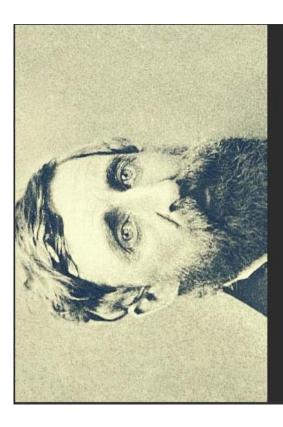
I do not say that John or Jonathan will realize all this; but such is the character of that morrow which mere lapse of time can never make to dawn. The light which puts out our eyes is darkness to us. Only that day dawns to which we are awake. There is more day to dawn. The sun is but a morning star.



#### WALDEN

**HENRY DAVID THOREAU** 

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sight, and ask myself why it will cherish those humble thoughts, and bide its head from me who might, perhaps, be its benefactor, and impart to its race some cheering information, I am reminded of the greater Benefactor and Intelligence that stands over me the human insect.

There is an incessant influx of novelty into the world, and yet we tolerate incredible dulness. I need only suggest what kind of sermons are still listened to in the most enlightened countries. There are such words as joy and sorrow, but they are only the burden of a psalm, sung with a nasal twang, while we believe in the ordinary and mean. We think that we can change our clothes only. It is said that the British Empire is very large and respectable, and that the United States are a first-rate power. We do not believe that a tide rises and falls behind every man which can float the British Empire like a chip, if he should ever harbor it in his mind. Who knows what sort of seventeen-year locust will next come out of the ground? The government of the world I live in was not framed, like that of Britain, in after-dinner conversations over the wine.

an old table of apple-tree wood, which had stood in a farmer's kitchen for an egg deposited in the living tree many years earlier still, as appeared by not always dry land where we dwell. I see far inland the banks which the sixty years, first in Connecticut, and afterward in Massachusetts — from living tree, which has been gradually converted into the semblance of its the astonished family of man, as they sat round the festive board — may England, of a strong and beautiful bug which came out of the dry leaf of buried for ages under many concentric layers of woodenness in the dead feel his faith in a resurrection and immortality strengthened by hearing of this? Who knows what beautiful and winged life, whose egg has been may be the eventful year, which will drown out all our muskrats. It was counting the annual layers beyond it; which was heard gnawing out for several weeks, hatched perchance by the heat of an urn. Who does not than man has ever known it, and flood the parched uplands; even this well-seasoned tomb — heard perchance gnawing out now for years by The life in us is like the water in the river. It may rise this year higher dry life of society, deposited at first in the alburnum of the green and stream anciently washed, before science began to record its freshets. Every one has heard the story which has gone the rounds of New unexpectedly come forth from amidst society's most trivial and handselled furniture, to enjoy its perfect summer life at last!

### WALDEN

# HENRY DAVID THOREAU

1854

Rather than love, than money, than fame, give me truth. I sat at a table where were rich food and wine in abundance, and obsequious attendance, but sincerity and truth were not; and I went away hungry from the inhospitable board. The hospitality was as cold as the ices. I thought that there was no need of ice to freeze them. They talked to me of the age of the wine and the fame of the vintage; but I thought of an older, a newer, and purer wine, of a more glorious vintage, which they had not got, and could not buy. The style, the house and grounds and "entertainment" pass for nothing with me. I called on the king, but he made me wait in his hall, and conducted like a man incapacitated for hospitality. There was a man in my neighborhood who lived in a hollow tree. His manners were truly regal. I should have done better had I called on him

which any work would make impertinent? As if one were to begin the day and Paris and Rome, thinking of its long descent, it speaks of its progress of the Philosophical Societies, and the public Eulogies of Great Men! It is complacency of mankind. This generation inclines a little to congratulate deeds, and sung divine songs, which shall never die" — that is, as long as These may be but the spring months in the life of the race. If we have had in art and science and literature with satisfaction. There are the Records are! There is not one of my readers who has yet lived a whole human life. - where are they? What youthful philosophers and experimentalists we we live. Most have not delved six feet beneath the surface, nor leaped as How long shall we sit in our porticoes practising idle and musty virtues, we can remember them. The learned societies and great men of Assyria the good Adam contemplating his own virtue. "Yes, we have done great many above it. We know not where we are. Beside, we are sound asleep itself on being the last of an illustrious line; and in Boston and London the seven-years' itch, we have not seen the seventeen-year locust yet in Concord. We are acquainted with a mere pellicle of the globe on which needles on the forest floor, and endeavoring to conceal itself from my established order on the surface. Truly, we are deep thinkers, we are goodness aforethought! Consider the China pride and stagnant selfambitious spirits! As I stand over the insect crawling amid the pine with long-suffering, and hire a man to hoe his potatoes; and in the afternoon go forth to practise Christian meekness and charity with nearly half our time. Yet we esteem ourselves wise, and have an

## Walden By Henry David Thoreau

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has," answered the latter, "but you have not got half way to it yet." So it is good. I would not be one of those who will foolishly drive a nail into mere and manners chiefly; but a goose is a goose still, dress it as you will. They with the bogs and quicksands of society; but he is an old boy that knows lath and plastering; such a deed would keep me awake nights. Give me a able; but I am no more interested in such things than in the contents of would not be ashamed to invoke the Muse. So will help you God, and so thoughtfully while it goes by. What are men celebrating? They are all on Drive a nail home and clinch it so faithfully that you can wake up in the only. Every nail driven should be as another rivet in the machine of the reaches my ears a confused tintinnabulum from without. It is the noise strongly and rightfully attracts me — not hang by the beam of the scale travel the only path I can, and that on which no power can resist me. It got a solid foundation. Let us not play at kittly-benders. There is a solid presently the traveller's horse sank in up to the girths, and he observed affords me no satisfaction to commerce to spring an arch before I have famous gentlemen and ladies, what notabilities they met at the dinnerand try to weigh less — not suppose a case, but take the case that is; to swamp before him had a hard bottom. The boy replied that it had. But to the boy, "I thought you said that this bog had a hard bottom." "So it the Daily Times. The interest and the conversation are about costume tell me of California and Texas, of England and the Indies, of the Hon. procession with pomp and parade, in a conspicuous place, but to walk restless, nervous, bustling, trivial Nineteenth Century, but stand or sit it. Only what is thought, said, or done at a certain rare coincidence is night and think of your work with satisfaction — a work at which you of my contemporaries. My neighbors tell me of their adventures with hammer, and let me feel for the furring. Do not depend on the putty. orator. I love to weigh, to settle, to gravitate toward that which most somebody. God is only the president of the day, and Webster is his bottom everywhere. We read that the traveller asked the boy if the even with the Builder of the universe, if I may — not to live in this Mr. —— of Georgia or of Massachusetts, all transient and fleeting phenomena, till I am ready to leap from their court-yard like the a committee of arrangements, and hourly expect a speech from Mameluke bey. I delight to come to my bearings — not walk in universe, you carrying on the work.

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thought." Do not seek so anxiously to be developed, to subject yourself to while I had my thoughts about me. The philosopher said: "From an army do not change; we change. Sell your clothes and keep your thoughts. God mind may live as contentedly there, and have as cheering thoughts, as in a palace. The town's poor seem to me often to live the most independent windows of the almshouse as brightly as from the rich man's abode; the snow melts before its door as early in the spring. I do not see but a quiet but it oftener happens that they are not above supporting themselves by dishonest means, which should be more disreputable. Cultivate poverty things, whether clothes or friends. Turn the old; return to them. Things cannot buy books and newspapers, for instance, you are but confined to Superfluous wealth can buy superfluities only. Money is not required to misgiving. Most think that they are above being supported by the town; Croesus, our aims must still be the same, and our means essentially the will see that you do not want society. If I were confined to a corner of a with the material which yields the most sugar and the most starch. It is richest. The fault-finder will find faults even in paradise. Love your life, garret all my days, like a spider, the world would be just as large to me trifler. No man loses ever on a lower level by magnanimity on a higher. However mean your life is, meet it and live it; do not shun it and call it of three divisions one can take away its general, and put it in disorder; meanness gather around us, "and lo! creation widens to our view." We like a garden herb, like sage. Do not trouble yourself much to get new life near the bone where it is sweetest. You are defended from being a hard names. It is not so bad as you are. It looks poorest when you are poor as it is. You may perhaps have some pleasant, thrilling, glorious same. Moreover, if you are restricted in your range by poverty, if you the most significant and vital experiences; you are compelled to deal lives of any. Maybe they are simply great enough to receive without from the man the most abject and vulgar one cannot take away his are often reminded that if there were bestowed on us the wealth of many influences to be played on; it is all dissipation. Humility like darkness reveals the heavenly lights. The shadows of poverty and hours, even in a poorhouse. The setting sun is reflected from the buy one necessary of the soul. I live in the angle of a leaden wall, into whose composition was poured a little alloy of bell-metal. Often, in the repose of my mid-day, there

#### **ECONOMY**

When I wrote the following pages, or rather the bulk of them, I lived alone, in the woods, a mile from any neighbor, in a house which I had built myself, on the shore of Walden Pond, in Concord, Massachusetts, and earned my living by the labor of my hands only. I lived there two years and two months. At present I am a sojourner in civilized life again.

rest of my readers, they will accept such portions as apply to them. I trust very particular inquiries had not been made by my townsmen concerning that none will stretch the seams in putting on the coat, for it may do good me to pardon me if I undertake to answer some of these questions in this appear to me at all impertinent, but, considering the circumstances, very natural and pertinent. Some have asked what I got to eat; if I did not feel he has lived sincerely, it must have been in a distant land to me. Perhaps my mode of life, which some would call impertinent, though they do not these pages are more particularly addressed to poor students. As for the anybody else whom I knew as well. Unfortunately, I am confined to this some, who have large families, how many poor children I maintained. I such account as he would send to his kindred from a distant land; for if will therefore ask those of my readers who feel no particular interest in onesome; if I was not afraid; and the like. Others have been curious to learn what portion of my income I devoted to charitable purposes; and require of every writer, first or last, a simple and sincere account of his I should not obtrude my affairs so much on the notice of my readers if commonly do not remember that it is, after all, always the first person book. In most books, the I, or first person, is omitted; in this it will be own life, and not merely what he has heard of other men's lives; some that is speaking. I should not talk so much about myself if there were theme by the narrowness of my experience. Moreover, I, on my side, retained; that, in respect to egotism, is the main difference. We service to him whom it fits.

I would fain say something, not so much concerning the Chinese and Sandwich Islanders as you who read these pages, who are said to live in New England; something about your condition, especially your outward condition or circumstances in this world, in this town, what it is, whether it is necessary that it be as bad as it is, whether it cannot be improved as

time had elapsed than is required for a single scintillation from the brain Time, Time kept out of his way, and only sighed at a distance because he his work. By the time he had smoothed and polished the staff Kalpa was he wrote the name of the last of that race in the sand, and then resumed adorned with precious stones, Brahma had awoke and slumbered many away, fairer and more glorious ones had taken their places. And now he after stick, his friends gradually deserted him, for they grew old in their dynasty of the Candahars was at an end, and with the point of the stick stroke was put to his work, it suddenly expanded before the eyes of the astonished artist into the fairest of all the creations of Brahma. He had his knowledge, with perennial youth. As he made no compromise with made of unsuitable material; and as he searched for and rejected stick works and died, but he grew not older by a moment. His singleness of purpose and resolution, and his elevated piety, endowed him, without no longer the pole-star; and ere he had put on the ferule and the head saw by the heap of shavings still fresh at his feet, that, for him and his work, the former lapse of time had been an illusion, and that no more material was pure, and his art was pure; how could the result be other times. But why do I stay to mention these things? When the finishing proportions; in which, though the old cities and dynasties had passed mounds to peel the stick. Before he had given it the proper shape the could not overcome him. Before he had found a stock in all respects suitable the city of Kouroo was a hoary ruin, and he sat on one of its instantly to the forest for wood, being resolved that it should not be of Brahma to fall on and inflame the tinder of a mortal brain. The made a new system in making a staff, a world with full and fair than wonderful? No face which we can give to a matter will stead us so well at last as the truth. This alone wears well. For the most part, we are not where we are, but in a false position. Through an infinity of our natures, we suppose a case, and put ourselves into it, and hence are in two cases at the same time, and it is doubly difficult to get out. In sane moments we regard only the facts, the case that is. Say what you have to say, not what you ought. Any truth is better than make-believe. Tom Hyde, the tinker, standing on the gallows, was asked if he had anything to say. "Tell the tailors," said he, "to remember to make a knot in their thread before they take the first stitch." His companion's prayer is forgotten.

chained for life, at the foot of a tree; or measuring with their bodies, like shops, and offices, and fields, the inhabitants have appeared to me to be ooking at the heavens over their shoulders "until it becomes impossible ops of pillars — even these forms of conscious penance are hardly more or finished any labor. They have no friend Iolaus to burn with a hot iron end; but I could never see that these men slew or captured any monster well as not. I have travelled a good deal in Concord; and everywhere, in Bramins sitting exposed to four fires and looking in the face of the sun; caterpillars, the breadth of vast empires; or standing on one leg on the twelve labors of Hercules were trifling in comparison with those which my neighbors have undertaken; for they were only twelve, and had an incredible and astonishing than the scenes which I daily witness. The doing penance in a thousand remarkable ways. What I have heard of for them to resume their natural position, while from the twist of the the root of the hydra's head, but as soon as one head is crushed, two or hanging suspended, with their heads downward, over flames; or neck nothing but liquids can pass into the stomach"; or dwelling,

I see young men, my townsmen, whose misfortune it is to have inherited farms, houses, barns, cattle, and farming tools; for these are more easily acquired than got rid of. Better if they had been born in the open pasture and suckled by a wolf, that they might have seen with clearer eyes what field they were called to labor in. Who made them serfs of the soil? Why should they eat their sixty acres, when man is condemned to eat only his peck of dirt? Why should they begin digging their graves as soon as they are born? They have got to live a man's life, pushing all these things before them, and get on as well as they can. How many a poor immortal soul have I met well-nigh crushed and smothered under its load, creeping down the road of life, pushing before it a barn seventy-five feet by forty, its Augean stables never cleansed, and one hundred acres of land, tillage, mowing, pasture, and woodlot! The portionless, who struggle with no such unnecessary inherited encumbrances, find it labor enough to subdue and cultivate a few cubic feet of flesh.

But men labor under a mistake. The better part of the man is soon plowed into the soil for compost. By a seeming fate, commonly called necessity, they are employed, as it says in an old book, laying up treasures which moth and rust will corrupt and thieves break through

will not any endeavor to cure the brain-rot, which prevails so much more than one interpretation. While England endeavors to cure the potato-rot, red, if they ever got up early enough. "They pretend," as I hear, "that the verses of Kabir have four different senses; illusion, spirit, intellect, and only a third part of their wit. Some would find fault with the morning considered a ground for complaint if a man's writings admit of more the exoteric doctrine of the Vedas"; but in this part of the world it is widely and fatally?

purity men love is like the mists which envelop the earth, and not like the I do not suppose that I have attained to obscurity, but I should be proud if no more fatal fault were found with my pages on this score than was preferred the Cambridge ice, which is white, but tastes of weeds. The found with the Walden ice. Southern customers objected to its blue color, which is the evidence of its purity, as if it were muddy, and azure ether beyond.

Some are dinning in our ears that we Americans, and moderns generally, than a dead lion. Shall a man go and hang himself because he belongs to the race of pygmies, and not be the biggest pygmy that he can? Let every Elizabethan men. But what is that to the purpose? A living dog is better one mind his own business, and endeavor to be what he was made. are intellectual dwarfs compared with the ancients, or even the

music which he hears, however measured or far away. It is not important desperate enterprises? If a man does not keep pace with his companions, blue glass over ourselves, though when it is done we shall be sure to gaze for is not yet, what were any reality which we can substitute? We will not his spring into summer? If the condition of things which we were made perhaps it is because he hears a different drummer. Let him step to the that he should mature as soon as an apple tree or an oak. Shall he turn be shipwrecked on a vain reality. Shall we with pains erect a heaven of still at the true ethereal heaven far above, as if the former were not? Why should we be in such desperate haste to succeed and in such

There was an artist in the city of Kouroo who was disposed to strive after perfect work time does not enter, he said to himself, It shall be perfect in considered that in an imperfect work time is an ingredient, but into a all respects, though I should do nothing else in my life. He proceeded perfection. One day it came into his mind to make a staff. Having

and steal. It is a fool's life, as they will find when they get to the end of it, if not before. It is said that Deucalion and Pyrrha created men by throwing stones over their heads behind them:-

Inde genus durum sumus, experiensque laborum, Et documenta damus qua simus origine nati.

Or, as Raleigh rhymes it in his sonorous way —

"From thence our kind hard-hearted is, enduring pain and care, Approving that our bodies of a stony nature are.'

stones over their heads behind them, and not seeing where they fell So much for a blind obedience to a blundering oracle, throwing the

integrity day by day; he cannot afford to sustain the manliest relations to should feed and clothe him gratuitously sometimes, and recruit him with men; his labor would be depreciated in the market. He has no time to be which his growth requires — who has so often to use his knowledge? We superfluously coarse labors of life that its finer fruits cannot be plucked by them. Their fingers, from excessive toil, are too clumsy and tremble coo much for that. Actually, the laboring man has not leisure for a true our cordials, before we judge of him. The finest qualities of our nature, handling. Yet we do not treat ourselves nor one another thus tenderly. gnorance and mistake, are so occupied with the factitious cares and anything but a machine. How can he remember well his ignorance – ike the bloom on fruits, can be preserved only by the most delicate Most men, even in this comparatively free country, through mere

Some of you, we all know, are poor, find it hard to live, are sometimes, as experience; always on the limits, trying to get into business and trying to promising to pay, tomorrow, and dying today, insolvent; seeking to curry worn out, and have come to this page to spend borrowed or stolen time, get out of debt, a very ancient slough, called by the Latins aes alienum, it were, gasping for breath. I have no doubt that some of you who read another's brass, for some of their coins were made of brass; still living, this book are unable to pay for all the dinners which you have actually eaten, or for the coats and shoes which are fast wearing or are already and dying, and buried by this other's brass; always promising to pay, robbing your creditors of an hour. It is very evident what mean and sneaking lives many of you live, for my sight has been whetted by

themselves around and within him; or the old laws be expanded, and interpreted in his favor in a more liberal sense, and he will live with the license of a higher order of beings. In proportion as he simplifies his life, the laws of the universe will appear less complex, and solitude will not be solitude, nor poverty poverty, nor weakness weakness. If you have built castles in the air, your work need not be lost; that is where they should be. Now put the foundations under them.

shall speak so that they can understand you. Neither men nor toadstools are not definite; yet they are significant and fragrant like frankincense to laxly and undefined in front, our outlines dim and misty on that side; as of understandings, could not sustain birds as well as quadrupeds, flying any more forever? In view of the future or possible, we should live quite understand you without them. As if Nature could support but one order monument alone remains. The words which express our faith and piety somewhere without bounds; like a man in a waking moment, to men in volatile truth of our words should continually betray the inadequacy of alone. I fear chiefly lest my expression may not be extravagant enough, migrating buffalo, which seeks new pastures in another latitude, is not heard a strain of music feared then lest he should speak extravagantly understand, were the best English. As if there were safety in stupidity It is a ridiculous demand which England and America make, that you enough even to lay the foundation of a true expression. Who that has extravagant like the cow which kicks over the pail, leaps the cowyard their waking moments; for I am convinced that I cannot exaggerate the residual statement. Their truth is instantly translated; its literal our shadows reveal an insensible perspiration toward the sun. The convinced. Extra vagance! it depends on how you are yarded. The experience, so as to be adequate to the truth of which I have been grow so. As if that were important, and there were not enough to as well as creeping things, and hush and whoa, which Bright can may not wander far enough beyond the narrow limits of my daily fence, and runs after her calf, in milking time. I desire to speak superior natures. Why level downward to our dullest perception always, and praise that as common sense? The commonest sense is the sense of men asleep, which they express by snoring. Sometimes we are inclined to class those who are once-and-a-half-witted with the half-witted, because we appreciate

favor, to get custom, by how many modes, only not state-prison offenses; lying, flattering, voting, contracting yourselves into a nutshell of civility or dilating into an atmosphere of thin and vaporous generosity, that you may persuade your neighbor to let you make his shoes, or his hat, or his coat, or his carriage, or import his groceries for him; making yourselves sick, that you may lay up something against a sick day, something to be tucked away in an old chest, or in a stocking behind the plastering, or, more safely, in the brick bank; no matter where, no matter how much or how little.

is there to bring that about? Think, also, of the ladies of the land weaving attend to the gross but somewhat foreign form of servitude called Negro West Indian provinces of the fancy and imagination — what Wilberforce toilet cushions against the last day, not to betray too green an interest in yourself. Talk of a divinity in man! Look at the teamster on the highway, Make-a-stir? How godlike, how immortal, is he? See how he cowers and him compared with the shipping interests? Does not he drive for Squire I sometimes wonder that we can be so frivolous, I may almost say, as to sneaks, how vaguely all the day he fears, not being immortal nor divine, but the slave and prisoner of his own opinion of himself, a fame won by determines, or rather indicates, his fate. Self-emancipation even in the his own deeds. Public opinion is a weak tyrant compared with our own His highest duty to fodder and water his horses! What is his destiny to have a Northern one; but worst of all when you are the slave-driver of North and South. It is hard to have a Southern overseer; it is worse to wending to market by day or night; does any divinity stir within him? Slavery, there are so many keen and subtle masters that enslave both private opinion. What a man thinks of himself, that it is which their fates! As if you could kill time without injuring eternity. The mass of men lead lives of quiet desperation. What is called resignation is confirmed desperation. From the desperate city you go into the desperate country, and have to console yourself with the bravery of minks and muskrats. A stereotyped but unconscious despair is concealed even under what are called the games and amusements of mankind. There is no play in them, for this comes after work. But it is a characteristic of wisdom not to do desperate things.

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not pause at the Mississippi or the Pacific, nor conduct toward a wornout and winter, day and night, sun down, moon down, and at last earth down China or Japan, but leads on direct, a tangent to this sphere, summer

most sacred laws of society," through obedience to yet more sacred laws, soldier who fights in the ranks does not require half so much courage as degree of resolution was necessary in order to place one's self in formal well-considered and a firm resolve." This was manly, as the world goes; a footpad" — "that honor and religion have never stood in the way of a and so have tested his resolution without going out of his way. It is not for a man to put himself in such an attitude to society, but to maintain himself often enough "in formal opposition" to what are deemed "the himself in whatever attitude he find himself through obedience to the and yet it was idle, if not desperate. A saner man would have found It is said that Mirabeau took to highway robbery "to ascertain what opposition to the most sacred laws of society." He declared that "a laws of his being, which will never be one of opposition to a just government, if he should chance to meet with such.

time for that one. It is remarkable how easily and insensibly we fall into a and so with the paths which the mind travels. How worn and dusty, then, is true, I fear, that others may have fallen into it, and so helped to keep it open. The surface of the earth is soft and impressible by the feet of men; to me that I had several more lives to live, and could not spare any more there a week before my feet wore a path from my door to the pond-side; and though it is five or six years since I trod it, it is still quite distinct. It I left the woods for as good a reason as I went there. Perhaps it seemed particular route, and make a beaten track for ourselves. I had not lived before the mast and on the deck of the world, for there I could best see must be the highways of the world, how deep the ruts of tradition and conformity! I did not wish to take a cabin passage, but rather to go the moonlight amid the mountains. I do not wish to go below now.

confidently in the direction of his dreams, and endeavors to live the life boundary; new, universal, and more liberal laws will begin to establish common hours. He will put some things behind, will pass an invisible which he has imagined, he will meet with a success unexpected in I learned this, at least, by my experiment: that if one advances

because they preferred it to any other. Yet they honestly think there is no echoes or in silence passes by as true to-day may turn out to be falsehood It does not avail me that they have tried it. If I have any experience which has learned anything of absolute value by living. Practically, the old have they were. I have lived some thirty years on this planet, and I have yet to hear the first syllable of valuable or even earnest advice from my seniors. clear. It is never too late to give up our prejudices. No way of thinking or private reasons, as they must believe; and it may be that they have some faith left which belies that experience, and they are only less young than purpose. Here is life, an experiment to a great extent untried by me; but They have told me nothing, and probably cannot tell me anything to the o-morrow, mere smoke of opinion, which some had trusted for a cloud profited so much as it has lost. One may almost doubt if the wisest man perchance, to fetch fresh fuel to keep the fire a-going; new people put a better, hardly so well, qualified for an instructor as youth, for it has not doing, however ancient, can be trusted without proof. What everybody I think valuable, I am sure to reflect that this my Mentors said nothing When we consider what, to use the words of the catechism, is the chief that would sprinkle fertilizing rain on their fields. What old people say you cannot do, you try and find that you can. Old deeds for old people, appears as if men had deliberately chosen the common mode of living choice left. But alert and healthy natures remember that the sun rose no very important advice to give the young, their own experience has ittle dry wood under a pot, and are whirled round the globe with the been so partial, and their lives have been such miserable failures, for speed of birds, in a way to kill old people, as the phrase is. Age is no end of man, and what are the true necessaries and means of life, it and new deeds for new. Old people did not know enough once,

most helpless and diseased, which in others are luxuries merely, and in One farmer says to me, "You cannot live on vegetable food solely, for it furnishes nothing to make bones with"; and so he religiously devotes a part of his day to supplying his system with the raw material of bones; obstacle. Some things are really necessaries of life in some circles, the walking all the while he talks behind his oxen, which, with vegetablemade bones, jerk him and his lumbering plow along in spite of every others still are entirely unknown.

government ship, with five hundred men and boys to assist one, than it is preserved meats to support you, if they be necessary; and pile the empty which may still animate their clay. Patriotism is a maggot in their heads. What was the meaning of that South-Sea Exploring Expedition, with all man is the lord of a realm beside which the earthly empire of the Czar is its parade and expense, but an indirect recognition of the fact that there who have no self-respect, and sacrifice the greater to the less. They love the soil which makes their graves, but have no sympathy with the spirit meat merely? Nay, be a Columbus to whole new continents and worlds to explore the private sea, the Atlantic and Pacific Ocean of one's being but a petty state, a hummock left by the ice. Yet some can be patriotic Mungo Park, the Lewis and Clark and Frobisher, of your own streams within you, opening new channels, not of trade, but of thought. Every find him? Does Mr. Grinnell know where he himself is? Be rather the cans sky-high for a sign. Were preserved meats invented to preserve isthmus or an inlet, yet unexplored by him, but that it is easier to sail are continents and seas in the moral world to which every man is an and oceans; explore your own higher latitudes — with shiploads of many thousand miles through cold and storm and cannibals, in a

"Erret, et extremos alter scrutetur Iberos.

Plus habet hic vitae, plus habet ille viae."

Let them wander and scrutinize the outlandish Australians.

I have more of God, they more of the road.

speak all tongues and conform to the customs of all nations, if you would the Sphinx to dash her head against a stone, even obey the precept of the and France, Spain and Portugal, Gold Coast and Slave Coast, all front on this private sea; but no bark from them has ventured out of sight of land, find some "Symmes' Hole" by which to get at the inside at last. England though it is without doubt the direct way to India. If you would learn to run away and enlist. Start now on that farthest western way, which does old philosopher, and Explore thyself. Herein are demanded the eye and travel farther than all travellers, be naturalized in all climes, and cause the nerve. Only the defeated and deserters go to the wars, cowards that Zanzibar. Yet do this even till you can do better, and you may perhaps It is not worth the while to go round the world to count the cats in

capacities have never been measured; nor are we to judge of what he can ordinances for the very distances of trees; and the Roman praetors have have been cared for. According to Evelyn, "the wise Solomon prescribed failures hitherto, "be not afflicted, my child, for who shall assign to thee by their predecessors, both the heights and the valleys, and all things to longer. Undoubtedly the very tedium and ennui which presume to have exhausted the variety and the joys of life are as old as Adam. But man's The whole ground of human life seems to some to have been gone over Icorns which fall on it without trespass, and what share belongs to that neighbor." Hippocrates has even left directions how we should cut our do by any precedents, so little has been tried. Whatever have been thy decided how often you may go into your neighbor's land to gather the nails; that is, even with the ends of the fingers, neither shorter nor what thou hast left undone?"

constitutions. Who shall say what prospect life offers to another? Could a the same sun which ripens my beans illumines at once a system of earths apexes of what wonderful triangles! What distant and different beings in the various mansions of the universe are contemplating the same one at in all the worlds of the ages. History, Poetry, Mythology! — I know of no for an instant? We should live in all the ages of the world in an hour; ay, reading of another's experience so startling and informing as this would mistakes. This was not the light in which I hoed them. The stars are the greater miracle take place than for us to look through each other's eyes We might try our lives by a thousand simple tests; as, for instance, that the same moment! Nature and human life are as various as our several like ours. If I had remembered this it would have prevented some

invites me away from all that. One generation abandons the enterprises The greater part of what my neighbors call good I believe in my soul to behavior. What demon possessed me that I behaved so well? You may years, not without honor of a kind — I hear an irresistible voice which say the wisest thing you can, old man — you who have lived seventy be bad, and if I repent of anything, it is very likely to be my good of another like stranded vessels.

I think that we may safely trust a good deal more than we do. We may waive just so much care of ourselves as we honestly bestow elsewhere.

#### CONCLUSION

To the sick the doctors wisely recommend a change of air and scenery. Thank Heaven, here is not all the world. The buckeye does not grow in New England, and the mockingbird is rarely heard here. The wild goose is more of a cosmopolite than we; he breaks his fast in Canada, takes a luncheon in the Ohio, and plumes himself for the night in a southern bayou. Even the bison, to some extent, keeps pace with the seasons cropping the pastures of the Colorado only till a greener and sweeter grass awaits him by the Yellowstone. Yet we think that if rail fences are pulled down, and stone walls piled up on our farms, bounds are henceforth set to our lives and our fates decided. If you are chosen town clerk, forsooth, you cannot go to Tierra del Fuego this summer: but you may go to the land of infernal fire nevertheless. The universe is wider than our views of it.

Yet we should oftener look over the tafferel of our craft, like curious passengers, and not make the voyage like stupid sailors picking oakum. The other side of the globe is but the home of our correspondent. Our voyaging is only great-circle sailing, and the doctors prescribe for diseases of the skin merely. One hastens to southern Africa to chase the giraffe; but surely that is not the game he would be after. How long, pray, would a man hunt giraffes if he could? Snipes and woodcocks also may afford rare sport; but I trust it would be nobler game to shoot one's self—

"Direct your eye right inward, and you'll find A thousand regions in your mind Yet undiscovered. Travel them, and be Expert in home-cosmography." What does Africa — what does the West stand for? Is not our own interior white on the chart? black though it may prove, like the coast, when discovered. Is it the source of the Nile, or the Niger, or the Mississippi, or a Northwest Passage around this continent, that we would find? Are these the problems which most concern mankind? Is Franklin the only man who is lost, that his wife should be so earnest to

Nature is as well adapted to our weakness as to our strength. The incessant anxiety and strain of some is a well-nigh incurable form of disease. We are made to exaggerate the importance of what work we do; and yet how much is not done by us! or, what if we had been taken sick? How vigilant we are! determined not to live by faith if we can avoid it; all the day long on the alert, at night we unwillingly say our prayers and commit ourselves to uncertainties. So thoroughly and sincerely are we compelled to live, reverencing our life, and denying the possibility of change. This is the only way, we say; but there are as many ways as there can be drawn radii from one centre. All change is a miracle to contemplate; but it is a miracle which is taking place every instant. Confucius said, "To know that we know what we know, and that we do not know what we know and that we do not know, that is true knowledge." When one man has reduced a fact of the imagination to be a fact to his understanding, I foresee that all men at length establish their lives on that basis.

Let us consider for a moment what most of the trouble and anxiety which I have referred to is about, and how much it is necessary that we be troubled, or at least careful. It would be some advantage to live a primitive and frontier life, though in the midst of an outward civilization, if only to learn what are the gross necessaries of life and what methods have been taken to obtain them; or even to look over the old day-books of the merchants, to see what it was that men most commonly bought at the stores, what they stored, that is, what are the grossest groceries. For the improvements of ages have had but little influence on the essential laws of man's existence; as our skeletons, probably, are not to be distinguished from those of our ancestors.

By the words, necessary of life, I mean whatever, of all that man obtains by his own exertions, has been from the first, or from long use has become, so important to human life that few, if any, whether from savageness, or poverty, or philosophy, ever attempt to do without it. To many creatures there is in this sense but one necessary of life, Food. To the bison of the prairie it is a few inches of palatable grass, with water to drink; unless he seeks the Shelter of the forest or the mountain's shadow. None of the brute creation requires more than Food and Shelter. The necessaries of life for man in this climate may, accurately enough, be distributed under the several heads of Food, Shelter, Clothing, and Fuel; for not till we have secured these are we prepared to entertain the true

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wounds fatal. Compassion is a very untenable ground. It must be expeditious. Its pleadings will not bear to be stereotyped.

clinched talons, as if she held by the air, while she surveyed the premises. there. On the third or fourth of May I saw a loon in the pond, and during stones and rotten wood along the shore, so that you could have collected drama of Sacontala, we read of "rills dyed yellow with the golden dust of thrasher, the veery, the wood pewee, the chewink, and other birds. I had The sulphur-like pollen of the pitch pine soon covered the pond and the out amidst the pine woods around the pond, imparted a brightness like heard the wood thrush long before. The phoebe had already come once sunshine to the landscape, especially in cloudy days, as if the sun were cavern-like enough for her, sustaining herself on humming wings with Early in May, the oaks, hickories, maples, and other trees, just putting a barrelful. This is the "sulphur showers" we bear of. Even in Calidas' breaking through mists and shining faintly on the hillsides here and more and looked in at my door and window, to see if my house was the lotus." And so the seasons went rolling on into summer, as one the first week of the month I heard the whip-poor-will, the brown rambles into higher and higher grass. Thus was my first year's life in the woods completed; and the second year was similar to it. I finally left Walden September 6th, 1847.

were far from too warm, these naked savages, who were farther off, were a stove, and food the fuel which keeps up the internal combustion in the animal heat; for while Food may be regarded as the Fuel which keeps up intellectualness of the civilized man? According to Liebig, man's body is lungs. In cold weather we eat more, in warm less. The animal heat is the result of a slow combustion, and disease and death take place when this from the accidental discovery of the warmth of fire, and the consequent is too rapid; or for want of fuel, or from some defect in the draught, the but so much for analogy. It appears, therefore, from the above list, that with an excess of these, or of Fuel, that is, with an external heat greater fire goes out. Of course the vital heat is not to be confounded with fire; Darwin, the naturalist, says of the inhabitants of Tierra del Fuego, that increase the warmth of our bodies by addition from without — Shelter the expression, animal life, is nearly synonymous with the expression, Shelter and Clothing we legitimately retain our own internal heat; but undergoing such a roasting." So, we are told, the New Hollander goes invented, not only houses, but clothes and cooked food; and possibly while his own party, who were well clothed and sitting close to a fire, observed, to his great surprise, "to be streaming with perspiration at naked with impunity, while the European shivers in his clothes. Is it use of it, at first a luxury, arose the present necessity to sit by it. We observe cats and dogs acquiring the same second nature. By proper the fire within us — and Fuel serves only to prepare that Food or to than our own internal, may not cookery properly be said to begin? and Clothing also serve only to retain the heat thus generated and problems of life with freedom and a prospect of success. Man has impossible to combine the hardiness of these savages with the absorbed

Elysian life. Fuel, except to cook his Food, is then unnecessary; the sun is vital heat in us. What pains we accordingly take, not only with our Food, our ails. The summer, in some climates, makes possible to man a sort of within a shelter, as the mole has its bed of grass and leaves at the end of and to cold, no less physical than social, we refer directly a great part of its burrow! The poor man is wont to complain that this is a cold world; The grand necessity, then, for our bodies, is to keep warm, to keep the clothes, robbing the nests and breasts of birds to prepare this shelter and Clothing, and Shelter, but with our beds, which are our night-

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fishes, which looked like a string of jewels. Ah! I have penetrated to those would have waked the dead, if they had been slumbering in their graves, things must live in such a light. O Death, where was thy sting? O Grave, hummock to hummock, from willow root to willow root, when the wild river valley and the woods were bathed in so pure and bright a light as Beside this I got a rare mess of golden and silver and bright cupreous meadows on the morning of many a first spring day, jumping from as some suppose. There needs no stronger proof of immortality. All where was thy victory, then?

wade sometimes in marshes where the bittern and the meadow-hen lurk, wrecks, the wilderness with its living and its decaying trees, the thunderthat of universal innocence. Poison is not poisonous after all, nor are any unsurveyed and unfathomed by us because unfathomable. We can never and hear the booming of the snipe; to smell the whispering sedge where go out of my way, especially in the night when the air was heavy, but the deriving health and strength from the repast. There was a dead horse in Nature was my compensation for this. I love to see that Nature is so rife little account is to be made of it. The impression made on a wise man is the hollow by the path to my house, which compelled me sometimes to squashed out of existence like pulp — tadpoles which herons gobble up, and tortoises and toads run over in the road; and that sometimes it has rained flesh and blood! With the liability to accident, we must see how Our village life would stagnate if it were not for the unexplored forests cloud, and the rain which lasts three weeks and produces freshets. We only some wilder and more solitary fowl builds her nest, and the mink vulture feeding on the carrion which disgusts and disheartens us, and crawls with its belly close to the ground. At the same time that we are and meadows which surround it. We need the tonic of wildness — to with life that myriads can be afforded to be sacrificed and suffered to need to witness our own limits transgressed, and some life pasturing freely where we never wander. We are cheered when we observe the assurance it gave me of the strong appetite and inviolable health of earnest to explore and learn all things, we require that all things be inexhaustible vigor, vast and titanic features, the sea-coast with its prey on one another; that tender organizations can be so serenely mysterious and unexplorable, that land and sea be infinitely wild, have enough of nature. We must be refreshed by the sight of

of the globe, to barbarous and unhealthy regions, and devote themselves Food generally is more various, and more easily obtained, and Clothing all be obtained at a triffing cost. Yet some, not wise, go to the other side uxuriously rich are not simply kept comfortably warm, but unnaturally this country, as I find by my own experience, a few implements, a knife, stationery, and access to a few books, rank next to necessaries, and can is fire, and many of the fruits are sufficiently cooked by its rays; while and Shelter are wholly or half unnecessary. At the present day, and in an axe, a spade, a wheelbarrow, etc., and for the studious, lamplight, to trade for ten or twenty years, in order that they may live — that is, keep comfortably warm — and die in New England at last. The hot; as I implied before, they are cooked, of course a la mode.

human life but from the vantage ground of what we should call voluntary thinkers is commonly a courtier-like success, not kingly, not manly. They age even in the outward form of his life. He is not fed, sheltered, clothed, men degenerate ever? What makes families run out? What is the nature there is none of it in our own lives? The philosopher is in advance of his We know not much about them. It is remarkable that we know so much poverty. Of a life of luxury the fruit is luxury, whether in agriculture, or philosophy, but not philosophers. Yet it is admirable to profess because subtle thoughts, nor even to found a school, but so to love wisdom as to it was once admirable to live. To be a philosopher is not merely to have Most of the luxuries, and many of the so-called comforts of life, are not make shift to live merely by conformity, practically as their fathers did, benefactors of their race. None can be an impartial or wise observer of and are in no sense the progenitors of a noble race of men. But why do which none has been poorer in outward riches, none so rich in inward. of them as we do. The same is true of the more modern reformers and magnanimity, and trust. It is to solve some of the problems of life, not mankind. With respect to luxuries and comforts, the wisest have ever philosophers, Chinese, Hindoo, Persian, and Greek, were a class than of the luxury which enervates and destroys nations? Are we sure that only theoretically, but practically. The success of great scholars and only not indispensable, but positive hindrances to the elevation of commerce, or literature, or art. There are nowadays professors of lived a more simple and meagre life than the poor. The ancient ive according to its dictates, a life of simplicity, independence,

Punishment and fear were not; nor were threatening words read

On suspended brass; nor did the suppliant crowd fear

The words of their judge; but were safe without an avenger.

Not yet the pine felled on its mountains had descended

To the liquid waves that it might see a foreign world,

And mortals knew no shores but their own.

There was eternal spring, and placid zephyrs with warm

Blasts soothed the flowers born without seed."

somewhat like that of the sticks which boys play with their fingers, when, The Merlin it seemed to me it might be called: but I care not for its name. never set its foot on terra firma. It appeared to have no companion in the alternately soaring like a ripple and tumbling a rod or two over and over, showing the under side of its wings, which gleamed like a satin ribbon in looking up, I observed a very slight and graceful hawk, like a nighthawk, On the 29th of April, as I was fishing from the bank of the river near the flutter like a butterfly, nor soar like the larger hawks, but it sported with crag; — or was its native nest made in the angle of a cloud, woven of the strange chuckle, it repeated its free and beautiful fall, turning over and over like a kite, and then recovering from its lofty tumbling, as if it had related to the earth but by an egg hatched some time in the crevice of a midsummer haze caught up from earth? Its eyry now some cliffy cloud. falconry and what nobleness and poetry are associated with that sport. kindred, and its father in the heavens? The tenant of the air, it seemed and the ether with which it played. It was not lonely, but made all the the sun, or like the pearly inside of a shell. This sight reminded me of universe — sporting there alone — and to need none but the morning It was the most ethereal flight I had ever witnessed. It did not simply Nine-Acre-Corner bridge, standing on the quaking grass and willow proud reliance in the fields of air; mounting again and again with its earth lonely beneath it. Where was the parent which hatched it, its rainbow's trimmings and the sunset sky, and lined with some soft roots, where the muskrats lurk, I heard a singular rattling sound,

warmed, like his contemporaries. How can a man be a philosopher and not maintain his vital heat by better methods than other men?

like. When he has obtained those things which are necessary to life, there abundant clothing, more numerous, incessant, and hotter fires, and the more and richer food, larger and more splendid houses, finer and more commenced. The soil, it appears, is suited to the seed, for it has sent its what does he want next? Surely not more warmth of the same kind, as the nobler plants are valued for the fruit they bear at last in the air and esculents, which, though they may be biennials, are cultivated only till that he may rise in the same proportion into the heavens above? — for purpose, so that most would not know them in their flowering season. When a man is warmed by the several modes which I have described, confidence. Why has man rooted himself thus firmly in the earth, but is another alternative than to obtain the superfluities; and that is, to radicle downward, and it may now send its shoot upward also with they have perfected their root, and often cut down at top for this ight, far from the ground, and are not treated like the humbler adventure on life now, his vacation from humbler toil having

whether they are well employed or not; — but mainly to the mass of men things, and cherish it with the fondness and enthusiasm of lovers — and, accumulated dross, but know not how to use it, or get rid of it, and thus ever impoverishing themselves, not knowing how they live — if, indeed, who are discontented, and idly complaining of the hardness of their lot I do not mean to prescribe rules to strong and valiant natures, who will to some extent, I reckon myself in this number; I do not speak to those complain most energetically and inconsolably of any, because they are, more magnificently and spend more lavishly than the richest, without mind their own affairs whether in heaven or hell, and perchance build there are any such, as has been dreamed; nor to those who find their or of the times, when they might improve them. There are some who encouragement and inspiration in precisely the present condition of as they say, doing their duty. I also have in my mind that seemingly who are well employed, in whatever circumstances, and they know wealthy, but most terribly impoverished class of all, who have have forged their own golden or silver fetters.

while it is already spring. In a pleasant spring morning all men's sins are life, tender and fresh as the youngest plant. Even he has entered into the exhausted and debauched veins expand with still joy and bless the new faults are forgotten. There is not only an atmosphere of good will about ineffectually perhaps, like a new-born instinct, and for a short hour the dismiss his congregation! It is because they do not obey the hint which day, feel the spring influence with the innocence of infancy, and all his and merely pitied or despised him, and despaired of the world; but the shoots preparing to burst from his gnarled rind and try another year's known your neighbor yesterday for a thief, a drunkard, or a sensualist, innocence we discern the innocence of our neighbors. You may have him, but even a savor of holiness groping for expression, blindly and sun shines bright and warm this first spring morning, recreating the why the judge does not dismis his case — why the preacher does not forgiven. Such a day is a truce to vice. While such a sun holds out to joy of his Lord. Why the jailer does not leave open his prison doors south hill-side echoes to no vulgar jest. You see some innocent fair God gives them, nor accept the pardon which he freely offers to all. world, and you meet him at some serene work, and see how it is burn, the vilest sinner may return. Through our own recovered

breath of the morning, causes that in respect to the love of virtue and the hatred of vice, one approaches a little the primitive nature of man, as the began to spring up again from developing themselves and destroys them. sprouts of the forest which has been felled. In like manner the evil which "A return to goodness produced each day in the tranquil and beneficent one does in the interval of a day prevents the germs of virtues which

much from that of the brute. Men seeing the nature of this man like that suffice longer to preserve them, then the nature of man does not differ developing themselves, then the beneficent breath of evening does not 'After the germs of virtue have thus been prevented many times from suffice to preserve them. As soon as the breath of evening does not of the brute, think that he has never possessed the innate faculty of reason. Are those the true and natural sentiments of man?"

"The Golden Age was first created, which without any avenger Spontaneously without law cherished fidelity and rectitude

know nothing about it. I will only hint at some of the enterprises which I acquainted with its actual history; it would certainly astonish those who past, it would probably surprise those of my readers who are somewhat If I should attempt to tell how I have desired to spend my life in years have cherished.

voluntarily kept, but inseparable from its very nature. I would gladly tell present moment; to toe that line. You will pardon some obscurities, for In any weather, at any hour of the day or night, I have been anxious to improve the nick of time, and notch it on my stick too; to stand on the all that I know about it, and never paint "No Admittance" on my gate. meeting of two eternities, the past and future, which is precisely the there are more secrets in my trade than in most men's, and yet not

describing their tracks and what calls they answered to. I have met one seen the dove disappear behind a cloud, and they seemed as anxious to or two who had heard the hound, and the tramp of the horse, and even I long ago lost a hound, a bay horse, and a turtle dove, and am still on their trail. Many are the travellers I have spoken concerning them, recover them as if they had lost them themselves.

Nature herself! How many mornings, summer and winter, before yet any enterprise, farmers starting for Boston in the twilight, or woodchoppers rising, but, doubt not, it was of the last importance only to be present at going to their work. It is true, I never assisted the sun materially in his neighbor was stirring about his business, have I been about mine! No To anticipate, not the sunrise and the dawn merely, but, if possible, doubt, many of my townsmen have met me returning from this

hear what was in the wind, to hear and carry it express! I well-nigh sunk So many autumn, ay, and winter days, spent outside the town, trying to intelligence. At other times watching from the observatory of some cliff all my capital in it, and lost my own breath into the bargain, running in the face of it. If it had concerned either of the political parties, depend or tree, to telegraph any new arrival; or waiting at evening on the hillcaught much, and that, manna-wise, would dissolve again in the sun. tops for the sky to fall, that I might catch something, though I never upon it, it would have appeared in the Gazette with the earliest

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the same time and took the route to the north in the wake of their noisier trusting to break their fast in muddier pools. A "plump" of ducks rose at straight to Canada, with a regular honk from the leader at intervals, circled about over my head, twenty-nine of them, and then steered cousins. For a week I heard the circling, groping clangor of some solitary goose in the foggy mornings, seeking its companion, and still peopling the woods fancied that they were peculiarly of the ancient race that dwelt in hollow heard the martins twittering over my clearing, though it had not seemed pigeons were seen again flying express in small flocks, and in due time I trees ere white men came. In almost all climes the tortoise and the frog that the township contained so many that it could afford me any, and I are among the precursors and heralds of this season, and birds fly with song and glancing plumage, and plants spring and bloom, and winds with the sound of a larger life than they could sustain. In April the blow, to correct this slight oscillation of the poles and preserve the equilibrium of nature.

As every season seems best to us in its turn, so the coming in of spring is like the creation of Cosmos out of Chaos and the realization of the Golden Age. -

"Eurus ad Auroram Nabathaeaque regna recessit, Persidaque, et radiis juga subdita matutinis." "The East-Wind withdrew to Aurora and the Nabathean kingdom, And the Persian, and the ridges placed under the morning rays.

