field and returns it in an array

Data Management

User Account Manager

Description

The User Account Manager handles the creation of and logging in/out of Device Control-Monitor users. It also sets the devices programmable parameters: the upper/lower rate limits and the atrium/ventricle pulse amplitudes, pulse widths, sensing thresholds, and refractory periods.

Class	Functions/Methods
LoginData	init(self, p_username, p_password)
ProgammedData	init(self, p_upperRateLim, p_lowerRateLim, p_atriumPulseAmp, p_atriumPulseWidth, p_atriumSensThres, p_atriumRefracPeriod, p_ventriclePulseAmp, p_ventriclePulseWidth, p_ventricleSensThres, p_ventricleRefracPeriod)
DUAM	init(self) getSessionState(self) signInUser(self, p_loginData) signOut(self) p_makeAdminUser(self) makeNewUser(self, p_loginData, p_adminPassword) changeUserPassword(self, p_username, p_existingPassword, p_newPassword) validUser(self) validNumUsers(self) programRateLim(self, p_upperRateLim, p_lowerRateLim) programAtriaPara(self, p_atriumPulseAmp, p_atriumPulseWidth, p_atriumSensThres, p_atriumRefracPeriod) programVentriclePara(self, p_ventriclePulseAmp, p_ventriclePulseWidth, p_ventriclePulseWidth, p_ventricleSensThres, p_ventricleRefracPeriod)
None	hash_password(password) verify_password(stored_password, provided_password)

Function	Input(s)	Output(s)
ALLinit() FUNCTIONS	Parameters for a class structure	Sets the values of the structure with the given inputs. Returns nothing
getSessionState(self)	None	Returns the state of the session (logged in/out)
signInUser(self, p_loginData)	Username and password from input fields	If the credentials are valid, the user is logged in and a success code is returned. Else, a failure code of "invalid credentials" is returned if either the username or password are invalid
signOut(self)	None	Signs the user out of the DCM. Returns True
p_makeAdminUser(self)	None	Creates the admin user in the database. Returns nothing
makeNewUser(self, p_loginData, p_adminPassword)	Login data (username & password) and admin password	If successful, it creates a user in the database with a username, password, and role and a success code is returned. Else, a failure code is returned denoting "missing permissions", "too many users", or "existing user"
changeUserPassword(self, p_username. P_existingPassword, p_newPassword)	Username, current password, and the new password	If successful, changes the old password of a user with the new one given as input. Else, returns a failure code denoting "invalid credentials" if either the username or password are incorrect
validUser(self)	None	If logged out, returns False. Else, returns True
validNumUsers(self)	None	Returns False if the number of users in the database is greater than or equal to 10. Else, returns True

Function	Input(s)	Output(s)
programRateLim(self,	Input field data for the upper and	Sets the user's data with
p_upperRateLim, p_lowerRateLim)	lower rate limits	the appropriate inputs. Returns nothing
programAtriaPara(self,	Input field data for the atrium's	Sets the user's data with
p_atriumPulseAmp,	pulse amplitude, pulse width,	the appropriate inputs.
p_atriumPulseWidth,	sensing threshold, and refractory	Returns nothing
p_atriumSensThres,	period	
p_atriumRefracPeriod)		
programVentriclePara(self,	Input field data for the ventricle's	Sets the user's data with
p_ventriclePulseAmp,	pulse amplitude, pulse width,	the appropriate inputs.
p_ventriclePulseWidth,	sensing threshold, and refractory	Returns nothing
p_ventricleSensThres,	period	
p_ventricleRefracPeriod)		
hash_password(password)	Password	Returns the hashed
		password
verify_password(stored_password,	A password in the database and a	Returns True if the inputs
provided_password)	password from the user	are the same. Else, False

Global Variables

Variable(s)	Description
Variables From src.dcm_constants	The imported file dcm_constants.py contains the variables that hold the text to be displayed when drawing various screens (i.e. C_LOGIN_USERNAME_LABEL = "Username", C_PROGRAM_BUTTON_TEXT = "Program")
Variables From DCMDatabase.dbpm	This imported file contains the User class which hold the username, password, and userRole. It also has the DBPM class (Database Peewee Manager)

Function	Description
ALLinit() FUNCTIONS	For all classes this is a constructor function that is automatically called with the creation of every instance of a class. This function allows the class to initialize itself with the attributes/values it is given. The init function for the DUAM class however also creates the admin user when the database is
	empty, and the admin user has never been created yet.
getSessionState(self)	Returns the current state of the user (logged out/in)
signInUser(self, p_loginData)	Signs the user in. It checks that the user exists in the database and then fetches the user data to compare with the inputted data and decide whether or not to log the user in.
signOut(self)	Signs the user out
p_makeAdminUser(self)	Adds the admin user to the database if it is not already there
makeNewUser(self, p_loginData, p_adminPassword)	Adds a new user and its login credentials to the database. Returns a failure code if there are too many users, if the user already exists, or if the user is invalid
changeUserPassword(self, p_username. P_existingPassword, p_newPassword)	Changes a user's stored password through the database manager after checking that the user exists and verifying the existing password
validUser(self)	Checks if the current user is valid by returning False if signed out or if the user object is None
validNumUsers(self)	Checks if the number of users in the data base is greater than or equal to 10. Returns False if this is the case
<pre>programRateLim(self, p_upperRateLim, p_lowerRateLim)</pre>	Sets the current user's upper and lower rate limits in the database given the inputs
programAtriaPara(self, p_atriumPulseAmp, p_atriumPulseWidth, p_atriumSensThres, p_atriumRefracPeriod)	Sets the current user's atrium pulse amplitude, pulse width, sensing threshold, and refractory period in the database given the inputs
<pre>programVentriclePara(self, p_ventriclePulseAmp, p_ventriclePulseWidth, p_ventricleSensThres, p_ventricleRefracPeriod)</pre>	Sets the current user's ventricle pulse amplitude, pulse width, sensing threshold, and refractory period in the database given the inputs
hash_password(password)	Hashes a password for storing
<pre>verify_password(stored_password, provided_password)</pre>	Verifies a stored password against one provided by the user

Database Manager

Description

The Database Manager handles the actual working details of storing, retrieving, and changing user information by communicating with the database.

