

PROBLEM STATEMENT

How do you write a successful piece of literature?

Helping authors choose the best expression to reach their target audience

- Books
- Blogs
- Technical Publications





Frequency

User query

 \rightarrow

Rating

Category

DATA SOURCES



- Google n-grams dataset: fixed dataset with the frequency of 1 to 5 word expressions in published books and magazines over time from about 1500 until now.
- Google Books API: text searches returning bibliographical information
- Good Reads API: reviews, ratings, tags of books

VOLUME * VARIETY * VELOCITY

Volume:

*Google N-gram: 3.5 TB data stored in our S3 bucket (only English bigrams)

* we used a 15 GB subset of it for bigrams starting with "AB..."

Variety:

* JSONs from Google Books, GoodReads API calls

* Google N-gram CSVs

Velocity:

* Kibana dashboard refreshes search history every 5 seconds

Services used:

* Amazon EC2

* Amazon S3

* Amazon RDS

* Amazon ES Services

Tools used:

* Apache Spark (PySpark, SparkR)

* PostgreSQL

* ElasticSearch, Kibana

* Shiny, D3

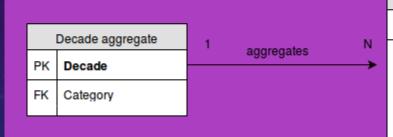
* Python, R

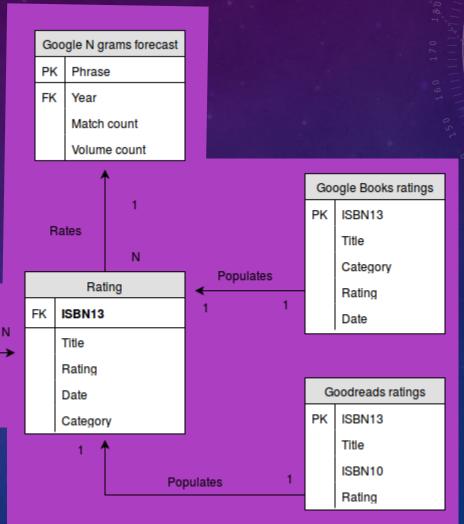
DATA CHALLENGES

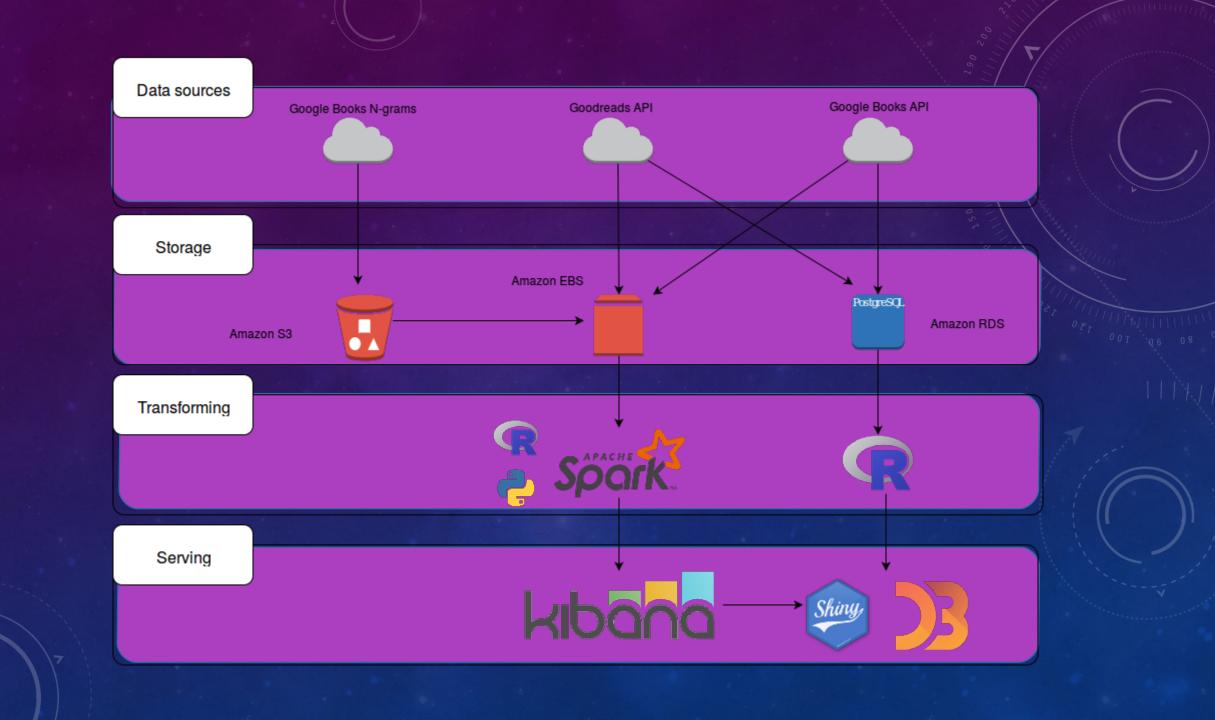


- Thousands of compressed CSV files in Google N-gram database, with some files taking 2-3 GB of space
- Good Reads has a restriction of 1 API call per second
- Filtering data from Good Reads such that we get Ratings for books written in English with a valid ISBN
- Filtering data from Google Books such that we get Ratings, ISBN and valid category for books.
- Amazon S3 maintains the Google N-gram database in an encoded format, requires building Hive/Spark with LZOCodec.