The origin of a better world, made him from the divine seed; Or the earth, being recent and lately sundered from the high Man was born. Whether that Artificer of things, Ether, retained some seeds of cognate heaven."

prospects brighten on the influx of better thoughts. We should be blessed that befell us, like the grass which confesses the influence of the slightest dew that falls on it; and did not spend our time in atoning for the neglect of past opportunities, which we call doing our duty. We loiter in winter if we lived in the present always, and took advantage of every accident A single gentle rain makes the grass many shades greener. So our

whose editor has never yet seen fit to print the bulk of my contributions, For a long time I was reporter to a journal, of no very wide circulation, and, as is too common with writers, I got only my labor for my pains. However, in this case my pains were their own reward.

bridged and passable at all seasons, where the public heel had testified to For many years I was self-appointed inspector of snow-storms and rainstorms, and did my duty faithfully; surveyor, if not of highways, then of forest paths and all across-lot routes, keeping them open, and ravines their utility.

herdsman a good deal of trouble by leaping fences; and I have had an eye white grape and the yellow violet, which might have withered else in dry always know whether Jonas or Solomon worked in a particular field today; that was none of my business. I have watered the red huckleberry, the sand cherry and the nettle-tree, the red pine and the black ash, the to the unfrequented nooks and corners of the farm; though I did not . have looked after the wild stock of the town, which give a faithful

got audited, still less accepted, still less paid and settled. However, I have accounts, which I can swear to have kept faithfully, I have, indeed, never officers, nor make my place a sinecure with a moderate allowance. My In short, I went on thus for a long time (I may say it without boasting). faithfully minding my business, till it became more and more evident that my townsmen would not after all admit me into the list of town not set my heart on that.

white man's to buy them. He had not discovered that it was necessary for him to make it worth the other's while to buy them, or at least make him standing followed — he had said to himself: I will go into business; I will made the baskets he would have done his part, and then it would be the think that it was so, or to make something else which it would be worth us?" Having seen his industrious white neighbors so well off — that the weave baskets; it is a thing which I can do. Thinking that when he had Not long since, a strolling Indian went to sell baskets at the house of a lawyer had only to weave arguments, and, by some magic, wealth and baskets?" he asked. "No, we do not want any," was the reply. "What!" exclaimed the Indian as he went out the gate, "do you mean to starve well-known lawyer in my neighborhood. "Do you wish to buy any

shore — a silvery sheen as from the scales of a leuciscus, as it were all one youth, as if it spoke the joy of the fishes within it, and of the sands on its active fish. Such is the contrast between winter and spring. Walden was dead and is alive again. But this spring it broke up more steadily, as I have said.

your very wood-pile, whether its winter is past or not. As it grew darker, I weary travellers getting in late from Southern lakes, and indulging at last which all things proclaim. It is seemingly instantaneous at last. Suddenly in unrestrained complaint and mutual consolation. Standing at my door, O the evening robin, at the end of a New England summer day! If I could dark and sluggish hours to bright and elastic ones, is a memorable crisis is not the Turdus migratorius. The pitch pines and shrub oaks about my ever find the twig he sits upon! I mean he; I mean the twig. This at least settled in the pond. So I came in, and shut the door, and passed my first gray ice there lay the transparent pond already calm and full of hope as remote horizon. I heard a robin in the distance, the first I had heard for many a thousand more — the same sweet and powerful song as of yore. the clouds of winter still overhung it, and the eaves were dripping with an influx of light filled my house, though the evening was at hand, and sleety rain. I looked out the window, and lo! where yesterday was cold effectually cleansed and restored by the rain. I knew that it would not rain any more. You may tell by looking at any twig of the forest, ay, at The change from storm and winter to serene and mild weather, from many a thousand years, methought, whose note I shall not forget for though none was visible overhead, as if it had intelligence with some I could bear the rush of their wings; when, driving toward my house, in a summer evening, reflecting a summer evening sky in its bosom, characters, looked brighter, greener, and more erect and alive, as if was startled by the honking of geese flying low over the woods, like they suddenly spied my light, and with hushed clamor wheeled and house, which had so long drooped, suddenly resumed their several spring night in the woods.

wings at the signal of their commander, and when they had got into rank sailing in the middle of the pond, fifty rods off, so large and tumultuous when I stood on the shore they at once rose up with a great flapping of that Walden appeared like an artificial pond for their amusement. But In the morning I watched the geese from the door through the mist,

but I had not made it worth any one's while to buy them. Yet not the less, studying how to make it worth men's while to buy my baskets, I studied in my case, did I think it worth my while to weave them, and instead of his while to buy. I too had woven a kind of basket of a delicate texture, rather how to avoid the necessity of selling them. The life which men praise and regard as successful is but one kind. Why should we exaggerate any one kind at the expense of the others?

already got. My purpose in going to Walden Pond was not to live cheaply where I was better known. I determined to go into business at once, and fewest obstacles; to be hindered from accomplishing which for want of a ittle common sense, a little enterprise and business talent, appeared not not wait to acquire the usual capital, using such slender means as I had Finding that my fellow-citizens were not likely to offer me any room in nor to live dearly there, but to transact some private business with the the court house, or any curacy or living anywhere else, but I must shift for myself, I turned my face more exclusively than ever to the woods, so sad as foolish.

received, and write or read every letter sent; to superintend the discharge details yourself in person; to be at once pilot and captain, and owner and then some small counting house on the coast, in some Salem harbor, will always in native bottoms. These will be good ventures. To oversee all the exorbitant market; to keep yourself informed of the state of the markets, prospects of war and peace everywhere, and anticipate the tendencies of charts to be studied, the position of reefs and new lights and buoys to be expeditions, using new passages and all improvements in navigation; underwriter; to buy and sell and keep the accounts; to read every letter trade and civilization — taking advantage of the results of all exploring of imports night and day; to be upon many parts of the coast almost at ascertained, and ever, and ever, the logarithmic tables to be corrected, indispensable to every man. If your trade is with the Celestial Empire, be fixture enough. You will export such articles as the country affords, purely native products, much ice and pine timber and a little granite, Jersey shore; — to be your own telegraph, unweariedly sweeping the steady despatch of commodities, for the supply of such a distant and I have always endeavored to acquire strict business habits; they are the same time — often the richest freight will be discharged upon a horizon, speaking all passing vessels bound coastwise; to keep up a

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were wholly deaf to my arguments, or failed to perceive their force, and sounds that ever were heard; and when I stamped they only chirruped the louder, as if past all fear and respect in their mad pranks, defying humanity to stop them. No, you don't — chickaree — chickaree. They fell into a strain of invective that was irresistible.

sent forth an inward heat to greet the returning sun; not yellow but green human life but dies down to its root, and still puts forth its green blade to last flakes of winter tinkled as they fell! What at such a time are histories, stream, and the mower draws from it betimes their winter supply. So our sound of melting snow is heard in all dells, and the ice dissolves apace in The first sparrow of spring! The year beginning with younger hope than ever! The faint silvery warblings heard over the partially bare and moist checked indeed by the frost, but anon pushing on again, lifting its spear of last year's hay with the fresh life below. It grows as steadily as the rill channels, and from year to year the herds drink at this perennial green meadow, is already seeking the first slimy life that awakes. The sinking blade, like a long green ribbon, streams from the sod into the summer, growing days of June, when the rills are dry, the grass-blades are their fields from the bluebird, the song sparrow, and the red-wing, as if the the ponds. The grass flames up on the hillsides like a spring fire - "et chronologies, traditions, and all written revelations? The brooks sing primitus oritur herba imbribus primoribus evocata" — as if the earth carols and glees to the spring. The marsh hawk, sailing low over the is the color of its flame; — the symbol of perpetual youth, the grassoozes out of the ground. It is almost identical with that, for in the

northerly and westerly sides, and wider still at the east end. A great field from the bushes on the shore — olit, olit, olit — chip, chip, chip, che char of ice has cracked off from the main body. I hear a song sparrow singing floor. But the wind slides eastward over its opaque surface in vain, till it - che wiss, wiss, wiss. He too is helping to crack it. How handsome the reaches the living surface beyond. It is glorious to behold this ribbon of recent severe but transient cold, and all watered or waved like a palace those of the shore, but more regular! It is unusually hard, owing to the great sweeping curves in the edge of the ice, answering somewhat to water sparkling in the sun, the bare face of the pond full of glee and Walden is melting apace. There is a canal two rods wide along the

for by the error of some calculator the vessel often splits upon a rock that should have reached a friendly pier — there is the untold fate of La

great discoverers and navigators, great adventurers and merchants, from Prouse; — universal science to be kept pace with, studying the lives of all Hanno and the Phoenicians down to our day; in fine, account of stock to the faculties of a man — such problems of profit and loss, of interest, of be taken from time to time, to know how you stand. It is a labor to task are and tret, and gauging of all kinds in it, as demand a universal knowledge. I have thought that Walden Pond would be a good place for business, not westerly wind, and ice in the Neva, would sweep St. Petersburg from the foundation. No Neva marshes to be filled; though you must everywhere solely on account of the railroad and the ice trade; it offers advantages which it may not be good policy to divulge; it is a good port and a good build on piles of your own driving. It is said that a flood-tide, with a face of the earth.

garments become more assimilated to ourselves, receiving the impress of vice betrayed is improvidence. I sometimes try my acquaintances by such bodies. No man ever stood the lower in my estimation for having a patch we are led oftener by the love of novelty and a regard for the opinions of have fashionable, or at least clean and unpatched clothes, than to have a sound conscience. But even if the rent is not mended, perhaps the worst As this business was to be entered into without the usual capital, it may in his clothes; yet I am sure that there is greater anxiety, commonly, to the wearer's character, until we hesitate to lay them aside without such Clothing, to come at once to the practical part of the question, perhaps men, in procuring it, than by a true utility. Let him who has work to do secondly, in this state of society, to cover nakedness, and he may judge recollect that the object of clothing is, first, to retain the vital heat, and without adding to his wardrobe. Kings and queens who wear a suit but cannot know the comfort of wearing a suit that fits. They are no better how much of any necessary or important work may be accomplished indispensable to every such undertaking, were to be obtained. As for once, though made by some tailor or dressmaker to their majesties, delay and medical appliances and some such solemnity even as our than wooden horses to hang the clean clothes on. Every day our not be easy to conjecture where those means, that will still be

flows out into. And not only it, but the institutions upon it are plastic like merely parasitic. Its throes will heave our exuviae from their graves. You may melt your metals and cast them into the most beautiful moulds you compared with whose great central life all animal and vegetable life is upon stratum like the leaves of a book, to be studied by geologists and can; they will never excite me like the forms which this molten earth antiquaries chiefly, but living poetry like the leaves of a tree, which precede flowers and fruit — not a fossil earth, but a living earth; clay in the hands of the potter.

quadruped from its burrow, and seeks the sea with music, or migrates to other climes in clouds. Thaw with his gentle persuasion is more powerful Ere long, not only on these banks, but on every hill and plain and in than Thor with his hammer. The one melts, the other but breaks in every hollow, the frost comes out of the ground like a dormant

summer to our winter memories, and is among the forms which art loves are suggestive of an inexpressible tenderness and fragile delicacy. We are weeds, at least, which widowed Nature wears. I am particularly attracted to copy, and which, in the vegetable kingdom, have the same relation to accustomed to hear this king described as a rude and boisterous tyrant; style, older than Greek or Egyptian. Many of the phenomena of Winter signs of the infant year just peeping forth with the stately beauty of the When the ground was partially bare of snow, and a few warm days had dried its surface somewhat, it was pleasant to compare the first tender withered vegetation which had withstood the winter — life-everlasting, by the arching and sheaf-like top of the wool-grass; it brings back the types already in the mind of man that astronomy has. It is an antique interesting frequently than in summer even, as if their beauty was not ripe till then; even cotton-grass, cat-tails, mulleins, johnswort, hardgoldenrods, pinweeds, and graceful wild grasses, more obvious and but with the gentleness of a lover he adorns the tresses of Summer. unexhausted granaries which entertain the earliest birds — decent hack, meadow-sweet, and other strong-stemmed plants, those

At the approach of spring the red squirrels got under my house, two at a time, directly under my feet as I sat reading or writing, and kept up the queerest chuckling and chirruping and vocal pirouetting and gurgling

England towns the accidental possession of wealth, and its manifestation ests as this — Who could wear a patch, or two extra seams only, over the not soonest salute the scarecrow? Passing a cornfield the other day, close were divested of their clothes. Could you, in such a case, tell surely of any Dress a scarecrow in your last shift, you standing shiftless by, who would premises with clothes on, but was easily quieted by a naked thief. It is an When Madam Pfeiffer, in her adventurous travels round the world, from only a little more weather-beaten than when I saw him last. I have heard interesting question how far men would retain their relative rank if they felt the necessity of wearing other than a travelling dress, when she went to meet the authorities, for she "was now in a civilized country, where . . . by a hat and coat on a stake, I recognized the owner of the farm. He was knee? Most behave as if they believed that their prospects for life would company of civilized men which belonged to the most respected class? east to west, had got so near home as Asiatic Russia, she says that she similar accident happens to the legs of his pantaloons, there is no help in dress and equipage alone, obtain for the possessor almost universal be ruined if they should do it. It would be easier for them to hobble to heathen, and need to have a missionary sent to them. Beside, clothes accident happens to a gentleman's legs, they can be mended; but if a respect. But they yield such respect, numerous as they are, are so far of a dog that barked at every stranger who approached his master's people are judged of by their clothes." Even in our democratic New respected. We know but few men, a great many coats and breeches. own with a broken leg than with a broken pantaloon. Often if an introduced sewing, a kind of work which you may call endless; a for it; for he considers, not what is truly respectable, but what is woman's dress, at least, is never done.

shoes, are fit to worship God in, they will do; will they not? Who ever saw soires and legislative balls must have new coats, coats to change as often as the man changes in them. But if my jacket and trousers, my hat and A man who has at length found something to do will not need to get a than they have served his valet — if a hero ever has a valet — bare feet garret for an indeterminate period. Old shoes will serve a hero longer new suit to do it in; for him the old will do, that has lain dusty in the are older than shoes, and he can make them do. Only they who go to his old clothes — his old coat, actually worn out, resolved into its

from one stage of pulpy leaves or branches to another, and ever and anon regarded, fancifully, as a lichen, umbilicaria, on the side of the head, with the silicious matter which the water deposits is perhaps the bony system, the sides of the cavernous mouth. The nose is a manifest congealed drop to form the sharp edges of its channel. Such are the sources of rivers. In or stalactite. The chin is a still larger drop, the confluent dripping of the sand organizes itself as it flows, using the best material its mass affords its lobe or drop. The lip — labium, from labor (?) — laps or lapses from finger is but a drop congealed. The fingers and toes flow to their extent swallowed up in the sand. It is wonderful how rapidly yet perfectly the and in the still finer soil and organic matter the fleshy fibre or cellular tissue. What is man but a mass of thawing clay? The ball of the human from the thawing mass of the body. Who knows what the human body vegetable leaf, too, is a thick and now loitering drop, larger or smaller; would expand and flow out to under a more genial heaven? Is not the face. The cheeks are a slide from the brows into the valley of the face, the lobes are the fingers of the leaf; and as many lobes as it has, in so hand a spreading palm leaf with its lobes and veins? The ear may be opposed and diffused by the cheek bones. Each rounded lobe of the many directions it tends to flow, and more heat or other genial influences would have caused it to flow yet farther.

excrementitious in its character, and there is no end to the heaps of liver, Spring. It precedes the green and flowery spring, as mythology precedes indigestions. It convinces me that Earth is still in her swaddling-clothes, the baldest brow. There is nothing inorganic. These foliaceous heaps lie blast" within. The earth is not a mere fragment of dead history, stratum operations of Nature. The Maker of this earth but patented a leaf. What lights, and bowels, as if the globe were turned wrong side outward; but along the bank like the slag of a furnace, showing that Nature is "in full mother of humanity. This is the frost coming out of the ground; this is and stretches forth baby fingers on every side. Fresh curls spring from Thus it seemed that this one hillside illustrated the principle of all the regular poetry. I know of nothing more purgative of winter fumes and this suggests at least that Nature has some bowels, and there again is Champollion will decipher this hieroglyphic for us, that we may turn over a new leaf at last? This phenomenon is more exhilarating to me than the luxuriance and fertility of vineyards. True, it is somewhat

some poor boy, by him perchance to be bestowed on some poorer still, or Otherwise we shall be found sailing under false colors, and be inevitably retires to solitary ponds to spend it. Thus also the snake casts its slough, something to be. Perhaps we should never procure a new suit, however clothes. If there is not a new man, how can the new clothes be made to primitive elements, so that it was not a deed of charity to bestow it on fit? If you have any enterprise before you, try it in your old clothes. All ragged or dirty the old, until we have so conducted, so enterprised or etain it would be like keeping new wine in old bottles. Our moulting enterprises that require new clothes, and not rather a new wearer of men want, not something to do with, but something to do, or rather sailed in some way, that we feel like new men in the old, and that to season, like that of the fowls, must be a crisis in our lives. The loon expansion; for clothes are but our outmost cuticle and mortal coil. cashiered at last by our own opinion, as well as that of mankind. shall we say richer, who could do with less? I say, beware of all and the caterpillar its wormy coat, by an internal industry and

for a dollar and a half a pair, a summer hat for a quarter of a dollar, and a addition without. Our outside and often thin and fanciful clothes are our as three thin ones, and cheap clothing can be obtained at prices really to without anxiety. While one thick garment is, for most purposes, as good winter cap for sixty-two and a half cents, or a better be made at home at and so destroying the man. I believe that all races at some seasons wear will last as many years, thick pantaloons for two dollars, cowhide boots simply that he can lay his hands on himself in the dark, and that he live town, he can, like the old philosopher, walk out the gate empty-handed suit customers; while a thick coat can be bought for five dollars, which a nominal cost, where is he so poor that, clad in such a suit, of his own something equivalent to the shirt. It is desirable that a man be clad so We don garment after garment, as if we grew like exogenous plants by stripped off here and there without fatal injury; our thicker garments, constantly worn, are our cellular integument, or cortex; but our shirts in all respects so compactly and preparedly that, if an enemy take the are our liber, or true bark, which cannot be removed without girdling epidermis, or false skin, which partakes not of our life, and may be earning, there will not be found wise men to do him reverence?

a lapsing; jiais, globus, lobe, globe; also lap, flap, and many other words); body, it is a moist thick lobe, a word especially applicable to the liver and butterfly. The very globe continually transcends and translates itself, and vitals of the globe, for this sandy overflow is something such a foliaceous impressed on the watery mirror. The whole tree itself is but one leaf, and mass as the vitals of the animal body. You find thus in the very sands an itself outwardly in leaves, it so labors with the idea inwardly. The atoms lungs and the leaves of fat (jnai, labor, lapsus, to flow or slip downward, becomes winged in its orbit. Even ice begins with delicate crystal leaves, feathers and wings of birds are still drier and thinner leaves. Thus, also, rivers are still vaster leaves whose pulp is intervening earth, and towns creation of an hour, I am affected as if in a peculiar sense I stood in the energy strewing his fresh designs about. I feel as if I were nearer to the have already learned this law, and are pregnant by it. The overhanging thus suddenly. When I see on the one side the inert bank — for the sun externally a dry thin leaf, even as the f and v are a pressed and dried b. anticipation of the vegetable leaf. No wonder that the earth expresses double lobed), with the liquid l behind it pressing it forward. In globe, leaf sees here its prototype. Internally, whether in the globe or animal glb, the guttural g adds to the meaning the capacity of the throat. The you pass from the lumpish grub in the earth to the airy and fluttering as if it had flowed into moulds which the fronds of waterplants have where he was still at work, sporting on this bank, and with excess of The radicals of lobe are lb, the soft mass of the b (single lobed, or B, aboratory of the Artist who made the world and me — had come to acts on one side first — and on the other this luxuriant foliage, the and cities are the ova of insects in their axils.

more heat and moisture, as the sun gets higher, the most fluid portion, in look closely you observe that first there pushes forward from the thawing mass a stream of softened sand with a drop-like point, like the ball of the within that, in which is seen a little silvery stream glancing like lightning When the sun withdraws the sand ceases to flow, but in the morning the streams will start once more and branch and branch again into a myriad of others. You here see perchance how blood-vessels are formed. If you its effort to obey the law to which the most inert also yields, separates finger, feeling its way slowly and blindly downward, until at last with from the latter and forms for itself a meandering channel or artery

gravely, "They do not make them so now," not emphasizing the "They" at word separately that I may come at the meaning of it, that I may find out all, as if she quoted an authority as impersonal as the Fates, and I find it difficult to get made what I want, simply because she cannot believe that I mean what I say, that I am so rash. When I hear this oracular sentence, recently, but they do now." Of what use this measuring of me if she does finally, I am inclined to answer her with equal mystery, and without any again; and then there would be some one in the company with a maggot The head monkey at Paris puts on a traveller's cap, and all the monkeys Parcae, but Fashion. She spins and weaves and cuts with full authority. in America do the same. I sometimes despair of getting anything quite in his head, hatched from an egg deposited there nobody knows when, Nevertheless, we will not forget that some Egyptian wheat was handed not measure my character, but only the breadth of my shoulders, as it for not even fire kills these things, and you would have lost your labor. simple and honest done in this world by the help of men. They would more emphasis of the "they" — "It is true, they did not make them so am for a moment absorbed in thought, emphasizing to myself each have to be passed through a powerful press first, to squeeze their old authority they may have in an affair which affects me so nearly; and, were a peg to bang the coat on? We worship not the Graces, nor the notions out of them, so that they would not soon get upon their legs When I ask for a garment of a particular form, my tailoress tells me by what degree of consanguinity They are related to me, and what down to us by a mummy.

what they can find on the beach, and at a little distance, whether of space beholding the costume of Henry VIII, or Queen Elizabeth, as much as if consecrate the costume of any people. Let Harlequin be taken with a fit On the whole, I think that it cannot be maintained that dressing has in this or any country risen to the dignity of an art. At present men make it was that of the King and Queen of the Cannibal Islands. All costume off a man is pitiful or grotesque. It is only the serious eye peering from or time, laugh at each other's masquerade. Every generation laughs at shift to wear what they can get. Like shipwrecked sailors, they put on the old fashions, but follows religiously the new. We are amused at and the sincere life passed within it which restrain laughter and

phenomenon not very common on so large a scale, though the number of impressed me as if it were a cave with its stalactites laid open to the light. thawing sand and clay assume in flowing down the sides of a deep cut on little clay. When the frost comes out in the spring, and even in a thawing multiplied since railroads were invented. The material was sand of every embracing the different iron colors, brown, gray, yellowish, and reddish. variously and beautifully shaded, but in which you can trace the original them, the laciniated, lobed, and imbricated thalluses of some lichens; or Few phenomena gave me more delight than to observe the forms which obeys half way the law of currents, and half way that of vegetation. As it flows it takes the forms of sappy leaves or vines, making heaps of pulpy spreads out flatter into strands, the separate streams losing their semiforms of vegetation; till at length, in the water itself, they are converted cylindrical form and gradually becoming more flat and broad, running into banks, like those formed off the mouths of rivers, and the forms of sometimes bursting out through the snow and overflowing it where no you are reminded of coral, of leopard's paws or birds' feet, of brains or together as they are more moist, till they form an almost flat sand, still architectural foliage more ancient and typical than acanthus, chiccory, vegetation, whose forms and color we see imitated in bronze, a sort of degree of fineness and of various rich colors, commonly mixed with a circumstances, to become a puzzle to future geologists. The whole cut interlace one with another, exhibiting a sort of hybrid product, which sprays a foot or more in depth, and resembling, as you look down on day in the winter, the sand begins to flow down the slopes like lava, sand was to be seen before. Innumerable little streams overlap and lungs or bowels, and excrements of all kinds. It is a truly grotesque freshly exposed banks of the right material must have been greatly When the flowing mass reaches the drain at the foot of the bank it The various shades of the sand are singularly rich and agreeable, ivy, vine, or any vegetable leaves; destined perhaps, under some the railroad through which I passed on my way to the village, a vegetation are lost in the ripple marks on the bottom.

What makes this sand foliage remarkable is its springing into existence The whole bank, which is from twenty to forty feet high, is sometimes quarter of a mile on one or both sides, the produce of one spring day. overlaid with a mass of this kind of foliage, or sandy rupture, for a

of the colic and his trappings will have to serve that mood too. When the soldier is hit by a cannonball, rags are as becoming as purple.

frequently happens that after the lapse of a season the latter becomes the The childish and savage taste of men and women for new patterns keeps which it is called. It is not barbarous merely because the printing is skindiscover the particular figure which this generation requires today. The manufacturers have learned that this taste is merely whimsical. Of two how many shaking and squinting through kaleidoscopes that they may patterns which differ only by a few threads more or less of a particular most fashionable. Comparatively, tattooing is not the hideous custom color, the one will be sold readily, the other lie on the shelf, though it deep and unalterable.

more like that of the English; and it cannot be wondered at, since, as far may get clothing. The condition of the operatives is becoming every day I cannot believe that our factory system is the best mode by which men Therefore, though they should fail immediately, they had better aim at may be well and honestly clad, but, unquestionably, that corporations as I have heard or observed, the principal object is, not that mankind may be enriched. In the long run men hit only what they aim at. something high. As for a Shelter, I will not deny that this is now a necessary of life, though comforts, which phrase may have originally signified the satisfactions of partial and occasional in those climates where the house is associated in summer, it was formerly almost solely a covering at night. In the Indian colder countries than this. Samuel Laing says that "the Laplander in his skin dress, and in a skin bag which he puts over his head and shoulders, other people." But, probably, man did not live long on the earth without gazettes a wigwam was the symbol of a day's march, and a row of them He had seen them asleep thus. Yet he adds, "They are not hardier than our thoughts with winter or the rainy season chiefly, and two thirds of would extinguish the life of one exposed to it in any woollen clothing." there are instances of men having done without it for long periods in will sleep night after night on the snow . . . in a degree of cold which discovering the convenience which there is in a house, the domestic the house more than of the family; though these must be extremely the year, except for a parasol, is unnecessary. In our climate, in the

ice remaining. Not seeing any ducks, he hid his boat on the north or back which he found, unexpectedly, covered for the most part with a firm field edge grating on the shore — at first gently nibbled and crumbled off, but acquire more of natural lore if he should live to the age of Methuselah and drifted in to the shore, and the sound he had heard was made by its of ice. It was a warm day, and he was surprised to see so great a body of likely that some would be along pretty soon. After he had lain still there with quakings of the earth. One old man, who has been a close observer without obstruction from Sudbury, where he lived, to Fair Haven Pond, side of an island in the pond, and then concealed himself in the bushes once like the sound of a vast body of fowl coming in to settle there, and, of Nature, and seems as thoroughly wise in regard to all her operations with a muddy bottom, such as the ducks love, within, and he thought it seizing his gun, he started up in haste and excited; but he found, to his them — that one spring day he took his gun and boat, and thought that rods from the shore, and there was a smooth and warm sheet of water, memorable ending, a sullen rush and roar, which seemed to him all at surprise, that the whole body of the ice had started while he lay there, as if she had been put upon the stocks when he was a boy, and he had Nature's operations, for I thought that there were no secrets between on the south side, to await them. The ice was melted for three or four helped to lay her keel — who has come to his growth, and can hardly told me — and I was surprised to hear him express wonder at any of he would have a little sport with the ducks. There was ice still on the about an hour he heard a low and seemingly very distant sound, but gradually swelling and increasing as if it would have a universal and singularly grand and impressive, unlike anything he had ever heard, meadows, but it was all gone out of the river, and he dropped down at length heaving up and scattering its wrecks along the island to a considerable height before it came to a standstill.

cheered by the music of a thousand tinkling rills and rivulets whose veins with incense, through which the traveller picks his way from islet to islet, blow up mist and rain and melt the snowbanks, and the sun, dispersing At length the sun's rays have attained the right angle, and warm winds the mist, smiles on a checkered landscape of russet and white smoking are filled with the blood of winter which they are bearing off.

other clothes. Man wanted a home, a place of warmth, or comfort, first of seek to narrow his world and wall in a space such as fitted him. He was at cut or painted on the bark of a tree signified that so many times they had camped. Man was not made so large limbed and robust but that he must serene and warm weather, by daylight, the rainy season and the winter, the bud if he had not made haste to clothe himself with the shelter of a to say nothing of the torrid sun, would perhaps have nipped his race in house. Adam and Eve, according to the fable, wore the bower before first bare and out of doors; but though this was pleasant enough in warmth, then the warmth of the affections.

boards and shingles, of stones and tiles. At last, we know not what it is to Who does not remember the interest with which, when young, he looked of bark and boughs, of linen woven and stretched, of grass and straw, of obstruction between us and the celestial bodies, if the poet did not speak so much from under a roof, or the saint dwell there so long. Birds do not in wet and cold. It plays house, as well as horse, having an instinct for it. at shelving rocks, or any approach to a cave? It was the natural yearning begins the world again, to some extent, and loves to stay outdoors, even enterprising mortal crept into a hollow in a rock for shelter. Every child survived in us. From the cave we have advanced to roofs of palm leaves, live in the open air, and our lives are domestic in more senses than we We may imagine a time when, in the infancy of the human race, some perhaps, if we were to spend more of our days and nights without any of that portion, any portion of our most primitive ancestor which still think. From the hearth the field is a great distance. It would be well, sing in caves, nor do doves cherish their innocence in dovecots.

town, living in tents of thin cotton cloth, while the snow was nearly a foot honestly, with freedom left for my proper pursuits, was a question which However, if one designs to construct a dwelling-house, it behooves him somewhat callous, I used to see a large box by the railroad, six feet long to exercise a little Yankee shrewdness, lest after all he find himself in a vexed me even more than it does now, for unfortunately I am become shelter is absolutely necessary. I have seen Penobscot Indians, in this prison, or a splendid mausoleum instead. Consider first how slight a workhouse, a labyrinth without a clue, a museum, an almshouse, a deep around them, and I thought that they would be glad to have it deeper to keep out the wind. Formerly, when how to get my living

when it should as surely as the buds expand in the spring. The earth is all thing to be so sensitive? Yet it has its law to which it thunders obedience does. Who would have suspected so large and cold and thick-skinned a stunned by a blow on it. The fishermen say that the "thundering of the thundering; but though I may perceive no difference in the weather, it pond" scares the fishes and prevents their biting. The pond does not alive and covered with papillae. The largest pond is as sensitive to thunder every evening, and I cannot tell surely when to expect its atmospheric changes as the globule of mercury in its tube.

bluebird, song sparrow, and red-wing, the ice was still nearly a foot thick. 8th of April; in '51, the 28th of March; in '52, the 18th of April; in '53, the leisure and opportunity to see the Spring come in. The ice in the pond at As the weather grew warmer it was not sensibly worn away by the water, completely open on the 1st of April; in '46, the 25th of March; in '47, the chance note of some arriving bird, or the striped squirrel's chirp, for his nor broken up and floated off as in rivers, but, though it was completely honeycombed and saturated with water, so that you could put your foot stores must be now nearly exhausted, or see the woodchuck venture out after a warm rain followed by fog, it would have wholly disappeared, all through it when six inches thick; but by the next day evening, perhaps, gone off with the fog, spirited away. One year I went across the middle length begins to be honeycombed, and I can set my heel in it as I walk. days have grown sensibly longer; and I see how I shall get through the melted for half a rod in width about the shore, the middle was merely only five days before it disappeared entirely. In 1845 Walden was first Fogs and rains and warmer suns are gradually melting the snow; the One attraction in coming to the woods to live was that I should have winter without adding to my wood-pile, for large fires are no longer necessary. I am on the alert for the first signs of spring, to hear the of his winter quarters. On the 13th of March, after I had heard the 23d of March; in '54, about the 7th of April.

and the settling of the weather is particularly interesting to us who live in loud as artillery, as if its icy fetters were rent from end to end, and within a few days see it rapidly going out. So the alligator comes out of the mud dwell near the river hear the ice crack at night with a startling whoop as Every incident connected with the breaking up of the rivers and ponds a climate of so great extremes. When the warmer days come, they who

by three wide, in which the laborers locked up their tools at night; and it

various utensils. The Indians had advanced so far as to regulate the effect but it cannot so be disposed of. A comfortable house for a rude and hardy air at least, get into it when it rained and at night, and hook down the lid, harassed to death to pay the rent of a larger and more luxurious box who of the wind by a mat suspended over the hole in the roof and moved by a without any landlord or house-lord dogging you for rent. Many a man is of such materials as Nature furnished ready to their hands. Gookin, who seasons when the sap is up, and made into great flakes, with pressure of race, that lived mostly out of doors, was once made here almost entirely string. Such a lodge was in the first instance constructed in a day or two was superintendent of the Indians subject to the Massachusetts Colony, suggested to me that every man who was hard pushed might get such a appear the worst, nor by any means a despicable alternative. You could jesting. Economy is a subject which admits of being treated with levity, writing in 1674, says, "The best of their houses are covered very neatly, one for a dollar, and, having bored a few auger holes in it, to admit the indifferently tight and warm, but not so good as the former. . . . Some I have seen, sixty or a hundred feet long and thirty feet broad. . . . I have English houses." He adds that they were commonly carpeted and lined tight and warm, with barks of trees, slipped from their bodies at those within with well-wrought embroidered mats, and were furnished with weighty timber, when they are green. . . . The meaner sort are covered at most, and taken down and put up in a few hours; and every family and so have freedom in his love, and in his soul be free. This did not often lodged in their wigwams, and found them as warm as the best would not have frozen to death in such a box as this. I am far from sit up as late as you pleased, and, whenever you got up, go abroad with mats which they make of a kind of bulrush, and are also owned one, or its apartment in one.

prevails, the number of those who own a shelter is a very small fraction in the savage state every family owns a shelter as good as the best, and within bounds when I say that, though the birds of the air have their sufficient for its coarser and simpler wants; but I think that I speak modern civilized society not more than one half the families own a nests, and the foxes their holes, and the savages their wigwams, in shelter. In the large towns and cities, where civilization especially

Cambridge to freeze water in a shallow wooden pond, though the cold air wide, about the shores, created by this reflected heat. Also, as I have said, the bubbles themselves within the ice operate as burning-glasses to melt until it is completely honeycombed, and at last disappears suddenly in a surface the ice over it is much thinner, and is frequently quite dissolved circulated underneath, and so had access to both sides, the reflection of bubbles which it contains to extend themselves upward and downward from Walden, and leaves a hard dark or transparent ice on the middle, whatever may be its position, the air cells are at right angles with what begins to rot or "comb," that is, assume the appearance of honeycomb, was the water surface. Where there is a rock or a log rising near to the by this reflected heat; and I have been told that in the experiment at there will be a strip of rotten though thicker white ice, a rod or more single spring rain. Ice has its grain as well as wood, and when a cake the sun from the bottom more than counterbalanced this advantage. When a warm rain in the middle of the winter melts off the snow-ice the ice beneath.

warmed more rapidly than the deep, though it may not be made so warm surprise, that when I struck the ice with the head of my axe, it resounded increasing tumult, which was kept up three or four hours. It took a short full of cracks, and the air also being less elastic, it had completely lost its its evening gun with great regularity. But in the middle of the day, being withdrawing his influence. In the right stage of the weather a pond fires morning. The day is an epitome of the year. The night is the winter, the head. The pond began to boom about an hour after sunrise, when it felt resonance, and probably fishes and muskrats could not then have been like a gong for many rods around, or as if I had struck on a tight drumtemperature. One pleasant morning after a cold night, February 24th, The phenomena of the year take place every day in a pond on a small scale. Every morning, generally speaking, the shallow water is being siesta at noon, and boomed once more toward night, as the sun was after all, and every evening it is being cooled more rapidly until the the influence of the sun's rays slanted upon it from over the hills; it summer. The cracking and booming of the ice indicate a change of 1850, having gone to Flint's Pond to spend the day, I noticed with morning and evening are the spring and fall, and the noon is the stretched itself and yawned like a waking man with a gradually

Would the savage have been wise to exchange his wigwam for a palace on owning, but it is evident that the savage owns his shelter because it costs average house in this neighborhood costs perhaps eight hundred dollars, become indispensable summer and winter, which would buy a village of indian wigwams, but now helps to keep them poor as long as they live. I shown that it has produced better dwellings without making them more and to lay up this sum will take from ten to fifteen years of the laborer's do not mean to insist here on the disadvantage of hiring compared with costly; and the cost of a thing is the amount of what I will call life which so little, while the civilized man hires his commonly because he cannot commodious cellar, and many other things. But how happens it that he while the savage, who has them not, is rich as a savage? If it is asserted that civilization is a real advance in the condition of man — and I think suppose him to pay a rent instead, this is but a doubtful choice of evils. of the whole. The rest pay an annual tax for this outside garment of all, who is said to enjoy these things is so commonly a poor civilized man, that it is, though only the wise improve their advantages — it must be is required to be exchanged for it, immediately or in the long run. An afford to own it; nor can he, in the long run, any better afford to hire. centuries, spacious apartments, clean paint and paper, Rumford firereceive more, others receive less; — so that he must have spent more place, back plastering, Venetian blinds, copper pump, spring lock, a than half his life commonly before his wigwam will be earned. If we pecuniary value of every man's labor at one dollar a day, for if some But, answers one, by merely paying this tax, the poor civilized man secures an abode which is a palace compared with the savage's. An annual rent of from twenty-five to a hundred dollars (these are the country rates) entitles him to the benefit of the improvements of life, even if he is not encumbered with a family — estimating the these terms?

savage; and, no doubt, they have designs on us for our benefit, in making the individual is concerned, mainly to the defraying of funeral expenses. this superfluous property as a fund in store against the future, so far as It may be guessed that I reduce almost the whole advantage of holding But perhaps a man is not required to bury himself. Nevertheless this points to an important distinction between the civilized man and the the life of a civilized people an institution, in which the life of the

#### SPRING

temperature of the deep water and the shallow in the latter pond, and the The opening of large tracts by the ice-cutters commonly causes a pond to stream passing through it to melt or wear away the ice. I never knew it to Walden increases almost uninterruptedly. A thermometer thrust into the foot thick, at 36x. This difference of three and a half degrees between the summer must have perceived how much warmer the water is close to the and is reflected from the bottom in shallow water, and so also warms the point; near the shore at 33x; in the middle of Flint's Pond, the same day, weather, wears away the surrounding ice. But such was not the effect on the ponds so severe a trial. It commonly opens about the first of April, a much retard the opening of the former ponds, while the temperature of should break up so much sooner than Walden. The ice in the shallowest place of the old. This pond never breaks up so soon as the others in this and on the surface where it is deep, than near the bottom. In spring the midwinter the middle had been the warmest and the ice thinnest there. Walden that year, for she had soon got a thick new garment to take the open in the course of a winter, not excepting that of '52-3, which gave fact that a great proportion of it is comparatively shallow, show why it sun not only exerts an influence through the increased temperature of week or ten days later than Flint's Pond and Fair Haven, beginning to middle of Walden on the 6th of March, 1847, stood at 32x, or freezing at 32+x; at a dozen rods from the shore, in shallow water, under ice a shore, where only three or four inches deep, than a little distance out, neighborhood, on account both of its greater depth and its having no melting it more directly above, making it uneven, and causing the air temperature. A severe cold of a few days duration in March may very the air and earth, but its heat passes through ice a foot or more thick, water and melts the under side of the ice, at the same time that it is melt on the north side and in the shallower parts where it began to progress of the season, being least affected by transient changes of So, also, every one who has waded about the shores of the pond in part was at this time several inches thinner than in the middle. In freeze. It indicates better than any water hereabouts the absolute break up earlier; for the water, agitated by the wind, even in cold

present obtained, and to suggest that we may possibly so live as to secure that of the race. But I wish to show at what a sacrifice this advantage is at all the advantage without suffering any of the disadvantage. What mean individual is to a great extent absorbed, in order to preserve and perfect ye by saying that the poor ye have always with you, or that the fathers nave eaten sour grapes, and the children's teeth are set on edge? 'As I live, saith the Lord God, ye shall not have occasion any more to use this proverb in Israel.

"Behold all souls are mine; as the soul of the father, so also the soul of the son is mine: the soul that sinneth, it shall die."

the springboards from which much of our civilization vaults and turns its encumbrance, and still a man is found to inherit it, being well acquainted the merchants, however, one of them says pertinently that a great part of worse sense than they who fail honestly. Bankruptcy and repudiation are inquire at the bank where they are mortgaged. The man who has actually outweigh the value of the farm, so that the farm itself becomes one great paid for his farm with labor on it is so rare that every neighbor can point When I consider my neighbors, the farmers of Concord, who are at least that they cannot at once name a dozen in the town who own their farms been toiling twenty, thirty, or forty years, that they may become the real with it, as he says. On applying to the assessors, I am surprised to learn said of the merchants, that a very large majority, even ninety-seven in a moral character that breaks down. But this puts an infinitely worse face to him. I doubt if there are three such men in Concord. What has been their failures are not genuine pecuniary failures, but merely failures to hundred, are sure to fail, is equally true of the farmers. With regard to encumbrances, or else bought with hired money — and we may regard somersets, but the savage stands on the unelastic plank of famine. Yet as well off as the other classes, I find that for the most part they have one third of that toil as the cost of their houses — but commonly they on the matter, and suggests, beside, that probably not even the other three succeed in saving their souls, but are perchance bankrupt in a have not paid for them yet. It is true, the encumbrances sometimes fulfil their engagements, because it is inconvenient; that is, it is the free and clear. If you would know the history of these homesteads, owners of their farms, which commonly they have inherited with

periplus of Hanno, and, floating by Ternate and Tidore and the mouth of the sacred water of the Ganges. With favoring winds it is wafted past the site of the fabulous islands of Atlantis and the Hesperides, makes the the Persian Gulf, melts in the tropic gales of the Indian seas, and is landed in ports of which Alexander only heard the names.

the Middlesex Cattle Show goes off here with eclat annually, as if all the joints of the agricultural machine were suent.

formula more complicated than the problem itself. To get his shoestrings he turned away, got his own leg into it. This is the reason he is poor; and trap with a hair spring to catch comfort and independence, and then, as he speculates in herds of cattle. With consummate skill he has set his The farmer is endeavoring to solve the problem of a livelihood by a for a similar reason we are all poor in respect to a thousand savage comforts, though surrounded by luxuries. As Chapman sings,

"The false society of men

— for earthly greatness

All heavenly comforts rarefies to air."

Minerva made, that she "had not made it movable, by which means a bad own scurvy selves. I know one or two families, at least, in this town, who, outskirts and move into the village, but have not been able to accomplish And when the farmer has got his house, he may not be the richer but the houses are such unwieldy property that we are often imprisoned rather poorer for it, and it be the house that has got him. As I understand it, for nearly a generation, have been wishing to sell their houses in the than housed in them; and the bad neighborhood to be avoided is our that was a valid objection urged by Momus against the house which neighborhood might be avoided"; and it may still be urged, for our it, and only death will set them free.

noblemen and kings. And if the civilized man's pursuits are no worthier obtaining gross necessaries and comforts merely, why should he have a improving our houses, it has not equally improved the men who are to modern house with all its improvements. While civilization has been inhabit them. It has created palaces, but it was not so easy to create Granted that the majority are able at last either to own or hire the than the savage's, if he is employed the greater part of his life in better dwelling than the former?

class is counterbalanced by the indigence of another. On the one side is But how do the poor minority fare? Perhaps it will be found that just in proportion as some have been placed in outward circumstances above the savage, others have been degraded below him. The luxury of one

of interest to all passers. I have noticed that a portion of Walden which in the village street, and lies there for a week like a great emerald, an object putrid, but frozen remains sweet forever? It is commonly said that this is same point of view blue. So the hollows about this pond will, sometimes, in the winter, be filled with a greenish water somewhat like its own, but the bluest. Ice is an interesting subject for contemplation. They told me that they had some in the ice-houses at Fresh Pond five years old which ice is due to the light and air they contain, and the most transparent is the next day will have frozen blue. Perhaps the blue color of water and the state of water was green will often, when frozen, appear from the was as good as ever. Why is it that a bucket of water soon becomes the difference between the affections and the intellect. Thus for sixteen days I saw from my window a hundred men at work like clouds and the trees, and sending up its evaporations in solitude, and no traces will appear that a man has ever stood there. Perhaps I shall hear a they are all gone, and in thirty days more, probably, I shall look from the fisher in his boat, like a floating leaf, beholding his form reflected in the almanac; and as often as I looked out I was reminded of the fable of the same window on the pure sea-green Walden water there, reflecting the implements of farming, such a picture as we see on the first page of the lark and the reapers, or the parable of the sower, and the like; and now solitary loon laugh as he dives and plumes himself, or shall see a lonely busy husbandmen, with teams and horses and apparently all the waves, where lately a hundred men securely labored.

his servant come to draw water for his master, and our buckets as it were gods have elapsed, and in comparison with which our modern world and philosophy of the Bhagvat-Geeta, since whose composition years of the its literature seem puny and trivial; and I doubt if that philosophy is not Vedas, or dwells at the root of a tree with his crust and water jug. I meet Vishnu and Indra, who still sits in his temple on the Ganges reading the grate together in the same well. The pure Walden water is mingled with to be referred to a previous state of existence, so remote is its sublimity from our conceptions. I lay down the book and go to my well for water, Thus it appears that the sweltering inhabitants of Charleston and New Orleans, of Madras and Bombay and Calcutta, drink at my well. In the and lo! there I meet the servant of the Bramin, priest of Brahma and morning I bathe my intellect in the stupendous and cosmogonal

misery, and the development of all their limbs and faculties is checked. It where I see in my daily walks human beings living in sties, and all winter mason who finishes the cornice of the palace returns at night perchance country where the usual evidences of civilization exist, the condition of a England, which is the great workhouse of the world. Or I could refer you race before it was degraded by contact with the civilized man. Yet I have to Ireland, which is marked as one of the white or enlightened spots on North American Indian, or the South Sea Islander, or any other savage no doubt that that people's rulers are as wise as the average of civilized everywhere border our railroads, that last improvement in civilization; savages. I refer to the degraded poor, not now to the degraded rich. To ess extent, is the condition of the operatives of every denomination in distinguish this generation are accomplished. Such too, to a greater or myriads who built the pyramids to be the tombs of the Pharaohs were to a hut not so good as a wigwam. It is a mistake to suppose that, in a know this I should not need to look farther than to the shanties which rulers. Their condition only proves what squalidness may consist with led on garlic, and it may be were not decently buried themselves. The themselves a staple production of the South. But to confine myself to permanently contracted by the long habit of shrinking from cold and the map. Contrast the physical condition of the Irish with that of the very large body of the inhabitants may not be as degraded as that of certainly is fair to look at that class by whose labor the works which civilization. I hardly need refer now to the laborers in our Southern the palace, on the other are the almshouse and "silent poor." The with an open door, for the sake of light, without any visible, often maginable, wood-pile, and the forms of both old and young are States who produce the staple exports of this country, and are those who are said to be in moderate circumstances.

they must have such a one as their neighbors have. As if one were to wear yet all would admit that man could not afford to pay for. Shall we always invent a house still more convenient and luxurious than we have, which times because he could not afford to buy him a crown! It is possible to actually though needlessly poor all their lives because they think that eaving off palm-leaf hat or cap of woodchuck skin, complain of hard Most men appear never to have considered what a house is, and are any sort of coat which the tailor might cut out for him, or, gradually

raised by grappling irons and block and tackle, worked by horses, on to a get out a thousand tons, which was the yield of about one acre. Deep ruts designed to pierce the clouds. They told me that in a good day they could and "cradle-holes" were worn in the ice, as on terra firma, by the passage heap, made in the winter of '46-7 and estimated to contain ten thousand seven rods square, putting hay between the outside layers to exclude the heap had a different destiny from what was intended; for, either because by side, and row upon row, as if they formed the solid base of an obelisk stack, as surely as so many barrels of flour, and there placed evenly side of the sleds over the same track, and the horses invariably ate their oats air; for when the wind, though never so cold, finds a passage through, it there, and finally topple it down. At first it looked like a vast blue fort or venerable moss-grown and hoary ruin, built of azure-tinted marble, the he had a design to estivate with us. They calculated that not twenty-five sledded to the shore, were rapidly hauled off on to an ice platform, and out of cakes of ice hollowed out like buckets. They stacked up the cakes crevices, and this became covered with rime and icicles, it looked like a abode of Winter, that old man we see in the almanac — his shanty, as if thus in the open air in a pile thirty-five feet high on one side and six or the ice was found not to keep so well as was expected, containing more from Cambridge every day to get out the ice. They divided it into cakes Valhalla; but when they began to tuck the coarse meadow hay into the will wear large cavities, leaving slight supports or studs only here and remaining exposed to the sun, it stood over that summer and the next winter, and was not quite melted till September, 1848. Thus the pond per cent of this would reach its destination, and that two or three per cent would be wasted in the cars. However, a still greater part of this To speak literally, a hundred Irishmen, with Yankee overseers, came air than usual, or for some other reason, it never got to market. This by methods too well known to require description, and these, being tons, was finally covered with hay and boards; and though it was unroofed the following July, and a part of it carried off, the rest recovered the greater part.

Like the water, the Walden ice, seen near at hand, has a green tint, but at of the river, or the merely greenish ice of some ponds, a quarter of a mile off. Sometimes one of those great cakes slips from the ice-man's sled into a distance is beautifully blue, and you can easily tell it from the white ice

with less? Shall the respectable citizen thus gravely teach, by precept and as the Arab's or the Indian's? When I think of the benefactors of the race, example, the necessity of the young man's providing a certain number of empty guests, before he dies? Why should not our furniture be as simple be man's morning work in this world? I had three pieces of limestone on my desk, but I was terrified to find that they required to be dusted daily, out the window in disgust. How, then, could I have a furnished house? I any carload of fashionable furniture. Or what if I were to allow — would would rather sit in the open air, for no dust gathers on the grass, unless work! By the blushes of Aurora and the music of Memnon, what should superfluous glow-shoes, and umbrellas, and empty guest chambers for into the dust hole, and not leave her morning's work undone. Morning study to obtain more of these things, and not sometimes to be content defiled with it, and a good housewife would sweep out the greater part when the furniture of my mind was all undusted still, and threw them divine gifts to man, I do not see in my mind any retinue at their heels, whom we have apotheosized as messengers from heaven, bearers of it not be a singular allowance? — that our furniture should be more intellectually his superiors! At present our houses are cluttered and complex than the Arab's, in proportion as we are morally and where man has broken ground.

Celestial Empire, which Jonathan should be ashamed to know the names soon discovers this, for the publicans presume him to be a Sardanapalus, with a free circulation, than go to heaven in the fancy car of an excursion It is the luxurious and dissipated who set the fashions which the herd so completely emasculated. I think that in the railroad car we are inclined crowded on a velvet cushion. I would rather ride on earth in an ox cart, diligently follow. The traveller who stops at the best houses, so called, invented for the ladies of the harem and the effeminate natives of the drawing-room, with its divans, and ottomans, and sun-shades, and a threatens without attaining these to become no better than a modern of. I would rather sit on a pumpkin and have it all to myself than be and if he resigned himself to their tender mercies he would soon be hundred other oriental things, which we are taking west with us, to spend more on luxury than on safety and convenience, and it train and breathe a malaria all the way.

through the favoring winter air, to wintry cellars, to underlie the summer when I went among them they were wont to invite me to saw pit-fashion there. It looks like solidified azure, as, far off, it is drawn through the streets. These ice-cutters are a merry race, full of jest and sport, and element and air, held fast by chains and stakes like corded wood, with them, I standing underneath.

took off the only coat, ay, the skin itself, of Walden Pond in the midst of a take refuge in my house, and acknowledged that there was some virtue in extraction swoop down on to our pond one morning, with many carloads that they must be cutting peat in a bog. So they came and went every day, or the Cultivator. I did not know whether they had come to sow a crop of winter rye, or some other kind of grain recently introduced from Iceland. sand, or rather the water — for it was a very springy soil — indeed all the pointed pike-staff, such as is not described in the New-England Farmer the ninth part of a man, almost gave up his animal heat, and was glad to dropped into the furrow, a gang of fellows by my side suddenly began to model farm; but when I was looking sharp to see what kind of seed they As I saw no manure, I judged that they meant to skim the land, as I had toward Tartarus, and he who was so brave before suddenly became but done, thinking the soil was deep and had lain fallow long enough. They hook up the virgin mould itself, with a peculiar jerk, clean down to the terra firma there was — and haul it away on sleds, and then I guessed with a peculiar shriek from the locomotive, from and to some point of walking behind his team, slipped through a crack in the ground down double his money, which, as I understood, amounted to half a million the polar regions, as it seemed to me, like a flock of arctic snow-birds. already; but in order to cover each one of his dollars with another, he of ungainly-looking farming tools — sleds, plows, drill-barrows, turfsaid that a gentleman farmer, who was behind the scenes, wanted to knives, spades, saws, rakes, and each man was armed with a doublehard winter. They went to work at once, plowing, barrowing, rolling, furrowing, in admirable order, as if they were bent on making this a In the winter of '46-7 there came a hundred men of Hyperborean But sometimes Squaw Walden had her revenge, and a hired man, a stove; or sometimes the frozen soil took a piece of steel out of a plowshare, or a plow got set in the furrow and had to be cut out.

proprietor of such great impropriety is, Who bolsters you? Are you one of called rich and refined life is a thing jumped at, and I do not get on in the ourney again. He dwelt, as it were, in a tent in this world, and was either of man's struggle to free himself from this condition, but the effect of our not give way under the visitor while he is admiring the gewgaws upon the stripped, and our lives must be stripped, and beautiful housekeeping and nature. When he was refreshed with food and sleep, he contemplated his consider how our houses are built and paid for, or not paid for, and their Before we can adorn our houses with beautiful objects the walls must be art is merely to make this low state comfortable and that higher state to beautiful living be laid for a foundation: now, a taste for the beautiful is threading the valleys, or crossing the plains, or climbing the mountainand for the next a family tomb. The best works of art are the expression forgotten heaven. We have adopted Christianity merely as an improved internal economy managed and sustained, I wonder that the floor does occupied with the jump; for I remember that the greatest genuine leap, imply this advantage, at least, that they left him still but a sojourner in now no longer camp as for a night, but have settled down on earth and be forgotten. There is actually no place in this village for a work of fine questions, and then perhaps I may look at your bawbles and find them the ninety-seven who fail, or the three who succeed? Answer me these method of agri-culture. We have built for this world a family mansion, art, if any had come down to us, to stand, for our lives, our houses and Without factitious support, man is sure to come to earth again beyond armer; and he who stood under a tree for shelter, a housekeeper. We streets, furnish no proper pedestal for it. There is not a nail to hang a picture on, nor a shelf to receive the bust of a hero or a saint. When I ornamental. The cart before the horse is neither beautiful nor useful. The very simplicity and nakedness of man's life in the primitive ages enjoyment of the fine arts which adorn it, my attention being wholly due to human muscles alone, on record, is that of certain wandering tops. But lo! men have become the tools of their tools. The man who honest though earthy foundation. I cannot but perceive that this so-Arabs, who are said to have cleared twenty-five feet on level ground. mantelpiece, and let him through into the cellar, to some solid and independently plucked the fruits when he was hungry is become a that distance. The first question which I am tempted to put to the

powder or sawdust to the mouth of the hole, and then putting a strainer over the spring in the meadow, which would catch some of the particles meadow, if any existed, might be proved by conveying some, colored that if such a "leach-hole" should be found, its connection with the carried through by the current.

ran in, it raised and floated the ice. This was somewhat like cutting a hole immediately to run into these holes, and continued to run for two days in While I was surveying, the ice, which was sixteen inches thick, undulated essentially, if not mainly, to dry the surface of the pond; for, as the water Sometimes, also, when the ice was covered with shallow puddles, I saw a attached to the shore. It was probably greater in the middle. Who knows a rain succeeds, and finally a new freezing forms a fresh smooth ice over all, it is beautifully mottled internally by dark figures, shaped somewhat in the bottom of a ship to let the water out. When such holes freeze, and on the ice, was three quarters of an inch, though the ice appeared firmly difference of several feet on a tree across the pond. When I began to cut undulation in the crust of the earth? When two legs of my level were on the shore and the third on the ice, and the sights were directed over the double shadow of myself, one standing on the head of the other, one on observed by means of a level on land directed toward a graduated staff latter, a rise or fall of the ice of an almost infinitesimal amount made a deep streams, which wore away the ice on every side, and contributed holes for sounding there were three or four inches of water on the ice under a slight wind like water. It is well known that a level cannot be used on ice. At one rod from the shore its greatest fluctuation, when under a deep snow which had sunk it thus far; but the water began like a spider's web, what you may call ice rosettes, produced by the but if our instruments were delicate enough we might detect an channels worn by the water flowing from all sides to a centre. the ice, the other on the trees or hillside.

drink; impressively, even pathetically, wise, to foresee the heat and thirst many things are not provided for. It may be that he lays up no treasures saws the solid pond, unroofs the house of fishes, and carts off their very in this world which will cool his summer drink in the next. He cuts and prudent landlord comes from the village to get ice to cool his summer While yet it is cold January, and snow and ice are thick and solid, the of July now in January — wearing a thick coat and mittens! when so

most cultivated out of doors, where there is no house and no

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build farmhouses at first according to their wishes, dig a square pit in the they think proper, case the earth inside with wood all round the wall, and Old Johnson, in his "Wonder–Working Providence," speaking of the first settlers of this town, with whom he was contemporary, tells us that "they burrow themselves in the earth for their first shelter under some hillside, in order not to discourage poor laboring people whom they brought over the earth, at the highest side." They did not "provide them houses," says them," and the first year's crop was so light that "they were forced to cut their bread very thin for a long season." The secretary of the Province of who wished to take up land there, states more particularly that "those in New Netherland, and especially in New England, who have no means to New Netherland, writing in Dutch, in 1650, for the information of those adapted to the size of the family. The wealthy and principal men in New overhead for a ceiling, raise a roof of spars clear up, and cover the spars in numbers from Fatherland. In the course of three or four years, when and, casting the soil aloft upon timber, they make a smoky fire against waste time in building, and not to want food the next season; secondly, houses with their entire families for two, three, and four years, it being dwelling-houses in this fashion for two reasons: firstly, in order not to ground, cellar fashion, six or seven feet deep, as long and as broad as he, "till the earth, by the Lord's blessing, brought forth bread to feed line the wood with the bark of trees or something else to prevent the with bark or green sods, so that they can live dry and warm in these understood that partitions are run through those cellars which are caving in of the earth; floor this cellar with plank, and wainscot it the country became adapted to agriculture, they built themselves England, in the beginning of the colonies, commenced their first handsome houses, spending on them several thousands."

acquiring for myself one of our luxurious dwellings, I am deterred, for, so their wheaten. Not that all architectural ornament is to be neglected even In this course which our ancestors took there was a show of prudence at still forced to cut our spiritual bread far thinner than our forefathers did least, as if their principle were to satisfy the more pressing wants first. to speak, the country is not yet adapted to human culture, and we are But are the more pressing wants satisfied now? When I think of

promontories of the shore, the ancient axes of elevation. When this bar is gradually increased by storms, tides, or currents, or there is a subsidence reflected in his bosom, they suggest a corresponding depth in him. But a of the waters, so that it reaches to the surface, that which was at first but may we not suppose that such a bar has risen to the surface somewhere? how his shores trend and his adjacent country or circumstances, to infer an inclination in the shore in which a thought was harbored becomes an detained and partially land-locked. These inclinations are not whimsical own conditions — changes, perhaps, from salt to fresh, becomes a sweet the bights of the bays of poesy, or steer for the public ports of entry, and part, stand off and on upon a harborless coast, are conversant only with low and smooth shore proves him shallow on that side. In our bodies, a sea, dead sea, or a marsh. At the advent of each individual into this life. bold projecting brow falls off to and indicates a corresponding depth of individual lake, cut off from the ocean, wherein the thought secures its go into the dry docks of science, where they merely refit for this world, particular inclination; each is our harbor for a season, in which we are It is true, we are such poor navigators that our thoughts, for the most his depth and concealed bottom. If he is surrounded by mountainous circumstances, an Achillean shore, whose peaks overshadow and are thought. Also there is a bar across the entrance of our every cove, or usually, but their form, size, and direction are determined by the and no natural currents concur to individualize them.

line, such places may be found, for where the water flows into the pond it ice-men were at work here in '46-7, the cakes sent to the shore were one day rejected by those who were stacking them up there, not being thick and snow and evaporation, though perhaps, with a thermometer and a enough to lie side by side with the rest; and the cutters thus discovered also showed me in another place what they thought was a "leach-hole," meadow, pushing me out on a cake of ice to see it. It was a small cavity As for the inlet or outlet of Walden, I have not discovered any but rain will probably be coldest in summer and warmest in winter. When the elsewhere, which made them think that there was an inlet there. They need soldering till they find a worse leak than that. One has suggested, under ten feet of water; but I think that I can warrant the pond not to that the ice over a small space was two or three inches thinner than through which the pond leaked out under a hill into a neighboring

in the rudest periods; but let our houses first be lined with beauty, where and not overlaid with it. But, alas! I have been inside one or two of them, they come in contact with our lives, like the tenement of the shellfish, and know what they are lined with.

richer than the richest now are, and make our civilization a blessing. The tempered clay or flat stones. I speak understandingly on this subject, for I have made myself acquainted with it both theoretically and practically. civilized man is a more experienced and wiser savage. But to make haste cave or a wigwam or wear skins today, it certainly is better to accept the advantages, though so dearly bought, which the invention and industry of mankind offer. In such a neighborhood as this, boards and shingles, Though we are not so degenerate but that we might possibly live in a ime and bricks, are cheaper and more easily obtained than suitable With a little more wit we might use these materials so as to become caves, or whole logs, or bark in sufficient quantities, or even wellto my own experiment.

woods, through which I looked out on the pond, and a small open field in part when I came out on to the railroad, on my way home, its yellow sand for timber. It is difficult to begin without borrowing, but perhaps it is the most generous course thus to permit your fellow-men to have an interest and began to cut down some tall, arrowy white pines, still in their youth, spring days, in which the winter of man's discontent was thawing as well pond was not yet dissolved, though there were some open spaces, and it shone in the spring sun, and I heard the lark and pewee and other birds as the earth, and the life that had lain torpid began to stretch itself. One received it. It was a pleasant hillside where I worked, covered with pine woods by Walden Pond, nearest to where I intended to build my house, the woods where pines and hickories were springing up. The ice in the Near the end of March, 1845, I borrowed an axe and went down to the was all dark-colored and saturated with water. There were some slight in your enterprise. The owner of the axe, as he released his hold on it, flurries of snow during the days that I worked there; but for the most already come to commence another year with us. They were pleasant heap stretched away gleaming in the hazy atmosphere, and the rails wedge, driving it with a stone, and had placed the whole to soak in a said that it was the apple of his eye; but I returned it sharper than I day, when my axe had come off and I had cut a green hickory for a

the sea-coast, also, has its bar at its entrance. In proportion as the mouth breadth of the cove, and the character of the surrounding shore, and you was deeper compared with that in the basin. Given, then, the length and of the cove was wider compared with its length, the water over the bar have almost elements enough to make out a formula for all cases.

visible inlet or outlet; and as the line of greatest breadth fell very near the distance from the latter line, but still on the line of greatest length, as the contains about forty-one acres, and, like this, has no island in it, nor any one foot deeper, namely, sixty feet. Of course, a stream running through, line of least breadth, where two opposite capes approached each other deepest point in a pond, by observing the outlines of a surface and the this, still farther in the direction to which I had inclined, and was only deepest. The deepest part was found to be within one hundred feet of In order to see how nearly I could guess, with this experience, at the and two opposite bays receded, I ventured to mark a point a short character of its shores alone, I made a plan of White Pond, which or an island in the pond, would make the problem much more complicated.

view, as, to the traveller, a mountain outline varies with every step, and it detected, is still more wonderful. The particular laws are as our points of has an infinite number of profiles, though absolutely but one form. Even description of one actual phenomenon, to infer all the particular results If we knew all the laws of Nature, we should need only one fact, or the at that point. Now we know only a few laws, and our result is vitiated, ignorance of essential elements in the calculation. Our notions of law seemingly conflicting, but really concurring, laws, which we have not when cleft or bored through it is not comprehended in its entireness. not, of course, by any confusion or irregularity in Nature, but by our detect; but the harmony which results from a far greater number of and harmony are commonly confined to those instances which we

length and breadth of the aggregate of a man's particular daily behaviors What I have observed of the pond is no less true in ethics. It is the law of average. Such a rule of the two diameters not only guides us toward the and waves of life into his coves and inlets, and where they intersect will be the height or depth of his character. Perhaps we need only to know sun in the system and the heart in man, but draws lines through the

arousing them, they would of necessity rise to a higher and more ethereal early part of the day, which was very foggy, I heard a stray goose groping because he had not yet fairly come out of the torpid state. It appeared to ife. I had previously seen the snakes in frosty mornings in my path with pond-hole in order to swell the wood, I saw a striped snake run into the me that for a like reason men remain in their present low and primitive portions of their bodies still numb and inflexible, waiting for the sun to water, and he lay on the bottom, apparently without inconvenience, as condition; but if they should feel the influence of the spring of springs thaw them. On the 1st of April it rained and melted the ice, and in the about over the pond and cackling as if lost, or like the spirit of the fog. ong as I stayed there, or more than a quarter of an hour; perhaps

and rafters, all with my narrow axe, not having many communicable or So I went on for some days cutting and hewing timber, and also studs scholar-like thoughts, singing to myself, —

Men say they know many things;

But lo! they have taken wings –

The arts and sciences,

And a thousand appliances;

The wind that blows

s all that any body knows.

the green pine boughs which I had cut off, and to my bread was imparted sides only, and the rafters and floor timbers on one side, leaving the rest of the bark on, so that they were just as straight and much stronger than some of their fragrance, for my hands were covered with a thick coat of for I had borrowed other tools by this time. My days in the woods were and read the newspaper in which it was wrapped, at noon, sitting amid sawed ones. Each stick was carefully mortised or tenoned by its stump, not very long ones; yet I usually carried my dinner of bread and butter, pitch. Before I had done I was more the friend than the foe of the pine acquainted with it. Sometimes a rambler in the wood was attracted by the sound of my axe, and we chatted pleasantly over the chips which I I hewed the main timbers six inches square, most of the studs on two tree, though I had cut down some of them, having become better had made.

and soars higher than Nature goes. So, probably, the depth of the ocean will be found to be very inconsiderable compared with its breadth.

