R Coding Practices for Social Scientists

A quick and dirty introduction to writing and debugging clean, reproducible code in R

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Plan for today

Writing clean code

Quick introduction to debugging

Making your project replicable

Table of Contents

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- Quick introduction to debugging
- Making your project replicable

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- Two important aspects that make a recipe good:
 - Annotation and organization: I know where to find the input, and can understand the instructions even if I have never made the recipe before.
 - Abstraction: Combine basic instructions into more abstract functions or states. E.g. In my bread-baking book I am told to "combine the dough using the Pincer method." When I look up the Pincer method I get 6 images and accompanying words explaining it. Imagine if the book had to repeat these 6 images and explanations every time.

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 - Key point: The more you abstract away, and the better your naming, the fewer comments vou will need!

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 - Annotation through commenting, variable naming, and using the styler package.
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 - Organization through folder structure, code structure, and the here package.

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 - Note that you can always run each line of a function individually and print the output to see if it matches what you expect.
 - When you code, always debug as you go. I.e. don't write 50 functions and then start testing your code. Rather do it, a function or two at a time.

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- What's the process of restoring a renv project like.

Thank you so much!

Please feel free to reach out if you have any questions and/or suggestions!