Class	Functions/Methods
User	init(self, p_username, p_password, p_userRole)
	getUsername(self)
	getPassword(self)
	getRole(self)
UserProgramData	init(self, p_upperRateLim, p_lowerRateLim, p_atriumPulseAmp, p_atriumPulseWidth, p_atriumSensThres, p_atriumRefracPeriod, p_ventriclePulseAmp, p_ventriclePulseWidth, p_ventricleSensThres, p_ventricleRefracPeriod)
	There are 10 functions for getting all of these values and another 10 for setting these values after initialization. For simplicity's sake, they will be listed next to each other.
	<pre>getLowerRateLimit(self) / setLowerRateLimit(self)</pre>
	<pre>getUpperRateLimit(self) / setUpperRateLimit(self)</pre>
	getAtrialAmplitude(self) / setAtrialAmplitude(self)
	getAtrialPulseWidth(self) / setAtrialPulseWidth(self)
	getAtrialSensingThreshold(self) / setAtrialSensingThreshold(self)
	getAtrialRefractoryPeriod(self) / setAtrialRefractoryPeriod(self)
	getVentricularAmplitude(self) / setVentricularAmplitude(self)
	getVentricularPulseWidth(self) / setVentricularlPulseWidth(self)
	<pre>getVentricularSensingThreshold(self) / setVentricularSensingThreshold(self)</pre>
	getVentricularRefractoryPeriod(self) / setVentricularRefractoryPeriod(self)

Class	Functions/Methods
DBPM	init(self)
	closeDatabase(self)
	getDatabaseInstance(self)
	createUser(self, p_username, p_password, p_role)
	userExists(self, p_username)
	getUserData(self, p_username)
	getNumUsers(self)

Private Functions

Class	Functions/Methods
DBPM	<pre>p_createDataTables(self)</pre>

Function	Input(s)	Outputs(s)
ALLinit() FUNCTIONS	Parameters for the class structure	Sets the values of the structure with the given inputs. Returns nothing
getUsername(self)	None	Returns the username of the user
getPassword(self)	None	Returns the password of the user
getRole(self)	None	Returns the role of the user (doctor, nurse, admin, etc.)
closeDatabase(self)	None	Returns with the method that closes the database
getDatabaseInstance(self)	None	Returns with the method that gets the database instance
createUser(self, p_username, p_password, p_role, p_data)	Username, password, and a role	Creates the user in the database and stores the data in the database. Returns nothing
userExists(self, p_username)	Username	Returns True if a username is the database matches the input. Else, returns False
getUserData(self, p_username)	Username	Returns a User class with username, password, and role if a username matching the input is found. Else, returns None
getNumUsers(self)	None	Returns the number of users in the database
p_createDataTables(self)	None	Creates the tables used in the application. Returns nothing
For the set functions mentioned in the Public Functions table	None	Returns the value corresponding to the function name
For the get functions mentioned in the Public Functions table	User input from a data field	Sets the value from the input field corresponding to the field label and the function name. Returns nothing

Global Variables

Variable(s)	Description
Variables From	The imported file dcm_constants.py contains the variables that
src.dcm_constants	hold the text to be displayed when drawing various screens (i.e.
	<pre>C_LOGIN_USERNAME_LABEL = "Username",</pre>
	<pre>C_PROGRAM_BUTTON_TEXT = "Program")</pre>
database	SqliteDatabase structure with a given path, size, and keys

Function	Description
ALLinit(self) FUNCTIONS	For all classes this is a constructor function that is automatically called with the creation of every instance of a class. This function allows the class to initialize itself with the attributes/values it is given. The init function for the DBMP class also connects to the database and creates data tables.
getUsername(self)	Returns the username of the user
getPassword(self)	Returns the password of the user
getRole(self)	Returns the role of the user (doctor, nurse, admin, etc.)
closeDatabase(self)	Closes the database
getDatabaseInstance(self)	Returns the current database instance
createUser(self, p_username, p_password, p_role, p_data)	Creates a new user and data variable in the database. It stores the data from the input variable into their appropriate locations as well as the username, password, and role of the new user
userExists(self, p_username)	Checks if a user exists by looping through users in the database and comparing usernames. Returns True or False
getUserData(self, p_username)	Loops through user data in the database looking for a username matching the input. If one is found, returns a User class (with username, password, role, and data)
getNumUsers(self)	Loops through user data in the database and counts the number of users
p_createDataTables(self)	Creates all tables used in the application

SQLite ORM Library

An ORM is an Object-Relational-Mapper. It acts as a layer between the SQLite database and the object-oriented code (database manager). The one used for this DCM is called Peewee and works with both Python and SQLite. This allows us to use the database without having to transform objects into a suitable format for it.

SQLite Database

SQLite is a software library that provides a relational database management system (RDBMS). RDBMSes are a type of database manager that store data in a format using rows and columns.

Pacemaker Communication
Pacemaker Communication Manager
NOT YET DEVELOPED

Appendix

Module Flowchart