Some are accustomed to speak of deep and dangerous holes even in quiet to the shores and the range of the neighboring hills were so perfect that a is to level all inequalities. The regularity of the bottom and its conformity with greater accuracy than is possible in surveying harbors which do not exposed to the sun, wind, and plow. In one instance, on a line arbitrarily sandy ponds like this, but the effect of water under these circumstances As I sounded through the ice I could determine the shape of the bottom freeze over, and I was surprised at its general regularity. In the deepest generally, near the middle, I could calculate the variation for each one pond, and its direction could be determined by observing the opposite hundred feet in any direction beforehand within three or four inches. part there are several acres more level than almost any field which is chosen, the depth did not vary more than one foot in thirty rods; and shore. Cape becomes bar, and plain shoal, and valley and gorge deep distant promontory betrayed itself in the soundings quite across the water and channel.

height of mountains, regarded as the opposite of valleys? We know that a myself, Who knows but this hint would conduct to the deepest part of the When I had mapped the pond by the scale of ten rods to an inch, and put exactly at the point of greatest depth, notwithstanding that the middle is so nearly level, the outline of the pond far from regular, and the extreme remarkable coincidence. Having noticed that the number indicating the length and breadth were got by measuring into the coves; and I said to greatest depth was apparently in the centre of the map, I laid a rule on the map lengthwise, and then breadthwise, and found, to my surprise, that the line of greatest length intersected the line of greatest breadth ocean as well as of a pond or puddle? Is not this the rule also for the down the soundings, more than a hundred in all, I observed this hill is not highest at its narrowest part.

have a bar quite across their mouths and deeper water within, so that the direction of the two capes showing the course of the bar. Every harbor on horizontally but vertically, and to form a basin or independent pond, the Of five coves, three, or all which had been sounded, were observed to bay tended to be an expansion of water within the land not only

he Fitchburg Railroad, for boards. James Collins' shanty was considered parasol, gilt-framed looking-glass, and a patent new coffee-mill nailed to afterward, trod in a trap set for woodchucks, and so became a dead cat at hens were driven in by my approach. It was dark, and had a dirt floor for two feet deep. In her own words, they were "good boards overhead, good bundle held their all - bed, coffee-mill, looking-glass, hens - all but the already bought the shanty of James Collins, an Irishman who worked on board which would not bear removal. She lighted a lamp to show me the originally, only the cat had passed out that way lately. There was a stove, was so deep and high. It was of small dimensions, with a peaked cottage By the middle of April, for I made no haste in my work, but rather made the most part, dank, clammy, and aguish, only here a board and there a under the bed, warning me not to step into the cellar, a sort of dust hole an oak sapling, all told. The bargain was soon concluded, for James had a bed, and a place to sit, an infant in the house where it was born, a silk encumbrance. At six I passed him and his family on the road. One large walked about the outside, at first unobserved from within, the window an uncommonly fine one. When I called to see it he was not at home. I inside of the roof and the walls, and also that the board floor extended meanwhile: I to take possession at six. It were well, he said, to be there though a good deal warped and made brittle by the sun. Doorsill there early, and anticipate certain indistinct but wholly unjust claims on the in the meanwhile returned. I to pay four dollars and twenty-five cents Mrs. C. came to the door and asked me to view it from the inside. The tonight, he to vacate at five tomorrow morning, selling to nobody else was none, but a perennial passage for the hens under the door board. around as if it were a compost heap. The roof was the soundest part, the most of it, my house was framed and ready for the raising. I had roof, and not much else to be seen, the dirt being raised five feet all cat; she took to the woods and became a wild cat, and, as I learned boards all around, and a good window" — of two whole squares score of ground rent and fuel. This he assured me was the only

removed it to the pond-side by small cartloads, spreading the boards on thrush gave me a note or two as I drove along the woodland path. I was I took down this dwelling the same morning, drawing the nails, and the grass there to bleach and warp back again in the sun. One early

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an area; yet not an inch of it can be spared by the imagination. What if all making one hundred and seven. This is a remarkable depth for so small men believe in the infinite some ponds will be thought to be bottomless. thankful that this pond was made deep and pure for a symbol. While ponds were shallow? Would it not react on the minds of men? I am

or whatever convulsion of nature occasioned it, before the waters gushed William Gilpin, who is so admirable in all that relates to landscapes, and usually so correct, standing at the head of Loch Fyne, in Scotland, which for this one, which is so unusually deep for its area, appears in a vertical emptied, would leave a meadow no more hollow than we frequently see. miles in breadth," and about fifty miles long, surrounded by mountains, he describes as "a bay of salt water, sixty or seventy fathoms deep, four observes, "If we could have seen it immediately after the diluvian crash, section through its centre not deeper than a shallow plate. Most ponds, A factory-owner, hearing what depth I had found, thought that it could leave very remarkable valleys. They are not like cups between the hills; not be true, for, judging from his acquaintance with dams, sand would not lie at so steep an angle. But the deepest ponds are not so deep in proportion to their area as most suppose, and, if drained, would not in, what a horrid chasm must it have appeared!

Down sunk a hollow bottom broad and deep, "So high as heaved the tumid hills, so low Capacious bed of waters."

cornfields occupies exactly such a "horrid chasm," from which the waters The amount of it is, the imagination give it the least license, dives deeper geologist to convince the unsuspecting inhabitants of this fact. Often an necessary to conceal their history. But it is easiest, as they who work on shallow. So much for the increased horrors of the chasm of Loch Fyne the highways know, to find the hollows by the puddles after a shower. proportions to Walden, which, as we have seen, appears already in a vertical section only like a shallow plate, it will appear four times as have receded, though it requires the insight and the far sight of the when emptied. No doubt many a smiling valley with its stretching inquisitive eye may detect the shores of a primitive lake in the low horizon hills, and no subsequent elevation of the plain have been But if, using the shortest diameter of Loch Fyne, we apply these

help make this seemingly insignificant event one with the removal of the dearth of work, as he said. He was there to represent spectatordom, and Irishman, in the intervals of the carting, transferred the still tolerable, straight, and drivable nails, staples, and spikes to his pocket, and then unconcerned, with spring thoughts, at the devastation; there being a stood when I came back to pass the time of day, and look freshly up, informed treacherously by a young Patrick that neighbor Seeley, an gods of Troy.

seven deep, to a fine sand where potatoes would not freeze in any winter. shone on them, the sand still keeps its place. It was but two hours' work. disappeared posterity remark its dent in the earth. The house is still but most splendid house in the city is still to be found the cellar where they atitudes men dig into the earth for an equable temperature. Under the The sides were left shelving, and not stoned; but the sun having never blackberry roots, and the lowest stain of vegetation, six feet square by I took particular pleasure in this breaking of ground, for in almost all woodchuck had formerly dug his burrow, down through sumach and I dug my cellar in the side of a hill sloping to the south, where a store their roots as of old, and long after the superstructure has a sort of porch at the entrance of a burrow.

the hill from the pond in my arms. I built the chimney after my hoeing in acquaintances, rather to improve so good an occasion for neighborliness the fall, before a fire became necessary for warmth, doing my cooking in than the usual one. When it stormed before my bread was baked, I fixed foundation of a chimney at one end, bringing two cartloads of stones up the meanwhile out of doors on the ground, early in the morning: which began to occupy my house on the 4th of July, as soon as it was boarded passed some pleasant hours in that way. In those days, when my hands and roofed, for the boards were carefully feather-edged and lapped, so that it was perfectly impervious to rain, but before boarding I laid the destined, I trust, to assist at the raising of loftier structures one day. I mode I still think is in some respects more convenient and agreeable than from any necessity, I set up the frame of my house. No man was a few boards over the fire, and sat under them to watch my loaf, and were much employed, I read but little, but the least scraps of paper ever more honored in the character of his raisers than I. They are At length, in the beginning of May, with the help of some of my

and emerald fish swims. I never chanced to see its kind in any market; it kingdom, Waldenses. It is surprising that they are caught here — that in chaises and tinkling sleighs that travel the Walden road, this great gold They are not green like the pines, nor gray like the stones, nor blue like quirks, they give up their watery ghosts, like a mortal translated before flowers and precious stones, as if they were the pearls, the animalized nuclei or crystals of the Walden water. They, of course, are Walden all would be the cynosure of all eyes there. Easily, with a few convulsive this deep and capacious spring, far beneath the rattling teams and the sky; but they have, to my eyes, if possible, yet rarer colors, like over and all through; are themselves small Waldens in the animal his time to the thin air of heaven.

foundation for themselves. It is remarkable how long men will believe in underneath to help me. The greatest depth was exactly one hundred and of hay might be driven," if there were anybody to drive it, the undoubted source of the Styx and entrance to the Infernal Regions from these parts. watery eyes into the bargain, and driven to hasty conclusions by the fear surveyed it carefully, before the ice broke up, early in '46, with compass of catching cold in their breasts, have seen vast holes "into which a load depth. I fathomed it easily with a cod-line and a stone weighing about a neighborhood. Many have believed that Walden reached quite through and chain and sounding line. There have been many stories told about Others have gone down from the village with a "fifty-six" and a wagon long time, looking down through the illusive medium, perchance with the bottom, or rather no bottom, of this pond, which certainly had no the bottomlessness of a pond without taking the trouble to sound it. I "fifty-six" was resting by the way, they were paying out the rope in the load of inch rope, but yet have failed to find any bottom; for while the to the other side of the globe. Some who have lain flat on the ice for a reasonably tight bottom at a not unreasonable, though at an unusual, two feet; to which may be added the five feet which it has risen since, As I was desirous to recover the long lost bottom of Walden Pond, I pound and a half, and could tell accurately when the stone left the marvellousness. But I can assure my readers that Walden has a bottom, by having to pull so much harder before the water got vain attempt to fathom their truly immeasurable capacity for have visited two such Bottomless Ponds in one walk in this

which lay on the ground, my holder, or tablecloth, afforded me as much entertainment, in fact answered the same purpose as the Iliad.

may also think for me; but it is not therefore desirable that he should do his own house that there is in a bird's building its own nest. Who knows occupation as building his house. We belong to the community. It is not forever resign the pleasure of construction to the carpenter? What does architecture amount to in the experience of the mass of men? I never in considering, for instance, what foundation a door, a window, a cellar, a provided food for themselves and families simply and honestly enough, cuckoos, which lay their eggs in nests which other birds have built, and necessities even. There is some of the same fitness in a man's building cheer no traveller with their chattering and unmusical notes. Shall we superstructure until we found a better reason for it than our temporal the poetic faculty would be universally developed, as birds universally preacher, and the merchant, and the farmer. Where is this division of abor to end? and what object does it finally serve? No doubt another It would be worth the while to build still more deliberately than I did, all my walks came across a man engaged in so simple and natural an garret, have in the nature of man, and perchance never raising any sing when they are so engaged? But alas! we do like cowbirds and out if men constructed their dwellings with their own hands, and the tailor alone who is the ninth part of a man; it is as much the so to the exclusion of my thinking for myself.

how to put a core of truth within the ornaments, that every sugarplum, in revelation to him. All very well perhaps from his point of view, but only a mother-o'-pearl tints, by such a contract as the inhabitants of Broadway architecture, he began at the cornice, not at the foundation. It was only one at least possessed with the idea of making architectural ornaments inhabitant, the indweller, might build truly within and without, and let True, there are architects so called in this country, and I have heard of ittle better than the common dilettantism. A sentimental reformer in fact, might have an almond or caraway seed in it — though I hold that almonds are most wholesome without the sugar — and not how the the ornaments take care of themselves. What reasonable man ever merely — that the tortoise got his spotted shell, or the shell-fish its have a core of truth, a necessity, and hence a beauty, as if it were a supposed that ornaments were something outward and in the skin

itself passes deeper in nature than the studies of the naturalist penetrate; perch for bait. You look into his pail with wonder as into a summer pond, naughts on the dry oak leaves on the shore, as wise in natural lore as the out of rotten logs since the ground froze, and so he caught them. His life are said not yet to be known. Here is one fishing for pickerel with grown else they would be ripped. They sit and eat their luncheon in stout fearcan tell much less than they have done. The things which they practice retreated. How, pray, did he get these in midwinter? Oh, he got worms himself a subject for the naturalist. The latter raises the moss and bark their core with his axe, and moss and bark fly far and wide. He gets his living by barking trees. Such a man has some right to fish, and I love to follow other fashions and trust other authorities than their townsmen, see nature carried out in him. The perch swallows the grub-worm, the pickerel swallows the perch, and the fisher-man swallows the pickerel; citizen is in artificial. They never consulted with books, and know and and by their goings and comings stitch towns together in parts where gently with his knife in search of insects; the former lays open logs to snowy field to take pickerel and perch; wild men, who instinctively as if he kept summer locked up at home, or knew where she had and so all the chinks in the scale of being are filled.

prevent its being pulled through, have passed the slack line over a twig of holes in the ice, which were four or five rods apart and an equal distance which, being pulled down, would show when he had a bite. These alders adopted. He would perhaps have placed alder branches over the narrow loomed through the mist at regular intervals as you walked half way When I strolled around the pond in misty weather I was sometimes from the shore, and having fastened the end of the line to a stick to the alder, a foot or more above the ice, and tied a dry oak leaf to it, amused by the primitive mode which some ruder fisherman had round the pond.

well which the fisherman cuts in the ice, making a little hole to admit the foreign as Arabia to our Concord life. They possess a quite dazzling and transcendent beauty which separates them by a wide interval from the Ah, the pickerel of Walden! when I see them lying on the ice, or in the cadaverous cod and haddock whose fame is trumpeted in our streets. fabulous fishes, they are so foreign to the streets, even to the woods, water, I am always surprised by their rare beauty, as if they were

simple and as agreeable to the imagination, and there is as little straining off, like borrowed plumes, without injury to the substantials. They can do beaux-arts and their professors. Much it concerns a man, forsooth, how a tenant, it is of a piece with constructing his own coffin — the architecture after effect in the style of his dwelling. A great proportion of architectural daubed upon his box. It would signify somewhat, if, in any earnest sense, is standard. The enemy will find it out. He may turn pale when the trial the architects of our churches do? So are made the belles-lettres and the blush for you. An enterprise to improve the style of cottage architecture! he slanted them and daubed it; but the spirit having departed out of the unpretending, humble log huts and cottages of the poor commonly; it is without architecture who have no olives nor wines in the cellar. What if One man says, in his despair or indifference to life, take up a handful of interesting dwellings in this country, as the painter knows, are the most of the grave — and "carpenter" is but another name for "coffin-maker." the earth at your feet, and paint your house that color. Is he thinking of the life of the inhabitants whose shells they are, and not any peculiarity truthfulness, and nobleness, without ever a thought for the appearance an equal ado were made about the ornaments of style in literature, and ornaments are literally hollow, and a September gale would strip them architecture of his house than a tortoise with that of its shell: nor need he soldier be so idle as to try to paint the precise color of his virtue on grown from within outward, out of the necessities and character of the and whatever additional beauty of this kind is destined to be produced the architects of our bibles spent as much time about their cornices as interesting will be the citizen's suburban box, when his life shall be as dirt? Better paint your house your own complexion; let it turn pale or than he. What of architectural beauty I now see, I know has gradually whisper his half truth to the rude occupants who really knew it better in their surfaces merely, which makes them picturesque; and equally abundance of leisure be must have! Why do you take up a handful of comes. This man seemed to me to lean over the cornice, and timidly their Trinity Church? But a man has no more to do with the style of his last and narrow house? Toss up a copper for it as well. What an few sticks are slanted over him or under him, and what colors are indweller, who is the only builder — out of some unconscious will be preceded by a like unconscious beauty of life. The most When you have got my ornaments ready, I will wear them.

## THE POND IN WINTER

comes to reveal to us this great work, which extends from earth even into After a still winter night I awoke with the impression that some question earth dotted with young pines, and the very slope of the hill on which my Nature, in whom all creatures live, looking in at my broad windows with answered question, to Nature and daylight. The snow lying deep on the transmit to the soul the wonderful and varied spectacle of this universe. had been put to me, which I had been endeavoring in vain to answer in house is placed, seemed to say, Forward! Nature puts no question and The night veils without doubt a part of this glorious creation; but day my sleep, as what — how — when — where? But there was dawning serene and satisfied face, and no question on her lips. I awoke to an resolution. "O Prince, our eyes contemplate with admiration and answers none which we mortals ask. She has long ago taken her the plains of the ether."

level field. Like the marmots in the surrounding hills, it closes its eyelids of water, if that be not a dream. After a cold and snowy night it needed a covered plain, as if in a pasture amid the hills, I cut my way first through a foot of snow, and then a foot of ice, and open a window under my feet, and becomes dormant for three months or more. Standing on the snowwhere, kneeling to drink, I look down into the quiet parlor of the fishes, pervaded by a softened light as through a window of ground glass, with the cool and even temperament of the inhabitants. Heaven is under our Then to my morning work. First I take an axe and pail and go in search divining-rod to find it. Every winter the liquid and trembling surface of half, so that it will support the heaviest teams, and perchance the snow waveless serenity reigns as in the amber twilight sky, corresponding to light and shadow, becomes solid to the depth of a foot or a foot and a covers it to an equal depth, and it is not to be distinguished from any the pond, which was so sensitive to every breath, and reflected every its bright sanded floor the same as in summer; there a perennial feet is well as over our heads. Early in the morning, while all things are crisp with frost, men come with fishing-reels and slender lunch, and let down their fine lines through the

----- on my back.

shingles made of the first slice of the log, whose edges I was obliged to Before winter I built a chimney, and shingled the sides of my house, which were already impervious to rain, with imperfect and sappy straighten with a plane.

myself, was as follows; and I give the details because very few are able to have thus a tight shingled and plastered house, ten feet wide by fifteen materials as I used, but not counting the work, all of which was done by long, and eight-feet posts, with a garret and a closet, a large window on tell exactly what their houses cost, and fewer still, if any, the separate opposite. The exact cost of my house, paying the usual price for such each side, two trap doors, one door at the end, and a brick fireplace cost of the various materials which compose them:—

Boards \$ 8.03+, mostly shanty boards.	Refuse shingles for roof sides 4.00	Laths 1.25	Two second-hand windows	with glass 2.43	One thousand old brick 4.00	Two casks of lime 2.40 That was high.	Hair 1 More than I needed.	Mantle-tree iron 0.15	Nails	Hinges and screws 0.14	Latch	Chalk 0.01	Transportation	
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the ground that they could hardly be distinguished when still. Sometimes venison, asserting its vigor and the dignity of Nature. Not without reason It looked as if Nature no longer contained the breed of nobler bloods, but almost dropsical. I took a step, and lo, away it scud with an elastic spring was its slenderness. Such then was its nature. (Lepus, levipes, light-foot, and bony, with ragged ears and sharp nose, scant tail and slender paws. excited my pity. One evening one sat by my door two paces from me, at potato parings which I had thrown out, and were so nearly the color of first trembling with fear, yet unwilling to move; a poor wee thing, lean motionless under my window. When I opened my door in the evening, over the snow-crust, straightening its body and its limbs into graceful off they would go with a squeak and a bounce. Near at hand they only length, and soon put the forest between me and itself — the wild free in her hurry. They used to come round my door at dusk to nibble the stood on her last toes. Its large eyes appeared young and unhealthy, in the twilight I alternately lost and recovered sight of one sitting some think.)

natural one, as much to be expected as rustling leaves. The partridge and hare. Our woods teem with them both, and around every swamp may be substance of Nature, nearest allied to leaves and to the ground — and to than ever. That must be a poor country indeed that does not support a What is a country without rabbits and partridges? They are among the one another; it is either winged or it is legged. It is hardly as if you had revolutions occur. If the forest is cut off, the sprouts and bushes which spring up afford them concealment, and they become more numerous the rabbit are still sure to thrive, like true natives of the soil, whatever seen the partridge or rabbit walk, beset with twiggy fences and horseseen a wild creature when a rabbit or a partridge bursts away, only a most simple and indigenous animal products; ancient and venerable families known to antiquity as to modern times; of the very hue and hair snares, which some cow-boy tends.

These are all the materials, excepting the timber, stones, and sand, which I claimed by squatter's right. I have also a small woodshed adjoining, made chiefly of the stuff which was left after building the house. intend to build me a house which will surpass any on the main street in Concord in grandeur and luxury, as soon as it pleases me as much and will cost me no more than my present one.

much cant and hypocrisy — chaff which I find it difficult to separate from but think that if we had more true wisdom in these respects, not only less as great a sacrifice of life as they would with proper management on both important item in the term bill, while for the far more valuable education inconsistencies do not affect the truth of my statement. Notwithstanding and stretch myself in this respect, it is such a relief to both the moral and requires at Cambridge or elsewhere cost him or somebody else ten times sides. Those things for which the most money is demanded are never the my wheat, but for which I am as sorry as any man — I will breathe freely become the devil's attorney. I will endeavor to speak a good word for the under one roof, and the occupant suffers the inconvenience of many and education would be needed, because, forsooth, more would already have been acquired, but the pecuniary expense of getting an education would I thus found that the student who wishes for a shelter can obtain one for truth. At Cambridge College the mere rent of a student's room, which is principle which should never be followed but with circumspection — to following blindly the principles of a division of labor to its extreme — a annually. If I seem to boast more than is becoming, my excuse is that I noisy neighbors, and perhaps a residence in the fourth story. I cannot only a little larger than my own, is thirty dollars each year, though the corporation had the advantage of building thirty-two side by side and contemporaries no charge is made. The mode of founding a college is, a lifetime at an expense not greater than the rent which he now pays brag for humanity rather than for myself; and my shortcomings and physical system; and I am resolved that I will not through humility commonly, to get up a subscription of dollars and cents, and then, in a great measure vanish. Those conveniences which the student things which the student most wants. Tuition, for instance, is an which he gets by associating with the most cultivated of his

hunting less noble game. Credit is given for deerskins also, and they were killed in this vicinity, and another has told me the particulars of the hunt "Wast Book" of an old trader of this town, who was also a captain, townin which his uncle was engaged. The hunters were formerly a numerous here; and in his ledger, Feb, 7th, 1743, Hezekiah Stratton has credit "by clerk, and representative, I find the following entry. Jan. 18th, 1742-3, used to hunt bears on Fair Haven Ledges, and exchange their skins for rum in Concord village; who told him, even, that he had seen a moose catch up a leaf by the roadside and play a strain on it wilder and more daily sold. One man still preserves the horns of the last deer that was and merry crew here. I remember well one gaunt Nimrod who would The hunter who told me this could remember one Sam Nutting, who pronounced it Bugine — which my informant used to borrow. In the "John Melven Cr. by 1 Grey Fox 0-2-3"; they are not now found 1/2 a Catt skin 0 - 1 - 4+"; of course, a wild-cat, for Stratton was a sergeant in the old French war, and would not have got credit for there. Nutting had a famous foxhound named Burgoyne — he melodious, if my memory serves me, than any hunting-horn.

my path prowling about the woods, which would skulk out of my way, as At midnight, when there was a moon, I sometimes met with hounds in if afraid, and stand silent amid the bushes till I had passed.

winter for them, for the snow lay long and deep, and they were obliged to Squirrels and wild mice disputed for my store of nuts. There were scores were alive and apparently flourishing at midsummer, and many of them such were without exception dead. It is remarkable that a single mouse should thus be allowed a whole pine tree for its dinner, gnawing round had grown a foot, though completely girdled; but after another winter instead of up and down it; but perhaps it is necessary in order to thin of pitch pines around my house, from one to four inches in diameter, mix a large proportion of pine bark with their other diet. These trees which had been gnawed by mice the previous winter — a Norwegian these trees, which are wont to grow up densely.

stir — thump, thump, thump, striking her head against the floor timbers under my house all winter, separated from me only by the flooring, and she startled me each morning by her hasty departure when I began to The hares (Lepus Americanus) were very familiar. One had her form

- or the boy who had attended the lectures on metallurgy at the Institute while that economy of living which is synonymous with philosophy is not secures his coveted leisure and retirement by systematically shirking any fruitful. "But," says one, "you do not mean that the students should go to in the meanwhile, and had received a Rodgers' penknife from his father? some professor, where anything is professed and practised but the art of monsters that swarm all around him, while contemplating the monsters he had dug and smelted, reading as much as would be necessary for this Which would be most likely to cut his fingers? . . . To my astonishment I was informed on leaving college that I had studied navigation! — why, if once trying the experiment of living? Methinks this would exercise their bread is made, or mechanics, and not learn how it is earned; to discover in a drop of vinegar. Which would have advanced the most at the end of and for these oversights successive generations have to pay. I think that a month — the boy who had made his own jackknife from the ore which senefited by it, even to lay the foundation themselves. The student who abor necessary to man obtains but an ignoble and unprofitable leisure, had taken one turn down the harbor I should have known more about even sincerely professed in our colleges. The consequence is, that while from beginning to end. How could youths better learn to live than by at common course, which is merely to send him into the neighborhood of that; I mean that they should not play life, or study it merely, while the while the students that are to be are said to be fitting themselves for it; it would be better than this, for the students, or those who desire to be community supports them at this expensive game, but earnestly live it it. Even the poor student studies and is taught only political economy, employs Irishmen or other operatives actually to lay the foundations, minds as much as mathematics. If I wished a boy to know something never with his natural eye; to study chemistry, and not learn how his exactly, but I mean something which he might think a good deal like new satellites to Neptune, and not detect the motes in his eyes, or to ife; — to survey the world through a telescope or a microscope, and call in a contractor who makes this a subject of speculation, and he defrauding himself of the experience which alone can make leisure work with their hands instead of their heads?" I do not mean that about the arts and sciences, for instance, I would not pursue the what vagabond he is a satellite himself; or to be devoured by the

threading the solemn aisles with an easy coursing pace, whose sound was account from Weston woods. The Concord hunter told him what he knew crossed the river and put up at a farmhouse for the night, whence, having on they came, and now the near woods resounded through all their aisles was levelled, and whang! — the fox, rolling over the rock, lay dead on the hunting on their own account, and disappeared again in the woods. Late mother, were sobered into silence by the mystery. Then the hunter came the Wayland road he heard the cry of hounds approaching, and ere long their music, so sweet to a hunter's ear, when suddenly the fox appeared, and offered him the skin; but the other declined it and departed. He did Some way behind came an old hound and her three pups in full pursuit, afternoon and went out for a cruise in Walden Wood; and as he walked in the afternoon, as he was resting in the thick woods south of Walden, now from the Baker Farm. For a long time he stood still and listened to short-lived mood, and as quick as thought can follow thought his piece pursuing the fox; and on they came, their hounding cry which made all ground. The hunter still kept his place and listened to the hounds. Still concealed by a sympathetic rustle of the leaves, swift and still, keeping amid the woods, he sat erect and listening, with his back to the hunter. a fox leaped the wall into the road, and as quick as thought leaped the Weston squire came to the Concord hunter's cottage to inquire for his not find his hounds that night, but the next day learned that they had the woods ring sounding nearer and nearer, now from Well Meadow, For a moment compassion restrained the latter's arm; but that was a with their demoniac cry. At length the old hound burst into view with directly to the rock; but, spying the dead fox, she suddenly ceased her round him in silence; and one by one her pups arrived, and, like their hounds, and told how for a week they had been hunting on their own waited in silence while he skinned the fox, then followed the brush a the round, leaving his pursuers far behind; and, leaping upon a rock hounding as if struck dumb with amazement, and walked round and other wall out of the road, and his swift bullet had not touched him. while, and at length turned off into the woods again. That evening a muzzle to the ground, and snapping the air as if possessed, and ran forward and stood in their midst, and the mystery was solved. They he heard the voice of the hounds far over toward Fair Haven still been well fed, they took their departure early in the morning.

he is reading Adam Smith, Ricardo, and Say, he runs his father in debt irretrievably.

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already but too easy to arrive at; as railroads lead to Boston or New York. and numerous succeeding investments in them. Our inventions are wont messages; he is not an evangelist, nor does he come round eating locusts had nothing to say. As if the main object were to talk fast and not to talk to be pretty toys, which distract our attention from serious things. They World some weeks nearer to the New; but perchance the first news that and wild honey. I doubt if Flying Childers ever carried a peck of corn to As with our colleges, so with a hundred "modern improvements"; there will leak through into the broad, flapping American ear will be that the devil goes on exacting compound interest to the last for his early share We are in great haste to construct a magnetic telegraph from Maine to earnest to be introduced to a distinguished deaf woman, but when he sensibly. We are eager to tunnel under the Atlantic and bring the Old was presented, and one end of her ear trumpet was put into his hand, is an illusion about them; there is not always a positive advance. The are but improved means to an unimproved end, an end which it was Princess Adelaide has the whooping cough. After all, the man whose communicate. Either is in such a predicament as the man who was Texas; but Maine and Texas, it may be, have nothing important to horse trots a mile in a minute does not carry the most important

traveller is he that goes afoot. I say to my friend, Suppose we try who will almost a day's wages. I remember when wages were sixty cents a day for laborers on this very road. Well, I start now on foot, and get there before meanwhile have earned your fare, and arrive there some time tomorrow, of the day. And so, if the railroad reached round the world, I think that I get there first. The distance is thirty miles; the fare ninety cents. That is Instead of going to Fitchburg, you will be working here the greater part night; I have travelled at that rate by the week together. You will in the or possibly this evening, if you are lucky enough to get a job in season. travel; you might take the cars and go to Fitchburg today and see the One says to me, "I wonder that you do not lay up money; you love to should keep ahead of you; and as for seeing the country and getting country." But I am wiser than that. I have learned that the swiftest

the distant orchards next the woods suffer thus not a little. I am glad that in the open land also, where they had come out of the woods at sunset to particular trees, where the cunning sportsman lies in wait for them, and the partridge gets fed, at any rate. It is Nature's own bird which lives on "bud" the wild apple trees. They will come regularly every evening to buds and diet drink.

trophy, seeking their inn. They tell me that if the fox would remain in the leap off far to one side, and he appears to know that water will not retain to inquire after his hound that made a large track, and had been hunting nor following pack pursuing their Actaeon. And perhaps at evening I see when he runs he circles round to his old haunts, where the hunters await so that nothing could divert them from the pursuit. Thus they circle until by themselves would pass my door, and circle round my house, and yelp the hunters returning with a single brush trailing from their sleigh for a him. Sometimes, however, he will run upon a wall many rods, and then and hound without regarding me, as if afflicted by a species of madness, hunting-horn at intervals, proving that man was in the rear. The woods hounds arrived, but here they lost the scent. Sometimes a pack hunting everything else for this. One day a man came to my hut from Lexington straight line away no foxhound could overtake him; but, having left his burst out on to Walden when the ice was covered with shallow puddles, heard a pack of hounds threading all the woods with hounding cry and ring again, and yet no fox bursts forth on to the open level of the pond, him, for every time I attempted to answer his questions he interrupted his scent. A hunter told me that he once saw a fox pursued by hounds for a week by himself. But I fear that he was not the wiser for all I told me by asking, "What do you do here?" He had lost a dog, but found a pursuers far behind, he stops to rest and listen till they come up, and run part way across, and then return to the same shore. Ere long the In dark winter mornings, or in short winter afternoons, I sometimes they fall upon the recent trail of a fox, for a wise hound will forsake bosom of the frozen earth he would be safe, or if be would run in a yelp, unable to resist the instinct of the chase, and the note of the

Walden once every year when the water was warmest, and at such times looked in upon me, told me that many years ago he took his gun one One old hunter who has a dry tongue, who used to come to bathe in

experience of that kind, I should have to cut your acquaintance

Such is the universal law, which no man can ever outwit, and with regard be called, and will be, "A melancholy accident." No doubt they can ride at reminds me of the Englishman who went to India to make a fortune first, all will at length ride somewhere, in next to no time, and for nothing; but aboard!" when the smoke is blown away and the vapor condensed, it will you might have done worse; but I wish, as you are brothers of mine, that be perceived that a few are riding, but the rest are run over - and it will time. This spending of the best part of one's life earning money in order should have gone up garret at once. "What!" exclaim a million Irishmen last who shall have earned their fare, that is, if they survive so long, but starting up from all the shanties in the land, "is not this railroad which that if they keep up this activity of joint stocks and spades long enough in order that he might return to England and live the life of a poet. He we have built a good thing?" Yes, I answer, comparatively good, that is, grading the whole surface of the planet. Men have an indistinct notion they will probably have lost their elasticity and desire to travel by that to the railroad even we may say it is as broad as it is long. To make a though a crowd rushes to the depot, and the conductor shouts "All railroad round the world available to all mankind is equivalent to to enjoy a questionable liberty during the least valuable part of it you could have spent your time better than digging in this dirt. Before I finished my house, wishing to earn ten or twelve dollars by some part unmerchantable wood behind my house, and the driftwood from the cheeping squirrels on." I put no manure whatever on this land, not being the owner, but merely a squatter, and not expecting to cultivate so much small circles of virgin mould, easily distinguishable through the summer stumps in plowing, which supplied me with fuel for a long time, and left cents an acre. One farmer said that it was "good for nothing but to raise planted about two acres and a half of light and sandy soil near it chiefly hickories, and was sold the preceding season for eight dollars and eight by the greater luxuriance of the beans there. The dead and for the most honest and agreeable method, in order to meet my unusual expenses, I with beans, but also a small part with potatoes, corn, peas, and turnips. The whole lot contains eleven acres, mostly growing up to pines and again, and I did not quite hoe it all once. I got out several cords of

would afterwards find the cobs strewn about the woods in various

before, as they were warily making their approach an eighth of a mile off, crack it by repeated blows with their bills. They were manifestly thieves, and in a stealthy and sneaking manner they flit from tree to tree, nearer after great labor they disgorge it, and spend an hour in the endeavor to and I had not much respect for them; but the squirrels, though at first and nearer, and pick up the kernels which the squirrels have dropped. haste a kernel which is too big for their throats and chokes them; and Then, sitting on a pitch pine bough, they attempt to swallow in their At length the jays arrive, whose discordant screams were heard long shy, went to work as if they were taking what was their own.

by that circumstance than I should have been by any epaulet I could have day day, or more rarely, in spring-like days, a wiry summery phe-be from them under their claws, hammered away at them with their little bills, as if it were an insect in the bark, till they were sufficiently reduced for their fear. I once had a sparrow alight upon my shoulder for a moment while I armful of wood which I was carrying in, and pecked at the sticks without slender throats. A little flock of these titmice came daily to pick a dinner crumbs the squirrels had dropped, flew to the nearest twig and, placing out of my woodpile, or the crumbs at my door, with faint flitting lisping was hoeing in a village garden, and I felt that I was more distinguished notes, like the tinkling of icicles in the grass, or else with sprightly day the woodside. They were so familiar that at length one alighted on an Meanwhile also came the chickadees in flocks, which, picking up the occasionally stepped upon my shoe, when that was the nearest way. worn. The squirrels also grew at last to be quite familiar, and

wood-pile, the partridges came out of the woods morning and evening to on high, which comes sifting down in the sunbeams like golden dust, for away on whirring wings, jarring the snow from the dry leaves and twigs snow, where it remains concealed for a day or two." I used to start them this brave bird is not to be scared by winter. It is frequently covered up by drifts, and, it is said, "sometimes plunges from on wing into the soft When the ground was not yet quite covered, and again near the end of feed there. Whichever side you walk in the woods the partridge bursts winter, when the snow was melted on my south hillside and about my

of, unless you plant more than enough. I got twelve bushels of beans, and team and a man for the plowing, though I held the plow myself. My farm \$14.72+. The seed corn was given me. This never costs anything to speak pond, have supplied the remainder of my fuel. I was obliged to hire a yellow corn and turnips were too late to come to anything. My whole eighteen bushels of potatoes, beside some peas and sweet corn. The outgoes for the first season were, for implements, seed, work, etc., income from the farm was

\$ 23.44

Deducting the outgoes ...... 14.72+

There are left . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 8.71+

notwithstanding the short time occupied by my experiment, nay, partly balancing a little grass which I did not raise. All things considered, that beside produce consumed and on hand at the time this estimate was even because of its transient character, I believe that that was doing made of the value of \$4.50 — the amount on hand much more than is, considering the importance of a man's soul and of today, better than any farmer in Concord did that year.

and eat only the crop which he raised, and raise no more than he ate, and and that it would be cheaper to spade up that than to use oxen to plow it, and to select a fresh spot from time to time than to manure the old, and economical and social arrangements. I was more independent than any required, about a third of an acre, and I learned from the experience of horse, or cow, or pig, as at present. I desire to speak impartially on this husbandry, Arthur Young among the rest, that if one would live simply expensive things, he would need to cultivate only a few rods of ground, point, and as one not interested in the success or failure of the present he could do all his necessary farm work as it were with his left hand at odd hours in the summer; and thus he would not be tied to an ox, or both years, not being in the least awed by many celebrated works on The next year I did better still, for I spaded up all the land which I not exchange it for an insufficient quantity of more luxurious and

would have sufficed to walk the whole distance — I never saw one walk suitable ear, frisk about in the same uncertain trigonometrical way to the thinking of corn, then listening to hear what was in the wind. So the little naked cobs about; till at length he grew more dainty still and played with and whimsical fellow; — and so he would get off with it to where he lived, manoeuvres. One would approach at first warily through the shrub oaks, while, making its fall a diagonal between a perpendicular and horizontal, wager, and now as many paces that way, but never getting on more than squirrels came and went, and afforded me much entertainment by their energy, making inconceivable haste with his "trotters," as if it were for a imaginary spectators, soliloquizing and talking to all the universe at the held balanced over the stick by one paw, slipped from his careless grasp seizing some longer and plumper one, considerably bigger than himself, scratching along with it as if it were too heavy for him and falling all the and then suddenly, before you could say Jack Robinson, he would be in topmost stick of my wood-pile, before my window, where he looked me being determined to put it through at any rate; — a singularly frivolous perhaps carry it to the top of a pine tree forty or fifty rods distant, and I aware of, I suspect. At length he would reach the corn, and selecting a expression and a gratuitous somerset, as if all the eyes in the universe same time — for no reason that I could ever detect, or he himself was from time to time, nibbling at first voraciously and throwing the halfhis food, tasting only the inside of the kernel, and the ear, which was and fell to the ground, when he would look over at it with a ludicrous expression of uncertainty, as if suspecting that it had life, with a mind running over the snow-crust by fits and starts like a leaf blown by the were eyed on him — for all the motions of a squirrel, even in the most and skilfully balancing it, he would set out with it to the woods, like a solitary recesses of the forest, imply spectators as much as those of a in the face, and there sit for hours, supplying himself with a new ear impudent fellow would waste many an ear in a forenoon; till at last, tiger with a buffalo, by the same zig-zag course and frequent pauses, rabbits came regularly and made a hearty meal. All day long the red wind, now a few paces this way, with wonderful speed and waste of dancing girl — wasting more time in delay and circumspection than the top of a young pitch pine, winding up his clock and chiding all not made up whether to get it again, or a new one, or be off; now half a rod at a time; and then suddenly pausing with a ludicrous

follow the bent of my genius, which is a very crooked one, every moment. armer in Concord, for I was not anchored to a house or farm, but could Beside being better off than they already, if my house had been burned or my crops had failed, I should have been nearly as well off as before.

with the ox and horse; does it follow that he could not have accomplished to be the gainer by so doing, are we certain that what is one man's gain is the degree to which the barn overshadows the house. This town is said to houses of brick or stone, the prosperity of the farmer is still measured by nerds are the keepers of men, the former are so much the freer. Men and of haying, and it is no boy's play. Certainly no nation that lived simply in ikely soon to be a nation of philosophers, nor am I certain it is desirable admirable the Bhagvat-Geeta than all the ruins of the East! Towers and he works for the animal without him. Though we have many substantial temples are the luxury of princes. A simple and independent mind does larger. Man does some of his part of the exchange work in his six weeks all respects, that is, no nation of philosophers, would commit so great a should become a horseman or a herdsman merely; and if society seems their assistance, it is inevitable that a few do all the exchange work with thus not only works for the animal within him, but, for a symbol of this, have the largest houses for oxen, cows, and horses hereabouts, and it is master to be satisfied? Granted that some public works would not have blunder as to use the labor of animals. True, there never was and is not bull and taken him to board for any work he might do for me, for fear I works yet more worthy of himself in that case? When men begin to do, oxen exchange work; but if we consider necessary work only, the oxen architecture, but why not even by their power of abstract thought, that been constructed without this aid, and let man share the glory of such not behindhand in its public buildings; but there are very few halls for that there should be. However, I should never have broken a horse or the oxen, or, in other words, become the slaves of the strongest. Man not merely unnecessary or artistic, but luxurious and idle work, with am wont to think that men are not so much the keepers of herds as will be seen to have greatly the advantage, their farm is so much the nations should seek to commemorate themselves? How much more not another's loss, and that the stable-boy has equal cause with his free worship or free speech in this county. It should not be by their not toil at the bidding of any prince. Genius is not a retainer to any

by exhibiting a greater compass and volume of voice in a native, and booas if determined to expose and disgrace this intruder from Hudson's Bay any inhabitant of the woods, responded at regular intervals to the goose, ear, there were in it the elements of a concord such as these plains never larynx as well as yourself? Boo-hoo, boo-hoo, boo-hoo! It was one of the most thrilling discords I ever heard. And yet, if you had a discriminating while with a regular beat. Suddenly an unmistakable cat-owl from very citadel at this time of night consecrated to me? Do you think I am ever near me, with the most harsh and tremendous voice I ever heard from hoo him out of Concord horizon. What do you mean by alarming the deterred from settling by my light, their commodore honking all the caught napping at such an hour, and that I have not got lungs and a house. They passed over the pond toward Fair Haven, seemingly saw nor heard.

the cracking of the ground by the frost, as if some one had driven a team I also heard the whooping of the ice in the pond, my great bed-fellow in that part of Concord, as if it were restless in its bed and would fain turn over, were troubled with flatulency and had dreams; or I was waked by against my door, and in the morning would find a crack in the earth a quarter of a mile long and a third of an inch wide.

standing on their defence, awaiting their transformation. Sometimes one came near to my window, attracted by my light, barked a vulpine curse at account, may there not be a civilization going on among brutes as well as raggedly and demoniacally like forest dogs, as if laboring with some outright and run freely in the streets; for if we take the ages into our Sometimes I heard the foxes as they ranged over the snow-crust, in moonlight nights, in search of a partridge or other game, barking anxiety, or seeking expression, struggling for light and to be dogs men? They seemed to me to be rudimental, burrowing men, still me, and then retreated.

various animals which were baited by it. In the twilight and the night the snow-crust by my door, and was amused by watching the motions of the out of the woods for this purpose. In the course of the winter I threw out coursing over the roof and up and down the sides of the house, as if sent Usually the red squirrel (Sciurus Hudsonius) waked me in the dawn, half a bushel of ears of sweet corn, which had not got ripe, on to the

man's field than a hundred-gated Thebes that has wandered farther from the thirty centuries begin to look down on it, mankind begin to look up at it. As for your high towers and monuments, there was a crazy fellow once pains were taken to smooth and polish their manners? One piece of good It buries itself alive. As for the Pyramids, there is nothing to wonder at in does not. Most of the stone a nation hammers goes toward its tomb only. sense would be more memorable than a monument as high as the moon. emperor, nor is its material silver, or gold, or marble, except to a trifling heathenish build splendid temples; but what you might call Christianity love better to see stones in place. The grandeur of Thebes was a vulgar young architect, designs it on the back of his Vitruvius, with hard pencil themselves by the amount of hammered stone they leave. What if equal the true end of life. The religion and civilization which are barbaric and booby, whom it would have been wiser and manlier to have drowned in religion and love of art of the builders, it is much the same all the world that, as he said, he heard the Chinese pots and kettles rattle; but I think Bank. It costs more than it comes to. The mainspring is vanity, assisted over, whether the building be an Egyptian temple or the United States and ruler, and the job is let out to Dobson & Sons, stonecutters. When in this town who undertook to dig through to China, and he got so far the Nile, and then given his body to the dogs. I might possibly invent grandeur. More sensible is a rod of stone wall that bounds an honest them so much as the fact that so many men could be found degraded enough to spend their lives constructing a tomb for some ambitious by the love of garlic and bread and butter. Mr. Balcom, a promising extent. To what end, pray, is so much stone hammered? In Arcadia, that I shall not go out of my way to admire the hole which he made. some excuse for them and him, but I have no time for it. As for the when I was there, I did not see any hammering stone. Nations are possessed with an insane ambition to perpetuate the memory of

earned \$13.34. The expense of food for eight months, namely, from July By surveying, carpentry, and day-labor of various other kinds in the village in the meanwhile, for I have as many trades as fingers, I had

Many are concerned about the monuments of the West and the East — to

days did not build them — who were above such trifling. But to proceed

with my statistics.

know who built them. For my part, I should like to know who in those

### WINTER ANIMALS

their cabins high above the ice, though none could be seen abroad when I Goose Pond, which lay in my way, a colony of muskrats dwelt, and raised crossed it. Walden, being like the rest usually bare of snow, or with only street, and except at very long intervals, from the jingle of sleigh-bells, I shorter routes to many points, but new views from their surfaces of the over it, it was so unexpectedly wide and so strange that I could think of freely when the snow was nearly two feet deep on a level elsewhere and slid and skated, as in a vast moose-yard well trodden, overhung by oak woods and solemn pines bent down with snow or bristling with icicles. extremity of a snowy plain, in which I did not remember to have stood the villagers were confined to their streets. There, far from the village before; and the fishermen, at an indeterminable distance over the ice, familiar landscape around them. When I crossed Flint's Pond, after it was covered with snow, though I had often paddled about and skated Esquimaux, or in misty weather loomed like fabulous creatures, and I did not know whether they were giants or pygmies. I took this course when I went to lecture in Lincoln in the evening, travelling in no road shallow and interrupted drifts on it, was my yard where I could walk nothing but Baffin's Bay. The Lincoln hills rose up around me at the and passing no house between my own hut and the lecture room. In When the ponds were firmly frozen, they afforded not only new and moving slowly about with their wolfish dogs, passed for sealers, or

For sounds in winter nights, and often in winter days, I heard the forlorn sounded sonorously, and the first three syllables accented somewhat like but melodious note of a hooting owl indefinitely far; such a sound as the though I never saw the bird while it was making it. I seldom opened my how der do; or sometimes hoo, hoo only. One night in the beginning of winter, before the pond froze over, about nine o'clock, I was startled by the loud honking of a goose, and, stepping to the door, heard the sound door in a winter evening without hearing it; Hoo hoo hoo, hoorer, hoo, frozen earth would yield if struck with a suitable plectrum, the very lingua vernacula of Walden Wood, and quite familiar to me at last, of their wings like a tempest in the woods as they flew low over my

lived there more than two years — not counting potatoes, a little green corn, and some peas, which I had raised, nor considering the value of 4th to March 1st, the time when these estimates were made, though I what was on hand at the last date — was

year I sometimes caught a mess of fish for my dinner, and once I went so with myself, and that their deeds would look no better in print. The next Yes, I did eat \$8.74, all told; but I should not thus unblushingly publish my guilt, if I did not know that most of my readers were equally guilty

flocks which sometimes form and dissolve there. There we worked, revising mythology, rounding a fable here and there, and building castles in the air for which earth offered no worthy foundation. Great Looker! Great Expecter! to converse with whom was a New England Night's Entertainment. Ah! such discourse we had, hermit and philosopher, and the old settler I have spoken of — we three — it expanded and racked my little house; I should not dare to say how many pounds' weight there was above the atmospheric pressure on every circular inch; it opened its seams so that they had to be calked with much dulness thereafter to stop the consequent leak; — but I had enough of that kind of oakum already picked.

There was one other with whom I had "solid seasons," long to be remembered, at his house in the village, and who looked in upon me from time to time; but I had no more for society there.

There too, as everywhere, I sometimes expected the Visitor who never comes. The Vishnu Purana says, "The house-holder is to remain at eventide in his courtyard as long as it takes to milk a cow, or longer if he pleases, to await the arrival of a guest." I often performed this duty of hospitality, waited long enough to milk a whole herd of cows, but did not see the man approaching from the town.

7

far as to slaughter a woodchuck which ravaged my bean-field — effect his transmigration, as a Tartar would say — and devour him, partly for experiment's sake; but though it afforded me a momentary enjoyment, notwithstanding a musky flavor, I saw that the longest use would not make that a good practice, however it might seem to have your woodchucks ready dressed by the village butcher.

Clothing and some incidental expenses within the same dates, though little can be inferred from this item, amounted to

\$ 8.40-3/4

Oil and some household utensils . . . . . . 2.00

So that all the pecuniary outgoes, excepting for washing and mending, which for the most part were done out of the house, and their bills have not yet been received — and these are all and more than all the ways by which money necessarily goes out in this part of the world — were

House ..... \$ 28.12+

Clothing, etc., eight months ...... 8.40-3/4

Food eight months .... 8.74

Oil, etc., eight months......2.00

In all ..... \$ 61.99-3/4

I address myself now to those of my readers who have a living to get. And to meet this I have for farm produce sold

\$ 23.44

Earned by day-labor......13.34

the philosophers — Connecticut gave him to the world — he peddled first prompting God and disgracing man, bearing for fruit his brain only, like trees, and shared with me some long winter evenings. One of the last of any alive. His words and attitude always suppose a better state of things unsuspected by most will take effect, and masters of families and rulers her wares, afterwards, as he declares, his brains. These he peddles still, disappointed as the ages revolve. He has no venture in the present. But the nut its kernel. I think that he must be the man of the most faith of than other men are acquainted with, and he will be the last man to be though comparatively disregarded now, when his day comes, laws will come to him for advice.

"How blind that cannot see serenity!"

institution in it, freeborn, ingenuus. Whichever way we turned, it seemed thought of all, adding to it commonly some breadth and elegance. I think making plain the image engraven in men's bodies, the God of whom they are but defaced and leaning monuments. With his hospitable intellect he talked, and effectually put the world behind us; for he was pledged to no overarching sky which reflects his serenity. I do not see how he can ever Mortality, say rather an Immortality, with unwearied patience and faith know; the same yesterday and tomorrow. Of yore we had sauntered and that the heavens and the earth had met together, since he enhanced the have leisure and a quiet mind, who earnestly seek the right road." He is A true friend of man; almost the only friend of human progress. An Old perhaps the sanest man and has the fewest crotchets of any I chance to embraces children, beggars, insane, and scholars, and entertains the printed, "Entertainment for man, but not for his beast. Enter ye that beauty of the landscape. A blue-robed man, whose fittest roof is the philosophers of all nations might put up, and on his sign should be that he should keep a caravansary on the world's highway, where die; Nature cannot spare him.

pumpkin pine. We waded so gently and reverently, or we pulled together so smoothly, that the fishes of thought were not scared from the stream, nor feared any angler on the bank, but came and went grandly, like the them, trying our knives, and admiring the clear yellowish grain of the Having each some shingles of thought well dried, we sat and whittled clouds which float through the western sky, and the mother-o'-pearl

which subtracted from the sum of the outgoes leaves a balance of \$25.21 started, and the measure of expenses to be incurred — and on the other, 3/4 on the one side — this being very nearly the means with which I beside the leisure and independence and health thus secured, a comfortable house for me as long as I choose to occupy it.

