

Differential Calculus

Gradient :

$$\nabla T = \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \hat{x} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \hat{y} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \hat{z}$$

Example: $T = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$

$$T = (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) (2x) (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2}$$

$$= \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial y} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) (2y) (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2}$$

$$= \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial z} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) (2z) (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2}$$

$$= \frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$$

$$\nabla T = \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \hat{x} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \hat{y} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \hat{z}$$

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$$= \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \hat{x} + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \hat{y} + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \hat{z}$$

$$= x \hat{x} + y \hat{y} + z \hat{z}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

$$= \frac{\vec{T}}{\|T\|} = \hat{T}$$

Problem 1.11: find grad of

$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^3 + z^4$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 3y^2 \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = 4z^3$$

$$\nabla f = 2x \hat{x} + 3y^2 \hat{y} + 4z^3 \hat{z}$$

$$\nabla f = (2x, 3y^2, 4z^3)$$

Problem 1.12

$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 y^3 z^4$$

find ∇f .

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = (2x)(y^3)(z^4)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = (3y^2)(x^2)(z^4)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = (4z^3)(x^2)(y^3)$$

$$\nabla f = \left(2x y^3 z^4, 3x^2 y^2 z^4, 4x^2 y^3 z^3 \right)$$

Problem 1.13

$$f(x, y, z) = e^x \sin(y) \ln(z)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = e^x \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \cos(y) \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{z}$$

Divergenz

$$\text{div } (\mathbf{T}) = \nabla \cdot \mathbf{T}$$

$$= \frac{\partial T_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial T_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial T_z}{\partial z}$$

PROBLEM 1.15

$$V_a = x^2 \hat{x} + 3xz^2 \hat{y} - 2xz \hat{z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot V_a = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} x^2 + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} 3xz^2 - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} 2xz$$

$$= 2x + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} 3xz^2 y^0 - 2x(1)$$

$$= 2x + 0 - 2x$$

$$= 0 : \boxed{\text{zero}}$$

$$V_b = xy \hat{x} + 2yz^2 \hat{y} + 3zx \hat{z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot V_b = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} xy + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} 2yz^2 + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} 3zx$$

$$= (1)y + (2)(1)(z) + 3(1)(x)$$

$$= 3x + y + 2z$$

$$\nabla_c = \hat{y^2} \hat{x} + (\hat{2xy} + \hat{z^2}) \hat{y} + \hat{2yz} \hat{z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot \nabla_c = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} y^2 + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (2xy + z^2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} yz$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} y^2 x^0 + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} 2xy + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} z^2 y^0 + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} yz$$

$$= 0 + 2x(1) + 0 + y(1)$$

=

$$2x + y$$

Cur |

$$\nabla \times v = \text{def} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ v_x & v_y & v_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \hat{x} \left(\frac{\partial v_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial v_y}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$+ \hat{y} \left(\frac{\partial v_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial v_z}{\partial x} \right)$$

$$+ \hat{z} \left[\frac{\partial v_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial y} \right]$$

$$\left(\overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial x}} - \overline{\frac{\partial}{\partial y}} \right)$$