

# Tips & tricks for making your own R package:

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Tidal Exchange

4/7/22

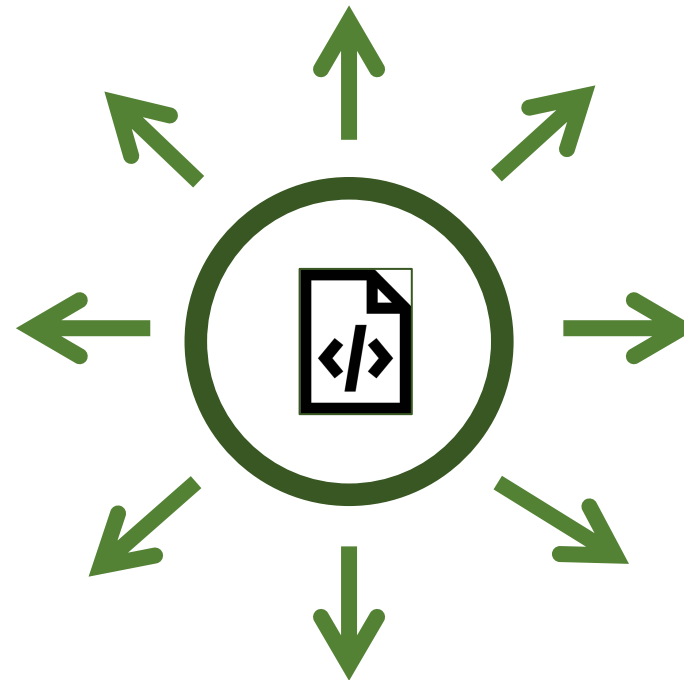
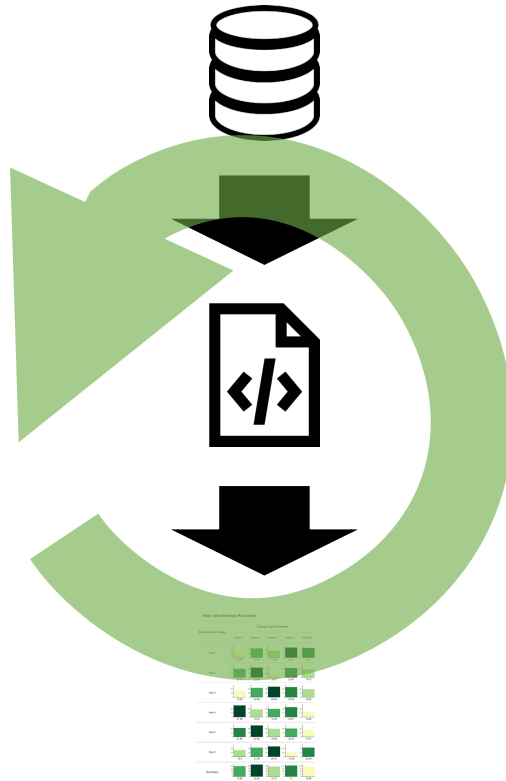
# Why build your own R package?