It appears from the above estimate, that my food alone cost me in money objections of some inveterate cavillers, I may as well state, that if I dined also. Nothing was given me of which I have not rendered some account. about twenty-seven cents a week. It was, for nearly two years after this, ye and Indian meal without yeast, potatoes, rice, a very little salt pork, molasses, and salt; and my drink, water. It was fit that I should live on may appear, as they have a certain completeness, have a certain value constant element, does not in the least affect a comparative statement domestic arrangements. But the dining out, being, as I have stated, a These statistics, however accidental and therefore uninstructive they rice, mainly, who love so well the philosophy of India. To meet the opportunities to do again, it was frequently to the detriment of my out occasionally, as I always had done, and I trust shall have ike this.

gathered in my cornfield, boiled and salted. I give the Latin on account of the savoriness of the trivial name. And pray what more can a reasonable little trouble to obtain one's necessary food, even in this latitude; that a appetite, and not of health. Yet men have come to such a pass that they man may use as simple a diet as the animals, and yet retain health and and I know a good woman who thinks that her son lost his life because frequently starve, not for want of necessaries, but for want of luxuries; learned from my two years' experience that it would cost incredibly Even the little variety which I used was a yielding to the demands of number of ears of green sweet corn boiled, with the addition of salt? accounts, simply off a dish of purslane (Portulaca oleracea) which I strength. I have made a satisfactory dinner, satisfactory on several man desire, in peaceful times, in ordinary noons, than a sufficient he took to drinking water only.

even in midwinter, some warm and springly swamp where the grass and small type, of a meadow mouse was to be seen. Yet I rarely failed to find, northwest wind had been depositing the powdery snow round a sharp angle in the road, and not a rabbit's track, nor even the fine print, the the skunk-cabbage still put forth with perennial verdure, and some hardier bird occasionally awaited the return of spring. Sometimes, notwithstanding the snow, when I returned from my walk at their farms"; who donned a frock instead of a professor's gown, and is as with the odor of his pipe. Or on a Sunday afternoon, if I chanced to be at door, and found his pile of whittlings on the hearth, and my house filled men sat about large fires in cold, bracing weather, with clear heads; and when other dessert failed, we tried our teeth on many a nut which wise manure from his barn-yard. We talked of rude and simple times, when squirrels have long since abandoned, for those which have the thickest headed farmer, who from far through the woods sought my house, to evening I crossed the deep tracks of a woodchopper leading from my have a social "crack"; one of the few of his vocation who are "men on home, I heard the cronching of the snow made by the step of a longready to extract the moral out of church or state as to haul a load of shells are commonly empty. The one who came from farthest to my lodge, through deepest snows and the murmur of much sober talk, making amends then to Walden vale for goings? His business calls him out at all hours, even when doctors sleep. We made that small house ring with boisterous mirth and resound with jest. We made many a "bran new" theory of life over a thin dish of gruel, have been referred indifferently to the last-uttered or the forth-coming reporter, even a philosopher, may be daunted; but nothing can deter a poet, for he is actuated by pure love. Who can predict his comings and suitable intervals there were regular salutes of laughter, which might the long silences. Broadway was still and deserted in comparison. At most dismal tempests, was a poet. A farmer, a hunter, a soldier, a which combined the advantages of conviviality with the clearheadedness which philosophy requires.

through snow and rain and darkness, till he saw my lamp through the I should not forget that during my last winter at the pond there was another welcome visitor, who at one time came through the village,

The reader will perceive that I am treating the subject rather from an

smoked and to have a piny flavor, I tried flour also; but have at last found hatching eggs. They were a real cereal fruit which I ripened, and they had the land of the living; and I am glad to escape the trivialness of carrying a be an essential ingredient, and after going without it for a year am still in weather it was no little amusement to bake several small loaves of this in to my senses a fragrance like that of other noble fruits, which I kept in as a mixture of rye and Indian meal most convenient and agreeable. In cold wholesome bread," the staff of life. Leaven, which some deem the soul of economic than a dietetic point of view, and he will not venture to put my through the various fermentations thereafter, till I came to "good, sweet, at length one morning I forgot the rules, and scalded my yeast; by which travelling gradually down in my studies through that accidental souring influence is still rising, swelling, spreading, in cerealian billows over the contents to my discomfiture. It is simpler and more respectable to omit and — this seed I regularly and faithfully procured from the village, till discoveries were not by the synthetic but analytic process — and I have preserved like the vestal fire — some precious bottleful, I suppose, first that safe and wholesome bread without yeast might not be, and elderly people prophesied a speedy decay of the vital forces. Yet I find it not to Bread I at first made of pure Indian meal and salt, genuine hoe-cakes, invention of the unleavened kind, when from the wildness of nuts and meats men first reached the mildness and refinement of this diet, and gladly omitted it since, though most housewives earnestly assured me bottleful in my pocket, which would sometimes pop and discharge its it. Man is an animal who more than any other can adapt himself to all which I baked before my fire out of doors on a shingle or the end of a of the dough which, it is supposed, taught the leavening process, and succession, tending and turning them as carefully as an Egyptian his stick of timber sawed off in building my house; but it was wont to get brought over in the Mayflower, did the business for America, and its accident I discovered that even this was not indispensable — for my bread, the spiritus which fills its cellular tissue, which is religiously ong as possible by wrapping them in cloths. I made a study of the ancient and indispensable art of bread-making, consulting such authorities as offered, going back to the primitive days and first abstemiousness to the test unless he has a well-stocked larder.

fir trees; wading to the tops of the highest hills when the show was nearly me. When I made most noise he would stretch out his neck, and erect his me, vague object or mote that interrupted his visions. At length, on some limbs to droop, and so sharpening their tops, had changed the pines into head at every step; or sometimes creeping and floundering thither on my in broad daylight, I standing within a rod of him. He could hear me when brother of the cat. There was only a narrow slit left between their lids, by slightest sound from them. Thus, guided amid the pine boughs rather by frequently tramped eight or ten miles through the deepest snow to keep sitting on one of the lower dead limbs of a white pine, close to the trunk, neck feathers, and open his eyes wide; but their lids soon fell again, and hands and knees, when the hunters had gone into winter quarters. One a delicate sense of their neighborhood than by sight, feeling his twilight sluggishly turn about on his perch, as if impatient at having his dreams way, as it were, with his sensitive pinions, he found a new perch, where two feet deep on a level, and shaking down another snow-storm on my I moved and cronched the snow with my feet, but could not plainly see pines, spreading his wings to unexpected breadth, I could not hear the disturbed; and when he launched himself off and flapped through the afternoon I amused myself by watching a barred owl (Strix nebulosa) eyes, looking out from the land of dreams, and endeavoring to realize he began to nod. I too felt a slumberous influence after watching him half an hour, as he sat thus with his eyes half open, like a cat, winged acquaintance among the pines; when the ice and snow causing their which be preserved a pennisular relation to me; thus, with half-shut louder noise or my nearer approach, he would grow uneasy and an appointment with a beech tree, or a yellow birch, or an old he might in peace await the dawning of his day.

like a friendly Indian, when the contents of the broad open fields were all piled up between the walls of the Walden road, and half an hour sufficed drifts would have formed, through which I floundered, where the busy As I walked over the long causeway made for the railroad through the better by the carriage road from Brister's Hill. For I came to town still, cheek, heathen as I was, I turned to it the other also. Nor was it much to obliterate the tracks of the last traveller. And when I returned new nowhere has it freer play; and when the frost had smitten me on one meadows, I encountered many a blustering and nipping wind, for

climates and circumstances. Neither did I put any sal-soda, or other acid Christ. "Panem depsticium sic facito. Manus mortariumque bene lavato. pulchre. Ubi bene subegeris, defingito, coquitoque sub testu." Which I or alkali, into my bread. It would seem that I made it according to the recipe which Marcus Porcius Cato gave about two centuries before Farinam in mortarium indito, aquae paulatim addito, subigitoque ake to mean, — "Make kneaded bread thus. Wash your hands and it under a cover," that is, in a baking kettle. Not a word about leaven. But

I did not always use this staff of life. At one time, owing to the emptiness

of my purse, I saw none of it for more than a month.

knead it thoroughly. When you have kneaded it well, mould it, and bake

trough well. Put the meal into the trough, add water gradually, and

pumpkins or beets, and I knew that I needed only to set out a few maples so do without rice and pork; and if I must have some concentrated sweet, greater cost, at the store. I saw that I could easily raise my bushel or two of rye and Indian corn, for the former will grow on the poorest land, and I found by experiment that I could make a very good molasses either of the latter does not require the best, and grind them in a hand-mill, and and of rye and Indian corn, and not depend on distant and fluctuating hominy and corn in a still coarser form are hardly used by any. For the Every New Englander might easily raise all his own breadstuffs in this markets for them. Yet so far are we from simplicity and independence to obtain it more easily still, and while these were growing I could use that, in Concord, fresh and sweet meal is rarely sold in the shops, and producing, and buys flour, which is at least no more wholesome, at a most part the farmer gives to his cattle and hogs the grain of his own various substitutes beside those which I have named. "For," as the Forefathers sang —

Of pumpkins and parsnips and walnut-tree chips." "we can make liquor to sweeten our lips

Finally, as for salt, that grossest of groceries, to obtain this might be a fit should probably drink the less water. I do not learn that the Indians ever occasion for a visit to the seashore, or, if I did without it altogether, I troubled themselves to go after it. Thus I could avoid all trade and barter, so far as my food was concerned, and having a shelter already, it would only remain to get clothing and

landscape! Again, perhaps, Nature will try, with me for a first settler, and race. Might not the basket, stable-broom, mat-making, corn-parching, inherited the land of their fathers? The sterile soil would at least have linen-spinning, and pottery business have thrived here, making the wilderness to blossom like the rose, and a numerous posterity have been proof against a low-land degeneracy. Alas! how little does the memory of these human inhabitants enhance the beauty of the my house raised last spring to be the oldest in the hamlet.

accursed there, and before that becomes necessary the earth itself will be materials are ruins, whose gardens cemeteries. The soil is blanched and I am not aware that any man has ever built on the spot which I occupy. destroyed. With such reminiscences I repeopled the woods and lulled Deliver me from a city built on the site of a more ancient city, whose myself asleep.

the farmers could not get to the woods and swamps with their teams, and Indian concerned himself about me; nor needed he, for the master of the food; or like that early settler's family in the town of Sutton, in this State, whose cottage was completely covered by the great snow of 1717 when he house was at home. The Great Snow! How cheerful it is to hear of! When was absent, and an Indian found it only by the hole which the chimney's were obliged to cut down the shade trees before their houses, and, when there I lived as snug as a meadow mouse, or as cattle and poultry which wanderer ventured near my house for a week or fortnight at a time, but the crust was harder, cut off the trees in the swamps, ten feet from the are said to have survived for a long time buried in drifts, even without At this season I seldom had a visitor. When the snow lay deepest no breath made in the drift, and so relieved the family. But no friendly ground, as it appeared the next spring.

weather interfered fatally with my walks, or rather my going abroad, for I meandering dotted line, with wide intervals between the dots. For a week of even weather I took exactly the same number of steps, and of the same length, coming and going, stepping deliberately and with the precision of reduces us — yet often they were filled with heaven's own blue. But no a pair of dividers in my own deep tracks — to such routine the winter In the deepest snows, the path which I used from the highway to my house, about half a mile long, might have been represented by a

the man to the farmer; — and in a new country, fuel is an encumbrance. fuel. The pantaloons which I now wear were woven in a farmer's family thank Heaven there is so much virtue still in man; for I think the fall As for a habitat, if I were not permitted still to squat, I might purchase from the farmer to the operative as great and memorable as that from

namely, eight dollars and eight cents. But as it was, I considered that I

enhanced the value of the land by squatting on it.

one acre at the same price for which the land I cultivated was sold —

my part, I am glad to bear of experiments of this kind being tried; as that accustomed to answer such, that I can live on board nails. If they cannot succeeded. The human race is interested in these experiments, though a ew old women who are incapacitated for them, or who own their thirds understand that, they cannot understand much that I have to say. For a young man tried for a fortnight to live on hard, raw corn on the ear, questions as, if I think that I can live on vegetable food alone; and to strike at the root of the matter at once — for the root is faith — I am using his teeth for all mortar. The squirrel tribe tried the same and There is a certain class of unbelievers who sometimes ask me such in mills, may be alarmed.

contained the contents of a dozen shanties; and if one shanty is poor, this exposed to the light of heaven and the eyes of men, a beggarly account of is a dozen times as poor. Pray, for what do we move ever but to get rid of jug for oil, a jug for molasses, and a japanned lamp. None is so poor that nothing of which I have not rendered an account — consisted of a bed, a he need sit on a pumpkin. That is shiftlessness. There is a plenty of such chairs as I like best in the village garrets to be had for taking them away. pair of tongs and andirons, a kettle, a skillet, and a frying-pan, a dipper, poor one; the owner always seemed poverty-stricken. Indeed, the more a wash-bowl, two knives and forks, three plates, one cup, one spoon, a inspecting such a load whether it belonged to a so-called rich man or a table, a desk, three chairs, a looking-glass three inches in diameter, a Furniture! Thank God, I can sit and I can stand without the aid of a ashamed to see his furniture packed in a cart and going up country empty boxes? That is Spaulding's furniture. I could never tell from you have of such things the poorer you are. Each load looks as if it My furniture, part of which I made myself — and the rest cost me furniture warehouse. What man but a philosopher would not be

freshly stretched upon the back of the house, a trophy of his last Waterloo; but no warm cap or mittens would he want more.

absolute," in some form and dialect or other were by turns discussed. But some late day — with a flat stone under the sod, when the last of the race departed. What a sorrowful act must that be — the covering up of wells! Sometimes the well dent is visible, where once a spring oozed; now dry deserted fox burrows, old holes, are all that is left where once were the all I can learn of their conclusions amounts to just this, that "Cato and Brister pulled wool"; which is about as edifying as the history of more pitch pine or gnarled oak occupies what was the chimney nook, and a sweet-scented black birch, perhaps, waves where the door-stone was. hazel-bushes, and sumachs growing in the sunny sward there; some and tearless grass; or it was covered deep — not to be discovered till coincident with the opening of wells of tears. These cellar dents, like buried cellar stones, and strawberries, raspberries, thimble-berries, Now only a dent in the earth marks the site of these dwellings, with stir and bustle of human life, and "fate, free will, foreknowledge famous schools of philosophy.

half-century after they had grown up and died — blossoming as fair, and shadow of the house and daily watered, would root itself so, and outlive plucked by the musing traveller; planted and tended once by children's pastures, and giving place to new-rising forests; — the last of that stirp, sole survivor of that family. Little did the dusky children think that the Still grows the vivacious lilac a generation after the door and lintel and the sill are gone, unfolding its sweet-scented flowers each spring, to be puny slip with its two eyes only, which they stuck in the ground in the garden and orchard, and tell their story faintly to the lone wanderer a smelling as sweet, as in that first spring. I mark its still tender, civil. them, and house itself in the rear that shaded it, and grown man's hands, in front-yard plots — now standing by wallsides in retired cheerful lilac colors.

Concord keeps its ground? Were there no natural advantages — no water privileges, forsooth? Ay, the deep Walden Pond and cool Brister's Spring privilege to drink long and healthy draughts at these, all unimproved by these men but to dilute their glass. They were universally a thirsty But this small village, germ of something more, why did it fail while

our furniture, our exuvioe: at last to go from this world to another newly

powers of a well man nowadays to take up his bed and walk, and I should to carry. If I have got to drag my trap, I will take care that it be a light one an immigrant tottering under a bundle which contained his all — looking How often he is at a dead set! "Sir, if I may be so bold, what do you mean through a knot-hole or gateway where his sledge load of furniture cannot narrowly you will find have some stored in somebody's barn. I look upon certainly advise a sick one to lay down his bed and run. When I have met furnished, and leave this to be burned? It is the same as if all these traps England today as an old gentleman who is travelling with a great deal of have pitied him, not because that was his all, but because he had all that and do not nip me in a vital part. But perchance it would be wisest never furniture?" — My gay butterfly is entangled in a spider's web then. Even which he has not the courage to burn; great trunk, little trunk, bandbox, compact-looking man, seemingly free, all girded and ready, speak of his "furniture," as whether it is insured or not. "But what shall I do with my by a dead set?" If you are a seer, whenever you meet a man you will see country where our lines are cast without dragging them — dragging his all that he owns, ay, and much that he pretends to disown, behind him, will not burn, and he will appear to be harnessed to it and making what like an enormous wen which had grown out of the nape of his neck — I gnaw his third leg off to be free. No wonder man has lost his elasticity. even to his kitchen furniture and all the trumpery which he saves and those who seem for a long while not to have any, if you inquire more trap. He was a lucky fox that left his tail in the trap. The muskrat will and bundle. Throw away the first three at least. It would surpass the baggage, trumpery which has accumulated from long housekeeping, were buckled to a man's belt, and he could not move over the rough headway he can. I think that the man is at a dead set who has got follow him. I cannot but feel compassion when I hear some trig, to put one's paw into it.

they should look in. The moon will not sour milk nor taint meat of mine, have no gazers to shut out but the sun and moon, and I am willing that I would observe, by the way, that it costs me nothing for curtains, for I behind some curtain which nature has provided, than to add a single sometimes too warm a friend, I find it still better economy to retreat nor will the sun injure my furniture or fade my carpet; and if he is

day in midsummer, when I was hoeing, a man who was carrying a load of wheel of him, and wished to know what had become of him. I had read of the potter's clay and wheel in Scripture, but it had never occurred to me those days, or grown on trees like gourds somewhere, and I was pleased accounts, there being nothing else that he could lay his hands on. One that the pots we use were not such as had come down unbroken from while they lived; and there often the sheriff came in vain to collect the to hear that so fictile an art was ever practiced in my neighborhood. concerning Wyman the younger. He had long ago bought a potter's pottery to market stopped his horse against my field and inquired taxes, and "attached a chip," for form's sake, as I have read in his

was a man of manners, like one who had seen the world, and was capable midsummer, being affected with the trembling delirium, and his face was of more civil speech than you could well attend to. He wore a greatcoat in Quoil (if I have spelt his name with coil enough), who occupied Wyman's battles over again. His trade here was that of a ditcher. Napoleon went to St. Helena; Quoil came to Walden Woods. All I know of him is tragic. He to me that, though he had heard of Brister's Spring, he had never seen it; shortly after I came to the woods, so that I have not remembered him as The last could never have been the symbol of his death, for he confessed curled up by use, as if they were himself, upon his raised plank bed. His which last stuck to my clothes for all fruit. The skin of a woodchuck was catch, black as night and as silent, not even croaking, awaiting Reynard, and soiled cards, kings of diamonds, spades, and hearts, were scattered pipe lay broken on the hearth, instead of a bowl broken at the fountain. harvest time. It was overrun with Roman wormwood and beggar-ticks, outline of a garden, which had been planted but had never received its still went to roost in the next apartment. In the rear there was the dim avoided it as "an unlucky castle," I visited it. There lay his old clothes tenement — Col. Quoil, he was called. Rumor said that he had been a The last inhabitant of these woods before me was an Irishman, Hugh soldier at Waterloo. If he had lived I should have made him fight his over the floor. One black chicken which the administrator could not the color of carmine. He died in the road at the foot of Brister's Hill first hoeing, owing to those terrible shaking fits, though it was now a neighbor. Before his house was pulled down, when his comrades

item to the details of housekeeping. A lady once offered me a mat, but as without to shake it, I declined it, preferring to wipe my feet on the sod I had no room to spare within the house, nor time to spare within or before my door. It is best to avoid the beginnings of evil.

Not long since I was present at the auction of a deacon's effects, for his ife had not been ineffectual:—

"The evil that men do lives after them."

estates are settled, when they will start again. When a man dies he kicks neighbors eagerly collected to view them, bought them all, and carefully accumulate in his father's day. Among the rest was a dried tapeworm. destruction of them, there was an auction, or increasing of them. The transported them to their garrets and dust holes, to lie there till their And now, after lying half a century in his garret and other dust holes, these things were not burned; instead of a bonfire, or purifying As usual, a great proportion was trumpery which had begun to the dust.

imitated by us, for they at least go through the semblance of casting their reality or not. Would it not be well if we were to celebrate such a "busk," or "feast of first fruits," as Bartram describes to have been the custom of this fast they abstain from the gratification of every appetite and passion and fasted for three days, all the fire in the town is extinguished. During slough annually; they have the idea of the thing, whether they have the whatever. A general amnesty is proclaimed; all malefactors may return pans, and other household utensils and furniture, they collect all their worn out clothes and other despicable things, sweep and cleanse their common heap, and consume it with fire. After having taken medicine, houses, squares, and the whole town of their filth, which with all the remaining grain and other old provisions they cast together into one The customs of some savage nations might, perchance, be profitably the Mucclasse Indians? "When a town celebrates the busk," says he, "having previously provided themselves with new clothes, new pots, to their town."

produces new fire in the public square, from whence every habitation in "On the fourth morning, the high priest, by rubbing dry wood together, the town is supplied with the new and pure flame."

witnessed, including Bascom's shop, and, between ourselves, we thought could turn that threatened last and universal one into another flood. We that, were we there in season with our "tub," and a full frog-pond by, we "Gondibert." But as for "Gondibert," I would except that passage in the preface about wit being the soul's powder — "but most of mankind are finally retreated without doing any mischief - returned to sleep and lower tone referred to the great conflagrations which the world has strangers to wit, as Indians are to powder."

find the well-sweep which his father had cut and mounted, feeling for the common "rider." I felt it, and still remark it almost daily in my walks, for wont. He had been working far off in the river meadows all day, and had know, the heir of both its virtues and its vices, who alone was interested improved the first moments that he could call his own to visit the home sympathy which my mere presence, implied, and showed me, as well as in this burning, lying on his stomach and looking over the cellar wall at there was absolutely nothing but a heap of bricks and ashes. The house of his fathers and his youth. He gazed into the cellar from all sides and treasure, which he remembered, concealed between the stones, where It chanced that I walked that way across the fields the following night, iron hook or staple by which a burden had been fastened to the heavy the darkness permitted, where the well was covered up; which, thank Heaven, could never be burned; and he groped long about the wall to near in the dark, and discovered the only survivor of the family that I about the same hour, and hearing a low moaning at this spot, I drew the still smouldering cinders beneath, muttering to himself, as is his points of view by turns, always lying down to it, as if there was some being gone, he looked at what there was left. He was soothed by the end — all that he could now cling to — to convince me that it was no by it hangs the history of a family.

Once more, on the left, where are seen the well and lilac bushes by the wall, in the now open field, lived Nutting and Le Grosse. But to return toward Lincoln.

Neither were they rich in worldly goods, holding the land by sufferance Farther in the woods than any of these, where the road approaches nearest to the pond, Wyman the potter squatted, and furnished his townsmen with earthenware, and left descendants to succeed him.

They then feast on the new corn and fruits, and dance and sing for three their friends from neighboring towns who have in like manner purified days, "and the four following days they receive visits and rejoice with and prepared themselves."

fifty-two years, in the belief that it was time for the world to come to an The Mexicans also practised a similar purification at the end of every

than this, and I have no doubt that they were originally inspired directly defines it, "outward and visible sign of an inward and spiritual grace," I have scarcely heard of a truer sacrament, that is, as the dictionary from Heaven to do thus, though they have no Biblical record of the revelation.

my hands, and I found that, by working about six weeks in a year, I could the bargain. As I did not teach for the good of my fellow-men, but simply meet all the expenses of living. The whole of my winters, as well as most looking about to see what I could do for a living, some sad experience in For more than five years I maintained myself thus solely by the labor of probably be on my way to the devil. I was actually afraid that I might by dreamed that I might gather the wild herbs, or carry evergreens to such that time be doing what is called a good business. When formerly I was villagers as loved to be reminded of the woods, even to the city, by haytrain, not to say think and believe, accordingly, and I lost my time into for a livelihood, this was a failure. I have tried trade but I found that it of my summers, I had free and clear for study. I have thoroughly tried ather out of proportion, to my income, for I was obliged to dress and conforming to the wishes of friends being fresh in my mind to tax my ingenuity, I thought often and seriously of picking huckleberries; that surely I could do, and its small profits might suffice — for my greatest contemplated this occupation as most like theirs; ranging the hills all would take ten years to get under way in that, and that then I should skill has been to want but little — so little capital it required, so little school-keeping, and found that my expenses were in proportion, or carelessly dispose of them; so, to keep the flocks of Admetus. I also distraction from my wonted moods, I foolishly thought. While my summer to pick the berries which came in my way, and thereafter acquaintances went unhesitatingly into trade or the professions, I

steed. Here then men saluted one another, and heard and told the news, one day; who first comes in the guise of a friend or hired man, and then must not yet tell the tragedies enacted here; let time intervene in some robs and murders the whole family — New-England Rum. But history indistinct and dubious tradition says that once a tavern stood; the well the same, which tempered the traveller's beverage and refreshed his measure to assuage and lend an azure tint to them. Here the most and went their ways again.

- barn, shop, or dwelling-house, or all together. "It's Baker's barn," cried thought it was far south over the woods — we who had run to fires before of all, as it was afterward whispered, came they who set the fire and gave our senses, until at a turn in the road we heard the crackling and actually Breed's hut was standing only a dozen years ago, though it had long been were there. The very nearness of the fire but cooled our ardor. At first we thought to throw a frog-pond on to it; but concluded to let it burn, it was so far gone and so worthless. So we stood round our engine, jostled one anon the engine bell tinkled behind, more slow and sure; and rearmost mischievous boys, one Election night, if I do not mistake. I lived on the Nervii. I had just sunk my head on this when the bells rung fire, and in one. "It is the Codman place," affirmed another. And then fresh sparks the alarm. Thus we kept on like true idealists, rejecting the evidence of "Gondibert," that winter that I labored with a lethargy — which, by the hot haste the engines rolled that way, led by a straggling troop of men way, I never knew whether to regard as a family complaint, having an Insurance Company, who was bound to go however far; and ever and another, expressed our sentiments through speaking-trumpets, or in felt the heat of the fire from over the wall, and realized, alas! that we and boys, and I among the foremost, for I had leaped the brook. We crushing loads, bearing, perchance, among the rest, the agent of the collection of English poetry without skipping. It fairly overcame my "Concord to the rescue!" Wagons shot past with furious speed and potatoes in a cellar Sundays, in order to keep awake and keep the edge of the village then, and had just lost myself over Davenant's uncle who goes to sleep shaving himself, and is obliged to sprout Sabbath, or as the consequence of my attempt to read Chalmers' went up above the wood, as if the roof fell in, and we all shouted unoccupied. It was about the size of mine. It was set on fire by

handles; and though you trade in messages from heaven, the whole curse cart loads. But I have since learned that trade curses everything it of trade attaches to the business.

as I could fare hard and yet succeed well, I did not wish to spend my time house in the Grecian or the Gothic style just yet. If there are any to whom any, especially as it required only thirty or forty days in a year to support nothing to say. Those who would not know what to do with more leisure found that the occupation of a day-laborer was the most independent of As I preferred some things to others, and especially valued my freedom, work till they pay for themselves, and get their free papers. For myself I in earning rich carpets or other fine furniture, or delicate cookery, or a than they now enjoy, I might advise to work twice as hard as they do — It is no interruption to acquire these things, and who know how to use because it keeps them out of worse mischief; to such I have at present labor; but his employer, who speculates from month to month, has no one. The laborer's day ends with the going down of the sun, and he is then free to devote himself to his chosen pursuit, independent of his "industrious," and appear to love labor for its own sake, or perhaps them when acquired, I relinquish to them the pursuit. Some are respite from one end of the year to the other.

In short, I am convinced, both by faith and experience, that to maintain sports of the more artificial. It is not necessary that a man should earn one's self on this earth is not a hardship but a pastime, if we will live simply and wisely; as the pursuits of the simpler nations are still the his living by the sweat of his brow, unless he sweats easier than I do.

pursue his own way, and not his father's or his mother's or his neighbor's hindered from doing that which he tells me he would like to do. It is by a myself, I desire that there may be as many different persons in the world One young man of my acquaintance, who has inherited some acres, told me that he thought he should live as I did, if he had the means. I would slave keeps the polestar in his eye; but that is sufficient guidance for all not have any one adopt my mode of living on any account; for, beside mathematical point only that we are wise, as the sailor or the fugitive as possible; but I would have each one be very careful to find out and that before he has fairly learned it I may have found out another for instead. The youth may build or plant or sail, only let him not be

traveller by a fringe of pines. It is now filled with the smooth sumach (Rhus glabra), and one of the earliest species of goldenrod (Solidago stricta) grows there luxuriantly.

townsfolk, making the Walden Woods ring with her shrill singing, for she away, and her cat and dog and hens were all burned up together. She led a hard life, and somewhat inhumane. One old frequenter of these woods had a loud and notable voice. At length, in the war of 1812, her dwelling muttering to herself over her gurgling pot — "Ye are all bones, bones!" I was set on fire by English soldiers, prisoners on parole, when she was Here, by the very corner of my field, still nearer to town, Zilpha, a colored woman, had her little house, where she spun linen for the remembers, that as he passed her house one noon he heard her have seen bricks amid the oak copse there.

side, near the unmarked graves of some British grenadiers who fell in the since I read his epitaph in the old Lincoln burying-ground, a little on one Africanus he had some title to be called — "a man of color," as if he were large, round, and black, blacker than any of the children of night, such a old trees now, but their fruit still wild and ciderish to my taste. Not long where grow still the apple trees which Brister planted and tended; large discolored. It also told me, with staring emphasis, when he died; which was but an indirect way of informing me that he ever lived. With him retreat from Concord — where he is styled "Sippio Brister" — Scipio Freeman, "a handy Negro," slave of Squire Cummings once — there dwelt Fenda, his hospitable wife, who told fortunes, yet pleasantly – Down the road, on the right hand, on Brister's Hill, lived Brister dusky orb as never rose on Concord before or since.

pitch pines, excepting a few stumps, whose old roots furnish still the wild marks of some homestead of the Stratton family; whose orchard once covered all the slope of Brister's Hill, but was long since killed out by Farther down the hill, on the left, on the old road in the woods, are stocks of many a thrifty village tree. Nearer yet to town, you come to Breed's location, on the other side of the prominent and astounding part in our New England life, and deserves, as much as any mythological character, to have his biography written way, just on the edge of the wood; ground famous for the pranks of a demon not distinctly named in old mythology, who has acted a

our life. We may not arrive at our port within a calculable period, but we would preserve the true course.

commonly possible is exceedingly partial and superficial; and what little rue co-operation there is, is as if it were not, being a harmony inaudible everywhere; if he has not faith, he will continue to live like the rest of the world, whatever company he is joined to. To co-operate in the highest as world, the one without money, earning his means as he went, before the yourself than to convince another of the advantage of the common wall; pocket. It was easy to see that they could not long be companions or cothousand, as a large house is not proportionally more expensive than a cheaper, must be a thin one, and that other may prove a bad neighbor, operate, since one would not operate at all. They would part at the first must wait till that other is ready, and it may be a long time before they mast and behind the plow, the other carrying a bill of exchange in his interesting crisis in their adventures. Above all, as I have implied, the small one, since one roof may cover, one cellar underlie, and one wall man who goes alone can start today; but he who travels with another separate several apartments. But for my part, I preferred the solitary proposed lately that two young men should travel together over the dwelling. Moreover, it will commonly be cheaper to build the whole and also not keep his side in repair. The only co-operation which is well as the lowest sense, means to get our living together. I heard it and when you have done this, the common partition, to be much Undoubtedly, in this case, what is true for one is truer still for a to men. If a man has faith, he will co-operate with equal faith

employment for the idle — I might try my hand at some such pastime as others have sacrificed this pleasure also. There are those who have used enterprises. I have made some sacrifices to a sense of duty, and among and lay their Heaven under an obligation by maintaining certain poor that. However, when I have thought to indulge myself in this respect, persons in all respects as comfortably as I maintain myself, and have even ventured so far as to make them the offer, they have one and all But all this is very selfish, I have heard some of my townsmen say. I all their arts to persuade me to undertake the support of some poor family in the town; and if I had nothing to do — for the devil finds confess that I have hitherto indulged very little in philanthropic

# FORMER INHABITANTS AND WINTER VISITORS

woods which border it were notched and dotted here and there with their but a humble route to neighboring villages, or for the woodman's team, it evenings by my fireside, while the snow whirled wildly without, and even village. The elements, however, abetted me in making a path through the did it with fear, and often ran a good part of the distance. Though mainly my feet, but in the night their dark line was my guide. For human society children who were compelled to go this way to Lincoln alone and on foot village to the woods, it then ran through a maple swamp on a foundation of logs, the remnants of which, doubtless, still underlie the present dusty highway, from the Stratton, now the Alms-House Farm, to Brister's Hill. I was obliged to conjure up the former occupants of these woods. Within blew the oak leaves into my tracks, where they lodged, and by absorbing deepest snow in the woods, for when I had once gone through the wind the hooting of the owl was hushed. For many weeks I met no one in my the rays of the sun melted the snow, and so not only made a my bed for the forest than now. In some places, within my own remembrance, the I weathered some merry snow-storms, and spent some cheerful winter little gardens and dwellings, though it was then much more shut in by the memory of many of my townsmen the road near which my house once amused the traveller more than now by its variety, and lingered walks but those who came occasionally to cut wood and sled it to the stands resounded with the laugh and gossip of inhabitants, and the longer in his memory. Where now firm open fields stretch from the pines would scrape both sides of a chaise at once, and women and

Duncan Ingraham, Esquire, gentleman, of Concord village, who built his cellar-hole still remains, though known to few, being concealed from the walnuts, which he let grow up till he should be old and need them; but a Cato, not Uticensis, but Concordiensis. Some say that he was a Guinea East of my bean-field, across the road, lived Cato Ingraham, slave of occupies an equally narrow house at present. Cato's half-obliterated slave a house, and gave him permission to live in Walden Woods; – Negro. There are a few who remember his little patch among the younger and whiter speculator got them at last. He too, however,

I would not stand between any man and his genius; and to him who does this work, which I decline, with his whole heart and soul and life, I would good, that is one of the professions which are full. Moreover, I have tried infinitely greater steadfastness elsewhere is all that now preserves it. But with my constitution. Probably I should not consciously and deliberately say, Persevere, even if the world call it doing evil, as it is most likely they must have a genius for charity as well as for anything else. As for Doingit fairly, and, strange as it may seem, am satisfied that it does not agree women are devoted in so many ways to the good of their fellows, I trust that one at least may be spared to other and less humane pursuits. You me, to save the universe from annihilation; and I believe that a like but forsake my particular calling to do the good which society demands of unhesitatingly preferred to remain poor. While my townsmen and

not engage that my neighbors shall pronounce it good — I do not hesitate every cottage window, inspiring lunatics, and tainting meats, and making I am far from supposing that my case is a peculiar one; no doubt many of I should say rather, Set about being good. As if the sun should stop when aforethought go about doing good. If I were to preach at all in this strain, chariot but one day, and drove out of the beaten track, he burned several are, without aiming mainly to become of more worth, and with kindness blocks of houses in the lower streets of heaven, and scorched the surface my readers would make a similar defence. At doing something — I will unintended. Men say, practically, Begin where you are and such as you to say that I should be a capital fellow to hire; but what that is, it is for my employer to find out. What good I do, in the common sense of that beneficence till he is of such brightness that no mortal can look him in the face, and then, and in the meanwhile too, going about the world in word, must be aside from my main path, and for the most part wholly sixth magnitude, and go about like a Robin Goodfellow, peeping in at wishing to prove his heavenly birth by his beneficence, had the sun's of the earth, and dried up every spring, and made the great desert of Sahara, till at length Jupiter hurled him headlong to the earth with a he had kindled his fires up to the splendor of a moon or a star of the discovered, the world going about him getting good. When Phaeton, darkness visible, instead of steadily increasing his genial heat and his own orbit, doing it good, or rather, as a truer philosophy has

And with us by the unequal light of the old wood fire talked." Nor fear the ghosts who from the dim past walked, Warms feet and hands — nor does to more aspire; Why art thou banished from our hearth and hall, What but my hopes shot upward e'er so bright? Did thy bright gleam mysterious converse hold Where nothing cheers nor saddens, but a fire For our life's common light, who are so dull? Thou who art welcomed and beloved by all? What but my fortunes sunk so low in night? Well, we are safe and strong, for now we sit With our congenial souls? secrets too bold? Beside a hearth where no dim shadows flit, Never, bright flame, may be denied to me The present may sit down and go to sleep, Thy dear, life imaging, close sympathy. Was thy existence then too fanciful By whose compact utilitarian heap

thunderbolt, and the sun, through grief at his death, did not shine for a

man to me because he will feed me if I should be starving, or warm me if should run for my life, as from that dry and parching wind of the African his good done to me — some of its virus mingled with my blood. No — in when we are most worthy to be helped? I never heard of a philanthropic There is no odor so bad as that which arises from goodness tainted. It is deserts called the simoom, which fills the mouth and nose and ears and meeting in which it was sincerely proposed to do any good to me, or the this case I would rather suffer evil the natural way. A man is not a good eyes with dust till you are suffocated, for fear that I should get some of Howard was no doubt an exceedingly kind and worthy man in his way, and has his reward; but, comparatively speaking, what are a hundred Howards to us, if their philanthropy do not help us in our best estate, I should be freezing, or pull me out of a ditch if I should ever fall into human, it is divine, carrion. If I knew for a certainty that a man was Philanthropy is not love for one's fellow-man in the broadest sense. coming to my house with the conscious design of doing me good, I one. I can find you a Newfoundland dog that will do as much. like of me.

The Jesuits were quite balked by those Indians who, being burned at the superior to any consolation which the missionaries could offer; and the who loved their enemies after a new fashion, and came very near freely law to do as you would be done by fell with less persuasiveness on the ears of those who, for their part, did not care how they were done by, superior to physical suffering, it sometimes chanced that they were stake, suggested new modes of torture to their tormentors. Being forgiving them all they did.

example which leaves them far behind. If you give money, spend yourself mistakes sometimes. Often the poor man is not so cold and hungry as he Be sure that you give the poor the aid they most need, though it be your misfortune. If you give him money, he will perhaps buy more rags with it. I was wont to pity the clumsy Irish laborers who cut ice on the pond, in such mean and ragged clothes, while I shivered in my more tidy and is dirty and ragged and gross. It is partly his taste, and not merely his with it, and do not merely abandon it to them. We make curious

position, and its roof was so low, that I could afford to let the fire go out in the middle of almost any winter day.

and saves a little time for the fine arts. Though, when I had been exposed The moles nested in my cellar, nibbling every third potato, and making a fire, boxes up some air in a spacious apartment, and warms that, instead midst of winter, and by means of windows even admit the light, and with speculate how the human race may be at last destroyed. It would be easy a lamp lengthen out the day. Thus he goes a step or two beyond instinct, when I reached the genial atmosphere of my house I soon recovered my paper; for even the wildest animals love comfort and warmth as well as secure them. Some of my friends spoke as if I was coming to the woods divested of more cumbrous clothing, maintain a kind of summer in the on purpose to freeze myself. The animal merely makes a bed, which he We go on dating from Cold Fridays and Great Snows; but a little colder warms with his body, in a sheltered place; but man, having discovered to cut their threads any time with a little sharper blast from the north. to the rudest blasts a long time, my whole body began to grow torpid, faculties and prolonged my life. But the most luxuriously housed has Friday, or greater snow would put a period to man's existence on the man, and they survive the winter only because they are so careful to of robbing himself, makes that his bed, in which he can move about snug bed even there of some hair left after plastering and of brown little to boast of in this respect, nor need we trouble ourselves to

The next winter I used a small cooking-stove for economy, since I did not chemic process. It will soon be forgotten, in these days of stoves, that we dross and earthiness which they have accumulated during the day. But I not only took up room and scented the house, but it concealed the fire, fire. The laborer, looking into it at evening, purifies his thoughts of the used to roast potatoes in the ashes, after the Indian fashion. The stove and I felt as if I had lost a companion. You can always see a face in the could no longer sit and look into the fire, and the pertinent words of a Cooking was then, for the most part, no longer a poetic, but merely a own the forest; but it did not keep fire so well as the open fireplace. poet recurred to me with new force. -

income in charity; maybe you should spend the nine tenths so, and done needed. Then I began to pity myself, and I saw that it would be a greater somewhat more fashionable garments, till, one bitter cold day, one who of life to produce that misery which he strives in vain to relieve. It is the amount of time and money on the needy is doing the most by his mode employed themselves there? You boast of spending a tenth part of your pious slave-breeder devoting the proceeds of every tenth slave to buy a charity to bestow on me a flannel shirt than a whole slop-shop on him. down to the skin, though they were dirty and ragged enough, it is true, Sunday's liberty for the rest. Some show their kindness to the poor by him strip off three pairs of pants and two pairs of stockings ere he got had slipped into the water came to my house to warm him, and I saw and that he could afford to refuse the extra garments which I offered nim, he had so many intra ones. This ducking was the very thing he employing them in their kitchens. Would they not be kinder if they There are a thousand hacking at the branches of evil to one who is striking at the root, and it may be that he who bestows the largest

were Penn, Howard, and Mrs. Fry. Every one must feel the falsehood and elevated to a place far above all the rest, as the greatest of the great. They overrates it. A robust poor man, one sunny day here in Concord, praised enumerating her scientific, literary, and political worthies, Shakespeare, Philanthropy is almost the only virtue which is sufficiently appreciated by mankind. Nay, it is greatly overrated; and it is our selfishness which a fellow-townsman to me, because, as he said, he was kind to the poor; reverend lecturer on England, a man of learning and intelligence, after esteemed than its true spiritual fathers and mothers. I once heard a cant of this. The last were not England's best men and women; only, Christian heroes, whom, as if his profession required it of him, he meaning himself. The kind uncles and aunts of the race are more Bacon, Cromwell, Milton, Newton, and others, speak next of her perhaps, her best philanthropists.

owing to the generosity of him in whose possession it is found, or to the

remissness of the officers of justice?

with it. Society recovers only a tenth part of the property then. Is this

philanthropy, but merely demand justice for all who by their lives and works are a blessing to mankind. I do not value chiefly a man's I would not subtract anything from the praise that is due to

years old, at least, will still be sound at the core, though the sapwood has the fat pine roots. They are almost indestructible. Stumps thirty or forty marrowy store, yellow as beef tallow, or as if you had struck on a vein of bare hillside, where a pitch pine wood had formerly stood, and got out gold, deep into the earth. But commonly I kindled my fire with the dry forming a ring level with the earth four or five inches distant from the gave notice to the various wild inhabitants of Walden vale, by a smoky all become vegetable mould, as appears by the scales of the thick bark leaves of the forest, which I had stored up in my shed before the snow when he has a camp in the woods. Once in a while I got a little of this. came. Green hickory finely split makes the woodchopper's kindlings, When the villagers were lighting their fires beyond the horizon, I too heart. With axe and shovel you explore this mine, and follow the streamer from my chimney, that I was awake.

Go thou my incense upward from this hearth, Or else, departing dream, and shadowy form Darkening the light and blotting out the sun; And ask the gods to pardon this clear flame. Lark without song, and messenger of dawn, Of midnight vision, gathering up thy skirts; Melting thy pinions in thy upward flight, Circling above the hamlets as thy nest; Light-winged Smoke, Icarian bird, By night star-veiling, and by day

place as big as my hand. But my house occupied so sunny and sheltered a purpose better than any other. I sometimes left a good fire when I went to take a walk in a winter afternoon; and when I returned, three or four Hard green wood just cut, though I used but little of that, answered my particularly anxious on this score; so I looked and saw that a spark had caught my bed, and I went in and extinguished it when it had burned a empty though I was gone. It was as if I had left a cheerful housekeeper hours afterward, it would be still alive and glowing. My house was not housekeeper proved trustworthy. One day, however, as I was splitting wood, I thought that I would just look in at the window and see if the house was not on fire; it was the only time I remember to have been behind. It was I and Fire that lived there; and commonly my

him nothing and of which he is unconscious. This is a charity that hides a Patagonian, and embraces the populous Indian and Chinese villages; and redeem? If anything ail a man, so that he does not perform his functions, fact, the globe itself is a great green apple, which there is danger awful to multitude of sins. The philanthropist too often surrounds mankind with the remembrance of his own castoff griefs as an atmosphere, and calls it Those plants of whose greenness withered we make herb tea for the sick to me, and some ripeness flavor our intercourse. His goodness must not uprightness and benevolence, which are, as it were, his stem and leaves. flower and fruit of a man; that some fragrance be wafted over from him If he have a pain in his bowels even — for that is the seat of sympathy cheeks, as if it were beginning to be ripe, and life loses its crudity and is spread by contagion. From what southern plains comes up the voice of meanwhile using him for their own ends, no doubt, he cures himself of enormity greater than I have committed. I never knew, and never shall himself, he discovers — and it is a true discovery, and he is the man to serve but a humble use, and are most employed by quacks. I want the be a partial and transitory act, but a constant superfluity, which costs straightway his drastic philanthropy seeks out the Esquimau and the send light? Who is that intemperate and brutal man whom we would make it — that the world has been eating green apples; to his eyes, in health and ease, and not our disease, and take care that this does not wailing? Under what latitudes reside the heathen to whom we would sympathy. We should impart our courage, and not our despair, our he forthwith sets about reforming — the world. Being a microcosm his dyspepsia, the globe acquires a faint blush on one or both of its think of that the children of men will nibble before it is ripe; and once more sweet and wholesome to live. I never dreamed of any thus, by a few years of philanthropic activity, the powers in the

fellows in distress, but, though he be the holiest son of God, is his private chewed it, that is a penalty which reformed tobacco-chewers have to pay; ail. Let this be righted, let the spring come to him, the morning rise over nis couch, and he will forsake his generous companions without apology. believe that what so saddens the reformer is not his sympathy with his My excuse for not lecturing against the use of tobacco is, that I never though there are things enough I have chewed which I could lecture

know, a worse man than myself.

goddess thou art to whom this grove is sacred, be propitious to me, my family, and children, etc.

tradesmen who come in person to the forest on no other errand, are sure to attend the wood auction, and even pay a high price for the privilege of and Robin Hood, Goody Blake and Harry Gill; in most parts of the world requires more than three hundred thousand cords, and is surrounded to Englander and the New Hollander, the Parisian and the Celt, the farmer Michaux, more than thirty years ago, says that the price of wood for fuel in this new country, a value more permanent and universal than that of gold. After all our discoveries and inventions no man will go by a pile of It is remarkable what a value is still put upon wood even in this age and the prince and the peasant, the scholar and the savage, equally require in New York and Philadelphia "nearly equals, and sometimes exceeds, the distance of three hundred miles by cultivated plains." In this town ancestors. If they made their bows of it, we make our gun-stocks of it. that of the best wood in Paris, though this immense capital annually the price of wood rises almost steadily, and the only question is, how gleaning after the woodchopper. It is now many years that men have much higher it is to be this year than it was the last. Mechanics and resorted to the forest for fuel and the materials of the arts: the New still a few sticks from the forest to warm them and cook their food. wood. It is as precious to us as it was to our Saxon and Norman Neither could I do without them.

"jump" it; but I jumped him, and, putting a hickory helve from the woods them, and again when they were on the fire, so that no fuel could give out my pleasing work. I had an old axe which nobody claimed, with which by when I was plowing, they warmed me twice — once while I was splitting Every man looks at his wood-pile with a kind of affection. I love to have mine before my window, and the more chips the better to remind me of spells in winter days, on the sunny side of the house, I played about the more heat. As for the axe, I was advised to get the village blacksmith to stumps which I had got out of my bean-field. As my driver prophesied into it, made it do. If it was dull, it was at least hung true.

remember how much of this food for fire is still concealed in the bowels of the earth. In previous years I had often gone prospecting over some A few pieces of fat pine were a great treasure. It is interesting to

worth knowing. Rescue the drowning and tie your shoestrings. Take your against. If you should ever be betrayed into any of these philanthropies, do not let your left hand know what your right hand does, for it is not time, and set about some free labor.

Our hymn-books resound with a melodious cursing of God and enduring nowhere recorded a simple and irrepressible satisfaction with the gift of helps to make me sad and does me evil, however much sympathy it may ife, any memorable praise of God. All health and success does me good, have with me or I with it. If, then, we would indeed restore mankind by our own brows, and take up a little life into our pores. Do not stay to be Him forever. One would say that even the prophets and redeemers had simple and well as Nature ourselves, dispel the clouds which hang over an overseer of the poor, but endeavor to become one of the worthies of Our manners have been corrupted by communication with the saints. however far off and withdrawn it may appear; all disease and failure rather consoled the fears than confirmed the hopes of man. There is truly Indian, botanic, magnetic, or natural means, let us first be as the world.

Most High God has created lofty and umbrageous, they call none azad, or free, excepting the cypress, which bears no fruit; what mystery is there in after the race of caliphs is extinct: if thy hand has plenty, be liberal as the transitory; for the Dijlah, or Tigris, will continue to flow through Bagdad "they asked a wise man, saying: Of the many celebrated trees which the date tree; but if it affords nothing to give away, be an azad, or free man, during their absence dry and withered; to neither of which states is the season, during the continuance of which it is fresh and blooming, and azads, or religious independents. — Fix not thy heart on that which is I read in the Gulistan, or Flower Garden, of Sheik Sadi of Shiraz, that cypress exposed, being always flourishing; and of this nature are the this? He replied, Each has its appropriate produce, and appointed ike the cypress."

