Exercise 2: Complete, No, and Partial Pooling

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Task Description

One finding reported in the literature is that the weather influences ones subjective well-being. File weather_wb.csv contains simulated (i.e., fictitious) data from a study in which a random sample of 60 individuals (column id) were asked to report their subjective well being (column swb) at the end of each of 45 consecutive days. Note, the start date for each participant can be a different day and participants can come from different locations/climates. Subjective well-being was a composite score constructed from four individual items. Participants had to rate how "happy", "joyful", "sad", and "angry" they felt on a scale from 0 to 10, and the last two items were reverse coded for the composite score. In addition, the data also contains the daily sun hours (column sunh) at the location the participant was during each day.

Your task is to analyse this data using no-pooling, at least one complete-pooling approach (ideally two different complete pooling approaches), and partial pooling using a linear mixed models. The research goal is to answer the question if there is a relationship between the daily sun hours and the reported subjective well-being.

Do the different approaches agree in their conclusions? If not, what you think is the correct approach and why do you think the different approaches might provide a different answer? If you can, please add one figure for each of your analyses approaches to the results.

Solution

Load Data and Packages

Read data and load some packages.

Descriptive Statistics

Then let's calculate some descriptives statistics. First, number of observations and participants

```
w %>%
group_by(id) %>%
summarise(n = n()) %>%
do(psych::describe(.$n))
```

```
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se ## X1 1 60 45 0 45 45 0 45 45 0 NaN NaN 0
```

Second, descriptive statistics where data is aggregated within participants:

```
w %>%
 group_by(id) %>%
  summarise(mean_sunh = mean(sunh),
           mean_swb = mean(swb)) %>%
 select(-id) %>%
 do(psych::describe(.))
##
            vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew
## mean_sunh 1 60 5.09 2.27 4.97 5.08 3.12 1.14 8.84 7.71 0.03
             2 60 7.01 0.96 7.09 7.06 0.92 4.32 8.79 4.47 -0.50
## mean_swb
##
           kurtosis se
## mean_sunh
              -1.38 0.29
## mean_swb
              -0.10 0.12
```

This shows quite a considerable range in mean daily sun hours as well as mean subjective well-being.

No Pooling

```
# ...
```

Complete Pooling

```
# ...
```

Partial Pooling

```
library("lme4")
# ...
```