1. Organization

2. Reproducibility

3. Distribution

4. Novel tool



# Where to start:

R Packages you will need installed

- roxygen2
- devtools



5 Easy steps to build an R package

# Where to start:

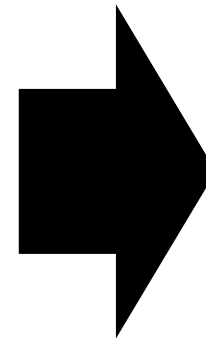
## R Packages you will need installed

- roxygen2
- devtools

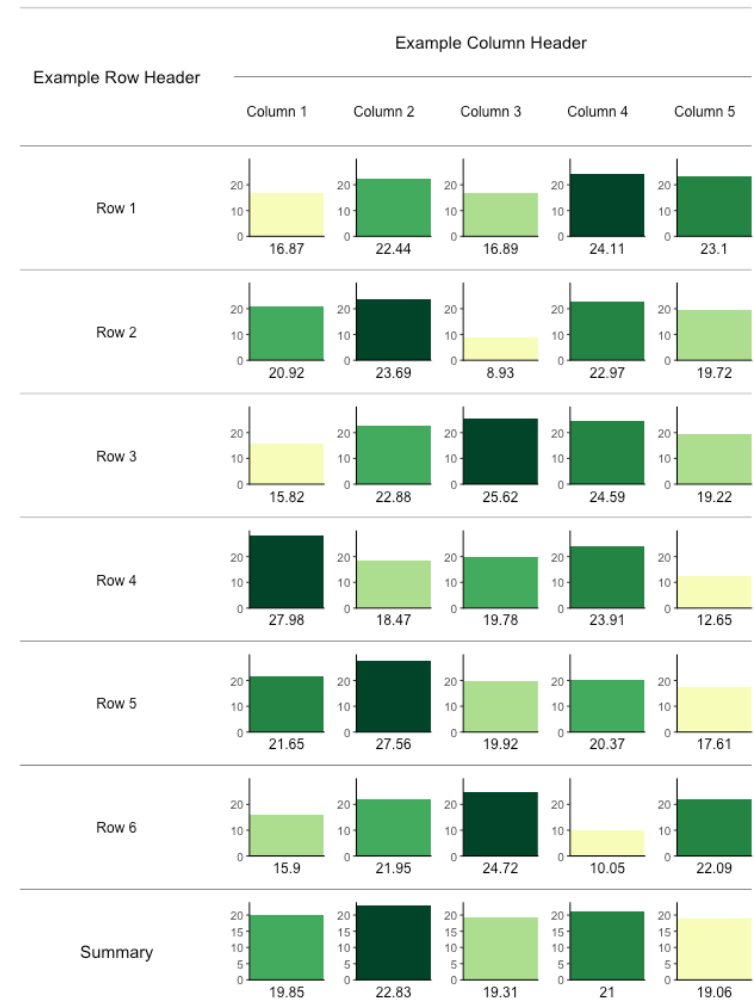


## decisiontable R package

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Row 1	16.86773	22.43715	16.893797	24.10611	23.09913
Row 2	20.91822	23.69162	8.926501	22.96951	19.71936
Row 3	15.82186	22.87891	25.624655	24.59489	19.22102
Row 4	27.9764	18.47306	19.775332	23.91068	12.64624
Row 5	21.64754	27.55891	19.919049	20.37282	17.60925
Row 6	15.89766	21.94922	24.719181	10.05324	22.08971



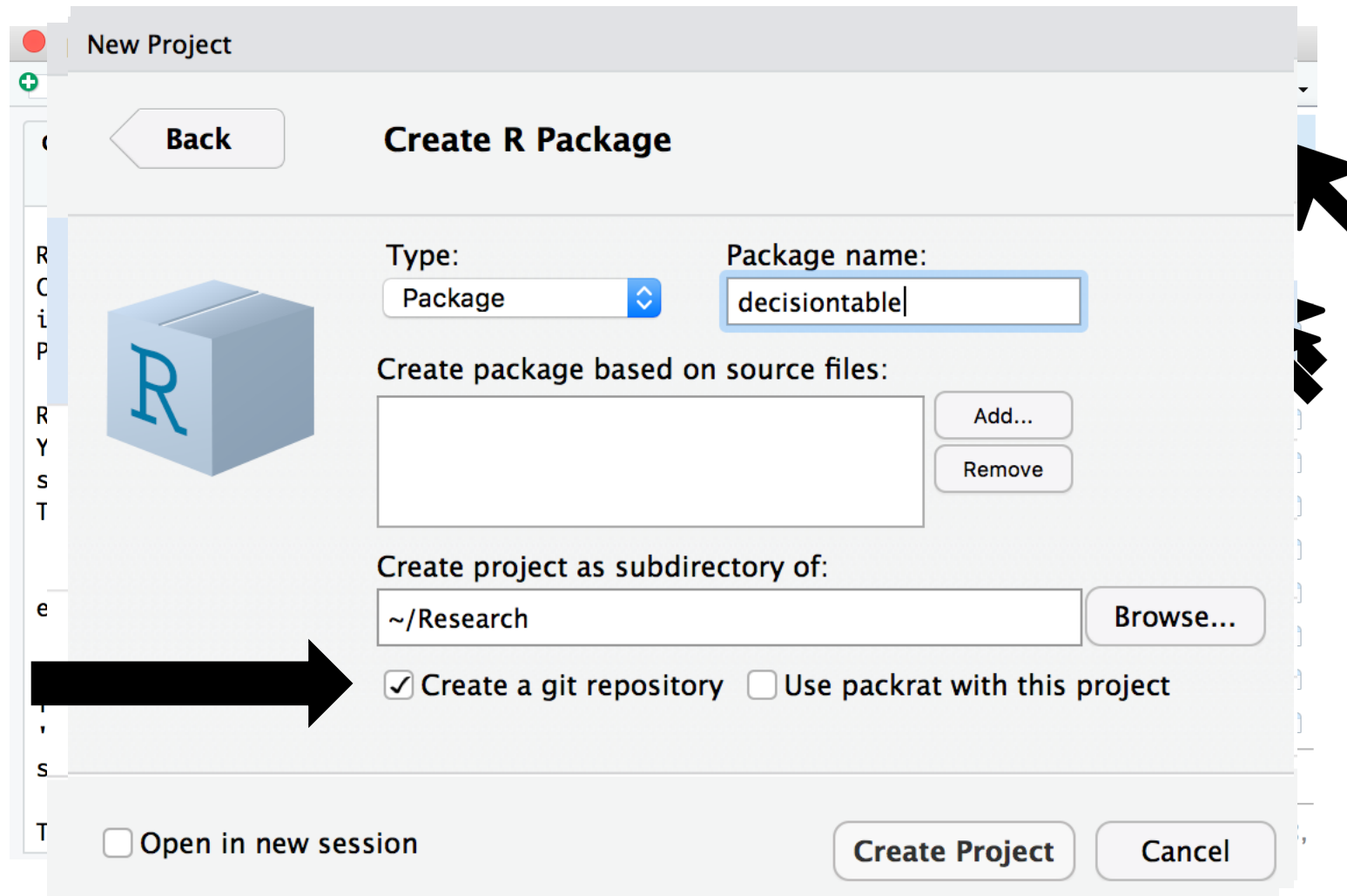
Mean Value Summary Row Option



```
devtools::install_github("ahart1/decisiontable")
```