COMPLEMENTAL VERSES

The Pretensions of Poverty

Thou dost presume too much, poor needy wretch,

To claim a station in the firmament

Because thy humble cottage, or thy tub,

none, and, some think, hinder the growth of the young wood. There was almost as heavy as lead, they not only burned long, but made a very hot discovered a raft of pitch pine logs with the bark on, pinned together by serving the god Terminus. How much more interesting an event is that shoulder, and the other on the ice; or I tied several logs together with a might say, steal, the fuel to cook it with! His bread and meat are sweet. perfectly sound, though waterlogged past drying. I amused myself one birch withe, and then, with a longer birch or alder which had a book at There are enough fagots and waste wood of all kinds in the forests of most of our towns to support many fires, but which at present warm shore. After soaking two years and then lying high six months it was winter day with sliding this piecemeal across the pond, nearly half a days was a great haul for me. I sacrificed it to Vulcan, for it was past the Irish when the railroad was built. This I hauled up partly on the man's supper who has just been forth in the snow to hunt, nay, you the end, dragged them across. Though completely waterlogged and fire; nay, I thought that they burned better for the soaking, as if the also the driftwood of the pond. In the course of the summer I had mile, skating behind with one end of a log fifteen feet long on my pitch, being confined by the water, burned longer, as in a lamp.

down by the proprietors themselves. I would that our farmers when they the borders of the forest," were "considered as great nuisances by the old as tending ad terrorem ferarum — ad nocumentum forestae, etc.," to the encroachments of trespassers, and the houses and fences thus raised on interested in the preservation of the venison and the vert more than the inconsolable than that of the proprietors; nay, I grieved when it was cut forest law, and were severely punished under the name of purprestures, cut down a forest felt some of that awe which the old Romans did when Warden himself; and if any part was burned, though I burned it myself Gilpin, in his account of the forest borderers of England, says that "the hunters or woodchoppers, and as much as though I had been the Lord they came to thin, or let in the light to, a consecrated grove (lucum conlucare), that is, would believe that it is sacred to some god. The by accident, I grieved with a grief that lasted longer and was more frightening of the game and the detriment of the forest. But I was Roman made an expiatory offering, and prayed, Whatever god or

Jpon whose stocks fair blooming virtues flourish, And when thou seest the new enlightened sphere, With roots and pot-herbs; where thy right hand, Fearing those humane passions from the mind, That knows nor joy nor sorrow; nor your forc'd That knows no bound, and that heroic virtue Study to know but what those worthies were. And, Gorgon-like, turns active men to stone. Become your servile minds; but we advance Brave, bounteous acts, regal magnificence, n the cheap sunshine or by shady springs, Achilles, Theseus. Back to thy loath'd cell; Degradeth nature, and benumbeth sense, Above the active. This low abject brood, For which antiquity hath left no name, Nurses some lazy or pedantic virtue 3ut patterns only, such as Hercules, All-seeing prudence, magnanimity Such virtues only as admit excess, Of your necessitated temperance, That fix their seats in mediocrity, Falsely exalted passive fortitude We not require the dull society Or that unnatural stupidity

between the two ices. It was wholly in the lower ice, but close against the the water and the bubble, hardly an eighth of an inch thick; and in many containing a middling sized one, and turned it bottom upward. The new probably there was no ice at all under the largest bubbles, which were a surprised to find that directly under the bubble the ice was melted with eighths of an inch in the middle, leaving a thin partition there between places the small bubbles in this partition had burst out downward, and foot in diameter. I inferred that the infinite number of minute bubbles burning-glass on the ice beneath to melt and rot it. These are the little upper, and was flattish, or perhaps slightly lenticular, with a rounded edge, a quarter of an inch deep by four inches in diameter; and I was ice had formed around and under the bubble, so that it was included great regularity in the form of a saucer reversed, to the height of five which I had first seen against the under surface of the ice were now frozen in likewise, and that each, in its degree, had operated like a air-guns which contribute to make the ice crack and whoop.

by a pond-hole behind my dwelling, where they had come up to feed, and in the dark with a clangor and a whistling of wings, even after the ground the tread of a flock of geese, or else ducks, on the dry leaves in the woods out of doors now was to collect the dead wood in the forest, bringing it in permission to do so till then. Night after night the geese came lumbering At length the winter set in good earnest, just as I had finished plastering, when returning from the village at ten or eleven o'clock at night, I heard bright fire both within my house and within my breast. My employment December, Flint's and other shallower ponds and the river having been was covered with snow, some to alight in Walden, and some flying low under each arm to my shed. An old forest fence which had seen its best winter. I withdrew yet farther into my shell, and endeavored to keep a frozen ten days or more; in '46, the 16th; in '49, about the 31st; and in 31st of December. The snow had already covered the ground since the Walden froze entirely over for the first time on the night of the 22d of 50, about the 27th of December; in '52, the 5th of January; in '53, the my hands or on my shoulders, or sometimes trailing a dead pine tree 25th of November, and surrounded me suddenly with the scenery of over the woods toward Fair Haven, bound for Mexico. Several times, the faint honk or quack of their leader as they hurried off. In 1845 and the wind began to howl around the house as if it had not had

## WHERE I LIVED, AND WHAT I LIVED FOR

as the possible site of a house. I have thus surveyed the country on every took everything but a deed of it — took his word for his deed, for I dearly This experience entitled me to be regarded as a sort of real-estate broker may place their houses, may be sure that they have been anticipated. An oetter if a country seat. I discovered many a site for a house not likely to village, but to my eyes the village was too far from it. Well, there I might the spring come in. The future inhabitants of this region, wherever they withdrew when I had enjoyed it long enough, leaving him to carry it on. ive, I said; and there I did live, for an hour, a summer and a winter life; saw how I could let the years run off, buffet the winter through, and see At a certain season of our life we are accustomed to consider every spot before the door, and whence each blasted tree could be seen to the best price, mortgaging it to him in my mind; even put a higher price on it side within a dozen miles of where I live. In imagination I have bought all the farms in succession, for all were to be bought, and I knew their advantage; and then I let it lie, fallow, perchance, for a man is rich in pasture, and to decide what fine oaks or pines should be left to stand discoursed on husbandry with him, took his farm at his price, at any radiated from me accordingly. What is a house but a sedes, a seat? be soon improved, which some might have thought too far from the proportion to the number of things which he can afford to let alone. ove to talk — cultivated it, and him too to some extent, I trust, and by my friends. Wherever I sat, there I might live, and the landscape price. I walked over each farmer's premises, tasted his wild apples, afternoon sufficed to lay out the land into orchard, wood-lot, and

farms — the refusal was all I wanted — but I never got my fingers burned off with; but before the owner gave me a deed of it, his wife — every man when I bought the Hollowell place, and had begun to sort my seeds, and offered me ten dollars to release him. Now, to speak the truth, I had but collected materials with which to make a wheelbarrow to carry it on or My imagination carried me so far that I even had the refusal of several by actual possession. The nearest that I came to actual possession was nas such a wife — changed her mind and wished to keep it, and he

occupying slight cleavages. The beauty of the ice was gone, and it was too they were no longer one directly over another, but often like silvery coins itself is the object of most interest, though you must improve the earliest formed, as I could see distinctly by the seam in the edge of a cake. But as appeared to be within it, are against its under surface, and that more are was not now transparent, showing the dark green color of the water, and beautiful, and you see your face reflected in them through the ice. There like a picture behind a glass, and the water is necessarily always smooth fresh, minute spherical bubbles one directly above another, like a string on ice only an inch thick, like a skater insect on the surface of the water, continually rising from the bottom; while the ice is as yet comparatively when I came to the same place forty-eight hours afterward, I found that examining the bottom where it is shallow; for you can lie at your length those beneath. I sometimes used to cast on stones to try the strength of late to study the bottom. Being curious to know what position my great furrows, though they are deep and broad for them to make. But the ice within the ice narrow oblong perpendicular bubbles about half an inch the ice, and those which broke through carried in air with them, which with the cases of caddis-worms made of minute grains of white quartz. the bottom, but opaque and whitish or gray, and though twice as thick solid and dark, that is, you see the water through it. These bubbles are and study the bottom at your leisure, only two or three inches distant, may be thirty or forty of them to a square inch. There are also already the last two days had been very warm, like an Indian summer, the ice travelled about and doubled on its tracks; and, for wrecks, it is strewn of beads. But these within the ice are not so numerous nor obvious as those large bubbles were still perfect, though an inch more of ice had long, sharp cones with the apex upward; or oftener, if the ice is quite Perhaps these have creased it, for you find some of their cases in the opportunity to study it. If you examine it closely the morning after it from an eightieth to an eighth of an inch in diameter, very clear and expanded under this heat and run together, and lost their regularity; then. There are many furrows in the sand where some creature has formed very large and conspicuous white bubbles beneath. One day poured from a bag, one overlapping another, or in thin flakes, as if freezes, you find that the greater part of the bubbles, which at first was hardly stronger than before, for the air bubbles had greatly bubbles occupied with regard to the new ice, I broke out a cake

en cents in the world, and it surpassed my arithmetic to tell, if I was that just what I gave for it, and, as he was not a rich man, made him a present man who had ten cents, or who had a farm, or ten dollars, or all together. annually carried off what it yielded without a wheelbarrow. With respect of ten dollars, and still had my ten cents, and seeds, and materials for a carried it far enough; or rather, to be generous, I sold him the farm for wheelbarrow left. I found thus that I had been a rich man without any damage to my poverty. But I retained the landscape, and I have since However, I let him keep the ten dollars and the farm too, for I had to landscapes,

My right there is none to dispute." "I am monarch of all I survey,

invisible fence, has fairly impounded it, milked it, skimmed it, and got all valuable part of a farm, while the crusty farmer supposed that he had got a few wild apples only. Why, the owner does not know it for many years when a poet has put his farm in rhyme, the most admirable kind of I have frequently seen a poet withdraw, having enjoyed the most he cream, and left the farmer only the skimmed milk.

my earliest voyages up the river, when the house was concealed behind a rocks, cutting down the hollow apple trees, and grubbing up some young oounding on the river, which the owner said protected it by its fogs from carry it on; like Atlas, to take the world on my shoulders — I never heard what compensation he received for that — and do all those things which retirement, being, about two miles from the village, half a mile from the dense grove of red maples, through which I heard the house-dog bark. I birches which had sprung up in the pasture, or, in short, had made any nearest neighbor, and separated from the highway by a broad field; its put such an interval between me and the last occupant; the hollow and neighbors I should have; but above all, the recollection I had of it from frosts in the spring, though that was nothing to me; the gray color and ruinous state of the house and barn, and the dilapidated fences, which was in haste to buy it, before the proprietor finished getting out some more of his improvements. To enjoy these advantages I was ready to The real attractions of the Hollowell farm, to me, were: its complete lichen-covered apple trees, nawed by rabbits, showing what kind of had no other motive or excuse but that I might pay for it and be

them. How can the scholar, who dwells away in the North West Territory savage dwelt near enough to Nature and Truth to borrow a trope from or the Isle of Man, tell what is parliamentary in the kitchen?

house to its foundations. Nevertheless, it stood through a great many However, only one or two of my guests were ever bold enough to stay approaching they beat a hasty retreat rather, as if it would shake the and eat a hasty-pudding with me; but when they saw that crisis hasty-puddings.

farther if necessary. My house had in the meanwhile been shingled down his cuffs, seized a plasterer's board, and having loaded his trowel without workmen. Venturing one day to substitute deeds for words, he turned up and cleaner sand for this purpose from the opposite shore of the pond in bold gesture thitherward; and straightway, to his complete discomfiture, I did not plaster till it was freezing weather. I brought over some whiter a boat, a sort of conveyance which would have tempted me to go much to the ground on every side. In lathing I was pleased to be able to send christen a new hearth. I had the previous winter made a small quantity materials came from. I might have got good limestone within a mile or economy and convenience of plastering, which so effectually shuts out mishap, with a complacent look toward the lathing overhead, made a received the whole contents in his ruffled bosom. I admired anew the ambition to transfer the plaster from the board to the wall neatly and thirsty the bricks were which drank up all the moisture in my plaster casualties to which the plasterer is liable. I was surprised to see how before I had smoothed it, and how many pailfuls of water it takes to clothes, was wont to lounge about the village once, giving advice to of lime by burning the shells of the Unio fluviatilis, which our river rapidly. I remembered the story of a conceited fellow, who, in fine home each nail with a single blow of the hammer, and it was my affords, for the sake of the experiment; so that I knew where my the cold and takes a handsome finish, and I learned the various two and burned it myself, if I had cared to do so.

shallowest coves, some days or even weeks before the general freezing. The first ice is especially interesting and perfect, being hard, dark, and The pond had in the meanwhile skimmed over in the shadiest and transparent, and affords the best opportunity that ever offers for

yield the most abundant crop of the kind I wanted, if I could only afford unmolested in my possession of it; for I knew all the while that it would to let it alone. But it turned out as I have said.

makes but little difference whether you are committed to a farm or the have always cultivated a garden — was, that I had had my seeds ready. fellows, once for all, As long as possible live free and uncommitted. It All that I could say, then, with respect to farming on a large scale — I discriminates between the good and the bad; and when at last I shall plant, I shall be less likely to be disappointed. But I would say to my Many think that seeds improve with age. I have no doubt that time

it once. The oftener you go there the more it will please you, if it is good." you think of getting a farm turn it thus in your mind, not to buy greedily; Old Cato, whose "De Re Rustica" is my "Cultivator," says — and the only nor spare your pains to look at it, and do not think it enough to go round translation I have seen makes sheer nonsense of the passage — "When I think I shall not buy greedily, but go round and round it as long as I ive, and be buried in it first, that it may please me the more at last.

dejection, but to brag as lustily as chanticleer in the morning, standing describe more at length, for convenience putting the experience of two The present was my next experiment of this kind, which I purpose to years into one. As I have said, I do not propose to write an ode to on his roost, if only to wake my neighbors up.

but was merely a defence against the rain, without plastering or chimney, entertain a travelling god, and where a goddess might trail her garments. planed door and window casings gave it a clean and airy look, especially When first I took up my abode in the woods, that is, began to spend my Day, or the Fourth of July, 1845, my house was not finished for winter, character, reminding me of a certain house on a mountain which I had imagination it retained throughout the day more or less of this auroral nights as well as days there, which, by accident, was on Independence which made it cool at night. The upright white hewn studs and freshly fancied that by noon some sweet gum would exude from them. To my in the morning, when its timbers were saturated with dew, so that I the walls being of rough, weather-stained boards, with wide chinks, visited a year before. This was an airy and unplastered cabin, fit to

once kitchen, pantry, parlor, chamber, storehouse, and garret; where you can see so necessary a thing, as a barrel or a ladder, so convenient a thing open and manifest as a bird's nest, and you cannot go in at the front door mason to build one for yourself somewhere in his alley, and hospitality is might visit in my old clothes a king and queen who lived simply in such a ordered off, but I am not aware that I have been in many men's houses. I and out at the back without seeing some of its inhabitants; where to be a house as I have described, if I were going their way; but backing out of a are sometimes requested to move from off the trap-door, when the cook tempestuous night, containing all the essentials of a house, and nothing you have opened the outside door, and the ceremony is over; where the the art of keeping you at the greatest distance. There is as much secrecy would descend into the cellar, and so learn whether the ground is solid modern palace will be all that I shall desire to learn, if ever I am caught one view, and everything hangs upon its peg, that a man should use; at about the cooking as if he had a design to poison you. I am aware that I with the spiders, if they choose; a house which you have got into when washing is not put out, nor the fire, nor the mistress, and perhaps you carefully excluded from seven eighths of it, shut up in a particular cell, for house-keeping; where you can see all the treasures of the house at as a cupboard, and hear the pot boil, and pay your respects to the fire guest is to be presented with the freedom of the house, and not to be or hollow beneath you without stamping. A house whose inside is as Nowadays the host does not admit you to his hearth, but has got the weary traveller may wash, and eat, and converse, and sleep, without that cooks your dinner, and the oven that bakes your bread, and the necessary furniture and utensils are the chief ornaments; where the and told to make yourself at home there — in solitary confinement. have been on many a man's premises, and might have been legally further journey; such a shelter as you would be glad to reach in a

in other words, the parlor is so far from the kitchen and workshop. The necessarily so far fetched, through slides and dumb-waiters, as it were; It would seem as if the very language of our parlors would lose all its dinner even is only the parable of a dinner, commonly. As if only the nerve and degenerate into palaver wholly, our lives pass at such remoteness from its symbols, and its metaphors and tropes are

ridges of mountains, bearing the broken strains, or celestial parts only, of errestrial music. The morning wind forever blows, the poem of creation The winds which passed over my dwelling were such as sweep over the is uninterrupted; but few are the ears that hear it. Olympus is but the

outside of the earth everywhere.

commonly frequent the garden and the orchard, but to those smaller and around me, and reacted on the builder. It was suggestive somewhat as a tent, which I used occasionally when making excursions in the summer, substantial shelter about me, I had made some progress toward settling more thrilling songsters of the forest which never, or rarely, serenade a The only house I had been the owner of before, if I except a boat, was a picture in outlines. I did not need to go outdoors to take the air, for the within doors as behind a door where I sat, even in the rainiest weather. neighbor to the birds; not by having imprisoned one, but having caged and this is still rolled up in my garret; but the boat, after passing from in the world. This frame, so slightly clad, was a sort of crystallization atmosphere within had lost none of its freshness. It was not so much The Harivansa says, "An abode without birds is like a meat without villager — the wood thrush, the veery, the scarlet tanager, the field hand to hand, has gone down the stream of time. With this more seasoning." Such was not my abode, for I found myself suddenly myself near them. I was not only nearer to some of those which sparrow, the whip-poor-will, and many others.

some nocturnal conventicle. The very dew seemed to hang upon the trees south of that our only field known to fame, Concord Battle Ground; but I of the village of Concord and somewhat higher than it, in the midst of an rest, covered with wood, was my most distant horizon. For the first week, on the side of a mountain, its bottom far above the surface of other lakes, was so low in the woods that the opposite shore, half a mile off, like the I was seated by the shore of a small pond, about a mile and a half south withdrawing in every direction into the woods, as at the breaking up of whenever I looked out on the pond it impressed me like a tarn high up and here and there, by degrees, its soft ripples or its smooth reflecting and, as the sun arose, I saw it throwing off its nightly clothing of mist, extensive wood between that town and Lincoln, and about two miles surface was revealed, while the mists, like ghosts, were stealthily later into the day than usual, as on the sides of mountains.

was more comfortable. Should not every apartment in which man dwells agreeable to the fancy and imagination than fresco paintings or other the have in his rustic villa "cellam oleariam, vinariam, dolia multa, uti lubeat wine cellar, many casks, so that it may be pleasant to expect hard times; firkin of potatoes, about two quarts of peas with the weevil in them, and My dwelling was small, and I could hardly entertain an echo in it; but it rafters with the bark on high overhead. My house never pleased my eye seemed larger for being a single apartment and remote from neighbors. kitchen, chamber, parlor, and keeping-room; and whatever satisfaction caritatem expectare, et rei, et virtuti, et gloriae erit," that is, "an oil and on my shelf a little rice, a jug of molasses, and of rye and Indian meal a couple of old fire-dogs to keep the wood from the hearth, and it did me good to see the soot form on the back of the chimney which I had built, it will be for his advantage, and virtue, and glory." I had in my cellar a most expensive furniture. I now first began to inhabit my house, I may shadows may play at evening about the rafters? These forms are more and I poked the fire with more right and more satisfaction than usual. enjoyed it all. Cato says, the master of a family (patremfamilias) must so much after it was plastered, though I was obliged to confess that it apartment, surrounded by the rough brown boards full of knots, and say, when I began to use it for warmth as well as shelter. I had got a All the attractions of a house were concentrated in one room; it was be lofty enough to create some obscurity overhead, where flickering parent or child, master or servant, derive from living in a house, I boards. Yet I passed some cheerful evenings in that cool and airy peck each.

rain and snow, where the king and queen posts stand out to receive your golden age, of enduring materials, and without gingerbread work, which I sometimes dream of a larger and more populous house, standing in a older dynasty on stepping over the sill; a cavernous house, wherein you must reach up a torch upon a pole to see the roof; where some may live some at one end of the hall, some at another, and some aloft on rafters  $supporting\ a\ sort\ of\ lower\ heaven\ over\ one's\ head\ --useful\ to\ keep\ off$ shall still consist of only one room, a vast, rude, substantial, primitive homage, when you have done reverence to the prostrate Saturn of an in the fireplace, some in the recess of a window, and some on settles, hall, without ceiling or plastering, with bare rafters and purlins

ake like this is never smoother than at such a time; and the clear portion mirage in their seething valley, like a coin in a basin, all the earth beyond other directions, even from this point, I could not see over or beyond the neighborhood, to give buoyancy to and float the earth. One value even of and the wood thrush sang around, and was heard from shore to shore. A of light and reflections, becomes a lower heaven itself so much the more opposite sides sloping toward each other suggested a stream flowing out and higher ones in the horizon, tinged with blue. Indeed, by standing on small sheet of interverting water, and I was reminded that this on which That way I looked between and over the near green hills to some distant of the air above it being, shallow and darkened by clouds, the water, full still, but the sky overcast, mid-afternoon had all the serenity of evening, cut off, there was a pleasing vista southward across the pond, through a tiptoe I could catch a glimpse of some of the peaks of the still bluer and from heaven's own mint, and also of some portion of the village. But in meadows, which in time of flood I distinguished elevated perhaps by a the smallest well is, that when you look into it you see that earth is not important. From a hill-top near by, where the wood had been recently more distant mountain ranges in the northwest, those true-blue coins in that direction through a wooded valley, but stream there was none. continent but insular. This is as important as that it keeps butter cool. the pond appeared like a thin crust insulated and floated even by this gentle rain-storm in August, when, both air and water being perfectly wide indentation in the hills which form the shore there, where their This small lake was of most value as a neighbor in the intervals of a woods which surrounded me. It is well to have some water in your When I looked across the pond from this peak toward the Sudbury I dwelt was but dry land.

Tartary, affording ample room for all the roving families of men. "There arose stretched away toward the prairies of the West and the steppes of are none happy in the world but beings who enjoy freely a vast horizon" Though the view from my door was still more contracted, I did not feel - said Damodara, when his herds required new and larger pastures. imagination. The low shrub oak plateau to which the opposite shore crowded or confined in the least. There was pasture enough for my

Both place and time were changed, and I dwelt nearer to those parts of the universe and to those eras in history which had most attracted me.

still glowing embers which the summer, like a departed hunter, had left. while you can be, than by an artificial fire. I thus warmed myself by the

bricks of a very good quality, obtained from the ruins of Babylon, and the raised a few inches above the floor served for my pillow at night; yet I did sometimes, and its importance and independence are apparent. This was second-hand ones, required to be cleaned with a trowel, so that I learned is one of those sayings which men love to repeat whether they are true or them was fifty years old, and was said to be still growing harder; but this cement on them is older and probably harder still. However that may be, to be put to it for room. He brought his own knife, though I had two, and age, and it would take many blows with a trowel to clean an old wiseacre not get a stiff neck for it that I remember; my stiff neck is of older date. I them, I picked out its many fireplace bricks as I could find, to save work took a poet to board for a fortnight about those times, which caused me not. Such sayings themselves grow harder and adhere more firmly with and waste, and I filled the spaces between the bricks about the fireplace we used to scour them by thrusting them into the earth. He shared with of them. Many of the villages of Mesopotamia are built of second-hand When I came to build my chimney I studied masonry. My bricks, being chimney before, though I did not read the name of Nebuchadnezzar on me the labors of cooking. I was pleased to see my work rising so square white sand from the same place. I lingered most about the fireplace, as independent structure, standing on the ground, and rising through the I was struck by the peculiar toughness of the steel which bore so many though I commenced at the ground in the morning, a course of bricks the most vital part of the house. Indeed, I worked so deliberately, that more than usual of the qualities of bricks and trowels. The mortar on and solid by degrees, and reflected, that, if it proceeded slowly, it was with stones from the pond shore, and also made my mortar with the calculated to endure a long time. The chimney is to some extent an violent blows without being worn out. As my bricks had been in a house to the heavens; even after the house is burned it still stands toward the end of summer. It was now November. The north wind had already begun to cool the pond, though it took many have a fire at evening, before I plastered my house, the chimney carried weeks of steady blowing to accomplish it, it is so deep. When I began to smoke particularly well, because of the numerous chinks between the

astronomers. We are wont to imagine rare and delectable places in some remote and more celestial corner of the system, behind the constellation had left behind, dwindled and twinkling with as fine a ray to my nearest my house actually had its site in such a withdrawn, but forever new and neighbor, and to be seen only in moonless nights by him. Such was that of Cassiopeia's Chair, far from noise and disturbance. I discovered that unprofaned, part of the universe. If it were worth the while to settle in then I was really there, or at an equal remoteness from the life which I those parts near to the Pleiades or the Hyades, to Aldebaran or Altair, Where I lived was as far off as many a region viewed nightly by part of creation where I had squatted;

As were the mounts whereon his flocks "There was a shepherd that did live, And held his thoughts as high Did hourly feed him by." What should we think of the shepherd's life if his flocks always wandered to higher pastures than his thoughts?

Morning brings back the heroic ages. I was as much affected by the faint fertility of the world. The morning, which is the most memorable season and for an hour, at least, some part of us awakes which slumbers all the simplicity, and I may say innocence, with Nature herself. I have been as of the day, is the awakening hour. Then there is least somnolence in us; hum of a mosquito making its invisible and unimaginable tour through sincere a worshipper of Aurora as the Greeks. I got up early and bathed which I did. They say that characters were engraven on the bathing tub of King Tchingthang to this effect: "Renew thyself completely each day; rest of the day and night. Little is to be expected of that day, if it can be was Homer's requiem; itself an Iliad and Odyssey in the air, singing its own wrath and wanderings. There was something cosmical about it; a windows open, as I could be by any trumpet that ever sang of fame. It called a day, to which we are not awakened by our Genius, but by the in the pond; that was a religious exercise, and one of the best things standing advertisement, till forbidden, of the everlasting vigor and Every morning was a cheerful invitation to make my life of equal do it again, and again, and forever again." I can understand that. my apartment at earliest dawn, when I was sitting with door and

potato, and I found it better boiled than roasted. This tuber seemed like a great cornfield of the Indian's God in the southwest, whence he is said to indigenous, and resume its ancient importance and dignity as the diet of tribe, is quite forgotten, or known only by its flowering vine; but let wild grains will probably disappear before a myriad of foes, and without the perhaps revive and flourish in spite of frosts and wildness, prove itself faint promise of Nature to rear her own children and feed them simply here, its leaves and string of nuts may be represented on our works of inventor and bestower of it; and when the reign of poetry commences care of man the crow may carry back even the last seed of corn to the grain-fields this humble root, which was once the totem of an Indian here at some future period. In these days of fatted cattle and waving the hunter tribe. Some Indian Ceres or Minerva must have been the Nature reign here once more, and the tender and luxurious English have brought it; but the now almost exterminated ground-nut will

new picture, distinguished by more brilliant or harmonious coloring, for aspens diverged, at the point of a promontory, next the water. Ah, many a tale their color told! And gradually from week to week the character of Already, by the first of September, I had seen two or three small maples each tree came out, and it admired itself reflected in the smooth mirror turned scarlet across the pond, beneath where the white stems of three of the lake. Each morning the manager of this gallery substituted some the old upon the walls.

into what crevices I do not know, avoiding winter and unspeakable cold. seriously, though they bedded with me; and they gradually disappeared, were numbed with cold, I swept some of them out, but I did not trouble quarters, and settled on my windows within and on the walls overhead, sometimes deterring visitors from entering. Each morning, when they regarding my house as a desirable shelter. They never molested me The wasps came by thousands to my lodge in October, as to winter myself much to get rid of them; I even felt complimented by their

pond; it is so much pleasanter and wholesomer to be warmed by the sun Like the wasps, before I finally went into winter quarters in November, I from the pitch pine woods and the stony shore, made the fireside of the used to resort to the northeast side of Walden, which the sun, reflected

make. All memorable events, I should say, transpire in morning time and millions are awake enough for physical labor; but only one in a million is the morning." Poetry and art, and the fairest and most memorable of the yet met a man who was quite awake. How could I have looked him in the Memnon, are the children of Aurora, and emit their music at sunrise. To him whose elastic and vigorous thought keeps pace with the sun, the day millions to a poetic or divine life. To be awake is to be alive. I have never darkness bear its fruit, and prove itself to be good, no less than the light. attitudes and labors of men. Morning is when I am awake and there is a sacred, and auroral hour than he has yet profaned, has despaired of life, reinvigorated each day, and his Genius tries again what noble life it can overcome with drowsiness, they would have performed something. The dawn in me. Moral reform is the effort to throw off sleep. Why is it that That man who does not believe that each day contains an earlier, more in a morning atmosphere. The Vedas say, "All intelligences awake with awake enough for effective intellectual exertion, only one in a hundred newly acquired force and aspirations from within, accompanied by the cessation of his sensuous life, the soul of man, or its organs rather, are undulations of celestial music, instead of factory bells, and a fragrance filling the air - to a higher life than we fell asleep from; and thus the slumbering? They are not such poor calculators. If they had not been mechanical nudgings of some servitor, are not awakened by our own actions of men, date from such an hour. All poets and heroes, like is a perpetual morning. It matters not what the clocks say or the and is pursuing a descending and darkening way. After a partial men give so poor an account of their day if they have not been

We must learn to reawaken and keep ourselves awake, not by mechanical look, which morally we can do. To affect the quality of the day, that is the unquestionable ability of man to elevate his life by a conscious endeavor. statue, and so to make a few objects beautiful; but it is far more glorious worthy of the contemplation of his most elevated and critical hour. If we aids, but by an infinite expectation of the dawn, which does not forsake to carve and paint the very atmosphere and medium through which we highest of arts. Every man is tasked to make his life, even in its details, us in our soundest sleep. I know of no more encouraging fact than the It is something to be able to paint a particular picture, or to carve a

## HOUSE-WARMING

wait for the frost, amid the rustling of leaves and the loud reproofs of the with clusters more precious for their beauty and fragrance than for food. squirrels and the jays got most of its fruit; the last coming in flocks early fabulous fruit, which I had begun to doubt if I had ever dug and eaten in the spoils of the meads to Boston and New York; destined to be jammed, its crumpled red velvety blossom supported by the stems of other plants red squirrels and the jays, whose half-consumed nuts I sometimes stole, shoulder, and a stick to open burs with in my hand, for I did not always childhood, as I had told, and had not dreamed it. I had often since seen farmer plucks with an ugly rake, leaving the smooth meadow in a snarl, heedlessly measuring them by the bushel and the dollar only, and sells house, and one large tree, which almost overshadowed it, was, when in waxen gems, pendants of the meadow grass, pearly and red, which the Occasionally I climbed and shook the trees. They grew also behind my exterminated it. It has a sweetish taste, much like that of a frost-bitten for the burs which they had selected were sure to contain sound ones. were ripe I laid up half a bushel for winter. It was very exciting at that In October I went a-graping to the river meadows, and loaded myself There, too, I admired, though I did not gather, the cranberries, small drooping plant. The barberry's brilliant fruit was likewise food for my season to roam the then boundless chestnut woods of Lincoln — they in the morning and picking the nuts out of the burs before they fell, I which the proprietor and travellers had overlooked. When chestnuts composed wholly of chestnut. These nuts, as far as they went, were a good substitute for bread. Many other substitutes might, perhaps, be eyes merely; but I collected a small store of wild apples for coddling, relinquished these trees to them and visited the more distant woods (Apios tuberosa) on its string, the potato of the aborigines, a sort of found. Digging one day for fishworms, I discovered the ground-nut tongues of bison out of the prairie grass, regardless of the torn and to satisfy the tastes of lovers of Nature there. So butchers rake the flower, a bouquet which scented the whole neighborhood, but the now sleep their long sleep under the railroad — with a bag on my without knowing it to be the same. Cultivation has well-nigh

refused, or rather used up, such paltry information as we get, the oracles

would distinctly inform us how this might be done.

whether it is of the devil or of God, and have somewhat hastily concluded the essential facts of life, and see if I could not learn what it had to teach, and not, when I came to die, discover that I had not lived. I did not wish resignation, unless it was quite necessary. I wanted to live deep and suck out all the marrow of life, to live so sturdily and Spartan-like as to put to ife into a corner, and reduce it to its lowest terms, and, if it proved to be experience, and be able to give a true account of it in my next excursion. rout all that was not life, to cut a broad swath and shave close, to drive I went to the woods because I wished to live deliberately, to front only publish its meanness to the world; or if it were sublime, to know it by For most men, it appears to me, are in a strange uncertainty about it, to live what was not life, living is so dear; nor did I wish to practise mean, why then to get the whole and genuine meanness of it, and that it is the chief end of man here to "glorify God and enjoy him forever."

ago changed into men; like pygmies we fight with cranes; it is error upon Simplicity, simplicity, simplicity! I say, let your affairs be as two or three, and not a hundred or a thousand; instead of a million count half a dozen, Still we live meanly, like ants; though the fable tells us that we were long indeed who succeeds. Simplify, simplify. Instead of three meals a day, if it be necessary eat but one; instead of a hundred dishes, five; and reduce itself, with all its so-called internal improvements, which, by the way are other things in proportion. Our life is like a German Confederacy, made ingers, or in extreme cases he may add his ten toes, and lump the rest. has to live, if he would not founder and go to the bottom and not make up of petty states, with its boundary forever fluctuating, so that even a quicksands and thousand-and-one items to be allowed for, that a man German cannot tell you how it is bounded at any moment. The nation error, and clout upon clout, and our best virtue has for its occasion a his port at all, by dead reckoning, and he must be a great calculator all external and superficial, is just such an unwieldy and overgrown superfluous and evitable wretchedness. Our life is frittered away by detail. An honest man has hardly need to count more than his ten chopping sea of civilized life, such are the clouds and storms and and keep your accounts on your thumb-nail. In the midst of this

quarter of a mile on to a distant part which was left free; but what beside safety they got by sailing in the middle of Walden I do not know, unless off thither long since, they would settle down by a slanting flight of a they love its water for the same reason that I do.

railroad; it rides upon us. Did you ever think what those sleepers are that every few years a new lot is laid down and run over; so that, if some have underlie the railroad? Each one is a man, an Irishman, or a Yankee man. an exception. I am glad to know that it takes a gang of men for every five miles to keep the sleepers down and level in their beds as it is, for this is establishment, cluttered with furniture and tripped up by its own traps, worthy aim, as the million households in the land; and the only cure for talk through a telegraph, and ride thirty miles an hour, without a doubt, ives to improve them, who will build railroads? And if railroads are not The rails are laid on them, and they are covered with sand, and the cars whether they do or not; but whether we should live like baboons or like the pleasure of riding on a rail, others have the misfortune to be ridden suddenly stop the cars, and make a hue and cry about it, as if this were built, how shall we get to heaven in season? But if we stay at home and that it is essential that the Nation have commerce, and export ice, and men, is a little uncertain. If we do not get out sleepers, and forge rails, and devote days and nights to the work, but go to tinkering upon our simplicity of life and elevation of purpose. It lives too fast. Men think supernumerary sleeper in the wrong position, and wake him up, they ruined by luxury and heedless expense, by want of calculation and a run smoothly over them. They are sound sleepers, I assure you. And it, as for them, is in a rigid economy, a stern and more than Spartan upon. And when they run over a man that is walking in his sleep, a mind our business, who will want railroads? We do not ride on the a sign that they may sometime get up again.

more to see it burn, since burn it must, and we, be it known, did not set it tomorrow. As for work, we haven't any of any consequence. We have the determined to be starved before we are hungry. Men say that a stitch in time saves nine, and so they take a thousand stitches today to save nine only give a few pulls at the parish bell-rope, as for a fire, that is, without Saint Vitus' dance, and cannot possibly keep our heads still. If I should almost say, but would forsake all and follow that sound, not mainly to save property from the flames, but, if we will confess the truth, much excuse so many times this morning, nor a boy, nor a woman, I might setting the bell, there is hardly a man on his farm in the outskirts of Concord, notwithstanding that press of engagements which was his Why should we live with such hurry and waste of life? We are

perhaps the wildest sound that is ever heard here, making the woods ring laugh? Did not his white breast enough betray him? He was indeed a silly confident of his own resources. Though the sky was by this time overcast, when I did not hear him. His white breast, the stillness of the air, and the I was impressed as if it were the prayer of the loon answered, and his god fifty rods off, he uttered one of those prolonged howls, as if calling on the east and rippled the surface, and filled the whole air with misty rain, and calculate where he would rise; for again and again, when I was straining came up, and so also detected him. But after an hour he seemed as fresh probably more like that of a wolf than any bird; as when a beast puts his smoothness of the water were all against him. At length having come up loon, I thought. I could commonly hear the splash of the water when he he came to the surface, doing all the work with his webbed feet beneath. unearthly laugh behind me. But why, after displaying so much cunning, surprising to see how serenely he sailed off with unruffled breast when out to reconnoitre, and instantly dived again. I found that it was as well His usual note was this demoniac laughter, yet somewhat like that of a water-fowl; but occasionally, when he had balked me most successfully twice I saw a ripple where he approached the surface, just put his head my eyes over the surface one way, I would suddenly be startled by his god of loons to aid him, and immediately there came a wind from the did he invariably betray himself the moment he came up by that loud and come up a long way off, he uttered a long-drawn unearthly howl, for me to rest on my oars and wait his reappearing as to endeavor to muzzle to the ground and deliberately howls. This was his looning under water as on the surface, and swam much faster there. Once or the pond was so smooth that I could see where he broke the surface as ever, dived as willingly, and swam yet farther than at first. It was far and wide. I concluded that he laughed in derision of my efforts, was angry with me; and so I left him disappearing far away on the tumultuous surface.

rise they would sometimes circle round and round and over the pond at a considerable height, from which they could easily see to other ponds and the river, like black motes in the sky; and, when I thought they had gone For hours, in fall days, I watched the ducks cunningly tack and veer and will have less need to practise in Louisiana bayous. When compelled to hold the middle of the pond, far from the sportsman; tricks which they

on fire — or to see it put out, and have a hand in it, if that is done as

doubtless for no other purpose; and then, to pay for it, they tell what they anywhere on this globe" — and he reads it over his coffee and rolls, that a mammoth cave of this world, and has but the rudiment of an eye himself. akes a half-hour's nap after dinner, but when he wakes he holds up his have dreamed. After a night's sleep the news is as indispensable as the handsomely; yes, even if it were the parish church itself. Hardly a man head and asks, "What's the news?" as if the rest of mankind had stood man has had his eyes gouged out this morning on the Wachito River; oreakfast. "Pray tell me anything new that has happened to a man his sentinels. Some give directions to be waked every half-hour, never dreaming the while that he lives in the dark unfathomed

up a bull-fight when other entertainments fail, it will be true to the letter, and give us as good an idea of the exact state or ruin of things in Spain as house burned, or one vessel wrecked, or one steamboat blown up, or one tea. Yet not a few are greedy after this gossip. There was such a rush, as I called, is gossip, and they who edit and read it are old women over their And I am sure that I never read any memorable news in a newspaper. If cow run over on the Western Railroad, or one mad dog killed, or one lot enough. If you are acquainted with the principle, what do you care for a may have changed the names a little since I saw the papers — and serve hear, the other day at one of the offices to learn the foreign news by the For my part, I could easily do without the post-office. I think that there man that penny for his thoughts which is so often safely offered in jest. we read of one man robbed, or murdered, or killed by accident, or one of grasshoppers in the winter — we never need read of another. One is Seville and Granada, from time to time in the right proportions — they know how to throw in Don Carlos and the Infanta, and Don Pedro and wrote this some years ago — that were worth the postage. The pennymyriad instances and applications? To a philosopher all news, as it is post is, commonly, an institution through which you seriously offer a beforehand with sufficient accuracy. As for Spain, for instance, if you critically, I never received more than one or two letters in my life — I establishment were broken by the pressure — news which I seriously ast arrival, that several large squares of plate glass belonging to the are very few important communications made through it. To speak think a ready wit might write a twelve-month, or twelve years,

in a boat, in order to see how he would manoeuvre, he would dive and be sailing out of my cove within a few rods. If I endeavored to overtake him completely lost, so that I did not discover him again, sometimes, till the latter part of the day. But I was more than a match for him on the surface. He commonly went off in a rain.

having apparently passed directly under the boat. So long-winded was he milkweed down, having looked in vain over the pond for a loon, suddenly within half a dozen rods of him. Each time, when he came to the surface, caught in the New York lakes eighty feet beneath the surface, with hooks the boat. It was surprising how quickly he made up his mind and put his his way amid their schools! Yet he appeared to know his course as surely again, but I miscalculated the direction he would take, and we were fifty there was the widest expanse of water and at the greatest distance from resolve into execution. He led me at once to the widest part of the pond, me, set up his wild laugh and betrayed himself. I pursued with a paddle turning his head this way and that, he cooly surveyed the water and the set for trout — though Walden is deeper than that. How surprised must one, sailing out from the shore toward the middle a few rods in front of widen the interval; and again he laughed long and loud, and with more and could not be driven from it. While he was thinking one thing in his Sometimes he would come up unexpectedly on the opposite side of me, and he dived, but when he came up I was nearer than before. He dived land, and apparently chose his course so that he might come up where game, played on the smooth surface of the pond, a man against a loon. the fishes be to see this ungainly visitor from another sphere speeding brain, I was endeavoring to divine his thought in mine. It was a pretty Suddenly your adversary's checker disappears beneath the board, and immediately plunge again, nevertheless; and then no wit could divine rods apart when he came to the surface this time, for I had helped to reason than before. He manoeuvred so cunningly that I could not get afternoon, for such days especially they settle on to the lakes, like the bottom of the pond in its deepest part. It is said that loons have been the problem is to place yours nearest to where his will appear again. speeding his way like a fish, for he had time and ability to visit the where in the deep pond, beneath the smooth surface, he might be As I was paddling along the north shore one very calm October and so unweariable, that when he had swum farthest he would

quarter was the revolution of 1649; and if you have learned the history of unless your speculations are of a merely pecuniary character. If one may ner crops for an average year, you never need attend to that thing again, the most succinct and lucid reports under this head in the newspapers: and as for England, almost the last significant scrap of news from that udge who rarely looks into the newspapers, nothing new does ever happen in foreign parts, a French revolution not excepted.

fresh and brave beginning of a new one — with this one other draggle-tail master doing? The messenger answered with respect: My master desires to Khoung-tseu to know his news. Khoung-tseu caused the messenger to worthy messenger! What a worthy messenger!" The preacher, instead of of a sermon, should shout with thundering voice, "Pause! Avast! Why so week — for Sunday is the fit conclusion of an ill-spent week, and not the never old! "Kieou-he-yu (great dignitary of the state of Wei) sent a man What news! how much more important to know what that is which was vexing the ears of drowsy farmers on their day of rest at the end of the to diminish the number of his faults, but he cannot come to the end of be seated near him, and questioned him in these terms: What is your them. The messenger being gone, the philosopher remarked: What a seeming fast, but deadly slow?"

shadow of the reality. This is always exhilarating and sublime. By closing which still is built on purely illusory foundations. Children, who play life, know, would be like a fairy tale and the Arabian Nights' Entertainments. wise, we perceive that only great and worthy things have any permanent discern its true law and relations more clearly than men, who fail to live failure. I have read in a Hindoo book, that "there was a king's son, who, the eyes and slumbering, and consenting to be deceived by shows, men and absolute existence, that petty fears and petty pleasures are but the forester, and, growing up to maturity in that state, imagined himself to Shams and delusions are esteemed for soundest truths, while reality is If we respected only what is inevitable and has a right to be, music and it worthily, but who think that they are wiser by experience, that is, by establish and confirm their daily life of routine and habit everywhere, poetry would resound along the streets. When we are unhurried and fabulous. If men would steadily observe realities only, and not allow themselves to be deluded, life, to compare it with such things as we being expelled in infancy from his native city, was brought up by a

pronoun), but her mistress told me that she came into the neighborhood "wings," which I keep still. There is no appearance of a membrane about Lincoln nearest the pond, Mr. Gilian Baker's. When I called to see her in June, 1842, she was gone a-hunting in the woods, as was her wont (I am inhabitants. Once, when berrying, I met with a cat with young kittens in a little more than a year before, in April, and was finally taken into their the woods, quite wild, and they all, like their mother, had their backs up kept any; for why should not a poet's cat be winged as well as his horse? and were fiercely spitting at me. A few years before I lived in the woods not sure whether it was a male or female, and so use the more common house; that she was of a dark brownish-gray color, with a white spot on stripes ten or twelve inches long by two and a half wide, and under her chin like a muff, the upper side loose, the under matted like felt, and in there was what was called a "winged cat" in one of the farm-houses in her throat, and white feet, and had a large bushy tail like a fox; that in hybrids have been produced by the union of the marten and domestic cat. This would have been the right kind of cat for me to keep, if I had the winter the fur grew thick and flatted out along her sides, forming animal, which is not impossible, for, according to naturalists, prolific the spring these appendages dropped off. They gave me a pair of her stealthy behavior, proves herself more native there than the regular them. Some thought it was part flying squirrel or some other wild

discharges. The waves generously rise and dash angrily, taking sides with bathe in the pond, making the woods ring with his wild laughter before I of the water, so that no loon can be heard or seen, though his foes sweep had risen. At rumor of his arrival all the Mill-dam sportsmen are on the the kind October wind rises, rustling the leaves and rippling the surface and unfinished jobs. But they were too often successful. When I went to cannot be omnipresent; if he dive here he must come up there. But now all water-fowl, and our sportsmen must beat a retreat to town and shop get a pail of water early in the morning I frequently saw this stately bird rifles and conical balls and spy-glasses. They come rustling through the woods like autumn leaves, at least ten men to one loon. Some station In the fall the loon (Colymbus glacialis) came, as usual, to moult and alert, in gigs and on foot, two by two and three by three, with patent themselves on this side of the pond, some on that, for the poor bird the pond with spy-glasses, and make the woods resound with their

circumstances in which it is placed, mistakes its own character, until the ruth is revealed to it by some holy teacher, and then it knows itself to be misconception of his character was removed, and he knew himself to be ministers having discovered him, revealed to him what he was, and the Brahme." I perceive that we inhabitants of New England live this mean things. We think that that is which appears to be. If a man should walk through this town and see only the reality, where, think you, would the belong to the barbarous race with which he lived. One of his father's ife that we do because our vision does not penetrate the surface of a prince. So soul," continues the Hindoo philosopher, "from the

artist never yet had so fair and noble a design but some of his posterity at would all go to pieces in your account of them. Men esteem truth remote, divine in the lapse of all the ages. And we are enabled to apprehend at all what is sublime and noble only by the perpetual instilling and drenching in the outskirts of the system, behind the farthest star, before Adam and sublime. But all these times and places and occasions are now and here. beheld there, we should not recognize the place in his description. Look God himself culminates in the present moment, and will never be more of the reality that surrounds us. The universe constantly and obediently answers to our conceptions; whether we travel fast or slow, the track is at a meeting-house, or a court-house, or a jail, or a shop, or a dwellingaid for us. Let us spend our lives in conceiving then. The poet or the "Mill-dam" go to? If he should give us an account of the realities he house, and say what that thing really is before a true gaze, and they after the last man. In eternity there is indeed something true and least could accomplish it.

Let us spend one day as deliberately as Nature, and not be thrown off the company come and let company go, let the bells ring and the children cry track by every nutshell and mosquito's wing that falls on the rails. Let us Weather this danger and you are safe, for the rest of the way is down hill. way, tied to the mast like Ulysses. If the engine whistles, let it whistle till rapid and whirlpool called a dinner, situated in the meridian shallows. - determined to make a day of it. Why should we knock under and go with the stream? Let us not be upset and overwhelmed in that terrible With unrelaxed nerves, with morning vigor, sail by it, looking another rise early and fast, or break fast, gently and without perturbation; let it is hoarse for its pains. If the bell rings, why should we run? We will

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feeble struggles, being without feelers and with only the remnant of a leg, and I know not how many other wounds, to divest himself of them; which at length, after half an hour more, he accomplished. I raised the glass, and he went off over the window-sill in that crippled state. Whether he finally survived that combat, and spent the remainder of his days in some Hotel des Invalides, I do not know; but I thought that his industry would not be worth much thereafter. I never learned which party was victorious, nor the cause of the war; but I felt for the rest of that day as if I had had my feelings excited and harrowed by witnessing the struggle, the ferocity and carnage, of a human battle before my door.

Kirby and Spence tell us that the battles of ants have long been celebrated and the date of them recorded, though they say that Huber is the only modern author who appears to have witnessed them. "AEneas Sylvius," say they, "after giving a very circumstantial account of one contested with great obstinacy by a great and small species on the trunk of a pear tree," adds that "this action was fought in the pontificate of Eugenius the Fourth, in the presence of Nicholas Pistoriensis, an eminent lawyer, who related the whole, history of the battle with the greatest fidelity." A similar engagement between great and small ants is recorded by Olaus Magnus, in which the small ones, being victorious, are said to have buried the bodies of their own soldiers, but left those of their giant enemies a prey to the birds. This event happened previous to the expulsion of the tyrant Christiern the Second from Sweden." The battle which I witnessed took place in the Presidency of Polk, five years before the passage of Webster's Fugitive—Slave Bill.

Many a village Bose, fit only to course a mud-turtle in a victualling cellar, sported his heavy quarters in the woods, without the knowledge of his master, and ineffectually smelled at old fox burrows and woodchucks' holes; led perchance by some slight cur which nimbly threaded the wood, and might still inspire a natural terror in its denizens; — now far behind his guide, barking like a canine bull toward some small squirrel which had treed itself for scrutiny, then, cantering off, bending the bushes with his weight, imagining that he is on the track of some stray member of the jerbilla family. Once I was surprised to see a cat walking along the stony shore of the pond, for they rarely wander so far from home. The surprise was mutual. Nevertheless the most domestic cat, which has lain on a rug all her days, appears quite at home in the woods, and, by her sly and

throats and feel cold in the extremities; if we are alive, let us go about our rocks in place, which we can call reality, and say, This is, and no mistake; that alluvion which covers the globe, through Paris and London, through a place where you might found a wall or a state, or set a lamp-post safely, and then begin, having a point d'appui, below freshet and frost and fire, might know how deep a freshet of shams and appearances had gathered New York and Boston and Concord, through Church and State, through or perhaps a gauge, not a Nilometer, but a Realometer, that future ages you will see the sun glimmer on both its surfaces, as if it were a cimeter, and feel its sweet edge dividing you through the heart and marrow, and from time to time. If you stand right fronting and face to face to a fact, poetry and philosophy and religion, till we come to a hard bottom and so you will happily conclude your mortal career. Be it life or death, we consider what kind of music they are like. Let us settle ourselves, and opinion, and prejudice, and tradition, and delusion, and appearance, crave only reality. If we are really dying, let us hear the rattle in our work and wedge our feet downward through the mud and slush of business. Time is but the stream I go a-fishing in. I drink at it; but while I drink I see the sandy bottom and detect how shallow it is. Its thin current slides away, but eternity remains. I would drink deeper; fish in the sky, whose bottom is pebbly with stars. I cannot count one. I know not the first letter of the alphabet. I have always been regretting that I was not as wise as the day I was born. The intellect is a cleaver; it discerns and rifts its way into the secret of things. I do not wish to be any more busy with my hands than is necessary. My head is hands and feet. I feel all my best faculties concentrated in it. My instinct tells me that my head is an organ for burrowing, as some creatures use their snout and fore paws, and with it I would mine and burrow my way through these hills. I think that the richest vein is somewhere hereabouts; so by the divining-rod and thin rising vapors I judge; and here I will begin to mine.

they fought for, as much as our ancestors, and not to avoid a three-penny foe to select among his own members; and so there were three united for eminent chip, and playing their national airs the while, to excite the slow commenced his operations near the root of his right fore leg, leaving the locks and cements to shame. I should not have wondered by this time to and cheer the dying combatants. I was myself excited somewhat even as And certainly there is not the fight recorded in Concord history, at least, There was not one hireling there. I have no doubt that it was a principle life, as if a new kind of attraction had been invented which put all other God's sake fire!" — and thousands shared the fate of Davis and Hosmer. if in the history of America, that will bear a moment's comparison with heroism displayed. For numbers and for carnage it was an Austerlitz or then, watching his opportunity, he sprang upon the black warrior, and if they had been men. The more you think of it, the less the difference. memorable to those whom it concerns as those of the battle of Bunker blacks were nearly twice the size of the red — he drew near with rapid this, whether for the numbers engaged in it, or for the patriotism and tax on their tea; and the results of this battle will be as important and rescue his Patroclus. He saw this unequal combat from afar — for the Dresden. Concord Fight! Two killed on the patriots' side, and Luther Blanchard wounded! Why here every ant was a Buttrick — "Fire! for pace till be stood on his guard within half an inch of the combatants; find that they had their respective musical bands stationed on some

hanging on either side of him like ghastly trophies at his saddle-bow, still mentioned red ant, I saw that, though he was assiduously gnawing at the breast was all torn away, exposing what vitals he had there to the jaws of struggling, carried it into my house, and placed it under a tumbler on my the black warrior, whose breastplate was apparently too thick for him to pierce; and the dark carbuncles of the sufferer's eyes shone with ferocity I took up the chip on which the three I have particularly described were near fore leg of his enemy, having severed his remaining feeler, his own window-sill, in order to see the issue. Holding a microscope to the firstsuch as war only could excite. They struggled half an hour longer under the tumbler, and when I looked again the black soldier had severed the apparently as firmly fastened as ever, and he was endeavoring with heads of his foes from their bodies, and the still living heads were

#### READING

property for ourselves or our posterity, in founding a family or a state, or is he in me that now reviews the vision. No dust has settled on that robe; no time has elapsed since that divinity was revealed. That time which we resh a glory as he did, since it was I in him that was then so bold, and it immortal, and need fear no change nor accident. The oldest Egyptian or divinity; and still the trembling robe remains raised, and I gaze upon as would perhaps become essentially students and observers, for certainly With a little more deliberation in the choice of their pursuits, all men Hindoo philosopher raised a corner of the veil from the statue of the acquiring fame even, we are mortal; but in dealing with truth we are their nature and destiny are interesting to all alike. In accumulating really improve, or which is improvable, is neither past, present, nor

his page only now and then. Incessant labor with my hands, at first, for I intervals of my work, till that employment made me ashamed of myself, in books. To be intoxicated by a single glass of wine; I have experienced kept Homer's Iliad on my table through the summer, though I looked at run through the region of the spiritual world; I have had this advantage time to time on to linen paper. Says the poet Mr Udd, "Being seated, to this pleasure when I have drunk the liquor of the esoteric doctrines." I sentences were first written on bark, and are now merely copied from more study impossible. Yet I sustained myself by the prospect of such My residence was more favorable, not only to thought, but to serious reading, than a university; and though I was beyond the range of the had my house to finish and my beans to hoe at the same time, made ordinary circulating library, I had more than ever come within the reading in future. I read one or two shallow books of travel in the influence of those books which circulate round the world, whose and I asked where it was then that I lived.

The student may read Homer or AEschylus in the Greek without danger emulate their heroes, and consecrate morning hours to their pages. The heroic books, even if printed in the character of our mother tongue, will of dissipation or luxuriousness, for it implies that he in some measure

white pines over my head; or the red squirrel, coursing down the nearest long enough in some attractive spot in the woods that all its inhabitants doves sat over the spring, or fluttered from bough to bough of the soft bough, was particularly familiar and inquisitive. You only need sit still may exhibit themselves to you by turns.

They fought with more pertinacity than bulldogs. Neither manifested the I was witness to events of a less peaceful character. One day when I went covered with such combatants, that it was not a duellum, but a bellum, a republicans on the one hand, and the black imperialists on the other. On feelers near the root, having already caused the other to go by the board; "Conquer or die." In the meanwhile there came along a single red ant on while the stronger black one dashed him from side to side, and, as I saw ground was already strewn with the dead and dying, both red and black. It was the only battle which I have ever witnessed, the only battle-field I tumblings on that field never for an instant ceased to gnaw at one of his incessantly. Looking farther, I was surprised to find that the chips were latter, for he had lost none of his limbs; whose mother had charged him to return with his shield or upon it. Or perchance he was some Achilles, despatched his foe, or had not yet taken part in the battle; probably the black, fiercely contending with one another. Having once got hold they fastened himself like a vice to his adversary's front, and through all the on looking nearer, had already divested him of several of his members. little sunny valley amid the chips, now at noonday prepared to fight till out to my wood-pile, or rather my pile of stumps, I observed two large war between two races of ants, the red always pitted against the black, ants, the one red, the other much larger, nearly half an inch long, and every side they were engaged in deadly combat, yet without any noise the hillside of this valley, evidently full of excitement, who either had watched a couple that were fast locked in each other's embraces, in a Myrmidons covered all the hills and vales in my wood-yard, and the who had nourished his wrath apart, and had now come to avenge or the sun went down, or life went out. The smaller red champion had that I could hear, and human soldiers never fought so resolutely. I least disposition to retreat. It was evident that their battle-cry was never let go, but struggled and wrestled and rolled on the chips and frequently two red ones to one black. The legions of these ever trod while the battle was raging; internecine war; the red

and Latin tongues in the Middle Ages were not entitled by the accident of were not written in that Greek or Latin which they knew, but in the select laboriously seek the meaning of each word and line, conjecturing a larger language of literature. They had not learned the nobler dialects of Greece such answers to the most modern inquiry in them as Delphi and Dodona expression, too significant to be heard by the ear, which we must be born and Rome, but the very materials on which they were written were waste never gave. We might as well omit to study Nature because she is old. To intiquity. They seem as solitary, and the letter in which they are printed costly hours, if you learn only some words of an ancient language, which are raised out of the trivialness of the street, to be perpetual suggestions as if the study of the classics would at length make way for more modern they may be. For what are the classics but the noblest recorded thoughts merely, almost brutish, and we learn it unconsciously, like the brutes, of again in order to speak. The crowds of men who merely spoke the Greek as rare and curious, as ever. It is worth the expense of youthful days and paper to them, and they prized instead a cheap contemporary literature. classics, in whatever language they may be written and however ancient repeats the few Latin words which he has heard. Men sometimes speak of man? They are the only oracles which are not decayed, and there are Books must be read as deliberately and reservedly as they were written. our mothers. The other is the maturity and experience of that; if that is read well, that is, to read true books in a true spirit, is a noble exercise, It is not enough even to be able to speak the language of that nation by spoken and the written language, the language heard and the language underwent, the steady intention almost of the whole life to this object. birth to read the works of genius written in those languages; for these which they are written, for there is a memorable interval between the translations, has done little to bring us nearer to the heroic writers of and practical studies; but the adventurous student will always study customs of the day esteem. It requires a training such as the athletes generosity we have. The modern cheap and fertile press, with all its sense than common use permits out of what wisdom and valor and and one that will task the reader more than any exercise which the our mother tongue, this is our father tongue, a reserved and select and provocations. It is not in vain that the farmer remembers and read. The one is commonly transitory, a sound, a tongue, a dialect always be in a language dead to degenerate times; and we must

which they so much resemble. It is said that when hatched by a hen they intelligence seems reflected in them. They suggest not merely the purity born when the bird was, but is coeval with the sky it reflects. The woods will directly disperse on some alarm, and so are lost, for they never hear such a limpid well. The ignorant or reckless sportsman often shoots the parent at such a time, and leaves these innocents to fall a prey to some do not yield another such a gem. The traveller does not often look into of infancy, but a wisdom clarified by experience. Such an eye was not prowling beast or bird, or gradually mingle with the decaying leaves the mother's call which gathers them again. These were my hens and precocious even than chickens. The remarkably adult yet innocent expression of their open and serene eyes is very memorable. All

pines, into a larger wood about the swamp. There, in a very secluded and water, where I could dip up a pailful without roiling it, and thither I went pretending broken wings and legs, to attract my attention, and get off her circle round and round me, nearer and nearer till within four or five feet, human being getting a glimpse of him. I formerly saw the raccoon in the warmest. Thither, too, the woodcock led her brood, to probe the mud for peep, single file through the swamp, as she directed. Or I heard the peep He grows to be four feet long, as big as a small boy, perhaps without any worms, flying but a foot above them down the bank, while they ran in a It is remarkable how many creatures live wild and free though secret in whinnering at night. Commonly I rested an hour or two in the shade at suspected by hunters only. How retired the otter manages to live here! through a succession of descending grassy hollows, full of young pitch of the young when I could not see the parent bird. There too the turtle shaded spot, under a spreading white pine, there was yet a clean, firm for this purpose almost every day in midsummer, when the pond was young, who would already have taken up their march, with faint, wiry sward to sit on. I had dug out the spring and made a well of clear gray the woods, and still sustain themselves in the neighborhood of towns, woods behind where my house is built, and probably still heard their troop beneath; but at last, spying me, she would leave her young and which was the source of a swamp and of a brook, oozing from under noon, after planting, and ate my lunch, and read a little by a spring Brister's Hill, half a mile from my field. The approach to this was

rising literatures, then first learning revived, and scholars were enabled rude written languages of their own, sufficient for the purposes of their Roman and Grecian multitude could not hear, after the lapse of ages a But when the several nations of Europe had acquired distinct though to discern from that remoteness the treasures of antiquity. What the ew scholars read, and a few scholars only are still reading it.