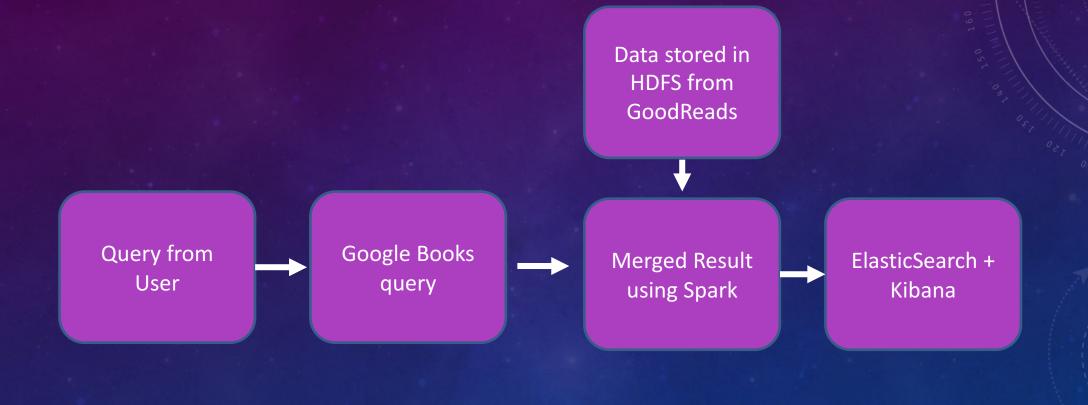


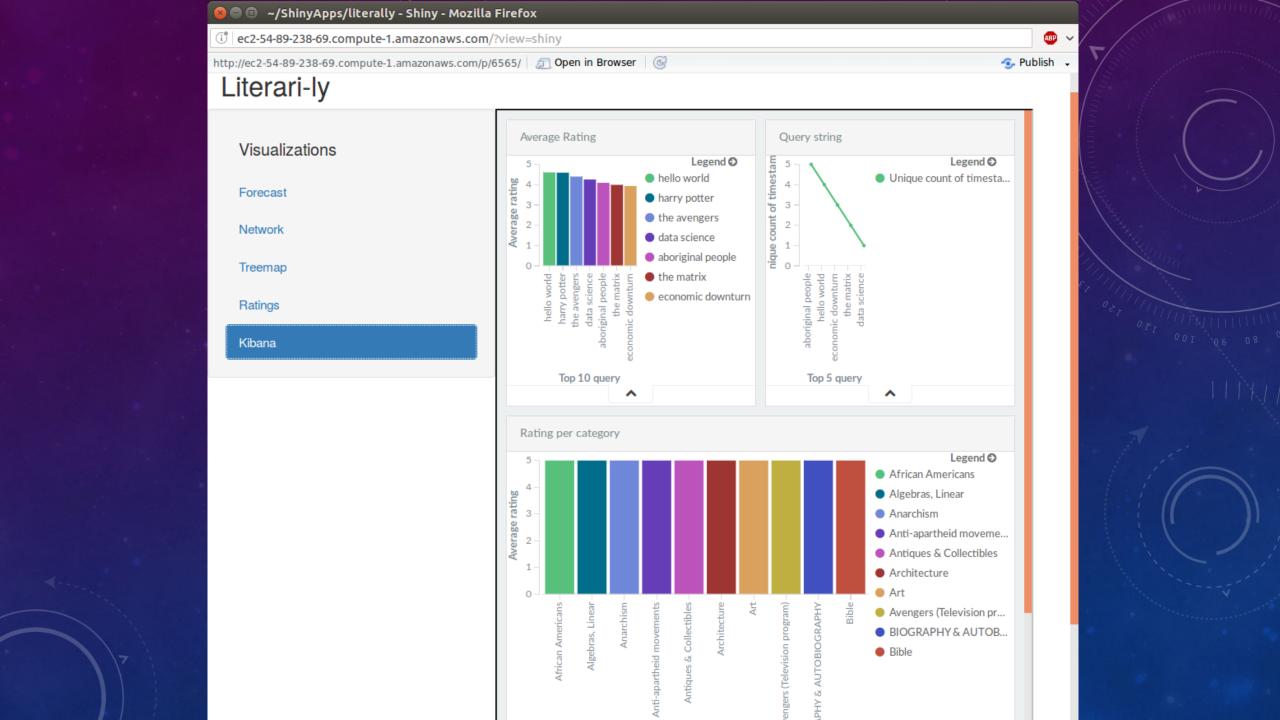




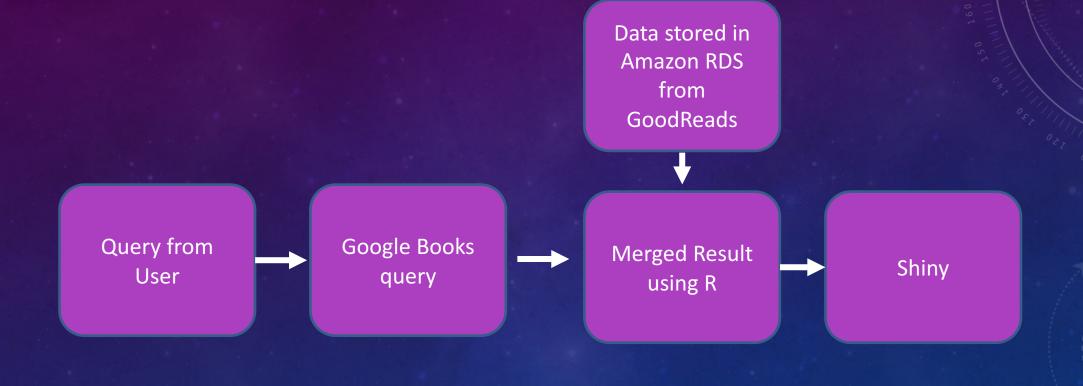


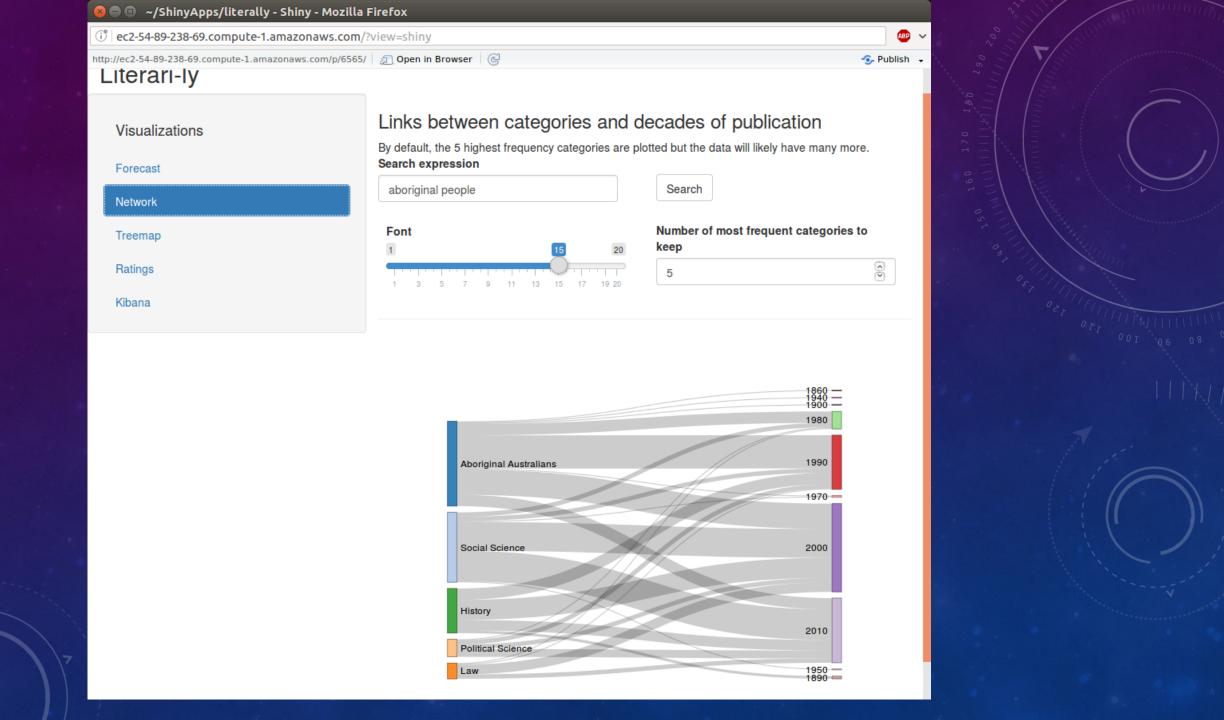