# 5 Easy steps to build an R package

## 1) Set up your package directory



New Project

Back

Create R Package

Type: Package

Package name: decisiontable

Create package based on source files:

Add...

Remove

Create project as subdirectory of:

~/Research

Browse...

☒ Create a git repository ☐ Use packrat with this project

☐ Open in new session








Create Project Cancel

# 5 Easy steps to build an R package

## 1) Set up your package directory

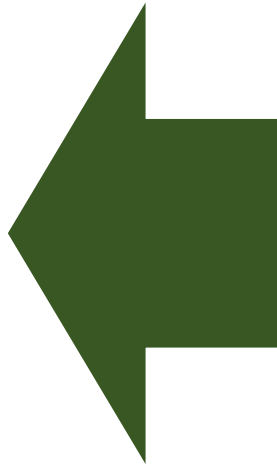
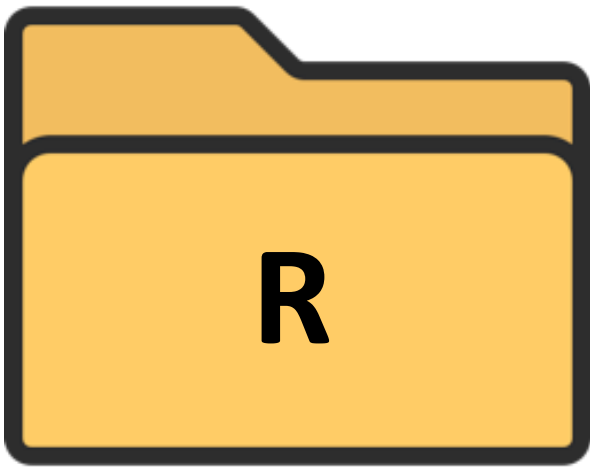
4 main files



	▲ Name	Size
	..	
<input type="checkbox"/> 	.gitignore	40 B
<input type="checkbox"/> 	.Rbuildignore	28 B
<input type="checkbox"/> 	DESCRIPTION	371 B
<input type="checkbox"/> 	man	
<input type="checkbox"/> 	NAMESPACE	31 B
<input type="checkbox"/> 	R	