The orator yields to the inspiration of a transient occasion, and speaks to behind the clouds. There are the stars, and they who can may read them. exhalations like our daily colloquies and vaporous breath. What is called event and the crowd which inspire the orator, speaks to the intellect and The astronomers forever comment on and observe them. They are not the mob before him, to those who can hear him; but the writer, whose eloquence in the forum is commonly found to be rhetoric in the study. more equable life is his occasion, and who would be distracted by the above the fleeting spoken language as the firmament with its stars is eloquence, the noblest written words are commonly as far behind or However much we may admire the orator's occasional bursts of health of mankind, to all in any age who can understand him.

in every society, and, more than kings or emperors, exert an influence on nations. Books, the oldest and the best, stand naturally and rightfully on mankind. When the illiterate and perhaps scornful trader has earned by No wonder that Alexander carried the Iliad with him on his expeditions reasured wealth of the world and the fit inheritance of generations and not refuse them. Their authors are a natural and irresistible aristocracy marble only, but be carved out of the breath of life itself. The symbol of for they have carried their own serene and celestial atmosphere into all but while they enlighten and sustain the reader his common sense will something at once more intimate with us and more universal than any iterature, as to her marbles, only a maturer golden and autumnal tint, the shelves of every cottage. They have no cause of their own to plead, preathed from all human lips; — not be represented on canvas or in other work of art. It is the work of art nearest to life itself. It may be ands to protect them against the corrosion of time. Books are the ranslated into every language, and not only be read but actually an ancient man's thought becomes a modern man's speech. Two thousand summers have imparted to the monuments of Grecian in a precious casket. A written word is the choicest of relics. It is

out the shavings, would come out regularly at lunch time and pick up the at last I held still a piece of cheese between my thumb and finger, it came kept the latter close, and dodged and played at bopeep with it; and when crumbs at my feet. It probably had never seen a man before; and it soon underneath the house, and before I had laid the second floor, and swept became quite familiar, and would run over my shoes and up my clothes. squirrel, which it resembled in its motions. At length, as I leaned with sleeve, and round and round the paper which held my dinner, while I It could readily ascend the sides of the room by short impulses, like a and nibbled it, sitting in my hand, and afterward cleaned its face and interested him much. When I was building, one of these had its nest my elbow on the bench one day, it ran up my clothes, and along my found in the village. I sent one to a distinguished naturalist, and it paws, like a fly, and walked away.

which is so shy a bird, led her brood past my windows, from the woods in leaves and twigs that many a traveler has placed his foot in the midst of a flat, often running their heads under a leaf, and mind only their mother's brood, and heard the whir of the old bird as she flew off, and her anxious and spin round before you in such a dishabille, that you cannot, for a few the rear to the front of my house, clucking and calling to them like a hen, the rest in exactly the same position ten minutes afterward. They are not directions given from a distance, nor will your approach make them run again and betray themselves. You may even tread on them, or have your and in all her behavior proving herself the hen of the woods. The young suddenly disperse on your approach, at a signal from the mother, as if a whirlwind had swept them away, and they so exactly resemble the dried trembling. So perfect is this instinct, that once, when I had laid them on eyes on them for a minute, without discovering them. I have held them which grew against the house. In June the partridge (Tetrao umbellus), without suspecting their neighborhood. The parent will sometimes roll the leaves again, and one accidentally fell on its side, it was found with moments, detect what kind of creature it is. The young squat still and callow like the young of most birds, but more perfectly developed and in my open hand at such a time, and still their only care, obedient to calls and mewing, or seen her trail her wings to attract his attention, A phoebe soon built in my shed, and a robin for protection in a pine their mother and their instinct, was to squat there without fear or

whose want he so keenly feels; and thus it is that he becomes the founder and is sensible only of the imperfection of his culture and the vanity and admitted to the circles of wealth and fashion, he turns inevitably at last pains which be takes to secure for his children that intellectual culture insufficiency of all his riches, and further proves his good sense by the to those still higher but yet inaccessible circles of intellect and genius, enterprise and industry his coveted leisure and independence, and is

has ever been made into any modern tongue, unless our civilization itself be soon enough to forget them when we have the learning and the genius history of the human race; for it is remarkable that no transcript of them deposited their trophies in the forum of the world. By such a pile we may in which they were written must have a very imperfect knowledge of the may be regarded as such a transcript. Homer has never yet been printed ancients. They only talk of forgetting them who never knew them. It will n English, nor AEschylus, nor Virgil even — works as refined, as solidly done, and as beautiful almost as the morning itself; for later writers, say Those who have not learned to read the ancient classics in the language what we will of their genius, have rarely, if ever, equalled the elaborate which will enable us to attend to and appreciate them. That age will be rich indeed when those relics which we call Classics, and the still older with Vedas and Zendavestas and Bibles, with Homers and Dantes and shall have still further accumulated, when the Vaticans shall be filled and more than classic but even less known Scriptures of the nations, Shakespeares, and all the centuries to come shall have successively beauty and finish and the lifelong and heroic literary labors of the hope to scale heaven at last.

yet this only is reading, in a high sense, not that which lulls us as a luxury multitude read the stars, at most astrologically, not astronomically. Most but of reading as a noble intellectual exercise they know little or nothing; stand on tip-toe to read and devote our most alert and wakeful hours to. learned to cipher in order to keep accounts and not be cheated in trade; and suffers the nobler faculties to sleep the while, but what we have to The works of the great poets have never yet been read by mankind, for men have learned to read to serve a paltry convenience, as they have only great poets can read them. They have only been read as the

nuts, where you see the johnswort waving. I think that I may warrant you roots of the grass, as if you were weeding. Or, if you choose to go farther, one worm to every three sods you turn up, if you look well in among the it will not be unwise, for I have found the increase of fair bait to be very digging the bait is nearly equal to that of catching the fish, when one's would advise you to set in the spade down yonder among the groundappetite is not too keen; and this you may have all to yourself today. I never fattened with manure; the race is nearly extinct. The sport of nearly as the squares of the distances.

thoughts have left no track, and I cannot find the path again. What was it sentences of Confutsee; they may fetch that state about again. I know not whether it was the dumps or a budding ecstasy. Mem. There never is but another so sweet occasion be likely to offer? I was as near being resolved into the essence of things as ever I was in my life. I fear my thoughts will frame of mind; the world lay about at this angle. Shall I go to heaven or not come back to me. If it would do any good, I would whistle for them. that I was thinking of? It was a very hazy day. I will just try these three Hermit alone. Let me see; where was I? Methinks I was nearly in this When they make us an offer, is it wise to say, We will think of it? My a-fishing? If I should soon bring this meditation to an end, would one opportunity of a kind.

for the smaller fry; they do not cover up the hook so much. Those village ones, beside several which are imperfect or undersized; but they will do worms are quite too large; a shiner may make a meal off one without Poet. How now, Hermit, is it too soon? I have got just thirteen whole finding the skewer.

Hermit. Well, then, let's be off. Shall we to the Concord? There's good sport there if the water be not too high.

mouse could have filled this crevice? I suspect that Pilpay & Co. have put Why do precisely these objects which we behold make a world? Why has man just these species of animals for his neighbors; as if nothing but a animals to their best use, for they are all beasts of burden, in a sense, made to carry some portion of our thoughts. The mice which haunted my house were not the common ones, which are said to have been introduced into the country, but a wild native kind not

wasted. If others are the machines to provide this provender, they are the better metamorphose all such aspiring heroes of universal noveldom into old bencher his two-cent gilt-covered edition of Cinderella — without any unfortunate got up on to a steeple, who had better never have gone up as far as the belfry; and then, having needlessly got him up there, the happy celebrated author of 'Tittle-Tol-Tan,' to appear in monthly parts; a great man weather-cocks, as they used to put heroes among the constellations, Circulating Library entitled "Little Reading," which I thought referred to neither did the course of their true love run smooth — at any rate, how it and let them swing round there till they are rusty, and not come down at general deliquium and sloughing off of all the intellectual faculties. This sort of gingerbread is baked daily and more sedulously than pure wheat Bible, and for the rest of their lives vegetate and dissipate their faculties in what is called easy reading. There is a work in several volumes in our syllable, in the fourth or fifth classes, sitting on the lowest and foremost corrugations even yet need no sharpening, just as some little four-year-I think that having learned our letters we should read the best that is in machines to read it. They read the nine thousandth tale about Zebulon rings the bell I will not stir though the meeting-house burn down. "The a town of that name which I had not been to. There are those who, like and Sophronia, and how they loved as none had ever loved before, and form all our lives. Most men are satisfied if they read or hear read, and literature, and not be forever repeating our a-b-abs, and words of one all to bother honest men with their pranks. The next time the novelist rush; don't all come together." All this they read with saucer eyes, and perchance have been convicted by the wisdom of one good book, the emphasis, or any more skill in extracting or inserting the moral. The result is dulness of sight, a stagnation of the vital circulations, and a novelist rings the bell for all the world to come together and hear, O fullest dinner of meats and vegetables, for they suffer nothing to be cormorants and ostriches, can digest all sorts of this, even after the dear! how he did get down again! For my part, I think that they had did run and stumble, and get up again and go on! how some poor or rye-and-Indian in almost every oven, and finds a surer market. erect and primitive curiosity, and with unwearied gizzard, whose Skip of the Tip-Toe-Hop, a Romance of the Middle Ages, by the improvement, that I can see, in the pronunciation, or accent, or

# **BRUTE NEIGHBORS**

village to my house from the other side of the town, and the catching of Sometimes I had a companion in my fishing, who came through the the dinner was as much a social exercise as the eating of it.

sweetbriers tremble. — Eh, Mr. Poet, is it you? How do you like the world Hermit. I wonder what the world is doing now. I have not heard so much men worry themselves so? He that does not eat need not work. I wonder not keep a house. Say, some hollow tree; and then for morning calls and noon horn which sounded from beyond the woods just now? The hands too warm there; they are born too far into life for me. I have water from bright the devil's door-knobs, and scour his tubs this bright day! Better dinner-parties! Only a woodpecker tapping. Oh, they swarm; the sun is never think for the barking of Bose? And oh, the housekeeping! to keep are coming in to boiled salt beef and cider and Indian bread. Why will instinct of the chase? or the lost pig which is said to be in these woods, whose tracks I saw after the rain? It comes on apace; my sumachs and how much they have reaped. Who would live there where a body can asleep upon their roosts — no flutter from them. Was that a farmer's as a locust over the sweet-fern these three hours. The pigeons are all the spring, and a loaf of brown bread on the shelf. — Hark! I hear a rustling of the leaves. Is it some ill-fed village hound yielding to the

foreign lands — unless when we were off the coast of Spain. That's a true eaten to-day, that I might go a-fishing. That's the true industry for poets. Poet. See those clouds; how they hang! That's the greatest thing I have Mediterranean sky. I thought, as I have my living to get, and have not seen to-day. There's nothing like it in old paintings, nothing like it in It is the only trade I have learned. Come, let's along. Hermit. I cannot resist. My brown bread will soon be gone. I will go with Angleworms are rarely to be met with in these parts, where the soil was that I am near the end of it. Leave me alone, then, for a while. But that you gladly soon, but I am just concluding a serious meditation. I think we may not be delayed, you shall be digging the bait meanwhile.

to, but must keep silence about it. Indeed, there is hardly the professor in bred and so-called liberally educated men here and elsewhere have really familiar even to the so-called illiterate; he will find nobody at all to speak of his way to pick up a silver dollar; but here are golden words, which the succeeding age have assured us of; — and yet we learn to read only as far as Easy Reading, the primers and class-books, and when we leave school, poet, and has any sympathy to impart to the alert and heroic reader; and he says, for he is above that, but to "keep himself in practice," he being a English. This is about as much as the college-bred generally do or aspire our colleges, who, if he has mastered the difficulties of the language, has Hebrews have had a scripture. A man, any man, will go considerably out wisest men of antiquity have uttered, and whose worth the wise of every What does our Concord culture amount to? There is in this town, with a recorded wisdom of mankind, the ancient classics and Bibles, which are English literature, whose words all can read and spell. Even the college-Canadian by birth; and when I ask him what he considers the best thing to do, and they take an English paper for the purpose. One who has just proportionally mastered the difficulties of the wit and poetry of a Greek as for the sacred Scriptures, or Bibles of mankind, who in this town can very few exceptions, no taste for the best or for very good books even in woodchopper, of middle age, who takes a French paper, not for news as come from reading perhaps one of the best English books will find how tell me even their titles? Most men do not know that any nation but the The best books are not read even by those who are called good readers. many with whom he can converse about it? Or suppose he comes from he can do in this world, he says, beside this, to keep up and add to his accessible to all who will know of them, there are the feeblest efforts reading a Greek or Latin classic in the original, whose praises are ittle or no acquaintance with the English classics; and as for the anywhere made to become acquainted with them. I know a

produced, whose names are hardly known here. Or shall I hear the name I aspire to be acquainted with wiser men than this our Concord soil has of Plato and never read his book? As if Plato were my townsman and I never saw him — my next neighbor and I never heard him speak or

the "Little Reading," and story-books, which are for boys and beginners;

and our reading, our conversation and thinking, are all on a very low

level, worthy only of pygmies and manikins.

4

come out of this condition and actually migrate thither? All that he could think of was to practise some new austerity, to let his mind descend into in which he lived. A voice said to him - Why do you stay here and live his body and redeem it, and treat himself with ever increasing respect. this mean moiling life, when a glorious existence is possible for you? Those same stars twinkle over other fields than these. — But how to

distinction between the illiterateness of my townsman who cannot read for children and feeble intellects. We should be as good as the worthies race of tit-men, and soar but little higher in our intellectual flights than at all and the illiterateness of him who has learned to read only what is of antiquity, but partly by first knowing how good they were. We are a shelf, and yet I never read them. We are underbred and low-lived and illiterate; and in this respect I confess I do not make any very broad Dialogues, which contain what was immortal in him, lie on the next attended to the wisdom of his words. But how actually is it? His the columns of the daily paper.

same road and had the same experience; but he, being wise, knew it to be universal, and treated his neighbors accordingly, and is even said to have all the worthies, with Jesus Christ himself, and let "our church" go by the and understand, would be more salutary than the morning or the spring confound us have in their turn occurred to all the wise men; not one has commune with Zoroaster then, and through the liberalizing influence of book! The book exists for us, perchance, which will explain our miracles words addressed to our condition exactly, which, if we could really hear been omitted; and each has answered them, according to his ability, by had his second birth and peculiar religious experience, and is driven as think it is not true; but Zoroaster, thousands of years ago, travelled the his words and his life. Moreover, with wisdom we shall learn liberality. somewhere uttered. These same questions that disturb and puzzle and to our lives, and possibly put a new aspect on the face of things for us. How many a man has dated a new era in his life from the reading of a The solitary hired man on a farm in the outskirts of Concord, who has It is not all books that are as dull as their readers. There are probably he believes into the silent gravity and exclusiveness by his faith, may and reveal new ones. The at present unutterable things we may find invented and established worship among men. Let him humbly

most rapid strides of any nation. But consider how little this village does We boast that we belong to the Nineteenth Century and are making the flattered by them, for that will not advance either of us. We need to be comparatively decent system of common schools, schools for infants for its own culture. I do not wish to flatter my townsmen, nor to be provoked — goaded like oxen, as we are, into a trot. We have a

it be at cleaning a stable. Nature is hard to be overcome, but she must be overcome. What avails it that you are Christian, if you are not purer than I know of many systems of religion esteemed heathenish whose precepts the heathen, if you deny yourself no more, if you are not more religious? fill the reader with shame, and provoke him to new endeavors, though it If you would avoid uncleanness, and all the sins, work earnestly, though whom the sun shines on prostrate, who reposes without being fatigued. be to the performance of rites merely.

one form of sensuality, and are silent about another. We are so degraded that we cannot speak simply of the necessary functions of human nature. of and regulated by law. Nothing was too trivial for the Hindoo lawgiver, I hesitate to say these things, but it is not because of the subject — I care drink, cohabit, void excrement and urine, and the like, elevating what is In earlier ages, in some countries, every function was reverently spoken mean, and does not falsely excuse himself by calling these things trifles. without betraying my impurity. We discourse freely without shame of not how obscene my words are — but because I cannot speak of them however offensive it may be to modern taste. He teaches how to eat,

marble instead. We are all sculptors and painters, and our material is our own flesh and blood and bones. Any nobleness begins at once to refine a worships, after a style purely his own, nor can he get off by hammering Every man is the builder of a temple, called his body, to the god he man's features, any meanness or sensuality to imbrute them.

work, his mind still running on his labor more or less. Having bathed, he thought of his work; but the burden of his thought was, that though this kept running in his head, and he found himself planning and contriving worked in, and suggested work for certain faculties which slumbered in the scurf of his skin, which was constantly shuffled off. But the notes of him. They gently did away with the street, and the village, and the state John Farmer sat at his door one September evening, after a hard day's sat down to re-create his intellectual man. It was a rather cool evening, it against his will, yet it concerned him very little. It was no more than playing on a flute, and that sound harmonized with his mood. Still he the flute came home to his ears out of a different sphere from that he attended to the train of his thoughts long when he heard some one and some of his neighbors were apprehending a frost. He had not

spirit of our institutions; and I am confident that, as our circumstances

once on a bleak rock with these. To act collectively is according to the

selectmen, because our Pilgrim forefathers got through a cold winter

short at a pedagogue, a parson, a sexton, a parish library, and three

schools, that we did not leave off our education when we begin to be men or things which more intelligent men know to be of far more worth. This and twenty-five dollars annually subscribed for a Lyceum in the winter is better spent than any other equal sum raised in the town. If we live in the Can we not hire some Abelard to lecture to us? Alas! what with foddering provincial? If we will read newspapers, why not skip the gossip of Boston some respects take the place of the nobleman of Europe. It should be the the true meat to put into that shell, in a hundred years. The one hundred New England. Let the reports of all the learned societies come to us, and cultivated taste surrounds himself with whatever conduces to his culture Nineteenth Century, why should we not enjoy the advantages which the inhabitants the fellows of universities, with leisure — if they are, indeed, be boarded here and get a liberal education under the skies of Concord? and traders value, but it is thought Utopian to propose spending money patron of the fine arts. It is rich enough. It wants only the magnanimity and take the best newspaper in the world at once? — not be sucking the fortune or politics, but probably it will not spend so much on living wit, world be confined to one Paris or one Oxford forever? Cannot students and refinement. It can spend money enough on such things as farmers — genius — learning — wit — books — paintings — statuary — music philosophical instruments, and the like; so let the village do — not stop Brothers and Redding & Co. to select our reading? As the nobleman of ailment than on our mental aliment. It is time that we had uncommon the cattle and tending the store, we are kept from school too long, and we will see if they know anything. Why should we leave it to Harper & only; but excepting the half-starved Lyceum in the winter, and latterly our education is sadly neglected. In this country, the village should in so well off — to pursue liberal studies the rest of their lives. Shall the and women. It is time that villages were universities, and their elder pap of "neutral family" papers, or browsing "Olive Branches" here in the puny beginning of a library suggested by the State, no school for ourselves. We spend more on almost any article of bodily aliment or own has spent seventeen thousand dollars on a town-house, thank Nineteenth Century offers? Why should our life be in any respect

spirit can for the time pervade and control every member and function of account of the inferior and brutish nature to which he is allied. I fear that to beasts, the creatures of appetite, and that, to some extent, our very life dissipates and makes us unclean, when we are continent invigorates and inspires us. Chastity is the flowering of man; and what are called Genius, our purity inspires and our impurity casts us down. He is blessed who is we are such gods or demigods only as fauns and satyrs, the divine allied Heroism, Holiness, and the like, are but various fruits which succeed it. over the external senses of the body, and good acts, are declared by the Man flows at once to God when the channel of purity is open. By turns purity and devotion. The generative energy, which, when we are loose, Ved to be indispensable in the mind's approximation to God." Yet the assured that the animal is dying out in him day by day, and the divine would go to seek him forthwith. "A command over our passions, and being established. Perhaps there is none but has cause for shame on the body, and transmute what in form is the grossest sensuality into is our disgrace. –

"How happy's he who hath due place assigned To his beasts and disafforested his mind!

Them to a headlong rage, and made them worse." Can use this horse, goat, wolf, and ev'ry beast, But he's those devils too which did incline Else man not only is the herd of swine, And is not ass himself to all the rest!

heard. From exertion come wisdom and purity; from sloth ignorance and if he is chaste? He shall not know it. We have heard of this virtue, but we chaste, you must be temperate. What is chastity? How shall a man know know not what it is. We speak conformably to the rumor which we have They are but one appetite, and we only need to see a person do any one All sensuality is one, though it takes many forms; all purity is one. It is the same whether a man eat, or drink, or cohabit, or sleep sensually. of these things to know how great a sensualist he is. The impure can neither stand nor sit with purity. When the reptile is attacked at one unclean person is universally a slothful one, one who sits by a stove, sensuality. In the student sensuality is a sluggish habit of mind. An mouth of his burrow, he shows himself at another. If you would be

and board them round the while, and not be provincial at all. That is the are more flourishing, our means are greater than the nobleman's. New round a little there, and throw one arch at least over the darker gulf of England can hire all the wise men in the world to come and teach her, uncommon school we want. Instead of noblemen, let us have noble villages of men. If it is necessary, omit one bridge over the river, go ignorance which surrounds us.

muskrats, and other such savage tidbits, the fine lady indulges a taste for jelly made of a calf's foot, or for sardines from over the sea, and they are quantity, but the devotion to sensual savors; when that which is eaten is for the worms that possess us. If the hunter has a taste for mud-turtles, brown-bread crust with as gross an appetite as ever an alderman to his even. He goes to the mill-pond, she to her preserve-pot. The wonder is turtle. Not that food which entereth into the mouth defileth a man, but not a viand to sustain our animal, or inspire our spiritual life, but food glutton; he who does not cannot be otherwise. A puritan may go to his how they, how you and I, can live this slimy, beastly life, eating and the appetite with which it is eaten. It is neither the quality nor the

little goodness is all the assessment that we pay. Though the youth at last forever on the side of the most sensitive. Listen to every zephyr for some reproof, for it is surely there, and he is unfortunate who does not hear it. fails. In the music of the harp which trembles round the world it is the insisting on this which thrills us. The harp is the travelling patterer for grows indifferent, the laws of the universe are not indifferent, but are between virtue and vice. Goodness is the only investment that never the Universe's Insurance Company, recommending its laws, and our Our whole life is startlingly moral. There is never an instant's truce transfixes us. Many an irksome noise, go a long way off, is heard as We cannot touch a string or move a stop but the charming moral music, a proud, sweet satire on the meanness of our lives. We are conscious of an animal in us, which awakens in proportion as our with white and sound teeth and tusks, which suggested that there was an preserve it carefully." Who knows what sort of life would result if we had higher nature slumbers. It is reptile and sensual, and perhaps cannot be succeeded by other means than temperance and purity. "That in which nature. I fear that it may enjoy a certain health of its own; that we may be well, yet not pure. The other day I picked up the lower jaw of a hog, wholly expelled; like the worms which, even in life and health, occupy attained to purity? If I knew so wise a man as could teach me purity I our bodies. Possibly we may withdraw from it, but never change its inconsiderable; the common herd lose it very soon; superior men animal health and vigor distinct from the spiritual. This creature men differ from brute beasts," says Mencius, "is a thing very

#### SOUNDS

dialects and provincial, we are in danger of forgetting the language which philosophy, or poetry, no matter how well selected, or the best society, or shutter is wholly removed. No method nor discipline can supersede the But while we are confined to books, though the most select and classic, all things and events speak without metaphor, which alone is copious and read only particular written languages, which are themselves but merely, or a seer? Read your fate, see what is before you, and walk on necessity of being forever on the alert. What is a course of history or ooking always at what is to be seen? Will you be a reader, a student stream through the shutter will be no longer remembered when the and standard. Much is published, but little printed. The rays which the most admirable routine of life, compared with the discipline of into futurity.

better than this. There were times when I could not afford to sacrifice the highway, I was reminded of the lapse of time. I grew in those seasons like on the hickory before my door, so had I my chuckle or suppressed warble bloom of the present moment to any work, whether of the head or hands. at my west window, or the noise of some traveller's wagon on the distant around or flitted noiseless through the house, until by the sun falling in smiled at my incessant good fortune. As the sparrow had its trill, sitting which he might hear out of my nest. My days were not days of the week, mean by contemplation and the forsaking of works. For the most part, I much over and above my usual allowance. I realized what the Orientals memorable is accomplished. Instead of singing like the birds, I silently corn in the night, and they were far better than any work of the hands minded not how the hours went. The day advanced as if to light some sunrise till noon, rapt in a revery, amidst the pines and hickories and would have been. They were not time subtracted from my life, but so work of mine; it was morning, and lo, now it is evening, and nothing I did not read books the first summer; I hoed beans. Nay, I often did sumachs, in undisturbed solitude and stillness, while the birds sing I love a broad margin to my life. Sometimes, in a summer morning, having taken my accustomed bath, I sat in my sunny doorway from

evening. It is a little star-dust caught, a segment of the rainbow which I somewhat as intangible and indescribable as the tints of morning or communicated by man to man. The true harvest of my daily life is have clutched. Yet, for my part, I was never unusually squeamish; I could sometimes eat a wise man; wine is not so noble a liquor; and think of dashing the hopes Hindoo commentator has remarked, that the Vedant limits this privilege infinite degrees of drunkenness. I believe that water is the only drink for but, I am obliged to confess, because, however much it is to be regretted, regarding myself as one of those privileged ones to whom the Ved refers myself at present somewhat less particular in these respects. I carry less drunk water so long, for the same reason that I prefer the natural sky to intoxicating. Such apparently slight causes destroyed Greece and Rome, religion to the table, ask no blessing; not because I am wiser than I was, Being may eat all that exists," that is, is not bound to inquire what is his tea! Ah, how low I fall when I am tempted by them! Even music may be food, or who prepares it; and even in their case it is to be observed, as a an opium-eater's heaven. I would fain keep sober always; and there are prefer to be intoxicated by the air he breathes? I have found it to be the compelled me to eat and drink coarsely also. But to tell the truth, I find of a morning with a cup of warm coffee, or of an evening with a dish of when it says, that "he who has true faith in the Omnipresent Supreme questions are entertained only in youth, as most believe of poetry. My practice is "nowhere," my opinion is here. Nevertheless I am far from and will destroy England and America. Of all ebriosity, who does not with years I have grown more coarse and indifferent. Perhaps these a fried rat with a good relish, if it were necessary. I am glad to have most serious objection to coarse labors long continued, that they to "the time of distress."

herself," says Thseng-tseu, "one looks, and one does not see; one listens, food in which appetite had no share? I have been thrilled to think that I Who has not sometimes derived an inexpressible satisfaction from his owed a mental perception to the commonly gross sense of taste, that I eaten on a hillside had fed my genius. "The soul not being mistress of have been inspired through the palate, that some berries which I had and one does not hear; one eats, and one does not know the savor of food." He who distinguishes the true savor of his food can never be a

bearing the stamp of any heathen deity, nor were they minced into hours one word, and they express the variety of meaning by pointing backward birds and flowers had tried me by their standard, I should not have been whom it is said that "for yesterday, today, and tomorrow they have only or yesterday forward for tomorrow, and overhead for the passing day." found wanting. A man must find his occasions in himself, it is true. The and fretted by the ticking of a clock; for I lived like the Puri Indians, of This was sheer idleness to my fellow-townsmen, no doubt; but if the natural day is very calm, and will hardly reprove his indolence.

my life itself was become my amusement and never ceased to be novel. It Follow your genius closely enough, and it will not fail to show you a fresh the house. A bird sits on the next bough, life-everlasting grows under the these forms came to be transferred to our furniture, to tables, chairs, and so much more interesting most familiar objects look out of doors than in prospect every hour. Housework was a pleasant pastime. When my floor table, and blackberry vines run round its legs; pine cones, chestnut burs, and as if unwilling to be brought in. I was sometimes tempted to stretch and best mode we had learned, we should never be troubled with ennui. table, from which I did not remove the books and pen and ink, standing see the sun shine on these things, and hear the free wind blow on them; and strawberry leaves are strewn about. It looked as if this was the way indeed, getting our living, and regulating our lives according to the last uninterupted. It was pleasant to see my whole household effects out on was dirty, I rose early, and, setting all my furniture out of doors on the amid the pines and hickories. They seemed glad to get out themselves, an awning over them and take my seat there. It was worth the while to had this advantage, at least, in my mode of life, over those who were obliged to look abroad for amusement, to society and the theatre, that the grass, making a little pile like a gypsy's pack, and my three-legged grass, bed and bedstead making but one budget, dashed water on the broom scrubbed it clean and white; and by the time the villagers had broken their fast the morning sun had dried my house sufficiently to floor, and sprinkled white sand from the pond on it, and then with a was a drama of many scenes and without an end. If we were always, allow me to move in again, and my meditations were almost bedsteads — because they once stood in their midst.

vegetable food, as is every day prepared for them by others. Yet till this is condiment into your dish, and it will poison you. It is not worth the while will go to snaring rabbits, or slaughtering lambs, may learn — and he will surely as the savage tribes have left off eating each other when they came otherwise we are not civilized, and, if gentlemen and ladies, are not true body; they should both sit down at the same table. Yet perhaps this may be done. The fruits eaten temperately need not make us ashamed of our preying on other animals; but this is a miserable way — as any one who human race, in its gradual improvement, to leave off eating animals, as to live by rich cookery. Most men would feel shame if caught preparing men and women. This certainly suggests what change is to be made. It carnivorous animal? True, he can and does live, in a great measure, by be regarded as a benefactor of his race who shall teach man to confine offend the imagination; but this, I think, is to be fed when we feed the may be vain to ask why the imagination will not be reconciled to flesh and fat. I am satisfied that it is not. Is it not a reproach that man is a practice may be, I have no doubt that it is a part of the destiny of the with their own hands precisely such a dinner, whether of animal or himself to a more innocent and wholesome diet. Whatever my own It is hard to provide and cook so simple and clean a diet as will not appetites, nor interrupt the worthiest pursuits. But put an extra in contact with the more civilized. If one listens to the faintest but constant suggestions of his genius, which road lies. The faintest assured objection which one healthy man feels will ever followed his genius till it misled him. Though the result were bodily are certainly true, he sees not to what extremes, or even insanity, it may day and the night are such that you greet them with joy, and life emits a greatest gains and values are farthest from being appreciated. We easily weakness, yet perhaps no one can say that the consequences were to be at length prevail over the arguments and customs of mankind. No man regretted, for these were a life in conformity to higher principles. If the congratulation, and you have cause momentarily to bless yourself. The lead him; and yet that way, as he grows more resolute and faithful, his come to doubt if they exist. We soon forget them. They are the highest fragrance like flowers and sweet-scented herbs, is more elastic, more reality. Perhaps the facts most astounding and most real are never starry, more immortal — that is your success. All nature is your

olueberry and groundnut. Near the end of May, the sand cherry (Cerasus seemed to be dead, developed themselves as by magic into graceful green fresh and tender bough suddenly fall like a fan to the ground, when there My house was on the side of a hill, immediately on the edge of the larger which I had made, and growing five or six feet the first season. Its broad window, so heedlessly did they grow and tax their weak joints, I heard a pumila) adorned the sides of the path with its delicate flowers arranged Nature, though they were scarcely palatable. The sumach (Rhus glabra) grew luxuriantly about the house, pushing up through the embankment buds, suddenly pushing out late in the spring from dry sticks which had was not a breath of air stirring, broken off by its own weight. In August, and tender boughs, an inch in diameter; and sometimes, as I sat at my pinnate tropical leaf was pleasant though strange to look on. The large the large masses of berries, which, when in flower, had attracted many wild bees, gradually assumed their bright velvety crimson hue, and by half a dozen rods from the pond, to which a narrow footpath led down wood, in the midst of a young forest of pitch pines and hickories, and wreaths like rays on every side. I tasted them out of compliment to everlasting, johnswort and goldenrod, shrub oaks and sand cherry, the hill. In my front yard grew the strawberry, blackberry, and lifein umbels cylindrically about its short stems, which last, in the fall, weighed down with goodsized and handsome cherries, fell over in their weight again bent down and broke the tender limbs.

gives a voice to the air; a fish hawk dimples the glassy surface of the pond my clearing; the tantivy of wild pigeons, flying by two and threes athwart my view, or perching restless on the white pine boughs behind my house, and brings up a fish; a mink steals out of the marsh before my door and the beat of a partridge, conveying travellers from Boston to the country. As I sit at my window this summer afternoon, hawks are circling about heard the rattle of railroad cars, now dying away and then reviving like For I did not live so out of the world as that boy who, as I hear, was put seizes a frog by the shore; the sedge is bending under the weight of the came home again, quite down at the heel and homesick. He had never reed-birds flitting hither and thither; and for the last half-hour I have out to a farmer in the east part of the town, but ere long ran away and seen such a dull and out-of-the-way place; the folks were all gone off;

tempts his insectivorous fate. The gross feeder is a man in the larva state; more than it came to. A little bread or a few potatoes would have done as every year I am less a fisherman, though without more humanity or even cook, as well as the gentleman for whom the dishes were served up, I can speak from an unusually complete experience. The practical objection to man who has ever been earnest to preserve his higher or poetic faculties respectable appearance each day, to keep the house sweet and free from beautiful to live low and fare hard in many respects; and though I never well, with less trouble and filth. Like many of my contemporaries, I had this diet and all flesh, and I began to see where housework commences, did so, I went far enough to please my imagination. I believe that every hunter in earnest. Beside, there is something essentially unclean about food is not the effect of experience, but is an instinct. It appeared more and there are whole nations in that condition, nations without fancy or gluttonous maggot when become a fly" content themselves with a drop have fed me essentially. It was insignificant and unnecessary, and cost wings of the butterfly still represents the larva. This is the tidbit which all ill odors and sights. Having been my own butcher and scullion and caught and cleaned and cooked and eaten my fish, they seemed not to they were not agreeable to my imagination. The repugnance to animal almost all insects in this state eat much less than in that of larvae. The wisdom; at present I am no fisherman at all. But I see that if I were to much because of any ill effects which I had traced to them, as because animal food in my case was its uncleanness; and besides, when I had insects in their perfect state, though furnished with organs of feeding, live in a wilderness I should again be tempted to become a fisher and stated by entomologists — I find it in Kirby and Spence — that "some instinct in me which belongs to the lower orders of creation; yet with rarely for many years used animal food, or tea, or coffee, etc.; not so or two of honey or some other sweet liquid. The abdomen under the animal food, and from much food of any kind. It is a significant fact, voracious caterpillar when transformed into a butterfly . . . and the yet so are the first streaks of morning. There is unquestionably this make no use of them"; and they lay it down as "a general rule, that and whence the endeavor, which costs so much, to wear a tidy and in the best condition has been particularly inclined to abstain from imagination, whose vast abdomens betray them.

why, you couldn't even hear the whistle! I doubt if there is such a place in Massachusetts now:—

Our peaceful plain its soothing sound is — Concord." For one of those fleet railroad shafts, and o'er "In truth, our village has become a butt

where I dwell. I usually go to the village along its causeway, and am, as it The Fitchburg Railroad touches the pond about a hundred rods south of acquaintance, they pass me so often, and apparently they take me for an employee; and so I am. I too would fain be a track-repairer somewhere were, related to society by this link. The men on the freight trains, who go over the whole length of the road, bow to me as to an old in the orbit of the earth.

circle of the town, or adventurous country traders from the other side. As goes the woven cloth; up comes the silk, down goes the woollen; up come there any man so independent on his farm that he can say them nay. And here's your pay for them! screams the countryman's whistle; timber like within them. With such huge and lumbering civility the country hands a The whistle of the locomotive penetrates my woods summer and winter, long battering-rams going twenty miles an hour against the city's walls, cranberry meadows are raked into the city. Up comes the cotton, down informing me that many restless city merchants are arriving within the Here come your groceries, country; your rations, countrymen! Nor is they come under one horizon, they shout their warning to get off the track to the other, heard sometimes through the circles of two towns. chair to the city. All the Indian huckleberry hills are stripped, all the sounding like the scream of a hawk sailing over some farmer's yard, and chairs enough to seat all the weary and heavy-laden that dwell he books, but down goes the wit that writes them.

motion — or, rather, like a comet, for the beholder knows not if with that would ere long take the sunset sky for the livery of his train; when I hear masses to the light — as if this traveling demigod, this cloud-compeller, When I meet the engine with its train of cars moving off with planetary velocity and with that direction it will ever revisit this system, since its orbit does not look like a returning curve — with its steam cloud like a banner streaming behind in golden and silver wreaths, like many a downy cloud which I have seen, high in the heavens, unfolding its

his education has been sadly neglected. This was my answer with respect soon outgrow it. No humane being, past the thoughtless age of boyhood, to those youths who were bent on this pursuit, trusting that they would tenure that he does. The hare in its extremity cries like a child. I warn will wantonly murder any creature which holds its life by the same you, mothers, that my sympathies do not always make the usual philanthropic distinctions.

until at last, if he has the seeds of a better life in him, he distinguishes his number of hooks to be used there; but they know nothing about the hook respect. In some countries a hunting parson is no uncommon sight. Such Such is oftenest the young man's introduction to the forest, and the most and his Council faintly remember the pond, for they went a-fishing there a one might make a good shepherd's dog, but is far from being the Good of fish, though they had the opportunity of seeing the pond all the while. of hooks with which to angle for the pond itself, impaling the legislature they were lucky, or well paid for their time, unless they got a long string which ever to my knowledge detained at Walden Pond for a whole halffishing, and so they know it no more forever. Yet even they expect to go to heaven at last. If the legislature regards it, it is chiefly to regulate the proper objects, as a poet or naturalist it may be, and leaves the gun and with just one exception, was fishing. Commonly they did not think that such a clarifying process would be going on all the while. The Governor for a bait. Thus, even in civilized communities, the embryo man passes day any of my fellow-citizens, whether fathers or children of the town, original part of himself. He goes thither at first as a hunter and fisher, employment, except wood-chopping, ice-cutting, or the like business, They might go there a thousand times before the sediment of fishing when they were boys; but now they are too old and dignified to go awould sink to the bottom and leave their purpose pure; but no doubt fish-pole behind. The mass of men are still and always young in this Shepherd. I have been surprised to consider that the only obvious through the hunter stage of development.

to time, but always when I have done I feel that it would have been better like many of my fellows, a certain instinct for it, which revives from time I have found repeatedly, of late years, that I cannot fish without falling a little in self-respect. I have tried it again and again. I have skill at it, and, if I had not fished. I think that I do not mistake. It is a faint intimation,

worthy to inhabit it. If all were as it seems, and men made the elements the iron horse make the hills echo with his snort like thunder, shaking the earth with his feet, and breathing fire and smoke from his nostrils would cheerfully accompany men on their errands and be their escort. (what kind of winged horse or fiery dragon they will put into the new their servants for noble ends! If the cloud that hangs over the engine were the perspiration of heroic deeds, or as beneficent as that which Mythology I don't know), it seems as if the earth had got a race now loats over the farmer's fields, then the elements and Nature herself

stretching far behind and rising higher and higher, going to heaven while or slumber. Or perchance, at evening, I hear him in his stable blowing off enterprise were as innocent as it is early! If the snow lies deep, they strap only with the morning star, to start once more on his travels without rest his liver and brain for a few hours of iron slumber. If the enterprise were the rising of the sun, which is hardly more regular. Their train of clouds the cars are going to Boston, conceals the sun for a minute and casts my distant field into the shade, a celestial train beside which the petty train the superfluous energy of the day, that he may calm his nerves and cool the iron horse was up early this winter morning by the light of the stars I watch the passage of the morning cars with the same feeling that I do of cars which hugs the earth is but the barb of the spear. The stabler of awakened thus early to put the vital heat in him and get him off. If the country for seed. All day the fire-steed flies over the country, stopping fronts the elements incased in ice and snow; and he will reach his stall defiant snort at midnight, when in some remote glen in the woods he barrow, sprinkle all the restless men and floating merchandise in the on his snowshoes, and, with the giant plow, plow a furrow from the only that his master may rest, and I am awakened by his tramp and amid the mountains, to fodder and harness his steed. Fire, too, was mountains to the seaboard, in which the cars, like a following drillas heroic and commanding as it is protracted and unwearied!

only the hunter penetrated by day, in the darkest night dart these bright Far through unfrequented woods on the confines of towns, where once stopping at some brilliant station-house in town or city, where a social crowd is gathered, the next in the Dismal Swamp, scaring the owl and fox. The startings and arrivals of the cars are now the epochs in the saloons without the knowledge of their inhabitants; this moment

increased humanity, but to an increased scarcity of game, for perhaps the fourteen; and his hunting and fishing grounds were not limited, like the contemporaries shouldered a fowling-piece between the ages of ten and preserves of an English nobleman, but were more boundless even than those of a savage. No wonder, then, that he did not oftener stay to play on the common. But already a change is taking place, owing, not to an hunter is the greatest friend of the animals hunted, not excepting the place to the former. Almost every New England boy among my Humane Society.

for variety. I have actually fished from the same kind of necessity that the whether they should let them hunt, I have answered, yes - remembering though sportsmen only at first, if possible, mighty hunters at last, so that first fishers did. Whatever humanity I might conjure up against it was all of fishing only now, for I had long felt differently about fowling, and sold notwithstanding the objection on the score of humanity, I am compelled factitious, and concerned my philosophy more than my feelings. I speak not pity the fishes nor the worms. This was habit. As for fowling, during Moreover, when at the pond, I wished sometimes to add fish to my fare others, but I did not perceive that my feelings were much affected. I did that it was one of the best parts of my education — make them hunters, than this. It requires so much closer attention to the habits of the birds, they shall not find game large enough for them in this or any vegetable ornithology, and sought only new or rare birds. But I confess that I am now inclined to think that there is a finer way of studying ornithology to doubt if equally valuable sports are ever substituted for these; and my gun before I went to the woods. Not that I am less humane than the last years that I carried a gun my excuse was that I was studying wilderness — hunters as well as fishers of men. Thus far I am of the that, if for that reason only, I have been willing to omit the gun. Yet when some of my friends have asked me anxiously about their boys, opinion of Chaucer's nun, who

full of invisible bolts. Every path but your own is the path of fate. Keep

on your own track, then.

That saith that hunters ben not holy men." yave not of the text a pulled hen

There is a period in the history of the individual, as of the race, when the but pity the boy who has never fired a gun; he is no more humane, while hunters are the "best men," as the Algonquins called them. We cannot

the bell rings. To do things "railroad fashion" is now the byword; and it is them, and thus one well-conducted institution regulates a whole country. the stage-office? There is something electrifying in the atmosphere of the would never get to Boston by so prompt a conveyance, are on hand when Have not men improved somewhat in punctuality since the railroad was invented? Do they not talk and think faster in the depot than they did in former place. I have been astonished at the miracles it has wrought; that man's business, and the children go to school on the other track. We live Men are advertised that at a certain hour and minute these bolts will be the steadier for it. We are all educated thus to be sons of Tell. The air is worth the while to be warned so often and so sincerely by any power to get off its track. There is no stopping to read the riot act, no firing over Atropos, that never turns aside. (Let that be the name of your engine.) village day. They go and come with such regularity and precision, and shot toward particular points of the compass; yet it interferes with no their whistle can be heard so far, that the farmers set their clocks by some of my neighbors, who, I should have prophesied, once for all, the heads of the mob, in this case. We have constructed a fate, an

delay, notwithstanding the veto of a New England northeast snow-storm, What recommends commerce to me is its enterprise and bravery. It does and cheerful valor of the men who inhabit the snowplow for their winter or the sinews of their iron steed are frozen. On this morning of the Great about their business with more or less courage and content, doing more even than they suspect, and perchance better employed than they could have consciously devised. I am less affected by their heroism who stood does not go to rest so early, who go to sleep only when the storm sleeps chilled breath, which announces that the cars are coming, without long Snow, perchance, which is still raging and chilling men's blood, I bear up for half an hour in the front line at Buena Vista, than by the steady courage, which Bonaparte thought was the rarest, but whose courage not clasp its hands and pray to Jupiter. I see these men every day go and I behold the plowmen covered with snow and rime, their heads the muffled tone of their engine bell from out the fog bank of their peering, above the mould-board which is turning down other than quarters; who have not merely the three-o'-clock-in-the-morning

# **HIGHER LAWS**

often in a more favorable mood for observing her, in the intervals of their primitive rank and savage one, and I reverence them both. I love the wild pole, it being now quite dark, I caught a glimpse of a woodchuck stealing the fields and woods, in a peculiar sense a part of Nature themselves, are employment and to hunting, when quite young, my closest acquaintance familiar. I found in myself, and still find, an instinct toward a higher, or, expectation. She is not afraid to exhibit herself to them. The traveller on poor authority. We are most interested when science reports what those the prairie is naturally a hunter, on the head waters of the Missouri and Columbia a trapper, and at the Falls of St. Mary a fisherman. He who is and spend my day more as the animals do. Perhaps I have owed to this Fishermen, hunters, woodchoppers, and others, spending their lives in only a traveller learns things at second-hand and by the halves, and is kind of venison which I might devour, and no morsel could have been not less than the good. The wildness and adventure that are in fishing like a half-starved hound, with a strange abandonment, seeking some still recommended it to me. I like sometimes to take rank hold on life with Nature. They early introduce us to and detain us in scenery with As I came home through the woods with my string of fish, trailing my however, while I lived at the pond, I found myself ranging the woods, men already know practically or instinctively, for that alone is a true strongly tempted to seize and devour him raw; not that I was hungry as it is named, spiritual life, as do most men, and another toward a then, except for that wildness which he represented. Once or twice, across my path, and felt a strange thrill of savage delight, and was too savage for me. The wildest scenes had become unaccountably pursuits, than philosophers or poets even, who approach her with which otherwise, at that age, we should have little acquaintance. humanity, or account of human experience.

solitary amusements of hunting, fishing, and the like have not yet given They mistake who assert that the Yankee has few amusements, because he has not so many public holidays, and men and boys do not play so many games as they do in England, for here the more primitive but

daisies and the nests of field mice, like bowlders of the Sierra Nevada, that occupy an outside place in the universe.

next summer, the Manilla hemp and cocoanut husks, the old junk, gunny bags, scrap iron, and rusty nails. This carload of torn sails is more legible Commerce is unexpectedly confident and serene, alert, adventurous, and rattles past me, and I smell the stores which go dispensing their odors all wave over the bear, and moose, and caribou. Next rolls Thomaston lime, thousand because of what did go out or was split up; pine, spruce, cedar - first, second, third, and fourth qualities, so lately all of one quality, to wind, and rain behind it — and the trader, as a Concord trader once did, many fantastic enterprises and sentimental experiments, and hence its the way from Long Wharf to Lake Champlain, reminding me of foreign orsooth, will be written tales of real life, high and low, and founded on hang it up by his door for a sign when he commences business, until at extent of the globe. I feel more like a citizen of the world at the sight of which did not go out to sea in the last freshet, risen four dollars on the the palm-leaf which will cover so many flaxen New England heads the commercial scent, reminding me of the Grand Banks and the fisheries. which cotton and linen descend, the final result of dress — of patterns kindlings, and the teamster shelter himself and his lading against sun, singular success. I am refreshed and expanded when the freight train printed books. Who can write so graphically the history of the storms they have weathered as these rents have done? They are proof-sheets which are now no longer cried up, unless it be in Milwaukee, as those nothing can spoil it, and putting, the perseverance of the saints to the Who has not seen a salt fish, thoroughly cured for this world, so that muslins, etc., gathered from all quarters both of fashion and poverty, parts, of coral reefs, and Indian oceans, and tropical climes, and the which need no correction. Here goes lumber from the Maine woods, These rags in bales, of all hues and qualities, the lowest condition to blush? with which you may sweep or pave the streets, and split your unwearied. It is very natural in its methods withal, far more so than fact! This closed car smells of salt fish, the strong New England and a prime lot, which will get far among the hills before it gets slacked. and interesting now than if they should be wrought into paper and going to become paper of one color or a few shades only, on which, splendid articles, English, French, or American prints, ginghams,

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posterity, till their wading webbed bog-trotting feet get talaria to their

him, telling his customers this moment, as he has told them twenty times Saturday's dinner. Next Spanish hides, with the tails still preserving their vegetable, or mineral, and yet it shall be as pure as a snowflake, and if it twist and the angle of elevation they had when the oxen that wore them form." The only effectual cure for such inveteracies as these tails exhibit thinks of the last arrivals on the coast, how they may affect the price for after a twelve years' labor bestowed upon it, still it will retain its natural some trader among the Green Mountains, who imports for the farmers tail may be warmed, and pressed, and bound round with ligatures, and earned a man's real disposition, I have no hopes of changing it for the better or worse in this state of existence. As the Orientals say, "A cur's molasses or of brandy directed to John Smith, Cuttingsville, Vermont, be put into a pot and boiled, will come out an excellent dun-fish for a constitutional vices. I confess, that practically speaking, when I have before this morning, that he expects some by the next train of prime is to make glue of them, which I believe is what is usually done with were careering over the pampas of the Spanish Main — a type of all near his clearing, and now perchance stands over his bulkhead and obstinacy, and evincing how almost hopeless and incurable are all them, and then they will stay put and stick. Here is a hogshead of ast his oldest customer cannot tell surely whether it be animal, quality. It is advertised in the Cuttingsville Times.

whizzing sound, I look up from my book and see some tall pine, hewn on and the Connecticut, shot like an arrow through the township within ten far northern hills, which has winged its way over the Green Mountains While these things go up other things come down. Warned by the minutes, and scarce another eye beholds it; going

Of some great ammiral." "to be the mast

mountain pastures, whirled along like leaves blown from the mountains When the old bell-wether at the head rattles his bell, the mountains do by the September gales. The air is filled with the bleating of calves and And hark! here comes the cattle-train bearing the cattle of a thousand hills, sheepcots, stables, and cow-yards in the air, drovers with their sheep, and the hustling of oxen, as if a pastoral valley were going by. sticks, and shepherd boys in the midst of their flocks, all but the

to get a living be thy trade, but thy sport. Enjoy the land, but own it not. Through want of enterprise and faith men are where they are, buying and selling, and spending their lives like serfs.

## O Baker Farm!

"Landscape where the richest element "Debate with no man hast thou, Is a little sunshine innocent.".. On thy rail-fenced lea."... "No one runs to revel

With questions art never perplexed,

As tame at the first sight as now,

In thy plain russet gabardine dressed."...

"Come ye who love,

And ye who hate,

Children of the Holy Dove,

And Guy Faux of the state,

And hang conspiracies

From the tough rafters of the trees!"

Men come tamely home at night only from the next field or street, where their household echoes haunt, and their life pines because it breathes its adventures, and perils, and discoveries every day, with new experience farther than their daily steps. We should come home from far, from own breath over again; their shadows, morning and evening, reach and character. Before I had reached the pond some fresh impulse had brought out John string, and he said it was his luck; but when we changed seats in the boat Field, with altered mind, letting go "bogging" ere this sunset. But he, poor man, disturbed only a couple of fins while I was catching a fair luck changed seats too.

sometimes, I allow. With his horizon all his own, yet he a poor man, born Poor John Field! — I trust he does not read this, unless he will improve by it — thinking to live by some derivative old-country mode in this primitive new country — to catch perch with shiners. It is good bait to be poor, with his inherited Irish poverty or poor life, his Adam's grandmother and boggy ways, not to rise in this world, he nor his

their kennels in disgrace, or perchance run wild and strike a league with indeed skip like rams and the little hills like lambs. A carload of drovers, Mountains. They will not be in at the death. Their vocation, too, is gone. out still clinging to their useless sticks as their badge of office. But their the wolf and the fox. So is your pastoral life whirled past and away. But too, in the midst, on a level with their droves now, their vocation gone, out; they have lost the scent. Methinks I hear them barking behind the dogs, where are they? It is a stampede to them; they are quite thrown Their fidelity and sagacity are below par now. They will slink back to the bell rings, and I must get off the track and let the cars go by; Peterboro' Hills, or panting up the western slope of the Green

What's the railroad to me?

I never go to see Where it ends.

And makes banks for the swallows, It fills a few hollows,

It sets the sand a-blowing,

And the blackberries a-growing,

but I cross it like a cart-path in the woods. I will not have my eyes put out and my ears spoiled by its smoke and steam and hissing.

Now that the cars are gone by and all the restless world with them, and than ever. For the rest of the long afternoon, perhaps, my meditations are interrupted only by the faint rattle of a carriage or team along the the fishes in the pond no longer feel their rumbling, I am more alone distant highway.

sufficient distance over the woods this sound acquires a certain vibratory as the intervening atmosphere makes a distant ridge of earth interesting case a melody which the air had strained, and which had conversed with produces one and the same effect, a vibration of the universal lyre, just Sometimes, on Sundays, I heard the bells, the Lincoln, Acton, Bedford, or Concord bell, when the wind was favorable, a faint, sweet, and, as it every leaf and needle of the wood, that portion of the sound which the to our eyes by the azure tint it imparts to it. There came to me in this hum, as if the pine needles in the horizon were the strings of a harp which it swept. All sound heard at the greatest possible distance were, natural melody, worth importing into the wilderness. At a

overwhelming disadvantage — living, John Field, alas! without roughly, as one should handle a thistle. But they fight at an arithmetic, and failing so. "Do you ever fish?" I asked. "Oh yes, I catch a mess now and then when I am lying by; good perch I catch. — "What's your bait?" "I catch shiners with fishworms, and bait the perch with them." "You'd better go now, John," said his wife, with glistening and hopeful face; but John

promised a fair evening; so I took my departure. When I had got without suffered to cool, not yet to settle. Such gruel sustains life here, I thought; my survey of the premises; but there, alas! are shallows and quicksands, I asked for a drink, hoping to get a sight of the well bottom, to complete and rope broken withal, and bucket irrecoverable. Meanwhile the right could. I am not squeamish in such cases when manners are concerned. culinary vessel was selected, water was seemingly distilled, and after so, shutting my eyes, and excluding the motes by a skilfully directed undercurrent, I drank to genuine hospitality the heartiest draught I consultation and long delay passed out to the thirsty one — not yet The shower was now over, and a rainbow above the eastern woods

without misgiving. Remember thy Creator in the days of thy youth. Rise There are no larger fields than these, no worthier games than may here rainbow over my shoulder, and some faint tinkling sounds borne to my free from care before the dawn, and seek adventures. Let the noon find what if it threaten ruin to farmers' crops? That is not its errand to thee. Take shelter under the cloud, while they flee to carts and sheds. Let not brakes, which will never become English bay. Let the thunder rumble; college; but as I ran down the hill toward the reddening west, with the appeared for an instant trivial to me who had been sent to school and ear through the cleansed air, from I know not what quarter, my Good thee by other lakes, and the night overtake thee everywhere at home. As I was leaving the Irishman's roof after the rain, bending my steps farther and wider — and rest thee by many brooks and hearth-sides Genius seemed to say - Go fish and hunt far and wide day by day be played. Grow wild according to thy nature, like these sedges and meadows, in sloughs and bog-holes, in forlorn and savage places, again to the pond, my haste to catch pickerel, wading in retired

elements had taken up and modulated and echoed from vale to vale. The echo is, to some extent, an original sound, and therein is the magic and charm of it. It is not merely a repetition of what was worth repeating in the bell, but partly the voice of the wood; the same trivial words and notes sung by a wood-nymph.

the voices of certain minstrels by whom I was sometimes serenaded, who disappointed when it was prolonged into the cheap and natural music of akin to the music of the cow, and they were at length one articulation of the cow. I do not mean to be satirical, but to express my appreciation of woods sounded sweet and melodious, and at first I would mistake it for At evening, the distant lowing of some cow in the horizon beyond the those youths' singing, when I state that I perceived clearly that it was might be straying over hill and dale; but soon I was not unpleasantly

Regularly at half-past seven, in one part of the summer, after the evening within five minutes of a particular time, referred to the setting of the sun, hour, sitting on a stump by my door, or upon the ridge-pole of the house. Sometimes one would circle round and round me in the woods a few feet sang at intervals throughout the night, and were again as musical as ever distant as if tethered by a string, when probably I was near its eggs. They every evening. I had a rare opportunity to become acquainted with their train had gone by, the whip-poor-wills chanted their vespers for half an distinguished not only the cluck after each note, but often that singular habits. Sometimes I heard four or five at once in different parts of the buzzing sound like a fly in a spider's web, only proportionally louder. They would begin to sing almost with as much precision as a clock, wood, by accident one a bar behind another, and so near me that I just before and about dawn.

