

Django-MySQL

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Database Share

- ▶ Who's using PostgreSQL?
- ▶ Who's using MySQL?

Database Share

- ▶ Worldwide:
 - ▶ MySQL 56%
 - ▶ PostgreSQL 13%
- ▶ (scalebase.com)

Motivation

- ▶ Django 1.8 comes with “django.contrib.postgres”
- ▶ Hey, MySQL should have something too!

Mascot



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Mascot



It can't be unseen.

2. Database Functions

- ▶ New in Django 1.8
- ▶ One place to find MySQL-only functions

```
>>> Author.objects.filter(  
...     fewest_sales=Least('sales_eu', 'sales_us')  
... )  
>>> Author.objects.annotate(  
...     full_name=ConcatWS('first_name',  
...                        'last_name',  
...                        separator=' ')  
.. )
```

2. Named Locks

- ▶ Easy way to limit access to some resource
- ▶ E.g. API with connection limit

```
try:  
    with Lock('my_unique_name', acquire_timeout=2.0):  
        mutually_exclusive_process()  
except TimeoutError:  
    print "Could not get the lock"
```


3. Approximate Count

- ▶ `Model.objects.count()` becomes `SELECT COUNT(*)` which requires table scan - slow!
- ▶ Various snippets and libraries out there, but this is (hopefully) *the bestTM*.
- ▶ Easy to hook into admin

```
>>> Author.objects.count() # slow
509741
>>> Author.objects.approx_count() # fast , some error
531140
```

4. List and Set Fields

- Cousins to `django.contrib.postgres's ArrayField` - searchable with MySQL functions.

```
# models
class Person(Model):
    post_nominals = ListTextField(
        base_field=CharField(max_length=32)
    )

# shell
>>> Person.objects.create(
...     name='Horatio',
...     post_nominals=['PhD', 'Esq.', 'III']
... )
>>> Person.objects.filter(post_nominals__contains='PhD')
[<Person: Horatio>]
```

5. Smart Iteration

- Most used

```
# Turn this ...
min_id = 0
max_id = 1000
max_author_id = Author.objects.order_by('-id')[0].id
while True:
    author_slice = Author.objects.filter(
        address="Nowhere",
        id__gte=min_id,
        id__lte=BLA BLA BLA
    # WAY TOO MUCH CODE

# ...into this:
bad_authors = Author.objects.filter(address="Nowhere")
for author in bad_authors.iter_smart():
    author.address = ""
    author.save()
    author.send_apology_email()
```

Thank you

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