# 5 Easy steps to build an R package

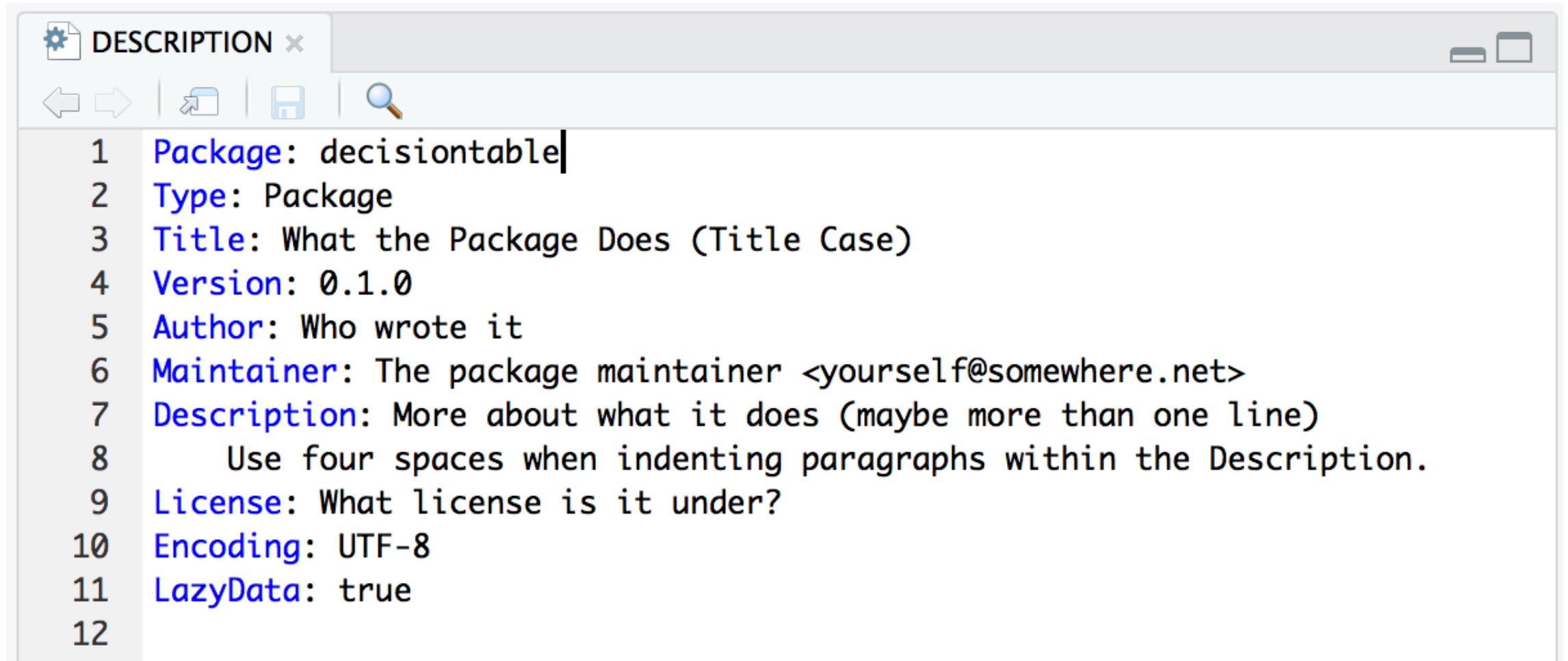
## 2) Populate the R folder



```
GeneralDecisionTableFunction.R x
Source on Save Run Source
131 #####
132 # Plot graphics
133 #####
134 # Create png: filename, width, height, resolution can all be adjusted
135 png(filename = paste(OutputDirectory, paste(OutputFileName, ".png", sep=""), se
136
137 # Set up correct graphic format (number of rows/columns, layout matrix) for giv
138 graphicFormat <- NULL # Start with empty format object
139 if(ncol(data) == 1){
140
141   if(SummaryRowOption == "Off"){
142     graphicFormat$graphicNrow <- 6+nrow(data)*2
143     loopnums <- seq(from=11, to=11+nrow(data)*3, by=3)
144   } else{
145     graphicFormat$graphicNrow <- 6+nrow(data)*2 + 2 # Add 2 rows for summary ro
146     loopnums <- seq(from=11, to=11+(nrow(data)+1)*3, by=3) # Add 2 rows for sum
147   }
148   graphicFormat$graphicNcol <- 5
149   graphicLayout <- c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, rep(6, ncol(data)+3), 5, 7, rep(8, ncol(dat
150   for(inum in loopnums[-length(loopnums)]){
151     graphicLayout <- c(graphicLayout, inum+1, rep(inum+2, ncol(data)+2), 5)
152     graphicLayout <- c(graphicLayout, rep(inum+3, ncol(data)+3), 5)
153   }
154   graphicFormat$graphicLayout <- graphicLayout
155
156 } else if(ncol(data) == 2){
157
158   if(SummaryRowOption == "Off"){
159     graphicFormat$graphicNrow <- 6+nrow(data)*2
160     loopnums <- seq(from=12, to=12+nrow(data)*4, by=4)
161   } else{
162     graphicFormat$graphicNrow <- 6+nrow(data)*2+2 # Add 2 rows for summary row
163     loopnums <- seq(from=12, to=12+(nrow(data)+1)*4, by=4) # Add 2 rows for sum
164   }
165 }
1:1 (Top Level) R Script
```