Jonsonian. Wise midnight hags! It is no honest and blunt tu-whit tu-who mourning women their ancient u-lu-lu. Their dismal scream is truly Ben wailing, their doleful responses, trilled along the woodside; reminding mutual consolations of suicide lovers remembering the pangs and the delights of supernal love in the infernal groves. Yet I love to hear their of the poets, but, without jesting, a most solemn graveyard ditty, the me sometimes of music and singing birds; as if it were the dark and When other birds are still, the screech owls take up the strain, like

as broad as it was long, indeed it was broader than it was long, for he was arithmetic enough to carry it through. It was sailing by dead reckoning to he had to eat hard again to repair the waste of his system — and so it was beef, he had to work hard to pay for them, and when he had worked hard suppose they still take life bravely, after their fashion, face to face, giving and meat every day. But the only true America is that country where you without labor, but as a recreation, I could, if I wished, catch as many fish discontented and wasted his life into the bargain; and yet he had rated it will not need to study history to find out what is best for his own culture. bogging, he required thick boots and stout clothing, which yet were soon soiled and worn out, but I wore light shoes and thin clothing, which cost were the consequence of men's beginning to redeem themselves. A man huckleberrying in the summer for their amusement. John heaved a sigh at this, and his wife stared with arms a-kimbo, and both appeared to be and how, if he chose, he might in a month or two build himself a palace directly or indirectly result from the use of such things. For I purposely himself; that I lived in a tight, light, and clean house, which hardly cost as a gain in coming to America, that here you could get tea, and coffee, without these, and where the state does not endeavor to compel you to talked to him as if he were a philosopher, or desired to be one. I should fresh meat, and so did not have to work to get them; again, as I did not more than the annual rent of such a ruin as his commonly amounts to; it tooth and nail, not having skill to split its massive columns with any work hard, I did not have to eat hard, and it cost me but a trifle for my be glad if all the meadows on the earth were left in a wild state, if that But alas! the culture of an Irishman is an enterprise to be undertaken gentleman (which, however, was not the case), and in an hour or two, as I should want for two days, or earn enough money to support me a of his own; that I did not use tea, nor coffee, nor butter, nor milk, nor them, and they saw not clearly how to make their port so; therefore I with a sort of moral bog hoe. I told him, that as he worked so hard at wondering if they had capital enough to begin such a course with, or food; but as he began with tea, and coffee, and butter, and milk, and are at liberty to pursue such a mode of life as may enable you to do fine entering wedge, and rout it in detail; — thinking to deal with it sustain the slavery and war and other superfluous expenses which not half so much, though he might think that I was dressed like a week. If he and his family would live simply, they might all go a-

are the spirits, the low spirits and melancholy forebodings, of fallen souls perch on the gray oaks. Then — that I never had been bor-r-r-r-n! echoes side of the pond, and circles with the restlessness of despair to some new dwelling. Oh-0-0-0 that I never had been bor-r-r-n! sighs one on this cearful side of music, the regrets and sighs that would fain be sung. They another on the farther side with tremulous sincerity, and — bor-r-r-r-n!  $\,$ that once in human shape night-walked the earth and did the deeds of threnodies in the scenery of their transgressions. They give me a new sense of the variety and capacity of that nature which is our common darkness, now expiating their sins with their wailing hymns or comes faintly from far in the Lincoln woods.

expressive of a mind which has reached the gelatinous, mildewy stage in the mortification of all healthy and courageous thought. It reminded me of ghouls and idiots and insane howlings. But now one answers from far behind, and howls like an animal, yet with human sobs, on entering the dark valley, made more awful by a certain gurgling melodiousness — I I was also serenaded by a hooting owl. Near at hand you could fancy it woods in a strain made really melodious by distance — Hoo hoo, human being — some poor weak relic of mortality who has left hope hoorer hoo; and indeed for the most part it suggested only pleasing stereotype and make permanent in her choir the dying moans of a find myself beginning with the letters gl when I try to imitate it the most melancholy sound in Nature, as if she meant by this to associations, whether heard by day or night, summer or winter.

and unsatisfied thoughts which all have. All day the sun has shone on the surface of some savage swamp, where the single spruce stands hung with nature which men have not recognized. They represent the stark twilight usnea lichens, and small hawks circulate above, and the chickadee lisps hooting for men. It is a sound admirably suited to swamps and twilight amid the evergreens, and the partridge and rabbit skulk beneath; but woods which no day illustrates, suggesting a vast and undeveloped I rejoice that there are owls. Let them do the idiotic and maniacal now a more dismal and fitting day dawns, and a different race of creatures awakes to express the meaning of Nature there.

Late in the evening I heard the distant rumbling of wagons over bridges a sound heard farther than almost any other at night — the baying of

the thunder began to rumble with such emphasis that I could do no more flashes to rout a poor unarmed fisherman. So I made haste for shelter to the nearest hut, which stood half a mile from any road, but so much the middle in water, I found myself suddenly in the shadow of a cloud, and than listen to it. The gods must be proud, thought I, with such forked nearer to the pond, and had long been uninhabited:—

That to destruction steers." For behold a trivial cabin "And here a poet builded, In the completed years,

meadow with a spade or bog hoe at the rate of ten dollars an acre and the or pecked at my shoe significantly. Meanwhile my host told me his story, telling him that he was one of my nearest neighbors, and that I too, who from the bog to escape the rain, to the wrinkled, sibyl-like, cone-headed part of the roof which leaked the least, while it showered and thundered worked cheerfully at his father's side the while, not knowing how poor a without. I had sat there many times of old before the ship was built that visible anywhere. The chickens, which had also taken shelter here from upon the stranger, with the privilege of infancy, not knowing but it was the last of a noble line, and the hope and cynosure of the world, instead humanized, methought, to roast well. They stood and looked in my eye use of the land with manure for one year, and his little broad-faced son greasy face and bare breast, still thinking to improve her condition one came a-fishing here, and looked like a loafer, was getting my living like Irishman, and his wife, and several children, from the broad-faced boy how hard he worked "bogging" for a neighboring farmer, turning up a man plainly was John Field; and his wife, she too was brave to cook so many successive dinners in the recesses of that lofty stove; with round who assisted his father at his work, and now came running by his side looked out from its home in the midst of wet and hunger inquisitively of John Field's poor starveling brat. There we sat together under that So the Muse fables. But therein, as I found, dwelt now John Field, an floated his family to America. An honest, hard-working, but shiftless bargain the latter had made. I tried to help him with my experience, infant that sat upon its father's knee as in the palaces of nobles, and day; with the never absent mop in one hand, and yet no effects of it the rain, stalked about the room like members of the family, too

distant barn-yard. In the mean-while all the shore rang with the trump of weeds, there are frogs there — who would fain keep up the hilarious rules passes round the cup with the ejaculation tr-r-r-oonk, tr-r-moonk, tr-r-moonkthis northern shore quaffs a deep draught of the once scorned water, and gulped down to his mark; and when this observance has made the circuit of the shores, then ejaculates the master of ceremonies, with satisfaction, upon a heart-leaf, which serves for a napkin to his drooling chaps, under  $\frac{1}{2}$  unrepentant, trying to sing a catch in their Stygian lake — if the Walden oullfrogs, the sturdy spirits of ancient wine-bibbers and wassailers, still never comes to drown the memory of the past, but mere saturation and the same password repeated, where the next in seniority and girth has solemnly grave, mocking at mirth, and the wine has lost its flavor, and r-oonk! and straightway comes over the water from some distant cove and then the howl goes round again and again, until the sun disperses distended, leakiest, and flabbiest paunched, that there be no mistake; become only liquor to distend their paunches, and sweet intoxication dogs, and sometimes again the lowing of some disconsolate cow in a waterloggedness and distention. The most aldermanic, with his chin nymphs will pardon the comparison, for though there are almost no tr-r-r-oonk! and each in his turn repeats the same down to the least of their old festal tables, though their voices have waxed hoarse and the morning mist, and only the patriarch is not under the pond, but vainly bellowing troonk from time to time, and pausing for a reply.

birds abounded, their native woods, and hear the wild cockerels crow on the feebler notes of other birds — think of it! It would put nations on the wild Indian pheasant is certainly the most remarkable of any bird's, and become the most famous sound in our woods, surpassing the clangor of the trees, clear and shrill for miles over the resounding earth, drowning that man added this bird to his tame stock — to say nothing of the eggs the hens to fill the pauses when their lords' clarions rested! No wonder the goose and the hooting of the owl; and then imagine the cackling of if they could be naturalized without being domesticated, it would soon alert. Who would not be early to rise, and rise earlier and earlier every cockerel for his music merely, as a singing bird. The note of this once and drumsticks. To walk in a winter morning in a wood where these I am not sure that I ever heard the sound of cock-crowing from my clearing, and I thought that it might be worth the while to keep a

dolphin. If it had lasted longer it might have tinged my employments and life. As I walked on the railroad causeway, I used to wonder at the halo of it was particularly conspicuous when the grass was moist with dew. This his head at morning and evening, whether he was in Italy or France, and enough for superstition. Beside, he tells us that he showed it to very few. certain terrible dream or vision which he had during his confinement in especially observed in the morning, but also at other times, and even by One who visited me declared that the shadows of some Irishmen before the castle of St. Angelo a resplendent light appeared over the shadow of was probably the same phenomenon to which I have referred, which is moonlight. Though a constant one, it is not commonly noticed, and, in light around my shadow, and would fain fancy myself one of the elect. But are they not indeed distinguished who are conscious that they are distinguished. Benvenuto Cellini tells us in his memoirs, that, after a was a lake of rainbow light, in which, for a short while, I lived like a the case of an excitable imagination like Cellini's, it would be basis him had no halo about them, that it was only natives that were so regarded at all? I set out one afternoon to go a-fishing to Fair Haven, through the woods, Meadow, an adjunct of the Baker Farm, that retreat of which a poet has to eke out my scanty fare of vegetables. My way led through Pleasant since sung, beginning -

Which some mossy fruit trees yield By gliding musquash undertook, "Thy entry is a pleasant field, Partly to a ruddy brook, And mercurial trout, Darting about."

those afternoons which seem indefinitely long before one, in which many I thought of living there before I went to Walden. I "hooked" the apples, leaped the brook, and scared the musquash and the trout. It was one of which compelled me to stand half an hour under a pine, piling boughs already half spent when I started. By the way there came up a shower, over my head, and wearing my handkerchief for a shed; and when at events may happen, a large portion of our natural life, though it was length I had made one cast over the pickerelweed, standing up to my

for want of room, their roots reaching quite under the house. Instead of a screech owl or a cat owl behind it, a flock of wild geese or a laughing loon flag. Even the sailor on the Atlantic and Pacific is awakened by his voice; his senses or died of ennui before this. Not even rats in the wall, for they screaming beneath the window, a hare or woodchuck under the house, a meadows, and wild sumachs and blackberry vines breaking through into your cellar; sturdy pitch pines rubbing and creaking against the shingles were starved out, or rather were never baited in — only squirrels on the on the pond, and a fox to bark in the night. Not even a lark or an oriole, scuttle or a blind blown off in the gale — a pine tree snapped off or torn wheel, nor even the singing of the kettle, nor the hissing of the urn, nor children crying, to comfort one. An old-fashioned man would have lost roof and under the floor, a whip-poor-will on the ridge-pole, a blue jay front-yard gate in the Great Snow — no gate — no front-yard — and no successive day of his life, till he became unspeakably healthy, wealthy, but its shrill sound never roused me from my slumbers. I kept neither natives. His health is ever good, his lungs are sound, his spirits never those mild plantation birds, ever visited my clearing. No cockerels to dog, cat, cow, pig, nor hens, so that you would have said there was a reaching up to your very sills. A young forest growing up under your countries along with the notes of their native songsters. All climates up by the roots behind your house for fuel. Instead of no path to the agree with brave Chanticleer. He is more indigenous even than the deficiency of domestic sounds; neither the churn, nor the spinningcrow nor hens to cackle in the yard. No yard! but unfenced nature and wise? This foreign bird's note is celebrated by the poets of all path to the civilized world.

## **BAKER FARM**

waxwork grooves and crushes the hardest woods in its folds, and the wild beech, which has so neat a bole and beautifully lichen-painted, perfect in to stand before Valhalla, and the creeping juniper covers the ground with festoons from the white spruce trees, and toadstools, round tables of the Sometimes I rambled to pine groves, standing like temples, or like fleets at sea, full-rigged, with wavy boughs, and rippling with light, so soft and pink and dogwood grow, the red alderberry glows like eyes of imps, the have been planted by the pigeons that were once baited with beechnuts elm, of which we have but one well-grown; some taller mast of a pine, a trees, covered with hoary blue berries, spiring higher and higher, are fit split this wood; the bass; the hornbeam; the Celtis occidentalis, or false holly berries make the beholder forget his home with their beauty, and he is dazzled and tempted by nameless other wild forbidden fruits, too stumps, like butterflies or shells, vegetable winkles; where the swampall its details, of which, excepting scattered specimens, I know but one worship in them; or to the cedar wood beyond Flint's Pond, where the fair for mortal taste. Instead of calling on some scholar, I paid many a standing far away in the middle of some pasture, or in the depths of a near by; it is worth the while to see the silver grain sparkle when you small grove of sizable trees left in the township, supposed by some to visit to particular trees, of kinds which are rare in this neighborhood, have some handsome specimens two feet in diameter; its cousin, the wood or swamp, or on a hilltop; such as the black birch, of which we pagoda in the midst of the woods; and many others I could mention. swamp gods, cover the ground, and more beautiful fungi adorn the wreaths full of fruit; or to swamps where the usnea lichen hangs in green and shady that the Druids would have forsaken their oaks to yellow birch, with its loose golden vest, perfumed like the first; the shingle tree, or a more perfect hemlock than usual, standing like a These were the shrines I visited both summer and winter.

leaves around, and dazzling me as if I looked through colored crystal. It which filled the lower stratum of the atmosphere, tinging the grass and Once it chanced that I stood in the very abutment of a rainbow's arch,

### SOLITUDE

my breath; yet, like the lake, my serenity is rippled but not ruffled. These imbibes delight through every pore. I go and come with a strange liberty congenial to me. The bullfrogs trump to usher in the night, and the note small waves raised by the evening wind are as remote from storm as the rest with their notes. The repose is never complete. The wildest animals of the whip-poor-will is borne on the rippling wind from over the water. Sympathy with the fluttering alder and poplar leaves almost takes away and roars in the wood, the waves still dash, and some creatures lull the in Nature, a part of herself. As I walk along the stony shore of the pond in my shirt-sleeves, though it is cool as well as cloudy and windy, and I do not repose, but seek their prey now; the fox, and skunk, and rabbit, smooth reflecting surface. Though it is now dark, the wind still blows This is a delicious evening, when the whole body is one sense, and see nothing special to attract me, all the elements are unusually now roam the fields and woods without fear. They are Nature's watchmen — links which connect the days of animated life.

name in pencil on a yellow walnut leaf or a chip. They who come rarely to the woods take some little piece of the forest into their hands to play with table. I could always tell if visitors had called in my absence, either by the pipe. Nay, I was frequently notified of the passage of a traveller along the dropped, or a bunch of grass plucked and thrown away, even as far off as bended twigs or grass, or the print of their shoes, and generally of what When I return to my house I find that visitors have been there and left by the way, which they leave, either intentionally or accidentally. One has peeled a willow wand, woven it into a ring, and dropped it on my the railroad, half a mile distant, or by the lingering odor of a cigar or their cards, either a bunch of flowers, or a wreath of evergreen, or a sex or age or quality they were by some slight trace left, as a flower highway sixty rods off by the scent of his pipe.

fenced in some way, and reclaimed from Nature. For what reason have I There is commonly sufficient space about us. Our horizon is never quite somewhat is always clearing, familiar and worn by us, appropriated and at our elbows. The thick wood is not just at our door, nor the pond, but

pure water, rising from the stony bottom all around the shore, where it is visited by hummingbirds in June; and the color both of its bluish blades and its flowers and especially their reflections, is in singular harmony with the glaucous water.

be clutched, they would, perchance, be carried off by slaves, like precious after the diamond of Kohinoor. They are too pure to have a market value; door, in which his ducks swim! Hither the clean wild ducks come. Nature Lakes of Light. If they were permanently congealed, and small enough to plumage and their notes are in harmony with the flowers, but what youth stones, to adorn the heads of emperors; but being liquid, and ample, and much more transparent than our characters, are they! We never learned secured to us and our successors forever, we disregard them, and run they contain no muck. How much more beautiful than our lives, how meanness of them. How much fairer than the pool before the farmers White Pond and Walden are great crystals on the surface of the earth, has no human inhabitant who appreciates her. The birds with their flourishes most alone, far from the towns where they reside. Talk of or maiden conspires with the wild luxuriant beauty of Nature? She heaven! ye disgrace earth.

this vast range and circuit, some square miles of unfrequented forest, for never a traveller passed my house, or knocked at my door, more than if I baskets, and left "the world to darkness and to me," and the black kernel that men are generally still a little afraid of the dark, though the witches one hand, and of the fence which skirts the woodland road on the other. But for the most part it is as solitary where I live as on the prairies. It is fished much more in the Walden Pond of their own natures, and baited their hooks with darkness — but they soon retreated, usually with light of the night was never profaned by any human neighborhood. I believe as much Asia or Africa as New England. I have, as it were, my own sun and moon and stars, and a little world all to myself. At night there was myself; a distant view of the railroad where it touches the pond on the distant, and no house is visible from any place but the hill-tops within my privacy, abandoned to me by men? My nearest neighbor is a mile intervals some came from the village to fish for pouts — they plainly were the first or last man; unless it were in the spring, when at long half a mile of my own. I have my horizon bounded by woods all to are all hung, and Christianity and candles have been introduced.

especially guided and guarded. I do not flatter myself, but if it be possible music to a healthy and innocent ear. Nothing can rightly compel a simple compare myself with other men, it seems as if I were more favored by the rain which waters my beans and keeps me in the house today is not drear they flatter me. I have never felt lonesome, or in the least oppressed by a has his senses still. There was never yet such a storm but it was AEolian in the low lands, it would still be good for the grass on the uplands, and, even for the poor misanthrope and most melancholy man. There can be long as to cause the seeds to rot in the ground and destroy the potatoes gods than they, beyond any deserts that I am conscious of; as if I had a warrant and surety at their hands which my fellows have not, and were Yet I experienced sometimes that the most sweet and tender, the most and brave man to a vulgar sadness. While I enjoy the friendship of the no very black melancholy to him who lives in the midst of Nature and being good for the grass, it would be good for me. Sometimes, when I innocent and encouraging society may be found in any natural object, seasons I trust that nothing can make life a burden to me. The gentle them, it is of far more worth than my hoeing. If it should continue so and melancholy, but good for me too. Though it prevents my hoeing

following circumstance. About fifteen years ago you could see the top of a sawed a channel in the ice toward the shore, and hauled it over and along the water is very low, a tree which appears as if it grew in the place where years old, could not remember when it was not there. Several pretty large water was thirty or forty feet deep. It was in the winter, and he had been sandy bottom. It was about a foot in diameter at the big end, and he had he was surprised to find that it was wrong end upward, with the stumps of the branches pointing down, and the small end firmly fastened in the dry and light, had drifted out and sunk wrong end up. His father, eighty call it Virid Lake. Perhaps it might be called Yellow Pine Lake, from the fuel, if for that. He had some of it in his shed then. There were marks of and this was one of the primitive forest that formerly stood there. I find with the aid of his neighbors, he would take out the old yellow pine. He and out on to the ice with oxen; but, before he had gone far in his work, Massachusetts Historical Society, the author, after speaking of Walden fourteen inches in diameter." In the spring of '49 I talked with the man been a dead tree on the shore, but was finally blown over into the pond, and after the top had become water-logged, while the butt-end was still pitch pine, of the kind called yellow pine hereabouts, though it is not a distinct species, projecting above the surface in deep water, many rods and White Ponds, adds, "In the middle of the latter may be seen, when who lives nearest the pond in Sudbury, who told me that it was he who getting out ice in the forenoon, and had resolved that in the afternoon, expected to get a good saw-log, but it was so rotten as to be fit only for from the shore. It was even supposed by some that the pond had sunk, it now stands, although the roots are fifty feet below the surface of the an axe and of woodpeckers on the butt. He thought that it might have undulation of the surface, they look like huge water snakes in motion. that even so long ago as 1792, in a "Topographical Description of the remember, it stood twelve or fifteen rods from the shore, where the water; the top of this tree is broken off, and at that place measures Town of Concord," by one of its citizens, in the Collections of the got out this tree ten or fifteen years before. As near as he could logs may still be seen lying on the bottom, where, owing to the

tempt a fisherman. Instead of the white lily, which requires mud, or the This pond has rarely been profaned by a boat, for there is little in it to common sweet flag, the blue flag (Iris versicolor) grows thinly in the

sweet and beneficent society in Nature, in the very pattering of the drops, was not essential to a serene and healthy life. To be alone was something unaccountable friendliness all at once like an atmosphere sustaining me, sense of solitude, but once, and that was a few weeks after I came to the unpleasant. But I was at the same time conscious of a slight insanity in my mood, and seemed to foresee my recovery. In the midst of a gentle as made the fancied advantages of human neighborhood insignificant, woods, when, for an hour, I doubted if the near neighborhood of man rain while these thoughts prevailed, I was suddenly sensible of such expanded and swelled with sympathy and befriended me. I was so and I have never thought of them since. Every little pine needle and in every sound and sight around my house, an infinite and

Few are their days in the land of the living, "Mourning untimely consumes the sad; Beautiful daughter of Toscar."

the nearest of blood to me and humanest was not a person nor a villager,

that I thought no place could ever be strange to me again.

in scenes which we are accustomed to call wild and dreary, and also that

distinctly made aware of the presence of something kindred to me, even

or five inches wide, as you would groove a walking-stick. I passed it again time to take root and unfold themselves. In those driving northeast rains regular spiral groove from top to bottom, an inch or more deep, and four the other day, and was struck with awe on looking up and beholding that to me, "I should think you would feel lonesome down there, and want to which tried the village houses so, when the maids stood ready with mop came down out of the harmless sky eight years ago. Men frequently say and pail in front entries to keep the deluge out, I sat behind my door in spring or fall, which confined me to the house for the afternoon as well Some of my pleasantest hours were during the long rain-storms in the mark, now more distinct than ever, where a terrific and resistless bolt tempted to reply to such — This whole earth which we inhabit is but a as the forenoon, soothed by their ceaseless roar and pelting; when an be nearer to folks, rainy and snowy days and nights especially." I am early twilight ushered in a long evening in which many thoughts had protection. In one heavy thunder-shower the lightning struck a large pitch pine across the pond, making a very conspicuous and perfectly my little house, which was all entry, and thoroughly enjoyed its

whose meadows no flowers, whose trees no fruits, but dollars; who loves not the beauty of his fruits, whose fruits are not ripe for him till they are market, if he could get anything for him; who goes to market for his god cultivation, being manured with the hearts and brains of men! As if you grease-spot, redolent of manures and buttermilk! Under a high state of turned to dollars. Give me the poverty that enjoys true wealth. Farmers poor farmers. A model farm! where the house stands like a fungus in a as it is; on whose farm nothing grows free, whose fields bear no crops, are respectable and interesting to me in proportion as they are poor uncleansed, all contiguous to one another! Stocked with men! A great muckheap, chambers for men horses, oxen, and swine, cleansed and were to raise your potatoes in the churchyard! Such is a model farm. price, who would carry the landscape, who would carry his God, to

let them be the noblest and worthiest men alone. Let our lakes receive as No, no; if the fairest features of the landscape are to be named after men, true names at least as the Icarian Sea, where "still the shore" a "brave attempt resounds."

expansion of Concord River, said to contain some seventy acres, is a mile beyond Fair Haven. This is my lake country. These, with Concord River, are my water privileges; and night and day, year in year out, they grind southwest; and White Pond, of about forty acres, is a mile and a half Goose Pond, of small extent, is on my way to Flint's; Fair Haven, an such grist as I carry to them.

Walden, perhaps the most attractive, if not the most beautiful, of all our commonness, whether derived from the remarkable purity of its waters of a misty bluish-green or glaucous color. Many years since I used to go deep but that the reflection from the bottom tinges them, its waters are lesser twin of Walden. They are so much alike that you would say they must be connected under ground. It has the same stony shore, and its looking down through the woods on some of its bays which are not so have continued to visit it ever since. One who frequents it proposes to or the color of its sands. In these as in other respects, however, it is a there to collect the sand by cartloads, to make sandpaper with, and I waters are of the same hue. As at Walden, in sultry dog-day weather, Since the wood-cutters, and the railroad, and I myself have profaned lakes, the gem of the woods, is White Pond; — a poor name from its

who inquired of me how I could bring my mind to give up so many of the accumulated what is called "a handsome property" — though I never got comforts of life. I answered that I was very sure I liked it passably well; I a fair view of it - on the Walden road, driving a pair of cattle to market, way through the darkness and the mud to Brighton — or Bright-town was not joking. And so I went home to my bed, and left him to pick his planet in the Milky Way? This which you put seems to me not to be the most important question. What sort of space is that which separates a What do we want most to dwell near to? Not to many men surely, the exertion of the legs can bring two minds much nearer to one another. experience we have found that to issue, as the willow stands near the appreciated by our instruments? Why should I feel lonely? is not our house, the grocery, Beacon Hill, or the Five Points, where men most congregate, but to the perennial source of our life, whence in all our depot, the post-office, the bar-room, the meeting-house, the schoolpoint in space. How far apart, think you, dwell the two most distant man from his fellows and makes him solitary? I have found that no different natures, but this is the place where a wise man will dig his water and sends out its roots in that direction. This will vary with cellar.... I one evening overtook one of my townsmen, who has inhabitants of yonder star, the breadth of whose disk cannot be which place he would reach some time in the morning.

indifferent all times and places. The place where that may occur is always the same, and indescribably pleasant to all our senses. For the most part things is that power which fashions their being. Next to us the grandest occasions. They are, in fact, the cause of our distraction. Nearest to all aws are continually being executed. Next to us is not the workman Any prospect of awakening or coming to life to a dead man makes we allow only outlying and transient circumstances to make our whom we have hired, with whom we love so well to talk, but the workman whose work we are.

"How vast and profound is the influence of the subtile powers of Heaven and of Earth!"

them, and we do not hear them; identified with the substance of things, "We seek to perceive them, and we do not see them; we seek to hear they cannot be separated from them."

Moreover, the waves, I suspect, do not so much construct as wear down a marks on the sandy bottom, at the north end of this pond, made firm and They are either solid grass, or have a little sand in the middle. At first you hard to the feet of the wader by the pressure of the water, and the rushes found, in considerable quantities, curious balls, composed apparently of which grew in Indian file, in waving lines, corresponding to these marks, fine grass or roots, of pipewort perhaps, from half an inch to four inches shallow water on a sandy bottom, and are sometimes cast on the shore. rank behind rank, as if the waves had planted them. There also I have material which has already acquired consistency. They preserve their pebble; yet the smallest are made of equally coarse materials, half an in diameter, and perfectly spherical. These wash back and forth in would say that they were formed by the action of the waves, like a inch long, and they are produced only at one season of the year. form when dry for an indefinite period.

crooked and bony talons from the long habit of grasping harpy-like; — so grow by its shores, or some wild man or child the thread of whose history forsooth, in his eyes — and would have drained and sold it for the mud at it is not named for me. I go not there to see him nor to hear of him; who cent, in which he could see his own brazen face; who regarded even the cursed all the shores; who exhausted the land around it, and would fain skin-flint, who loved better the reflecting surface of a dollar, or a bright protected it, who never spoke a good word for it, nor thanked God that have exhausted the waters within it; who regretted only that it was not Flint's Pond! Such is the poverty of our nomenclature. What right had He had made it. Rather let it be named from the fishes that swim in it, the wild fowl or quadrupeds which frequent it, the wild flowers which is interwoven with its own; not from him who could show no title to it the unclean and stupid farmer, whose farm abutted on this sky water, whose shores he has ruthlessly laid bare, to give his name to it? Some him who thought only of its money value; whose presence perchance English hay or cranberry meadow — there was nothing to redeem it, but the deed which a like-minded neighbor or legislature gave him – its bottom. It did not turn his mill, and it was no privilege to him to wild ducks which settled in it as trespassers; his fingers grown into behold it. I respect not his labors, his farm where everything has its never saw it, who never bathed in it, who never loved it, who never

are everywhere, above us, on our left, on our right; they environ us on all 'They cause that in all the universe men purify and sanctify their hearts, oblations to their ancestors. It is an ocean of subtile intelligences. They and clothe themselves in their holiday garments to offer sacrifices and

me. Can we not do without the society of our gossips a little while under says truly, "Virtue does not remain as an abandoned orphan; it must of We are the subjects of an experiment which is not a little interesting to these circumstances — have our own thoughts to cheer us? Confucius necessity have neighbors." With thinking we may be beside ourselves in a sane sense. By a conscious were, is not a part of me, but spectator, sharing no experience, but taking as remote from myself as from another. However intense my experience, I am conscious of the presence and criticism of a part of me, which, as it affections; and am sensible of a certain doubleness by which I can stand fiction, a work of the imagination only, so far as he was concerned. This note of it, and that is no more I than it is you. When the play, it may be consequences; and all things, good and bad, go by us like a torrent. We doubleness may easily make us poor neighbors and friends sometimes. are not wholly involved in Nature. I may be either the driftwood in the stream, or Indra in the sky looking down on it. I may be affected by a the tragedy, of life is over, the spectator goes his way. It was a kind of theatrical exhibition; on the other hand, I may not be affected by an actual event which appears to concern me much more. I only know myself as a human entity; the scene, so to speak, of thoughts and effort of the mind we can stand aloof from actions and their

company, even with the best, is soon wearisome and dissipating. I love to can work alone in the field or the woods all day, hoeing or chopping, and Cambridge College is as solitary as a dervish in the desert. The farmer be alone. I never found the companion that was so companionable as measured by the miles of space that intervene between a man and his I find it wholesome to be alone the greater part of the time. To be in among men than when we stay in our chambers. A man thinking or solitude. We are for the most part more lonely when we go abroad fellows. The really diligent student in one of the crowded hives of working is always alone, let him be where he will. Solitude is not

Lies high in my thought. And its deepest resort

serenity and purity once at least during the day. Though seen but once, it helps to wash out State Street and the engine's soot. One proposes that it firemen and brakemen, and those passengers who have a season ticket forget at night, or his nature does not, that he has beheld this vision of The cars never pause to look at it; yet I fancy that the engineers and and see it often, are better men for the sight. The engineer does not be called "God's Drop." I have said that Walden has no visible inlet nor outlet, but it is on the one elevated, by a chain of small ponds coming from that quarter, and on the hermit in the woods, so long, it has acquired such wonderful purity, who should be mingled with it, or itself should ever go to waste its sweetness similar chain of ponds through which in some other geological period it made to flow thither again. If by living thus reserved and austere, like a would not regret that the comparatively impure waters of Flint's Pond may have flowed, and by a little digging, which God forbid, it can be other directly and manifestly to Concord River, which is lower, by a hand distantly and indirectly related to Flint's Pond, which is more in the ocean wave?

washed to my feet; and one day, as I crept along its sedgy shore, the fresh remember the life of mariners. I went a-chestnutting there in the fall, on woods thither was often my recreation. It was worth the while, if only to about a mile east of Walden. It is much larger, being said to contain one Flint's, or Sandy Pond, in Lincoln, our greatest lake and inland sea, lies time mere vegetable mould and undistinguishable pond shore, through spray blowing in my face, I came upon the mouldering wreck of a boat, the sides gone, and hardly more than the impression of its flat bottom comparatively shallow, and not remarkably pure. A walk through the left amid the rushes; yet its model was sharply defined, as if it were a large decayed pad, with its veins. It was as impressive a wreck as one could imagine on the seashore, and had as good a moral. It is by this hundred and ninety-seven acres, and is more fertile in fish; but it is feel the wind blow on your cheek freely, and see the waves run, and which rushes and flags have pushed up. I used to admire the ripple windy days, when the nuts were dropping into the water and were

not feel lonesome, because he is employed; but when he comes home at

remunerate himself for his day's solitude; and hence he wonders how the ennui and "the blues"; but he does not realize that the student, though in out must be where he can "see the folks," and recreate, and, as he thinks, armer in his, and in turn seeks the same recreation and society that the student can sit alone in the house all night and most of the day without the house, is still at work in his field, and chopping in his woods, as the night he cannot sit down in a room alone, at the mercy of his thoughts, latter does, though it may be a more condensed form of it.

there were but one inhabitant to a square mile, as where I live. The value musty cheese that we are. We have had to agree on a certain set of rules, and that we need not come to open war. We meet at the post-office, and called etiquette and politeness, to make this frequent meeting tolerable suffice for all important and hearty communications. Consider the girls at the sociable, and about the fireside every night; we live thick and are in a factory — never alone, hardly in their dreams. It would be better if in each other's way, and stumble over one another, and I think that we thus lose some respect for one another. Certainly less frequency would having had time to acquire any new value for each other. We meet at Society is commonly too cheap. We meet at very short intervals, not meals three times a day, and give each other a new taste of that old of a man is not in his skin, that we should touch him.

magination surrounded him, and which he believed to be real. So also, owing to bodily and mental health and strength, we may be continually grotesque visions with which, owing to bodily weakness, his diseased exhaustion at the foot of a tree, whose loneliness was relieved by the cheered by a like but more normal and natural society, and come to I have heard of a man lost in the woods and dying of famine and know that we are never alone.

blue angels in it, in the azure tint of its waters. The sun is alone, except in thick weather, when there sometimes appear to be two, but one is a mock may convey an idea of my situation. I am no more lonely than the loon in the pond that laughs so loud, or than Walden Pond itself. What company I have a great deal of company in my house; especially in the morning, when nobody calls. Let me suggest a few comparisons, that some one has that lonely lake, I pray? And yet it has not the blue devils, but the

to bring its water, which should be as sacred as the Ganges at least, to the village in a pipe, to wash their dishes with! — to earn their Walden by the turning of a cock or drawing of a plug! That devilish Iron Horse, whose woods on Walden shore, that Trojan horse, with a thousand men in his champion, the Moore of Moore Hill, to meet him at the Deep Cut and Boiling Spring with his foot, and he it is that has browsed off all the ear-rending neigh is heard throughout the town, has muddied the belly, introduced by mercenary Greeks! Where is the country's thrust an avenging lance between the ribs of the bloated pest?

another is springing up by its shore as lustily as ever; the same thought is struck me again tonight, as if I had not seen it almost daily for more than best, and best preserves its purity. Many men have been likened to it, but this shore and then that, and the Irish have built their sties by it, and the Nevertheless, of all the characters I have known, perhaps Walden wears water with his hand, deepened and clarified it in his thought, and in his happiness to itself and its Maker, ay, and it may be to me. It is the work once, it is itself unchanged, the same water which my youthful eyes fell on; all the change is in me. It has not acquired one permanent wrinkle few deserve that honor. Though the woodchoppers have laid bare first discovered so many years ago; where a forest was cut down last winter railroad has infringed on its border, and the ice-men have skimmed it swallow dip apparently to pick an insect from its surface as of yore. It after all its ripples. It is perennially young, and I may stand and see a will bequeathed it to Concord. I see by its face that it is visited by the twenty years — Why, here is Walden, the same woodland lake that I of a brave man surely, in whom there was no guile! He rounded this welling up to its surface that was then; it is the same liquid joy and same reflection; and I can almost say, Walden, is it you?

It is no dream of mine,

To ornament a line;

I cannot come nearer to God and Heaven

Than I live to Walden even.

I am its stony shore,

And the breeze that passes o'er; In the hollow of my hand

Are its water and its sand,

mullein or dandelion in a pasture, or a bean leaf, or sorrel, or a horse-fly, weathercock, or the north star, or the south wind, or an April shower, or sun. God is alone — but the devil, he is far from being alone; he sees a great deal of company; he is legion. I am no more lonely than a single or a bumblebee. I am no more lonely than the Mill Brook, or a January thaw, or the first spider in a new house.

a most wise and humorous friend, whom I love much, who keeps himself proprietor, who is reported to have dug Walden Pond, and stoned it, and social mirth and pleasant views of things, even without apples or cider more secret than ever did Goffe or Whalley; and though he is thought to be dead, none can show where he is buried. An elderly dame, too, dwells garden I love to stroll sometimes, gathering simples and listening to her fables; for she has a genius of unequalled fertility, and her memory runs I have occasional visits in the long winter evenings, when the snow falls fable, and on what fact every one is founded, for the incidents occurred in my neighborhood, invisible to most persons, in whose odorous herb fringed it with pine woods; who tells me stories of old time and of new back farther than mythology, and she can tell me the original of every ast and the wind howls in the wood, from an old settler and original when she was young. A ruddy and lusty old dame, who delights in all eternity; and between us we manage to pass a cheerful evening with weathers and seasons, and is likely to outlive all her children yet.

their leaves and put on mourning in midsummer, if any man should ever for a just cause grieve. Shall I not have intelligence with the earth? Am I afford forever! and such sympathy have they ever with our race, that all Nature would be affected, and the sun's brightness fade, and the winds wind and rain, of summer and winter — such health, such cheer, they The indescribable innocence and beneficence of Nature — of sun and would sigh humanely, and the clouds rain tears, and the woods shed not partly leaves and vegetable mould myself?

What is the pill which will keep us well, serene, contented? Not my or thy vials of a mixture dipped from Acheron and the Dead Sea, which come always, outlived so many old Parrs in her day, and fed her health with their decaying fatness. For my panacea, instead of one of those quack great-grandfather's, but our great-grandmother Nature's universal, vegetable, botanic medicines, by which she has kept herself young

the shore; but when you went toward it, it would go back into deep water ice at the last cutting, when wood was cheaper; but now they have mostly on the bottom, which had either been blown over formerly, or left on the bottom, and that he had seen it. Sometimes it would come floating up to and disappear. I was pleased to hear of the old log canoe, which took the most proper vessel for the lake. I remember that when I first looked into hickory bark tied together. An old man, a potter, who lived by the pond before the Revolution, told him once that there was an iron chest at the these depths there were many large trunks to be seen indistinctly lying then, as it were, fell into the water, to float there for a generation, the construction, which perchance had first been a tree on the bank, and place of an Indian one of the same material but more graceful disappeared.

waste more of them in the workshop or the teacher's desk. But since I left now for many a year there will be no more rambling through the aisles of When I first paddled a boat on Walden, it was completely surrounded by Muse may be excused if she is silent henceforth. How can you expect the thick and lofty pine and oak woods, and in some of its coves grape-vines had run over the trees next the water and formed bowers under which a forenoon, dreaming awake, until I was aroused by the boat touching the floating over its surface as the zephyr willed, having paddled my boat to when idleness was the most attractive and productive industry. Many a sand, and I arose to see what shore my fates had impelled me to; days forenoon have I stolen away, preferring to spend thus the most valued those shores the woodchoppers have still further laid them waste, and the wood, with occasional vistas through which you see the water. My woods on them were then so high, that, as you looked down from the boat could pass. The hills which form its shores are so steep, and the west end, it had the appearance of an amphitheatre for some land of summer days, and spent them lavishly; nor do I regret that I did not part of the day; for I was rich, if not in money, in sunny hours and sylvan spectacle. I have spent many an hour, when I was younger, the middle, and lying on my back across the seats, in a summer birds to sing when their groves are cut down?

dark surrounding woods, are gone, and the villagers, who scarcely know where it lies, instead of going to the pond to bathe or drink, are thinking Now the trunks of trees on the bottom, and the old log canoe, and the

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ountainhead of the day, why, then, we must even bottle up some and sell ticket to morning time in this world. But remember, it will not keep quite lettuce, and who had the power of restoring gods and men to the vigor of who is represented on monuments holding a serpent in one hand, and in till noonday even in the coolest cellar, but drive out the stopples long ere the other a cup out of which the serpent sometimes drinks; but rather of healthy, and robust young lady that ever walked the globe, and wherever sometimes see made to carry bottles, let me have a draught of undiluted Hygeia, who was the daughter of that old herb-doctor AEsculapius, and it in the shops, for the benefit of those who have lost their subscription that and follow westward the steps of Aurora. I am no worshipper of Hebe, cup-bearer to Jupiter, who was the daughter of Juno and wild out of those long shallow black-schooner looking wagons which we youth. She was probably the only thoroughly sound-conditioned, morning air. Morning air! If men will not drink of this at the she came it was spring.

slight breeze struck it, or a few rain-drops fell there. When I approached them. There were many such schools in the pond, apparently improving they were produced by the perch, which the noise of my oars had seared into the depths, and I saw their schools dimly disappearing; so I spent a water, sporting there, and constantly rising to the surface and dimpling December, one year, I saw some dimples on the surface, and thinking it it, sometimes leaving bubbles on it. In such transparent and seemingly bottomless water, reflecting the clouds, I seemed to be floating through beneath my level on the right or left, their fins, like sails, set all around with their tails, as if one had struck the water with a brushy bough, and haste to take my place at the oars and row homeward; already the rain the air as in a balloon, and their swimming impressed me as a kind of flight or hovering, as if they were a compact flock of birds passing just carelessly and alarmed them, they made a sudden splash and rippling small perch, about five inches long, of a rich bronze color in the green these places, I was surprised to find myself surrounded by myriads of collected there, or, perchance, the surface, being so smooth, betrayed broad skylight, sometimes giving to the surface an appearance as if a was going to rain hard immediately, the air being fun of mist, I made anticipated a thorough soaking. But suddenly the dimples ceased, for where a spring welled up from the bottom. Paddling gently to one of instantly took refuge in the depths. At length the wind rose, the mist the short season before winter would draw an icy shutter over their higher than before, half out of water, a hundred black points, three increased, and the waves began to run, and the perch leaped much seemed rapidly increasing, though I felt none on my cheek, and I inches long, at once above the surface. Even as late as the fifth of dry afternoon after all.

there were many eagles about it. He came here a-fishing, and used an old logged and perhaps sank to the bottom. He did not know whose it was; it belonged to the pond. He used to make a cable for his anchor of strips of An old man who used to frequent this pond nearly sixty years ago, when logs dug out and pinned together, and was cut off square at the ends. It was very clumsy, but lasted a great many years before it became waterlog canoe which he found on the shore. It was made of two white pine sometimes saw it all alive with ducks and other water-fowl, and that it was dark with surrounding forests, tells me that in those days he

#### VISITORS

that comes in my way. I am naturally no hermit, but might possibly sit out the sturdiest frequenter of the bar-room, if my business called me fasten myself like a bloodsucker for the time to any full-blooded man think that I love society as much as most, and am ready enough to

small house will contain. I have had twenty-five or thirty souls, with their I had three chairs in my house; one for solitude, two for friendship, three both public and private, with their almost innumerable apartments, their for society. When visitors came in larger and unexpected numbers there room by standing up. It is surprising how many great men and women a huge halls and their cellars for the storage of wines and other munitions of peace, appear to be extravagantly large for their inhabitants. They are infest them. I am surprised when the herald blows his summons before over the piazza for all inhabitants a ridiculous mouse, which soon again aware that we had come very near to one another. Many of our houses, was but the third chair for them all, but they generally economized the bodies, at once under my roof, and yet we often parted without being some Tremont or Astor or Middlesex House, to see come creeping out so vast and magnificent that the latter seem to be only vermin which slinks into some hole in the pavement.

between them. I have found it a singular luxury to talk across the pond to difficulty of getting to a sufficient distance from my guest when we began reaches the ear of the hearer, else it may plow out again through the side could not begin to hear — we could not speak low enough to be heard; as to utter the big thoughts in big words. You want room for your thoughts a companion on the opposite side. In my house we were so near that we of his head. Also, our sentences wanted room to unfold and form their to get into sailing trim and run a course or two before they make their columns in the interval. Individuals, like nations, must have suitable One inconvenience I sometimes experienced in so small a house, the port. The bullet of your thought must have overcome its lateral and broad and natural boundaries, even a considerable neutral ground, ricochet motion and fallen into its last and steady course before it

the spring. Ay, every leaf and twig and stone and cobweb sparkles now at motion of an oar or an insect produces a flash of light; and if an oar falls, peaceful the phenomena of the lake! Again the works of man shine as in mid-afternoon as when covered with dew in a spring morning. Every how sweet the echo!

Nations come and go without defiling it. It is a mirror which no stone can a mirror in which all impurity presented to it sinks, swept and dusted by continually repairs; no storms, no dust, can dim its surface ever fresh; perchance, lies on the surface of the earth. Sky water. It needs no fence. mirror, set round with stones as precious to my eye as if fewer or rarer. breath that is breathed on it, but sends its own to float as clouds high the sun's hazy brush — this the light dust-cloth — which retains no crack, whose quicksilver will never wear off, whose gilding Nature In such a day, in September or October, Walden is a perfect forest Nothing so fair, so pure, and at the same time so large, as a lake, above its surface, and be reflected in its bosom still.

receiving new life and motion from above. It is intermediate in its nature water itself is rippled by the wind. I see where the breeze dashes across it on its surface. We shall, perhaps, look down thus on the surface of air at by the streaks or flakes of light. It is remarkable that we can look down between land and sky. On land only the grass and trees wave, but the A field of water betrays the spirit that is in the air. It is continually length, and mark where a still subtler spirit sweeps over it.

several days' duration, when the sky was still completely overcast and the slight undulations produced by my boat extended almost as far as I could glimmer, as if some skater insects which had escaped the frosts might be reflected the bright tints of October, but the sombre November colors of air was full of mist, I observed that the pond was remarkably smooth, so October, when the severe frosts have come; and then and in November, the surrounding hills. Though I passed over it as gently as possible, the usually, in a calm day, there is absolutely nothing to ripple the surface. One November afternoon, in the calm at the end of a rain-storm of see, and gave a ribbed appearance to the reflections. But, as I was looking over the surface, I saw here and there at a distance a faint The skaters and water-bugs finally disappear in the latter part of that it was difficult to distinguish its surface; though it no longer

other's breath; but if we speak reservedly and thoughtfully, we want to be each other's voice in any case. Referred to this standard, speech is for the when you throw two stones into calm water so near that they break each evaporate. If we would enjoy the most intimate society with that in each other's undulations. If we are merely loquacious and loud talkers, then convenience of those who are hard of hearing; but there are many fine of us which is without, or above, being spoken to, we must not only be we can afford to stand very near together, cheek by jowl, and feel each farther apart, that all animal heat and moisture may have a chance to silent, but commonly so far apart bodily that we cannot possibly hear chairs farther apart till they touched the wall in opposite corners, and began to assume a loftier and grander tone, we gradually shoved our things which we cannot say if we have to shout. As the conversation then commonly there was not room enough.

company, on whose carpet the sun rarely fell, was the pine wood behind my house. Thither in summer days, when distinguished guests came, I took them, and a priceless domestic swept the floor and dusted the My "best" room, however, my withdrawing room, always ready for furniture and kept the things in order.

need not rest your reputation on the dinners you give. For my own part, I which I took to be a very polite and roundabout hint never to trouble him was never so effectually deterred from frequenting a man's house, by any If one guest came he sometimes partook of my frugal meal, and it was no often needs repair, seemed miraculously retarded in such a case, and the sympathized with them at least. So easy is it, though many housekeepers the rising and maturing of a loaf of bread in the ashes, in the meanwhile. dinner, though there might be bread enough for two, more than if eating doubt it, to establish new and better customs in the place of the old. You interruption to conversation to be stirring a hasty-pudding, or watching kind of Cerberus whatever, as by the parade one made about dining me, vital vigor stood its ground. I could entertain thus a thousand as well as was never felt to be an offence against hospitality, but the most proper and considerate course. The waste and decay of physical life, which so were a forsaken habit; but we naturally practised abstinence; and this But if twenty came and sat in my house there was nothing said about house when they found me at home, they may depend upon it that I twenty; and if any ever went away disappointed or hungry from my

survey its surface critically, it is literally as smooth as glass, except where pure and beautiful like the imperfections in glass. You may often detect a low as to touch it. It may be that in the distance a fish describes an arc of shiner picks an insect from this smooth surface but it manifestly disturbs incessantly inscribed on its otherwise invisible surface amid the reflected conspicuous ripple bounded by two diverging lines, but the skaters glide is like molten glass cooled but not congealed, and the few motes in it are employment, on one of those fine days in the fall when all the warmth of floating on its surface, which the fishes dart at and so dimple it again. It welling up of its fountain, the gentle pulsing of its life, the heaving of its as the true sun, for they are equally bright; and if, between the two, you their motions in the sun produce the finest imaginable sparkle on it, or, the shore by short impulses till they completely cover it. It is a soothing over it without rippling it perceptibly. When the surface is considerably skies and trees. Over this great expanse there is no disturbance but it is out — and from my distant perch I distinguish the circling undulations the skater insects, at equal intervals scattered over its whole extent, by water-bug (Gyrinus) ceaselessly progressing over the smooth surface a breast. The thrills of joy and thrills of pain are undistinguishable. How emerges, and another where it strikes the water; sometimes the whole perchance, a duck plumes itself, or, as I have said, a swallow skims so calm days, they leave their havens and adventurously glide forth from reported in circling dimples, in lines of beauty, as it were the constant elaborateness this simple fact is advertised — this piscine murder will the sun is fully appreciated, to sit on a stump on such a height as this, hilltop you can see a fish leap in almost any part; for not a pickerel or agitated there are no skaters nor water-bugs on it, but apparently, in water is jarred, the trembling circles seek the shore and all is smooth thus at once gently smoothed away and assuaged, as, when a vase of silvery arc is revealed; or here and there, perhaps, is a thistle-down again. Not a fish can leap or an insect fall on the pond but it is thus when they are half a dozen rods in diameter. You can even detect a invisible cobweb, boom of the water nymphs, resting on it. From a yet smoother and darker water, separated from the rest as if by an quarter of a mile off; for they furrow the water slightly, making a three or four feet in the air, and there is one bright flash where it overlooking the pond, and study the dimpling circles which are the equilibrium of the whole lake. It is wonderful with what

so again. I think I shall never revisit those scenes. I should be proud to have for the motto of my cabin those lines of Spenser which one of my 5

visitors inscribed on a yellow walnut leaf for a card:—

The noblest mind the best contentment has." Rest is their feast, and all things at their will: Ne looke for entertainment where none was; 'Arrived there, the little house they fill,

but poorly entertained, though what they found an inconvenience was no When Winslow, afterward governor of the Plymouth Colony, went with a and his wife, they at the one end and we at the other, it being only planks share in them; the most eat of them. This meal only we had in two nights woods, and arrived tired and hungry at his lodge, they were well received use to sing themselves asleep,)" and that they might get home while they doubt intended for an honor; but as far as eating was concerned, I do not arrived, to quote their own words — "He laid us on the bed with himself had strength to travel, they departed. As for lodging, it is true they were by the king, but nothing was said about eating that day. When the night worse weary of our lodging than of our journey." At one o'clock the next day Massasoit "brought two fishes that he had shot," about thrice as big aid a foot from the ground and a thin mat upon them. Two more of his food and also sleep, owing to "the savages' barbarous singing, (for they supply the place of food to their guests; so they drew their belts tighter and said nothing about it. Another time when Winslow visited them, it and a day; and had not one of us bought a partridge, we had taken our chief men, for want of room, pressed by and upon us; so that we were as a bream. "These being boiled, there were at least forty looked for a journey fasting." Fearing that they would be light-headed for want of see how the Indians could have done better. They had nothing to eat companion on a visit of ceremony to Massasoit on foot through the themselves, and they were wiser than to think that apologies could being a season of plenty with them, there was no deficiency in this

I lived in the woods than at any other period in my life; I mean that I had As for men, they will hardly fail one anywhere. I had more visitors while some. I met several there under more favorable circumstances than I could anywhere else. But fewer came to see me on trivial business. In

plainly too fresh for that. They are similar to those found in rivers; but as could be made. Perhaps they are the nests of the chivin. These lend a there are no suckers nor lampreys here, I know not by what fish they they sank to the bottom; but they are too regular and some of them pleasing mystery to the bottom. The shore is irregular enough not to be monotonous. I have in my mind's middle of a small lake amid hills which rise from the water's edge; for the boundary to it. There is no rawness nor imperfection in its edge there, as trees have ample room to expand on the water side, and each sends forth of the shore to the highest trees. There are few traces of man's hand to be water in which it is reflected not only makes the best foreground in such natural selvage, and the eye rises by just gradations from the low shrubs each other and suggest unexplored coves between. The forest has never eye the western, indented with deep bays, the bolder northern, and the so good a setting, nor is so distinctly beautiful, as when seen from the where the axe has cleared a part, or a cultivated field abuts on it. The its most vigorous branch in that direction. There Nature has woven a beautifully scalloped southern shore, where successive capes overlap a case, but, with its winding shore, the most natural and agreeable seen. The water laves the shore as it did a thousand years ago.

own nature. The fluviatile trees next the shore are the slender eyelashes earth's eye; looking into which the beholder measures the depth of his A lake is the landscape's most beautiful and expressive feature. It is which fringe it, and the wooded hills and cliffs around are its overhanging brows.

calm September afternoon, when a slight haze makes the opposite shoreemploy both your hands to defend your eyes against the reflected as well opposite hills, and that the swallows which skim over might perch on it. are undeceived. As you look over the pond westward you are obliged to Indeed, they sometimes dive below this line, as it were by mistake, and surface of a lake." When you invert your head, it looks like a thread of Standing on the smooth sandy beach at the east end of the pond, in a finest gossamer stretched across the valley, and gleaming against the distant pine woods, separating one stratum of the atmosphere from line indistinct, I have seen whence came the expression, "the glassy another. You would think that you could walk dry under it to the

needs were concerned, only the finest sediment was deposited around which the rivers of society empty, that for the most part, so far as my town. I had withdrawn so far within the great ocean of solitude, into this respect, my company was winnowed by my mere distance from me. Beside, there were wafted to me evidences of unexplored and incultivated continents on the other side.

woodchuck which his dog caught. He, too, has heard of Homer, and, "if it Some priest who could pronounce the Greek itself taught him to read his maker, who can hole fifty posts in a day, who made his last supper on a translate to him, while he holds the book, Achilles' reproof to Patroclus verse in the Testament in his native parish far away; and now I must were not for books," would "not know what to do rainy days," though Paphlagonian man — he had so suitable and poetic a name that I am perhaps he has not read one wholly through for many rainy seasons. sorry I cannot print it here — a Canadian, a woodchopper and post-Who should come to my lodge this morning but a true Homeric or for his sad countenance. —

"Why are you in tears, Patroclus, like a young girl?"