ARCHITECTURE * KIBANA DASHBOARD

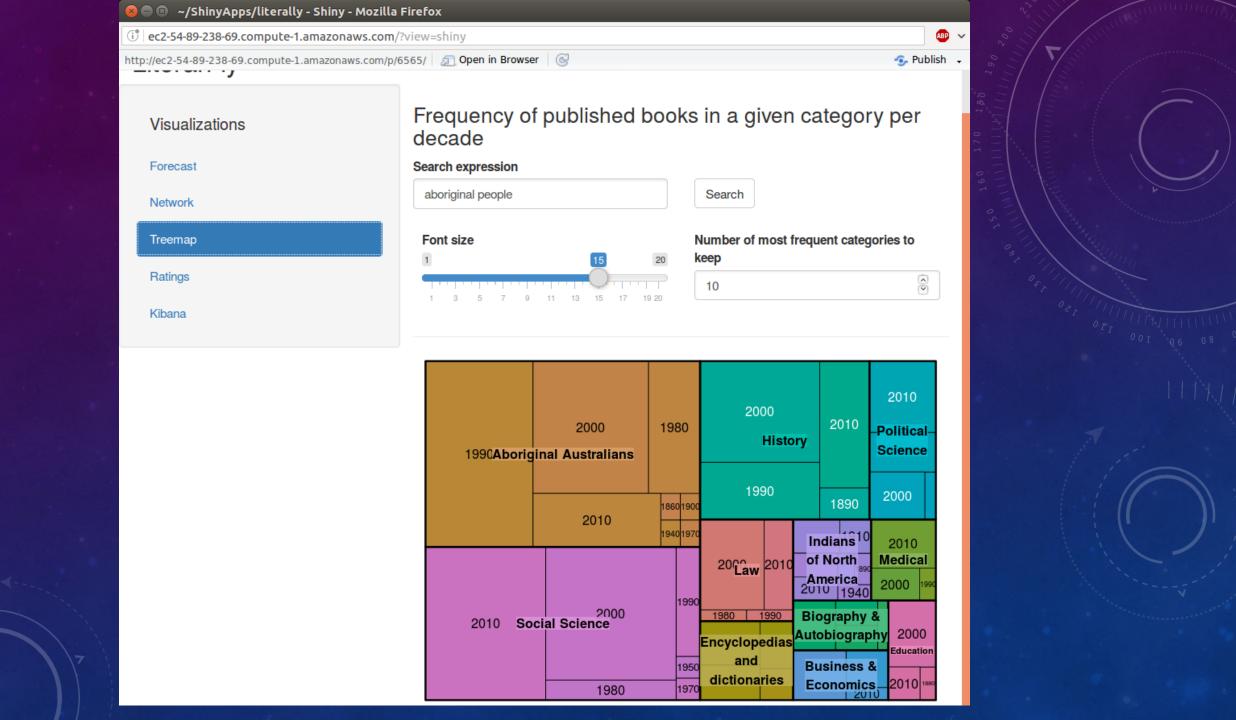


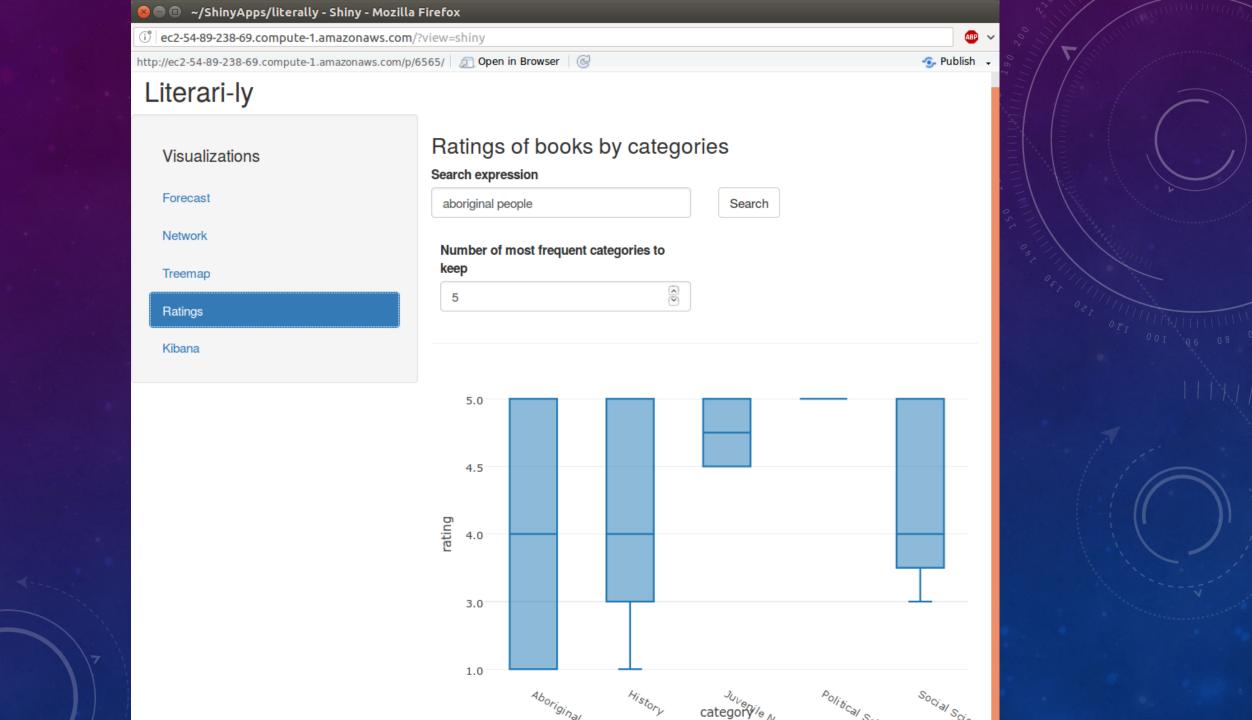


ARCHITECTURE * RATING AND CATEGORIES