# 5 Easy steps to build an R package

## 3) Populate the DESCRIPTION file

A screenshot of an RStudio window showing the 'DESCRIPTION' file. The window has a title bar with a gear icon, the text 'DESCRIPTION', and a close button. Below the title bar is a toolbar with icons for back, forward, save, and search. The main text area contains the following content:

```
1 Package: decisiontable|
2 Type: Package
3 Title: What the Package Does (Title Case)
4 Version: 0.1.0
5 Author: Who wrote it
6 Maintainer: The package maintainer <yourself@somewhere.net>
7 Description: More about what it does (maybe more than one line)
8     Use four spaces when indenting paragraphs within the Description.
9 License: What license is it under?
10 Encoding: UTF-8
11 LazyData: true
12
```



# 5 Easy steps to build an R package

## 3) Populate the DESCRIPTION file

Imports: R (>= 3.4.0), →

ggplot2,  
ggplotify,  
grid,  
gridExtra,  
png,  
raster,  
rasterVis,  
rgdal,  
tidyverse,  
cowplot,  
magick

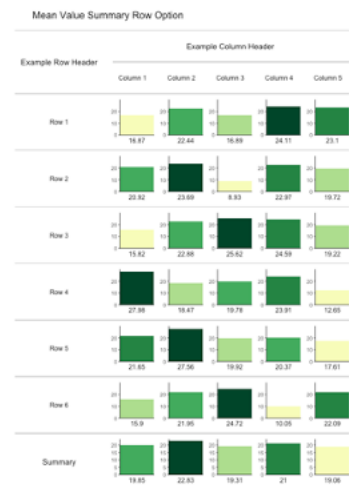
R version

Plotting

Saving final  
image

Dealing with  
rasters

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Row 1	16.86773	22.43715	16.893797	24.10611	23.09913
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**Trick:** Search your R script for library() function calls, if you needed to load a package for your original script to run then you will need that package loaded as a dependency to your new package

# 5 Easy steps to build an R package

## 4) Document everything!!!

Use the **roxygen2** R package to document your functions using the `#'` comment and `@` tag notation

Each function needs:

`#' @title` A title for the documentation page

`#' @description` A description of your function

`#'` that may span multiple lines.

`#' @param` parameterName Followed by a description of this parameter input to the function, include description of default setting








`#' @return` Describing what the function returns (e.g. a number, a table, an image file)

`#' @examples`

# 5 Easy steps to build an R package

## 4) Document everything!!!

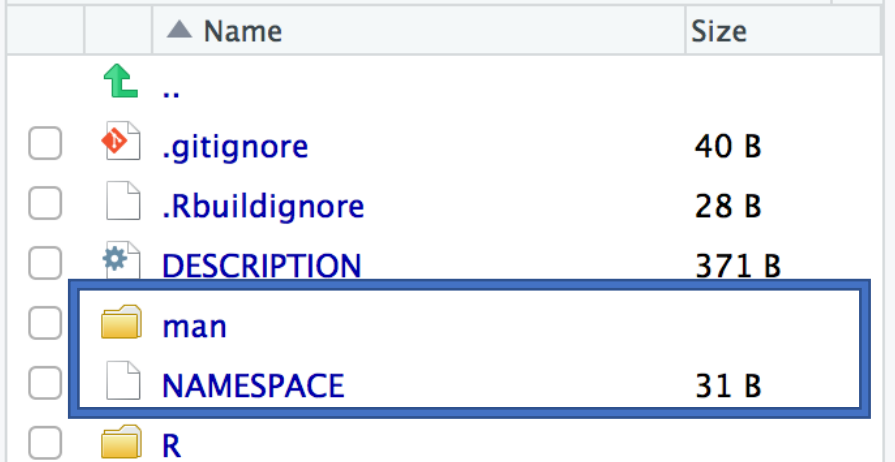
4 main files

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<input type="checkbox"/>	 NAMESPACE	31 B
<input type="checkbox"/>	 R	

