## Exercise 2.1: Fitting Mixed Models Using lme4

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For this exercise we will use the data of Skovgaard-Olsen et al. (2016) already used previously. We can load it directly. We also load package lme4 for fitting some first mixed models.

```
load("ssk16_dat_prepared_ex2.rda")
str(dat2)
  'data.frame':
                   752 obs. of 7 variables:
                  : Factor w/ 94 levels "102_P(if,then)",..: 63 63 63 63 63 63 63 64 64 ...
##
   $ p_id
##
  i_id
                  : Factor w/ 12 levels "1","2","3","4",..: 1 2 7 8 9 10 11 12 2 4 ...
## $ B given A
                         52 60 79 0 51 79 80 77 98 98 ...
                         0.02 0.1 0.29 -0.5 0.01 0.29 0.3 0.27 0.48 0.48 ...
## $ B_given_A_c : num
## $ if_A_then_B : num 52 1 84 0 51 94 1 81 95 97 ...
## $ if_A_then_B_c: num 0.02 -0.49 0.34 -0.5 0.01 0.44 -0.49 0.31 0.45 0.47 ...
## $ rel cond
                  : Factor w/ 2 levels "PO", "IR": 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 1 1 1 ...
library("lme4")
```

## ## Loading required package: Matrix

Variables in the data:

- p\_id: participant identifier
- i\_id: item identifier (i.e., id of vignette)
- B\_given\_A: original P(B|A)
- B\_given\_A\_c: P(B|A) centered at midpoint of scale (as used in paper)
- if\_A\_then\_B: original P(if A then B)
- if\_A\_then\_B\_c: P(if A then B) centered at midpoint of scale (as used in paper)
- rel\_cond: relevance condition, irrelevant here.

Research question: Does the Equation (i.e., P(if A then B) = P(B|A)) hold?

## Task 1: Fit 2 Models

Our general goal is to use a partial pooling approach with this data using 1m4. We want to recreate the first two models from the lecture, add one more model, and inspect the results.

- Dependent variable: if\_A\_then\_B\_c
- Fixed effect: B\_given\_A\_c
- 1. The first model only has by-participant (i.e., by p\_id) random-slopes for B\_given\_A\_c.
- 2. The second model has has by-participant random-slopes for B\_given\_A\_c and random-intercepts, as well as the correlation between the random-effects parameters.
- 3. The third (and new) model only has by-participant random intercepts and no random slopes.

```
# m1 <- lmer( ... , dat2)
# m2 <- lmer( ... , dat2)
# m3 <- lmer( ... , dat2)
```

Inspect the results of all models:

• Which model shows a singular fit or other convergence problems? Do you have an idea where the convergence problems come from?

- What do the parameter estimates of the random effects mean?
- Does the choice of random-effects structure affect the fixed-effect estimates and/or inferential statistics?
- Which model do you think would be the best to report?

## Task 2: Suppressing the Correlation

The only model we have not yet considered for this data is a model without correlation among the random-effects parameters. Can you set it up?

```
# m4 <- lmer( ... , dat2)
```

Does this model show any benefit compared to one of the previous models?