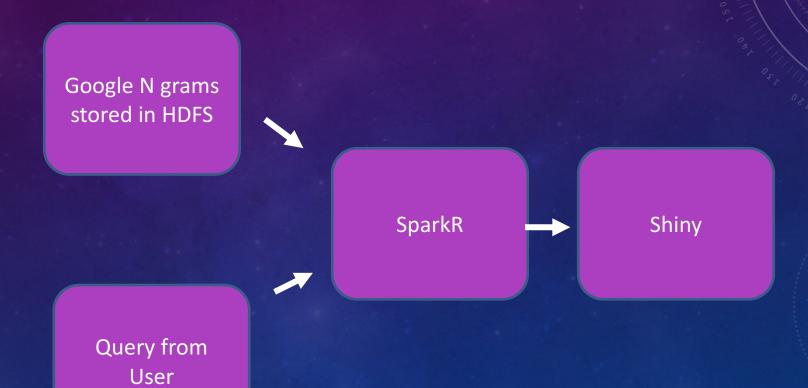


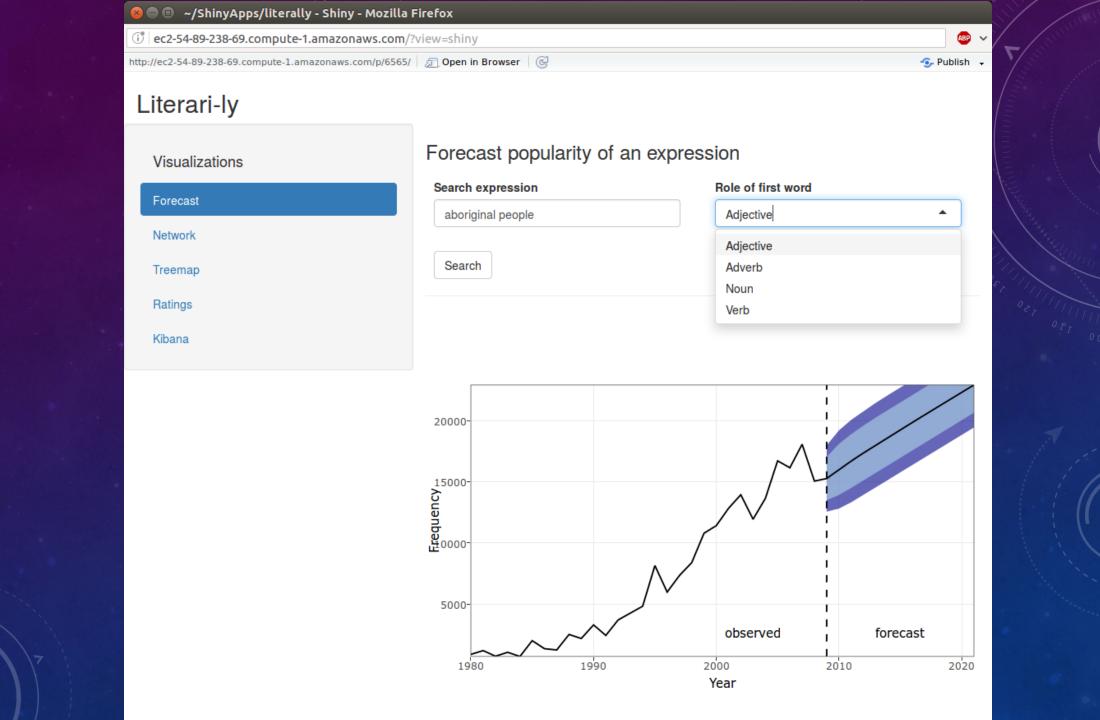






ARCHITECTURE * FORECASTING





FUTURE WORK

- The expressions could be queried in the Twitter API and return the distribution of user interests who tweeted the queried expressions.
- Example implementation of finding out user interests at scale:

http://www.mpi-sws.org/~mzafar/papers/recsys14-userinterests.pdf

http://twitter-app.mpi-sws.org/who-likes-what/