Vectorization Slides

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Vectorization: `apply` and `purrr`

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- `apply`, `lapply`, `sapply`, ... come built-in with R and allow you to apply *any* function in a vectorized way to a matrix/dataframe, list, or vector.
- `purrr`'s `map`, `map_dbl`, `map_dfc`, ... are the `tidyverse` equivalents and extensions to the `apply()` family.

```r
library(tidyverse)
d <- list(
  data.frame(quant = c("danny", "insong", "teppei")),
  data.frame(schools = c("MIT", "Harvard"))
)
# We want a list as an output
lapply(d, function(x) nrow(x))

# default map returns a list
map(d, function(x) nrow(x))

# The tidy version
d %>% map(~ nrow(.x))
```

```r
library(tidyverse)
v <- 1:10

# We want a list as an output
sapply(v, function(x) x * x)

# The tidy version
v %>% map_dbl(~ .x * .x)
```

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- Of particular interest are map_dfr and map_dfc, which run a function on the input and then row/column bind the outputs together.
- Inspired popular parallelization package furrr which we will introduce you to shortly.