# 5 Easy steps to build an R package

## 5) Build and test your package

- To compile and format your documentation run: **document()**
  - Check that the **man** folder has .Rd files generated by roxygen2
  - Check that the **NAMESPACE** file has been populated by roxygen2 (if not did you remember to add #' @export to your documentation?)
- Load the package locally using: **library()**
  - You can now view the formatted help documentation by calling **?functionname**
  - Try restarting Rstudio if documentation is not visible or returns an error



	Name	Size
	..	
	.gitignore	40 B
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	man	
	NAMESPACE	31 B
	R	

matrix or the specified dimensions if data is provided as vector. Labels, figure layout and dimensions, and coloring scheme, can be customized. Confidence intervals may be specified using the upper bounds provided in Data\_UpperCI and lower bounds provided in Data\_LowerCI data inputs (confidence intervals are not automatically generated). Up to three icons may be printed next to the title, and a summary information can also be automatically calculated and appended as the last row of the decision table.

**Usage**

```
makeDecisionTable(  
  data,  
  rownames = NULL,  
  colnames = NULL,  
  OutputDirectory = getwd(),  
  OutputFileName = "DecisionTable",  
  GraphicTitle = "Title",  
  RowHeader = "Row Header"
```

# 5 Easy steps to build an R package

## 5) Build and test your package

Restart R to run final tests to ensure others can use it:

- Try installing your package
  - E.g. `install("decisiontable")` OR `devtools::install_github("ahart1/decisiontable")`
- Load your package again and run the examples
  - If they don't work, check that you included:
    - All dependent packages
    - All example datasets



# “Advanced” features & Next steps

## Share your package

- Add your package to CRAN
  - <http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz/release.html>
- Host your package on GitHub
  - [https://kbroman.org/pkg\\_primer/pages/github.html](https://kbroman.org/pkg_primer/pages/github.html)



# “Advanced” features & Next steps

## Expand your documentation

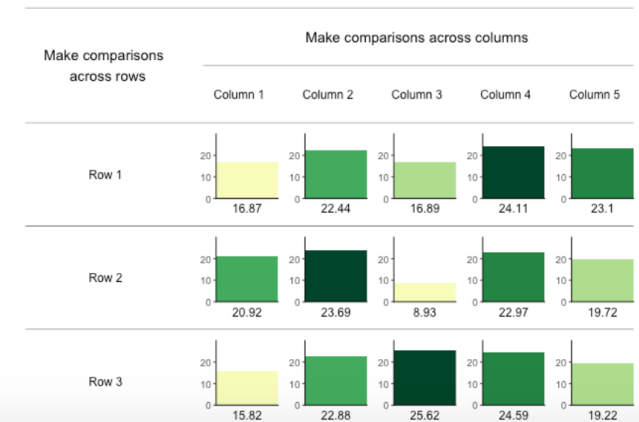
- Add a README file: by running **use\_readme\_rmd()** (in devtools package) in your R package directory
  - [https://usethis.r-lib.org/reference/use\\_readme\\_rmd.html](https://usethis.r-lib.org/reference/use_readme_rmd.html)
- Add a vignette
  - <http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz/vignettes.html>

README.md

## decisiontable

The goal of decisiontable is to combine text-based tables with graphical elements to produce flexible decision table visualizations that convey trade-offs and are easily reproduced. The package leverages bar plots, coloring options, layout choices, and optional summary information to highlight and display trade-offs.

Example Decision Table



## Installation

You can install the development version of decisiontable from [GitHub](#) with:

```
# install.packages("devtools")
devtools::install_github("ahart1/decisiontable")
```

# “Advanced” features & Next steps

## Extra features

- R datasets
- Explore roxygen2 documentation features
  - E.g. use `@export` to indicate functions that should be visible to users of the package vs. those that should stay behind the scenes
  - Explore the NAMESPACE file: <http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz/namespace.html>
  - Use `@inheritParams` to inherit parameter documentation from another function

## Helpful tutorials

- R Packages book: <http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz/>
- Simple R package example: <https://hilaryparker.com/2014/04/29/writing-an-r-package-from-scratch/>