

## STARTER ACTIVITY

- 1. What are the four major layers of the Earth?
- 2. Mention one material found in each part of the Earth's structure.

LESSON OBJECTIVE(S):

# ANSWERS TO STARTER ACTIVITY

1. Crust, mantle, outer core and inner core

Starter B: crust: iron, oxygen, silicon

mantle: iron, oxygen, silicon

outer core: iron, nickel, oxygen

inner core: iron and nickel.

## TOPIC: Structure of the Earth

#### LESSON OBJECTIVE(S)

- 1. All of you will be able to explain the concept of continental drift.
- 2. Most of you will be able to define tectonic plates and also give examples of different tectonic plate.

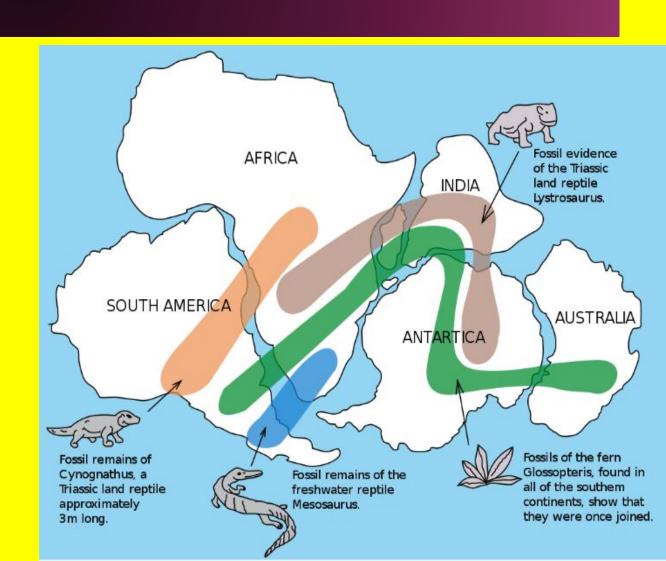
## KEY WORDS

- I) Core
- ii) Crust
- iii) Mantle
- iv) Molten
- v) Continental drift
- vi) Tectonic plates

LESSON OBJECTIVE(S)

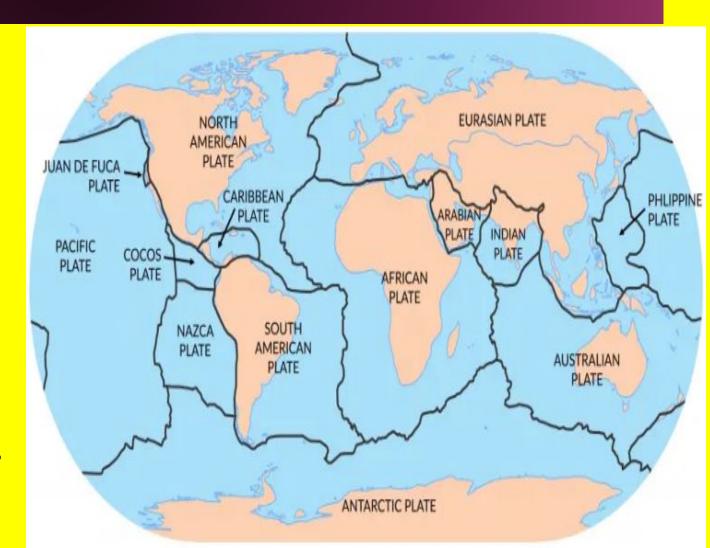
#### CONTINENTAL DRIFT

- Alfred Wegener proposed that the continents were once united into a single supercontinent named Pangaea, meaning all earth in ancient Greek.
- He suggested that Pangaea broke up long ago and that the continents then moved to their current positions.
- He called his hypothesis continental drift.



## PLATE TECTONICS

- Plate tectonics is the theory that Earth's outer shell is divided into large slabs of solid rock, called "tectonic plates,"
- The driving force behind plate tectonics is convection in the mantle.
- Hot material near the Earth's core rises, and colder mantle rock sinks.



## EVALUATION

- 1. What are the four major layers of the Earth?
- 2. Mention one material found in each part of the Earth's structure.
- 3. What are the Tectonic Plates?
- 4. Name the most common metal in the Earth's crust
- 5. Name the most common non-metal in the Earth's crust.