And Peleus lives, son of AEacus, among the Myrmidons, Either of whom having died, we should greatly grieve." "Or have you alone heard some news from Phthia? They say that Menoetius lives yet, son of Actor,

his arm for a sick man, gathered this Sunday morning. "I suppose there's body, yet gracefully carried, with a thick sunburnt neck, dark bushy hair, and dull sleepy blue eyes, which were occasionally lit up with expression. more simple and natural man it would be hard to find. Vice and disease, no harm in going after such a thing to-day," says he. To him Homer was hardly any existance for him. He was about twenty-eight years old, and native country. He was cast in the coarsest mould; a stout but sluggish He says, "That's good." He has a great bundle of white oak bark under had left Canada and his father's house a dozen years before to work in cowhide boots. He was a great consumer of meat, usually carrying his a great writer, though what his writing was about he did not know. A which cast such a sombre moral hue over the world, seemed to have the States, and earn money to buy a farm with at last, perhaps in his He wore a flat gray cloth cap, a dingy wool-colored greatcoat, and

pickerel, though not abundant, are its chief boast. I have seen at one time minks leave their traces about it, and occasionally a travelling mud-turtle only eels I have heard of here; — also, I have a faint recollection of a little golden kind, with greenish reflections and remarkably deep, which is the in the night. Ducks and geese frequent it in the spring and fall, the whitebut I doubt if it is ever profaned by the wind of a gull, like Fair Haven. At couple of eels, one weighing four pounds — I am thus particular because ichthyologists would make new varieties of some of them. There are also somewhat dace-like in its character, which I mention here chiefly to link a clean race of frogs and tortoises, and a few mussels in it; muskrats and disturbed a great mud-turtle which had secreted himself under the boat (Totanus macularius) "teeter" along its stony shores all summer. I have the weight of a fish is commonly its only title to fame, and these are the sometimes disturbed a fish hawk sitting on a white pine over the water; intermixed with a few faint blood-red ones, very much like a trout. The shallow one, steel-colored, most like those caught in the river; a bright specific name reticulatus would not apply to this; it should be guttatus purer, and they can easily be distinguished from them. Probably many most common here; and another, golden-colored, and shaped like the promises. The shiners, pouts, and perch also, and indeed all the fishes my facts to fable. Nevertheless, this pond is not very fertile in fish. Its last, but peppered on the sides with small dark brown or black spots, fleshed than those in the river and most other ponds, as the water is ying on the ice pickerel of at least three different kinds: a long and which inhabit this pond, are much cleaner, handsomer, and firmerbellied swallows (Hirundo bicolor) skim over it, and the peetweets rather. These are all very firm fish, and weigh more than their size visits it. Sometimes, when I pushed off my boat in the morning, I fish some five inches long, with silvery sides and a greenish back, most, it tolerates one annual loon. These are all the animals of consequence which frequent it now.

You may see from a boat, in calm weather, near the sandy eastern shore, where the water is eight or ten feet deep, and also in some other parts of the pond, some circular heaps half a dozen feet in diameter by a foot in height, consisting of small stones less than a hen's egg in size, where all formed them on the ice for any purpose, and so, when the ice melted, around is bare sand. At first you wonder if the Indians could have

summer — in a tin pail; cold meats, often cold woodchucks, and coffee in wasn't a-going to hurt himself. He didn't care if he only earned his board. a stone bottle which dangled by a string from his belt; and sometimes he offered me a drink. He came along early, crossing my bean-field, though caught a woodchuck by the way, and go back a mile and a half to dress it dinner to his work a couple of miles past my house — for he chopped all without anxiety or haste to get to his work, such as Yankees exhibit. He would say, as he went by in the morning, "How thick the pigeons are! If want by hunting-pigeons, woodchucks, rabbits, partridges — by gosh! I pond safely till nightfall - loving to dwell long upon these themes. He Frequently he would leave his dinner in the bushes, when his dog had working every day were not my trade, I could get all the meat I should deliberating first for half an hour whether he could not sink it in the and leave it in the cellar of the house where he boarded, after could get all I should want for a week in one day."

the sprouts which came up afterward might be more vigorous and a sled ornaments in his art. He cut his trees level and close to the ground, that support his corded wood, he would pare it away to a slender stake or might slide over the stumps; and instead of leaving a whole tree to He was a skilful chopper, and indulged in some flourishes and splinter which you could break off with your hand at last.

spirits had he that he sometimes tumbled down and rolled on the ground Sometimes, when at leisure, he amused himself all day in the woods with work, and with half-suppressed mirth lie along the trunk of a pine which a pocket pistol, firing salutes to himself at regular intervals as he walked. he spoke English as well. When I approached him he would suspend his nexpressible satisfaction, and a salutation in Canadian French, though withal; a well of good humor and contentment which overflowed at his eyes. His mirth was without alloy. Sometimes I saw him at his work in In the winter he had a fire by which at noon he warmed his coffee in a he had felled, and, peeling off the inner bark, roll it up into a ball and Looking round upon the trees he would exclaim — "By George! I can He interested me because he was so quiet and solitary and so happy chew it while he laughed and talked. Such an exuberance of animal with laughter at anything which made him think and tickled him. enjoy myself well enough here chopping; I want no better sport." the woods, felling trees, and he would greet me with a laugh of

the paver. If the name was not derived from that of some English locality remembers so well when he first came here with his divining-rod, saw a the pond; and, moreover, there are most stones where the shore is most obliged to pile them up in walls on both sides of the railroad cut nearest downward, and he concluded to dig a well here. As for the stones, many - Saffron Walden, for instance - one might suppose that it was called abrupt; so that, unfortunately, it is no longer a mystery to me. I detect still think that they are hardly to be accounted for by the action of the remarkably full of the same kind of stones, so that they have been waves on these hills; but I observe that the surrounding hills are thin vapor rising from the sward, and the hazel pointed steadily originally Walled-in Pond. The pond was my well ready dug. For four months in the year its water is March, 1846, the thermometer having been up to 65x or 70x some of the spring in the neighborhood. It was as good when a week old as the day it summer by the shore of a pond, needs only bury a pail of water a few feet was dipped, and had no taste of the pump. Whoever camps for a week in temperature of the Boiling Spring the same day was 45x, or the warmest as cold as it is pure at all times; and I think that it is then as good as any, the air is colder than springs and wells which are protected from it. The temperature of the pond water which had stood in the room where I sat when, beside, shallow and stagnant surface water is not mingled with it. time, owing partly to the sun on the roof, was 42x, or one degree colder if not the best, in the town. In the winter, all water which is exposed to than the water of one of the coldest wells in the village just drawn. The weather I usually placed a pailful in my cellar, where it became cool in the night, and remained so during the day; though I also resorted to a Moreover, in summer, Walden never becomes so warm as most water of any water tried, though it is the coldest that I know of in summer, deep in the shade of his camp to be independent of the luxury of ice. which is exposed to the sun, on account of its depth. In the warmest from five o'clock in the afternoon till noon the next day, the sixth of

shiners, chivins or roach (Leuciscus pulchellus), a very few breams, and a There have been caught in Walden pickerel, one weighing seven pounds which the fisherman safely set down at eight pounds because he did not - to say nothing of another which carried off a reel with great velocity, see him — perch and pouts, some of each weighing over two pounds,

kettle; and as he sat on a log to eat his dinner the chickadees would

his fingers; and he said that he "liked to have the little fellers about him." In him the animal man chiefly was developed. In physical endurance and humble who never aspires — that humility was no distinct quality in him, nim a strong body and contentment for his portion, and propped him on threescore years and ten a child. He was so genuine and unsophisticated introduced a woodchuck to your neighbor. He had got to find him out as nor could he conceive of it. Wiser men were demigods to him. If you told him that such a one was coming, he did as if he thought that anything so grand would expect nothing of himself, but take all the responsibility on contentment he was cousin to the pine and the rock. I asked him once if performances were miracles. When I told him that I wrote considerably, consciousness, but only to the degree of trust and reverence, and a child so helped to feed and clothe him; but he never exchanged opinions with you did. He would not play any part. Men paid him wages for work, and meant, for he could write a remarkably good hand himself. I sometimes answered, with a sincere and serious look, "Gorrappit, I never was tired itself, and let him be forgotten still. He never heard the sound of praise. passed. I asked him if he ever wished to write his thoughts. He said that found the name of his native parish handsomely written in the snow by tried to write thoughts — no, he could not, he could not tell what to put sometimes come round and alight on his arm and peck at the potato in is not made a man, but kept a child. When Nature made him, she gave first, it would kill him, and then there was spelling to be attended to at in my life." But the intellectual and what is called spiritual man in him he thought for a long time that it was merely the handwriting which I he had read and written letters for those who could not, but he never were slumbering as in an infant. He had been instructed only in that that no introduction would serve to introduce him, more than if you innocent and ineffectual way in which the Catholic priests teach the them. He was so simply and naturally humble — if he can be called the highway, with the proper French accent, and knew that he had he was not sometimes tired at night, after working all day; and he aborigines, by which the pupil is never educated to the degree of every side with reverence and reliance, that he might live out his He particularly reverenced the writer and the preacher. Their

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Flint's Pond, a mile eastward, allowing for the disturbance occasioned by the same time with the latter. The same is true, as far as my observation sympathize with Walden, and recently attained their greatest height at its inlets and outlets, and the smaller intermediate ponds also, goes, of White Pond.

and others — and, falling again, leaves an unobstructed shore; for, unlike By this fluctuation the pond asserts its title to a shore, and thus the shore cleanest when the water is lowest. On the side of the pond next my house difficult to walk round it, kills the shrubs and trees which have sprung up the lips of the lake, on which no beard grows. It licks its chaps from time water standing at this great height for a year or more, though it makes it ground, in the effort to maintain themselves; and I have known the high This rise and fall of Walden at long intervals serves this use at least; the a row of pitch pines, fifteen feet high, has been killed and tipped over as to time. When the water is at its height, the alders, willows, and maples many ponds and all waters which are subject to a daily tide, its shore is indicates how many years have elapsed since the last rise to this height. their stems in the water, and to the height of three or four feet from the send forth a mass of fibrous red roots several feet long from all sides of about its edge since the last rise — pitch pines, birches, alders, aspens, if by a lever, and thus a stop put to their encroachments; and their size is shorn, and the trees cannot hold it by right of possession. These are blueberry bushes about the shore, which commonly produce no fruit, bear an abundant crop under these circumstances.

from her the pond was named. It has been conjectured that when the hill Some have been puzzled to tell how the shore became so regularly paved. holding a pow-wow upon a hill here, which rose as high into the heavens shook these stones rolled down its side and became the present shore. It profanity, as the story goes, though this vice is one of which the Indians were never guilty, and while they were thus engaged the hill shook and is very certain, at any rate, that once there was no pond here, and now there is one; and this Indian fable does not in any respect conflict with My townsmen have all heard the tradition — the oldest people tell me suddenly sank, and only one old squaw, named Walden, escaped, and that they heard it in their youth — that anciently the Indians were the account of that ancient settler whom I have mentioned, who as the pond now sinks deep into the earth, and they used much

stupidity. A townsman told me that when he met him sauntering through surprise in his Canadian accent, not knowing that the question had ever suggested many things to a philosopher to have dealings with him. To a sometimes saw in him a man whom I had not seen before, and I did not know whether he was as wise as Shakespeare or as simply ignorant as a I heard that a distinguished wise man and reformer asked him if he did not want the world to be changed; but he answered with a chuckle of the village in his small close-fitting cap, and whistling to himself, he been entertained before, "No, I like it well enough." It would have child, whether to suspect him of a fine poetic consciousness or of stranger he appeared to know nothing of things in general; yet I reminded him of a prince in disguise.

soaked hemlock leaves in water and drank it, and thought that was better institution, and the very derivation of the word pecunia. If an ox were his man, he thought it an important difference that the knees bent the wrong money, he showed the convenience of money in such a way as to suggest could defend many institutions better than any philosopher, because, in describing them as they concerned him, he gave the true reason for their His only books were an almanac and an arithmetic, in which last he was considerably expert. The former was a sort of cyclopaedia to him, which could talk all day!" I asked him once, when I had not seen him for many mortgaging some portion of the creature each time to that amount. He and coffee? Did this country afford any beverage beside water? He had than water in warm weather. When I asked him if he could do without and coincide with the most philosophical accounts of the origin of this Vermont gray, he said, and that was good. Could he dispense with tea he supposed to contain an abstract of human knowledge, as indeed it Could he do without factories? I asked. He had worn the home-made feathers — and that one exhibited a cock plucked and called it Plato's way. He would sometimes exclaim, "How I love to talk! By George, I simple and practical light. He had never heard of such things before. another time, hearing Plato's definition of a man — a biped without prevalence, and speculation had not suggested to him any other. At reforms of the day, and he never failed to look at them in the most does to a considerable extent. I loved to sound him on the various property, and he wished to get needles and thread at the store, he thought it would be inconvenient and impossible soon to go on

Yet perchance the first who came to this well have left some trace of their particularly distinct to one standing on the middle of the pond in winter, where a thick wood has just been cut down on the shore, a narrow shelflike path in the steep hillside, alternately rising and falling, approaching here, worn by the feet of aboriginal hunters, and still from time to time just after a light snow has fallen, appearing as a clear undulating white and receding from the water's edge, as old probably as the race of man close at hand. The snow reprints it, as it were, in clear white type altoline, unobscured by weeds and twigs, and very obvious a quarter of a relievo. The ornamented grounds of villas which will one day be built mile off in many places where in summer it is hardly distinguishable footsteps. I have been surprised to detect encircling the pond, even unwittingly trodden by the present occupants of the land. This is here may still preserve some trace of this.

lived there, or as high as it was thirty years ago, and fishing goes on again some six rods from the main shore, about the year 1824, which it has not fifteen years hence the water will again be as low as I have ever known it. woods, fifteen rods from the only shore they knew, which place was long which affect the deep springs. This same summer the pond has begun to friends used to listen with incredulity when I told them, that a few years years, and now, in the summer of '52, is just five feet higher than when I than when I lived by it. There is a narrow sand-bar running into it, with in the meadow. This makes a difference of level, at the outside, of six or very deep water on one side, on which I helped boil a kettle of chowder, since converted into a meadow. But the pond has risen steadily for two The pond rises and falls, but whether regularly or not, and within what corresponding to the general wet and dryness. I can remember when it not, appears thus to require many years for its accomplishment. I have fall again. It is remarkable that this fluctuation, whether periodical or was a foot or two lower, and also when it was at least five feet higher, been possible to do for twenty-five years; and, on the other hand, my insignificant in amount, and this overflow must be referred to causes observed one rise and a part of two falls, and I expect that a dozen or period, nobody knows, though, as usual, many pretend to know. It is commonly higher in the winter and lower in the summer, though not later I was accustomed to fish from a boat in a secluded cove in the seven feet; and yet the water shed by the surrounding hills is

months, if he had got a new idea this summer. "Good Lord" — said he, "a himself, wishing to suggest a substitute within him for the priest without, satisfied with one thing, and some with another. One man, perhaps, if he improvement. One winter day I asked him if he was always satisfied with has got enough, will be satisfied to sit all day with his back to the fire and his belly to the table, by George!" Yet I never, by any manoeuvring, could he will do well. May be the man you hoe with is inclined to race; then, by get him to take the spiritual view of things; the highest that he appeared man that has to work as I do, if he does not forget the ideas he has had, and some higher motive for living. "Satisfied!" said he; "some men are to conceive of was a simple expediency, such as you might expect an without expressing any regret, that it was too late. Yet he thoroughly suggested any improvement in his mode of life, he merely answered, animal to appreciate; and this, practically, is true of most men. If I gorry, your mind must be there; you think of weeds." He would sometimes ask me first on such occasions, if I had made any believed in honesty and the like virtues.

might be men of genius in the lowest grades of life, however permanently There was a certain positive originality, however slight, to be detected in humble and illiterate, who take their own view always, or do not pretend to see at all; who are as bottomless even as Walden Pond was thought to expressing his own opinion, a phenomenon so rare that I would any day ailed to express himself distinctly, he always had a presentable thought life, that, though more promising than a merely learned man's, it rarely him, and I occasionally observed that he was thinking for himself and many of the institutions of society. Though he hesitated, and perhaps behind. Yet his thinking was so primitive and immersed in his animal walk ten miles to observe it, and it amounted to the re-origination of ripened to anything which can be reported. He suggested that there be, though they may be dark and muddy.

a dipper. Far off as I lived, I was not exempted from the annual visitation them that I drank at the pond, and pointed thither, offering to lend them which occurs, methinks, about the first of April, when everybody is on the move; and I had my share of good luck, though there were some house, and, as an excuse for calling, asked for a glass of water. I told Many a traveller came out of his way to see me and the inside of my curious specimens among my visitors. Half-witted men from the

down carefully, passed it over the knob of the handle, and drew it by a line along the birch, and so pulled the axe out again.

closer scrutiny does not detect a flag nor a bulrush, nor even a lily, yellow last to be seen of its bottom till it rose on the opposite side. Some think it bottom is pure sand, except in the deepest parts, where there is usually a is bottomless. It is nowhere muddy, and a casual observer would say that little meadows recently overflowed, which do not properly belong to it, a head; and were it not for its remarkable transparency, that would be the paving-stones, excepting one or two short sand beaches, and is so steep there were no weeds at all in it; and of noticeable plants, except in the little sediment, probably from the decay of the leaves which have been The shore is composed of a belt of smooth rounded white stones like perhaps a water-target or two; all which however a bather might not perceive; and these plants are clean and bright like the element they that in many places a single leap will carry you into water over your grow in. The stones extend a rod or two into the water, and then the wafted on to it so many successive falls, and a bright green weed is or white, but only a few small heart-leaves and potamogetons, and brought up on anchors even in midwinter.

when still such pure lakes sufficed them. Even then it had commenced to covered with myriads of ducks and geese, which had not heard of the fall, We have one other pond just like this, White Pond, in Nine Acre Corner, water is green and pellucid as ever. Not an intermitting spring! Perhaps third of this pure and well-like character. Successive nations perchance have drank at, admired, and fathomed it, and passed away, and still its they now wear, and obtained a patent of Heaven to be the only Walden Walden Pond was already in existence, and even then breaking up in a about two and a half miles westerly; but, though I am acquainted with most of the ponds within a dozen miles of this centre I do not know a on that spring morning when Adam and Eve were driven out of Eden rise and fall, and had clarified its waters and colored them of the hue Fountain? or what nymphs presided over it in the Golden Age? It is a gentle spring rain accompanied with mist and a southerly wind, and many unremembered nations' literatures this has been the Castalian Pond in the world and distiller of celestial dews. Who knows in how gem of the first water which Concord wears in her coronet

truth of his words. He was a metaphysical puzzle to me. I have rarely met in particular, an inoffensive, simple-minded pauper, whom with others I appeared to humble himself was he exalted. I did not know at first but it and frankness as the poor weak-headed pauper had laid, our intercourse there was not much difference between the half and the whole. One day, them exercise all the wit they had, and make their confessions to me; in Lord had made him so, yet he supposed the Lord cared as much for him was time that the tables were turned. With respect to wit, I learned that was the result of a wise policy. It seemed that from such a basis of truth humility, that he was "deficient in intellect." These were his words. The expressed a wish to live as I did. He told me, with the utmost simplicity as for another. "I have always been so," said he, "from my childhood; I a fellowman on such promising ground — it was so simple and sincere had often seen used as fencing stuff, standing or sitting on a bushel in called overseers of the poor and selectmen of the town, and thought it never had much mind; I was not like other children; I am weak in the head. It was the Lord's will, I suppose." And there he was to prove the and truth, quite superior, or rather inferior, to anything that is called almshouse and elsewhere came to see me; but I endeavored to make compensated. Indeed, I found some of them to be wiser than the somight go forward to something better than the intercourse of sages. the fields to keep cattle and himself from straying, visited me, and and so true all that he said. And, true enough, in proportion as he such cases making wit the theme of our conversation; and so was

had terminated, though I went about my business again, answering them called on me in the migrating season. Some who had more wits than they I had some guests from those not reckoned commonly among the town's guests who appeal, not to your hospitality, but to your hospitalality; who Objects of charity are not guests. Men who did not know when their visit themselves. I require of a visitor that he be not actually starving, though from greater and greater remoteness. Men of almost every degree of wit poor, but who should be; who are among the world's poor, at any rate; listened from time to time, like the fox in the fable, as if they heard the knew what to do with; runaway slaves with plantation manners, who he may have the very best appetite in the world, however he got it. information that they are resolved, for one thing, never to help earnestly wish to be helped, and preface their appeal with the

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there is more light mixed with it, it appears at a little distance of a darker looking with divided vision, so as to see the reflection, I have discerned a greenish blue, as I remember it, like those patches of the winter sky seen well known that a large plate of glass will have a green tint, owing, as the through cloud vistas in the west before sundown. Yet a single glass of its makers say, to its "body," but a small piece of the same will be colorless. magnified and distorted withal, produces a monstrous effect, making fit imparts to the body of one bathing in it a yellowish tinge; but this water water held up to the light is as colorless as an equal quantity of air. It is How large a body of Walden water would be required to reflect a green brown to one looking directly down on it, and, like that of most ponds, matchless and indescribable light blue, such as watered or changeable tint I have never proved. The water of our river is black or a very dark waves, which last appeared but muddy in comparison. It is a vitreous is of such crystalline purity that the body of the bather appears of an blue than the sky itself; and at such a time, being on its surface, and alternating with the original dark green on the opposite sides of the alabaster whiteness, still more unnatural, which, as the limbs are silks and sword blades suggest, more cerulean than the sky itself, studies for a Michael Angelo. The water is so transparent that the bottom can easily be discerned at the and you think that they must be ascetic fish that find a subsistence there. through the ice in order to catch pickerel, as I stepped ashore I tossed my an inch long, yet the former easily distinguished by their transverse bars, head, with its helve erect and gently swaying to and fro with the pulse of feet beneath the surface, the schools of perch and shiners, perhaps only twenty-five feet deep. Out of curiosity, I lay down on the ice and looked through the hole, until I saw the axe a little on one side, standing on its down the longest birch which I could find in the neighborhood with my depth of twenty-five or thirty feet. Paddling over it, you may see, many another hole directly over it with an ice chisel which I had, and cutting axe back on to the ice, but, as if some evil genius had directed it, it slid course of time the handle rotted off, if I had not disturbed it. Making knife, I made a slip-noose, which I attached to its end, and, letting it the pond; and there it might have stood erect and swaying till in the Once, in the winter, many years ago, when I had been cutting holes four or five rods directly into one of the holes, where the water was

hounds a-baying on their track, and looked at me beseechingly, as much

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"O Christian, will you send me back?

frizzled and mangy in consequence; men of ideas instead of legs, a sort of that a duckling; men of a thousand ideas, and unkempt heads, like those hens which are made to take charge of a hundred chickens, all in pursuit intellectual centipede that made you crawl all over. One man proposed a oward the north star. Men of one idea, like a hen with one chicken, and Mountains; but, alas! I have too good a memory to make that necessary. of one bug, a score of them lost in every morning's dew — and become One real runaway slave, among the rest, whom I helped to forward book in which visitors should write their names, as at the White

ousiness, even farmers, thought only of solitude and employment, and of if they enjoyed a monopoly of the subject, who could not bear all kinds of the professions — all these generally said that it was not possible to do so much good in my position. Ay! there was the rub. The old and infirm and the great distance at which I dwelt from something or other; and though young, and had concluded that it was safest to follow the beaten track of would carefully select the safest position, where Dr. B. might be on hand at a moment's warning. To them the village was literally a community, a must be allowed to be less in proportion as he is dead-and-alive to begin aken up in getting a living or keeping it; ministers who spoke of God as accident and death; to them life seemed full of danger — what danger is the timid, of whatever age or sex, thought most of sickness, and sudden looked in the pond and at the flowers, and improved their time. Men of cupboard and bed when I was out — how came Mrs. — to know that my I could not but notice some of the peculiarities of my visitors. Girls and boys and young women generally seemed glad to be in the woods. They there if you don't think of any? — and they thought that a prudent man obvious that they did not. Restless committed men, whose time was an league for mutual defence, and you would suppose that they would not man is alive, there is always danger that he may die, though the danger go a-huckleberrying without a medicine chest. The amount of it is, if a sheets were not as clean as hers? — young men who had ceased to be opinions; doctors, lawyers, uneasy housekeepers who pried into my they said that they loved a ramble in the woods occasionally, it was

does not approach to grandeur, nor can it much concern one who has not circumference, and contains about sixty-one and a half acres; a perennial mixed with the yellow of the sand. Such is the color of its iris. This is that long frequented it or lived by its shore; yet this pond is so remarkable for hundred and fifty feet respectively, within a quarter and a third of a mile. at hand. The first depends more on the light, and follows the sky. In clear the shore where you can see the sand, then a light green, which gradually Like the rest of our waters, when much agitated, in clear weather, so that the surface of the waves may reflect the sky at the right angle, or because deepens to a uniform dark green in the body of the pond. In some lights, at least; one when viewed at a distance, and another, more proper, close reflects the color of the sky; but near at hand it is of a yellowish tint next earth, melts first and forms a narrow canal about the still frozen middle. agitated, and at a great distance all appear alike. In stormy weather they another, even from the same point of view. Lying between the earth and there against the railroad sandbank, and in the spring, before the leaves The scenery of Walden is on a humble scale, and, though very beautiful, its depth and purity as to merit a particular description. It is a clear and have referred this to the reflection of the verdure; but it is equally green They are exclusively woodland. All our Concord waters have two colors are sometimes of a dark slate-color. The sea, however, is said to be blue But, looking directly down into our waters from a boat, they are seen to outlet except by the clouds and evaporation. The surrounding hills rise abruptly from the water to the height of forty to eighty feet, though on portion, also, where in the spring, the ice being warmed by the heat of spring in the midst of pine and oak woods, without any visible inlet or weather, in summer, they appear blue at a little distance, especially if atmosphere. I have seen our river, when, the landscape being covered viewed even from a hilltop, it is of a vivid green next the shore. Some the heavens, it partakes of the color of both. Viewed from a hilltop it consider blue "to be the color of pure water, whether liquid or solid." the sun reflected from the bottom, and also transmitted through the are expanded, and it may be simply the result of the prevailing blue with snow, both water and ice were almost as green as grass. Some be of very different colors. Walden is blue at one time and green at one day and green another without any perceptible change in the deep green well, half a mile long and a mile and three quarters in the southeast and east they attain to about one hundred and one

styled reformers, the greatest bores of all, who thought that I was forever with. A man sits as many risks as he runs. Finally, there were the self-112

This is the house that I built;

This is the man that lives in the house that I built;

but they did not know that the third line was,

These are the folks that worry the man That lives in the house that I built. I did not fear the hen-harriers, for I kept no chickens; but I feared the men-harriers rather.

and hunters, poets and philosophers; in short, all honest pilgrims, who railroad men taking a Sunday morning walk in clean shirts, fishermen behind, I was ready to greet with — "Welcome, Englishmen! welcome, I had more cheering visitors than the last. Children come a-berrying, came out to the woods for freedom's sake, and really left the village Englishmen!" for I had had communication with that race.

stirring them up as the keeper of a menagerie his wild beasts, until I elicited a growl from every wooded vale and hillside.

darkness. Through this, whistling a tune, we took our way to the haunts the perch, which I seem to have charmed, hovering around me, and the when we had done, far in the night, threw the burning brands high into In warm evenings I frequently sat in the boat playing the flute, and saw fishes, we caught pouts with a bunch of worms strung on a thread, and making a fire close to the water's edge, which we thought attracted the wrecks of the forest. Formerly I had come to this pond adventurously, moon travelling over the ribbed bottom, which was strewed with the quenched with a loud hissing, and we were suddenly groping in total from time to time, in dark summer nights, with a companion, and, the air like skyrockets, which, coming down into the pond, were of men again. But now I had made my home by the shore.

dreams and link you to Nature again. It seemed as if I might next cast my by thousands of small perch and shiners, dimpling the surface with their mysterious nocturnal fishes which had their dwelling forty feet below, or water, and twenty or thirty rods from the shore, surrounded sometimes Sometimes, after staying in a village parlor till the family had all retired, blundering purpose there, and slow to make up its mind. At length you slowly raise, pulling hand over hand, some horned pout squeaking and squirming to the upper air. It was very queer, especially in dark nights, sometimes dragging sixty feet of line about the pond as I drifted in the line upward into the air, as well as downward into this element, which I have returned to the woods, and, partly with a view to the next day's dinner, spent the hours of midnight fishing from a boat by moonlight, creaking note of some unknown bird close at hand. These experiences when your thoughts had wandered to vast and cosmogonal themes in was scarcely more dense. Thus I caught two fishes as it were with one indicative of some life prowling about its extremity, of dull uncertain were very memorable and valuable to me — anchored in forty feet of tails in the moonlight, and communicating by a long flaxen line with gentle night breeze, now and then feeling a slight vibration along it, other spheres, to feel this faint jerk, which came to interrupt your serenaded by owls and foxes, and hearing, from time to time, the

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## THE BEAN-FIELD

had grown considerably before the latest were in the ground; indeed they self-respecting, this small Herculean labor, I knew not. I came to love my cinquefoil, blackberries, johnswort, and the like, before, sweet wild fruits were not easily to be put off. What was the meaning of this so steady and rows, my beans, though so many more than I wanted. They attached me garden? Soon, however, the remaining beans will be too tough for them, them? Only Heaven knows. This was my curious labor all summer — to seven miles already planted, were impatient to be hoed, for the earliest beans or beans of me? I cherish them, I hoe them, early and late I have on. My auxiliaries are the dews and rains which water this dry soil, and an eye to them; and this is my day's work. It is a fine broad leaf to look to the earth, and so I got strength like Antaeus. But why should I raise and pleasant flowers, produce instead this pulse. What shall I learn of effete. My enemies are worms, cool days, and most of all woodchucks. The last have nibbled for me a quarter of an acre clean. But what right had I to oust johnswort and the rest, and break up their ancient herb Meanwhile my beans, the length of whose rows, added together, was what fertility is in the soil itself, which for the most part is lean and make this portion of the earth's surface, which had yielded only and go forward to meet new foes.

preparing another aspect for new infant eyes. Almost the same johnswort length helped to clothe that fabulous landscape of my infant dreams, and springs from the same perennial root in this pasture, and even I have at pines still stand here older than I; or, if some have fallen, I have cooked to the pond. It is one of the oldest scenes stamped on my memory. And Boston to this my native town, through these very woods and this field, now to-night my flute has waked the echoes over that very water. The one of the results of my presence and influence is seen in these bean my supper with their stumps, and a new growth is rising all around, When I was four years old, as I well remember, I was brought from leaves, corn blades, and potato vines.

fifteen years since the land was cleared, and I myself had got out two or I planted about two acres and a half of upland; and as it was only about

## THE PONDS

of them, nor to him who raises them for the market. There is but one way huckleberry never reaches Boston; they have not been known there since woods and pastures new," or, while the sun was setting, made my supper for several days. The fruits do not yield their true flavor to the purchaser they grew on her three hills. The ambrosial and essential part of the fruit innocent huckleberry can be transported thither from the country's hills. habitually dwell, into yet more unfrequented parts of the town, "to fresh of huckleberries and blueberries on Fair Haven Hill, and laid up a store Sometimes, having had a surfeit of human society and gossip, and worn suppose that you have tasted huckleberries who never plucked them. A is lost with the bloom which is rubbed off in the market cart, and they huckleberries, ask the cowboy or the partridge. It is a vulgar error to become mere provender. As long as Eternal Justice reigns, not one to obtain it, yet few take that way. If you would know the flavor of out all my village friends, I rambled still farther westward than I

as silent and motionless as a duck or a floating leaf, and, after practising my boat, filling the surrounding woods with circling and dilating sound, impatient companion who had been fishing on the pond since morning, convenience of fishermen; and I was equally pleased when he sat in my pond, he at one end of the boat, and I at the other; but not many words occasionally hummed a psalm, which harmonized well enough with my one older man, an excellent fisher and skilled in all kinds of woodcraft, harmony, far more pleasing to remember than if it had been carried on with, I used to raise the echoes by striking with a paddle on the side of arrived, that he belonged to the ancient sect of Coenobites. There was by speech. When, as was commonly the case, I had none to commune various kinds of philosophy, had concluded commonly, by the time I who was pleased to look upon my house as a building erected for the doorway to arrange his lines. Once in a while we sat together on the passed between us, for he had grown deaf in his later years, but he Occasionally, after my hoeing was done for the day, I joined some philosophy. Our intercourse was thus altogether one of unbroken

the summer it appeared by the arrowheads which I turned up in hoeing, beans ere white men came to clear the land, and so, to some extent, had three cords of stumps, I did not give it any manure; but in the course of that an extinct nation had anciently dwelt here and planted corn and 114

thought in bean leaves and blossoms rather than in wormwood and piper Before yet any woodchuck or squirrel had run across the road, or the sun knows where; they sitting at their ease in gigs, with elbows on knees, and reins loosely hanging in festoons; I the home-staying, laborious native of farmers warned me against it — I would advise you to do all your work if deepened their tints by the time I had made another bout. Removing the hands, even when pursued to the verge of drudgery, is perhaps never the and crumbling sand, but later in the day the sun blistered my feet. There and millet grass, making the earth say beans instead of grass — this was worst form of idleness. It has a constant and imperishable moral, and to rods, the one end terminating in a shrub oak copse where I could rest in became much more intimate with my beans than usual. But labor of the was the only open and cultivated field for a great distance on either side of the road, so they made the most of it; and sometimes the man in the field heard more of travellers' gossip and comment than was meant for morning I worked barefooted, dabbling like a plastic artist in the dewy my daily work. As I had little aid from horses or cattle, or hired men or the soil. But soon my homestead was out of their sight and thought. It suspected it. "Corn, my boy, for fodder; corn for fodder." "Does he live the scholar it yields a classic result. A very agricola laboriosus was I to the sun lighted me to hoe beans, pacing slowly backward and forward over that yellow gravelly upland, between the long green rows, fifteen weeds in my bean-field and throw dust upon their heads. Early in the boys, or improved implements of husbandry, I was much slower, and his ear: "Beans so late! peas so late!" — for I continued to plant when weeds, putting fresh soil about the bean stems, and encouraging this travellers bound westward through Lincoln and Wayland to nobody possible while the dew is on — I began to level the ranks of haughty weed which I had sown, making the yellow soil express its summer had got above the shrub oaks, while all the dew was on, though the the shade, the other in a blackberry field where the green berries others had begun to hoe — the ministerial husbandman had not exhausted the soil for this very crop.

others have not enough. The Pope's Homers would soon get properly distributed.

"Nec bella fuerunt,

Faginus astabat dum scyphus ante dapes."

"Nor wars did men molest,

When only beechen bowls were in request."

punishments? Love virtue, and the people will be virtuous. The virtues of a superior man are like the wind; the virtues of a common man are like 'You who govern public affairs, what need have you to employ the grass  $- \, {
m I}$  the grass, when the wind passes over it, bends."

And, by the way, who estimates the value of the crop which nature yields dirt far away. Fellow-travellers as they rattled by compared it aloud with farmer reins up his grateful dobbin to inquire what you are doing where state that I cultivated, and my hoe played the Rans des Vaches for them. in the still wilder fields unimproved by man? The crop of English hay is carefully weighed, the moisture calculated, the silicates and the potash; the fields which they had passed, so that I came to know how I stood in barbarous, so my field was, though not in a bad sense, a half-cultivated draw it — there being an aversion to other carts and horses — and chip but in all dells and pond-holes in the woods and pastures and swamps he sees no manure in the furrow, and recommends a little chip dirt, or the agricultural world. This was one field not in Mr. Coleman's report. field. They were beans cheerfully returning to their wild and primitive were, the connecting link between wild and cultivated fields; as some any little waste stuff, or it may be ashes or plaster. But here were two there?" asks the black bonnet of the gray coat; and the hard-featured grows a rich and various crop only unreaped by man. Mine was, as it acres and a half of furrows, and only a hoe for cart and two hands to states are civilized, and others half-civilized, and others savage or

cover it up, cover it up — pull it up, pull it up, pull it up." But this was not thrasher — or red mavis, as some love to call him — all the morning, glad corn, and so it was safe from such enemies as he. You may wonder what twenty, have to do with your planting, and yet prefer it to leached ashes or plaster. It was a cheap sort of top dressing in which I had entire faith. not here. While you are planting the seed, he cries — "Drop it, drop it of your society, that would find out another farmer's field if yours were his rigmarole, his amateur Paganini performances on one string or on Near at hand, upon the topmost spray of a birch, sings the brown

heavens, and their small implements of war and hunting were brought to some of which bore the marks of having been burned by Indian fires, and the light of this modern day. They lay mingled with other natural stones, some by the sun, and also bits of pottery and glass brought hither by the that music echoed to the woods and the sky, and was an accompaniment As I drew a still fresher soil about the rows with my hoe, I disturbed the to my labor which yielded an instant and immeasurable crop. It was no ashes of unchronicled nations who in primeval years lived under these recent cultivators of the soil. When my hoe tinkled against the stones,

still carry in our minds the bearing of some neighboring cape; and not till have lost the world, do we begin to find ourselves, and realize where we learn the points of compass again as often as be awakes, whether from sleep or any abstraction. Not till we are lost, in other words not till we we are completely lost, or turned round — for a man needs only to be turned round once with his eyes shut in this world to be lost — do we appreciate the vastness and strangeness of nature. Every man has to are and the infinite extent of our relations.

perhaps was improperly gilded, and this I trust a soldier of our camp has constrain him to belong to their desperate odd-fellow society. It is true, I season to get my dinner of huckleberries on Fair Haven Hill. I was never closet door, see what was left of my dinner, and what prospect I had of a as I then did, thieving and robbery would be unknown. These take place found by this time. I am convinced, that if all men were to live as simply because, as I have elsewhere related, I did not pay a tax to, or recognize children, like cattle, at the door of its senate-house. I had gone down to only in communities where some have got more than is sufficient while "amok" against society; but I preferred that society should run "amok" molested by any person but those who represented the State. I had no respected than if it had been surrounded by a file of soldiers. The tired himself with the few books on my table, or the curious, by opening my never missed anything but one small book, a volume of Homer, which lock nor bolt but for the desk which held my papers, not even a nail to put over my latch or windows. I never fastened my door night or day, against me, it being the desperate party. However, I was released the spent a fortnight in the woods of Maine. And yet my house was more village to get a shoe from the cobbler's, I was seized and put into jail, might have resisted forcibly with more or less effect, might have run supper. Yet, though many people of every class came this way to the One afternoon, near the end of the first summer, when I went to the though I was to be absent several days; not even when the next fall I rambler could rest and warm himself by my fire, the literary amuse pond, I suffered no serious inconvenience from these sources, and I next day, obtained my mended shoe, and returned to the woods in the woods for other purposes. But, wherever a man goes, men will pursue and paw him with their dirty institutions, and, if they can, the authority of, the State which buys and sells men, women, and

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in the sunny afternoons — for I sometimes made a day of it — like a mote their eggs on the ground on bare sand or rocks on the tops of hills, where kindredship is in nature. The hawk is aerial brother of the wave which he sound and carrier haste; or from under a rotten stump my hoe turned up hoe, these sounds and sights I heard and saw anywhere in the row, a part as much pity as pride, if I remembered at all, my acquaintances who had in the eye, or in heaven's eye, falling from time to time with a swoop and Egypt and the Nile, yet our contemporary. When I paused to lean on my longer beans that I hoed, nor I that hoed beans; and I remembered with gone to the city to attend the oratorios. The nighthawk circled overhead sails over and surveys, those his perfect air-inflated wings answering to a sound as if the heavens were rent, torn at last to very rags and tatters, wild pigeons from this wood to that, with a slight quivering winnowing lew have found them; graceful and slender like ripples caught up from the pond, as leaves are raised by the wind to float in the heavens; such embodiment of my own thoughts. Or I was attracted by the passage of the elemental unfledged pinions of the sea. Or sometimes I watched a descending, approaching, and leaving one another, as if they were the and yet a seamless cope remained; small imps that fill the air and lay a sluggish portentous and outlandish spotted salamander, a trace of pair of hen-hawks circling high in the sky, alternately soaring and of the inexhaustible entertainment which the country offers.

thus far. To me, away there in my bean-field at the other end of the town, over the fields and up the Wayland road, brought me information of the endeavoring to call them down into the hive again. And when the sound sense all the day of some sort of itching and disease in the horizon, as if swarmed, and that the neighbors, according to Virgil's advice, by a faint military turnout of which I was ignorant, I have sometimes had a vague intinnabulum upon the most sonorous of their domestic utensils, were some eruption would break out there soon, either scarlatina or cankerbreezes told no tale, I knew that they had got the last drone of them all the big guns sounded as if a puffball had burst; and when there was a On gala days the town fires its great guns, which echo like popguns to these woods, and some waifs of martial music occasionally penetrate rash, until at length some more favorable puff of wind, making haste "trainers." It seemed by the distant hum as if somebody's bees had died quite away, and the hum had ceased, and the most favorable

more than eighteen inches apart, in the midst of the woods, invariably, in heavy showers in the meanwhile, and the leaves were very wet, they were experience, to be lost in the woods any time. Often in a snow-storm, even step of my walk, and I have thought that perhaps my body would find its are constantly, though unconsciously, steering like pilots by certain wellin common nights, than most suppose. I frequently had to look up at the the darkest night. Sometimes, after coming home thus late in a dark and into evening, and it proved a dark night, I was obliged to conduct him to known beacons and headlands, and if we go beyond our usual course we way home if its master should forsake it, as the hand finds its way to the which I felt with my hands, passing between two pines for instance, not dreaming and absent-minded all the way, until I was aroused by having mouth without assistance. Several times, when a visitor chanced to stay village streets, when the darkness was so thick that you could cut it with night; and gentlemen and ladies making a call have gone half a mile out when they turned. It is a surprising and memorable, as well as valuable he has travelled it a thousand times, he cannot recognize a feature in it, about a mile off through the woods, and were quite used to the route. A a knife, as the saying is. Some who live in the outskirts, having come to course, the perplexity is infinitely greater. In our most trivial walks, we their way two young men who had been fishing in the pond. They lived impossible to tell which way leads to the village. Though he knows that of their way, feeling the sidewalk only with their feet, and not knowing to raise my hand to lift the latch, I have not been able to recall a single drenched to their skins. I have heard of many going astray even in the muggy night, when my feet felt the path which my eyes could not see, rather by his feet than his eyes. One very dark night I directed thus on town a-shopping in their wagons, have been obliged to put up for the and, where there was no cart-path, to feel with my feet the faint track direction he was to pursue, and in keeping which he was to be guided greater part of the night, close by their own premises, and did not get opening between the trees above the path in order to learn my route, which I had worn, or steer by the known relation of particular trees but it is as strange to him as if it were a road in Siberia. By night, of the cart-path in the rear of the house, and then point out to him the home till toward morning, by which time, as there had been several day or two after one of them told me that they wandered about the by day, one will come out upon a well-known road and yet find it

safely into the Middlesex hive, and that now their minds were bent on

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atherland were in such safe keeping; and as I turned to my hoeing again I was filled with an inexpressible confidence, and pursued my labor I felt proud to know that the liberties of Massachusetts and of our the honey with which it was smeared.

cheerfully with a calm trust in the future.

always stand for trifles? — and looked round for a woodchuck or a skunk strain that reached these woods, and the trumpet that sings of fame, and alternately with a din. But sometimes it was a really noble and inspiring I felt as if I could spit a Mexican with a good relish — for why should we overhang the village. This was one of the great days; though the sky had village was a vast bellows and all the buildings expanded and collapsed to exercise my chivalry upon. These martial strains seemed as far away as Palestine, and reminded me of a march of crusaders in the horizon, with a slight tantivy and tremulous motion of the elm tree tops which from my clearing only the same everlastingly great look that it wears When there were several bands of musicians, it sounded as if all the daily, and I saw no difference in it.

not with cranes, but with weeds, those Trojans who had sun and rain and organizations so ruthlessly, and making such invidious distinctions with himself t' other side up and be as green as a leek in two days. A long war, affairs. Consider the intimate and curious acquaintance one makes with that's piper-grass — have at him, chop him up, turn his roots upward to threshing, and picking over and selling them — the last was the hardest his hoe, levelling whole ranks of one species, and sedulously cultivating dews on their side. Daily the beans saw me come to their rescue armed morning till noon, and commonly spent the rest of the day about other various kinds of weeds — it will bear some iteration in the account, for It was a singular experience that long acquaintance which I cultivated beans. When they were growing, I used to hoe from five o'clock in the another. That's Roman wormwood — that's pigweed — that's sorrel with a hoe, and thin the ranks of their enemies, filling up the trenches of all — I might add eating, for I did taste. I was determined to know there was no little iteration in the labor — disturbing their delicate the sun, don't let him have a fibre in the shade, if you do he'll turn with beans, what with planting, and hoeing, and harvesting, and

window tax. Signs were hung out on all sides to allure him; some to catch was well entertained, and after learning the kernels and very last sieveful fancy, as the dry goods store and the jeweller's; and others by the hair or the feet or the skirts, as the barber, the shoemaker, or the tailor. Besides, stand much about gracefulness, and never hesitated at a gap in a fence. I big gun, and a fire-engine, at convenient places; and the houses were so stationed nearest to the head of the line, where they could most see and be seen, and have the first blow at him, paid the highest prices for their gaps in the line began to occur, and the traveller could get over walls or once boldly and without deliberation to the goal, as is recommended to another, so that every traveller had to run the gauntlet, and every man, there was a still more terrible standing invitation to call at every one of part I escaped wonderfully from these dangers, either by proceeding at drowned the voices of the Sirens, and kept out of danger." Sometimes I the bank; and, as a necessary part of the machinery, they kept a bell, a those who run the gauntlet, or by keeping my thoughts on high things, places; and the few straggling inhabitants in the outskirts, where long was even accustomed to make an irruption into some houses, where I bolted suddenly, and nobody could tell my whereabouts, for I did not whether the world was likely to hold together much longer — I was let turn aside into cow-paths, and so escape, paid a very slight ground or these houses, and company expected about these times. For the most him by the appetite, as the tavern and victualling cellar; some by the woman, and child might get a lick at him. Of course, those who were like Orpheus, who, "loudly singing the praises of the gods to his lyre, arranged as to make the most of mankind, in lanes and fronting one of news — what had subsided, the prospects of war and peace, and out through the rear avenues, and so escaped to the woods again. It was very pleasant, when I stayed late in town, to launch myself into the though I encountered some severe storms. It is darker in the woods, even helm when it was plain sailing. I had many a genial thought by the cabin night, especially if it was dark and tempestuous, and set sail from some thoughts, leaving only my outer man at the helm, or even tying up the fire "as I sailed." I was never cast away nor distressed in any weather, bright village parlor or lecture room, with a bag of rye or Indian meal upon my shoulder, for my snug harbor in the woods, having made all tight without and withdrawn under hatches with a merry crew of

with weedy dead. Many a lusty crest — waving Hector, that towered a whole foot above his crowding comrades, fell before my weapon and rolled in the dust.

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others to trade in London or New York, I thus, with the other farmers of perchance, as some must work in fields if only for the sake of tropes and expression, to serve a parable-maker one day. It was on the whole a rare "especially if fresh, has a certain magnetism in it, by which it attracts the New England, devoted to husbandry. Not that I wanted beans to eat, for salt, power, or virtue (call it either) which gives it life, and is the logic of the end, "there being in truth," as Evelyn says, "no compost or laetation line arts in Boston or Rome, and others to contemplation in India, and once, I hoed them unusualy well as far as I went, and was paid for it in Those summer days which some of my contemporaries devoted to the am by nature a Pythagorean, so far as beans are concerned, whether dissipation. Though I gave them no manure, and did not hoe them all turning of the mould with the spade." "The earth," he adds elsewhere, exhausted lay fields which enjoy their sabbath," had perchance, as Sir all the labor and stir we keep about it, to sustain us; all dungings and whatsoever comparable to this continual motion, repastination, and other sordid temperings being but the vicars succedaneous to this Kenelm Digby thinks likely, attracted "vital spirits" from the air. I improvement." Moreover, this being one of those "worn-out and they mean porridge or voting, and exchanged them for rice; but, amusement, which, continued too long, might have become a harvested twelve bushels of beans.

reported chiefly the expensive experiments of gentlemen farmers, my But to be more particular, for it is complained that Mr. Coleman has outgoes were –

For a hoe \$ 0.54	Plowing, harrowing, and furrowing 7.50 Too much.	Seans for seed3.12+	Potatoes for seed 1.33	Peas for seed
for a hoe.	lowing, h	3eans for s	otatoes fo	Peas for se

## THE VILLAGE

each sitting at the mouth of its burrow, or running over to a neighbor's to leaves and the peeping of frogs. As I walked in the woods to see the birds once at Redding & Company's on State Street, they kept nuts and raisins, which all gossip is first rudely digested or cracked up before it is emptied and squirrels, so I walked in the village to see the men and boys; instead pockets, like caryatides, as if to prop it up. They, being commonly out of free. Every day or two I strolled to the village to hear some of the gossip or salt and meal and other groceries. Some have such a vast appetite for After hoeing, or perhaps reading and writing, in the forenoon, I usually and washed the dust of labor from my person, or smoothed out the last homoeopathic doses, was really as refreshing in its way as the rustle of organs, that they can sit forever in public avenues without stirring, and consciousness. I hardly ever failed, when I rambled through the village, doors, heard whatever was in the wind. These are the coarsest mills, in vitals of the village were the grocery, the bar-room, the post-office, and let it simmer and whisper through them like the Etesian winds, or as if themselves, with their bodies inclined forward and their eyes glancing into finer and more delicate hoppers within doors. I observed that the bathed again in the pond, swimming across one of its coves for a stint, inhaling ether, it only producing numbness and insensibility to pain – along the line this way and that, from time to time, with a voluptuous which is incessantly going on there, circulating either from mouth to village of busy men, as curious to me as if they had been prairie-dogs, wrinkle which study had made, and for the afternoon was absolutely of the wind among the pines I heard the carts rattle. In one direction from my house there was a colony of muskrats in the river meadows; under the grove of elms and buttonwoods in the other horizon was a appeared to me a great news room; and on one side, to support it, as the former commodity, that is, the news, and such sound digestive otherwise it would often be painful to bear — without affecting the expression, or else leaning against a barn with their hands in their gossip. I went there frequently to observe their habits. The village to see a row of such worthies, either sitting on a ladder sunning mouth, or from newspaper to newspaper, and which, taken in

Turnip seed	White line for crow fence 0.02	Horse cultivator and boy three hours 1.00	Horse and cart to get crop	n all\$14.72+	My income was (patrem familias vendacem, non emacem esse oportet), from	Nine bushels and twelve quarts of beans sold \$16.94	e " large potatoes2.50	ne " small2.25	ass	lks0.75	In all	Leaving a pecuniary profit,	as I have elsewhere said, of 8 8.71+	
Turnip so	White lir	Horse cu	Horse an	In all .	My incom from	Nine bus	Five "	Nine "	Grass	Stalks	In all.	Leaving	as I ha	

and will shear them off with both buds and young pods, sitting erect like a squirrel. But above all harvest as early as possible, if you would escape This is the result of my experience in raising beans: Plant the common eighteen inches apart, being careful to select fresh round and unmixed seed. First look out for worms, and supply vacancies by planting anew. nibble off the earliest tender leaves almost clean as they go; and again, when the young tendrils make their appearance, they have notice of it, Then look out for woodchucks, if it is an exposed place, for they will small white bush bean about the first of June, in rows three feet by

squirrels manifest no concern whether the woods will bear chestnuts this only hope of the husbandman; its kernel or grain (granum from gerendo, granary of the birds? It matters little comparatively whether the fields fill year or not, and finish his labor with every day, relinquishing all claim to the produce of his fields, and sacrificing in his mind not only his first but the farmer's barns. The true husbandman will cease from anxiety, as the bearing) is not all that it bears. How, then, can our harvest fail? Shall I not rejoice also at the abundance of the weeds whose seeds are the his last fruits also.

frosts and have a fair and salable crop; you may save much loss by this

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other productions, but which are for the most part broadcast and floating these? Why concern ourselves so much about our beans for seed, and not partially risen out of the earth, something more than erect, like swallows If the seed is not lost, as sincerity, truth, simplicity, faith, innocence, and these crops. Alas! I said this to myself; but now another summer is gone, be concerned at all about a new generation of men? We should really be the seeds which I planted, if indeed they were the seeds of those virtues, precisely as the Indians did centuries ago and taught the first settlers to beans and corn with so much industry another summer, but such seeds, fed and cheered if when we met a man we were sure to see that some of the like, and see if they will not grow in this soil, even with less toil and Commonly men will only be brave as their fathers were brave, or timid. in the air, had taken root and grown in him. Here comes such a subtile one another by our meanness, if there were present the kernel of worth and another, and another, and I am obliged to say to you, Reader, that Englander try new adventures, and not lay so much stress on his grain, slightest amount or new variety of it, along the road. Our ambassadors and friendliness. We should not meet thus in haste. Most men I do not ceremony with sincerity. We should never cheat and insult and banish beans. We would not deal with a man thus plodding ever, leaning on a help to distribute them over all the land. We should never stand upon the qualities which I have named, which we all prize more than those should be instructed to send home such seeds as these, and Congress This further experience also I gained: I said to myself, I will not plant least, and not for himself to lie down in! But why should not the New do, as if there were a fate in it. I saw an old man the other day, to my meet at all, for they seem not to have time; they are busy about their astonishment, making the holes with a hoe for the seventieth time at his potato and grass crop, and his orchards — raise other crops than manurance, and sustain me, for surely it has not been exhausted for This generation is very sure to plant corn and beans each new year hoe or a spade as a staff between his work, not as a mushroom, but were wormeaten or had lost their vitality, and so did not come up. and ineffable quality, for instance, as truth or justice, though the alighted and walking on the ground:– "And as he spake, his wings would now and then Spread, as he meant to fly, then close again —"

so that we should suspect that we might be conversing with an angel. Bread may not always nourish us; but it always does us good, it even takes stiffness out of our joints, and makes us supple and buoyant, when we knew not what ailed us, to recognize any generosity in man or Nature, to share any unmixed and heroic joy.

no festival, nor procession, nor ceremony, not excepting our cattle-shows regarding the soil as property, or the means of acquiring property chiefly, farmer leads the meanest of lives. He knows Nature but as a robber. Cato Ancient poetry and mythology suggest, at least, that husbandry was once us, our object being to have large farms and large crops merely. We have the sacredness of his calling, or is reminded of its sacred origin. It is the a sacred art; but it is pursued with irreverent haste and heedlessness by premium and the feast which tempt him. He sacrifices not to Ceres and and so-called Thanksgivings, by which the farmer expresses a sense of cultivated it led a pious and useful life, and that they alone were left of the Terrestrial Jove, but to the infernal Plutus rather. By avarice and "called the same earth Mother and Ceres, and thought that they who (maximeque pius quaestus), and according to Varro the old Romans selfishness, and a grovelling habit, from which none of us is free, of the landscape is deformed, husbandry is degraded with us, and the says that the profits of agriculture are particularly pious or just the race of King Saturn."

We are wont to forget that the sun looks on our cultivated fields and on the prairies and forests without distinction. They all reflect and absorb his rays alike, and the former make but a small part of the glorious picture which he beholds in his daily course. In his view the earth is all equally cultivated like a garden. Therefore we should receive the benefit of his light and heat with a corresponding trust and magnanimity. What though I value the seed of these beans, and harvest that in the fall of the year? This broad field which I have looked at so long looks not to me as the principal cultivator, but away from me to influences more genial to it, which water and make it green. These beans have results which are not harvested by me. Do they not grow for woodchucks partly? The ear of wheat (in Latin spica, obsoletely speca, from spe, hope) should not be the