CSU44004-Formal Verification Assignment 2

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Question 1

a)
$$\forall x (0 \le x < |s| \Rightarrow \exists y \exists z (0 \le y < z < |s'| \land s[x] = s'[y] \land s[x] = s'[z] \land y \ne z))$$

b)
$$\forall w(0 \le w < |s| \Rightarrow !(\exists x \exists y \exists z(0 \le x < y < z < |s'| \land s[w] = s'[x] \land s[w] = s'[y] \land s[w] = s'[z] \land x \ne y \land y \ne z \land x \ne z)))$$

c)
$$\forall x(0 \le x < |s| \Rightarrow \exists y \exists z(0 \le y < z < |s'| \land s[x] = s'[y] \land s[x] = s'[z] \land y \ne z \land \forall w(0 \le w < |s'| \land y \ne w \land z \ne w \Rightarrow s[x] \ne s'[w]))$$

$$\forall x (\neg \exists y (0 \le y < |s| \land s[y] = x) \Rightarrow \neg \exists z (0 \le z < |s'| \land s'[z] = x))$$

Question 2

Solution 2(a)

```
0 \le lo < |s| \land \forall x (0 \le x < |s| \Rightarrow s[lo] \ge s[x])
```

Solution 2(b)

```
Show \vdash_{par} (\mid 0 < |s| \mid) findMax (\mid T\mid).
Invariant = T
Variant = hi - lo
(|0 < |s|)
(\mid T \land 0 < |s| \mid) imp
lo := 0;
(\mid T \land lo < |s| \mid) asg
(\mid T \wedge lo \leq |s| - 1 \mid) imp
hi := |s| - 1;
(\mid T \wedge hi < |s| \mid) asg
(T \wedge hi - lo \geq 0) imp
while (lo < hi) {
       (\mid T \land 0 \leq hi - lo = E_o \land lo < hi \mid) while
       ( 0 < hi - lo = E_o ) imp
       if (s[lo] \le s[hi]) then {
              (0 < hi - lo = E_o \land s[lo] \le s[hi]) if-statement
              (0 \le hi - (lo + 1) < E_o) imp
              lo := lo + 1;
              ( 0 \le hi - lo < E_o ) asg
       else {
              (\mid 0 < hi - lo = E_o \land \neg(s[lo] \le s[hi]) \mid) if-statement
              (0 \le (hi-1) - lo < E_o) imp
              hi := hi - 1;
              (0 \le hi - lo < E_o) asg
       0 \le hi - lo < E_o | if-statement
       (T \land 0 \le hi - lo < E_o) imp
(T \land \neg(lo < hi)) while
(\mid T\mid)
```

Solution 2(c)

```
Show \vdash_{par} (\mid 0 < |s| \mid) findMax (| isMax(s, lo)|).
Invariant = isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi..], lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi..], lo + 1)
Variant = hi - lo
(|s| |s|)
(0 < |s| \land (isMax(s[..0 + 1] + s[|s| - 1..], 0) \lor isMax(s[..0 + 1] + s[|s| - 1..], |s| - 1))) imp
lo := 0;
(|lo < |s| \land (isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[|s| - 1..], lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[|s| - 1..], |s| - 1)) |) asg
hi := |s| - 1;
(|lo \le hi < |s| \land (isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi..], lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi..], lo + 1)) |) asg
while ( lo < hi ) {
      (|lo \le hi \land (isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi..], lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi..], lo + 1)) |) while
      (|(isMax(s[..lo+1]+s[hi..],lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo+1]+s[hi..],lo+1))|) imp
      if (s[lo] < s[hi]) then {
             ((isMax(s[..lo+1] + s[hi..], lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo+1] + s[hi..], lo+1)) \land s[lo] < s[hi])
             if-statement
             (|isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi..], lo + 1)) imp
             lo := lo + 1;
             (|isMax(s[..lo] + s[hi..], lo)|) asg
      }
      else {
             (|(isMax(s[..lo+1]+s[hi..],lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo+1]+s[hi],lo+1)) \land \neg(s[lo] \le s[hi])|)
             if-statement
             (|isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi..], lo)|) imp
             hi := hi - 1;
             (|isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi + 1..], lo)|) asg
      isMax(s[..lo] + s[hi..], lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi + 1..], lo) if-statement
      lo \le hi \land isMax(s[..lo] + s[hi..], lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi + 1..], lo) imp
((isMax(s[..lo] + s[hi..], lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi + 1..], lo)) \land \neg(lo < hi)) while
((isMax(s[..lo] + s[hi..], lo) \lor isMax(s[..lo + 1] + s[hi + 1..], lo)) \land lo = hi) imp
(|isMax(s[..lo] + s[lo..], lo)|) imp
(|isMax(s, lo)|)
```

Question 3

Solution 3(a)

```
\forall x (0 \le x < \frac{|s|}{2} \Rightarrow s[x] = s[|s| - x - 1])
```

Solution 3(b)

```
Show \vdash_{tot} (\mid 0 \leq |s| \mid) checkPalindrome (\mid T \mid)).
Invariant = T
Variant = j - i
(0 \le |s|)
(\mid T \land 0 \leq |s| \mid) imp
res := 1;
var i := 0;
(\mid T \wedge i \leq |s| \mid) asg
(|T \wedge i - 1 \leq |s| - 1|) imp
var j := |s| - 1;
(T \land -1 \leq j) asg
(T \land i - 1 \le j) imp
(T \land -1 \leq j-i) imp
(|T \wedge j - i + 1 \ge 0|) imp
while ( i < j \& res = 1)
       (T \land i < j \land res = 1 \land 0 \le j - i + 1 = E_o) while
       (|T \land j - i > 0 \land res = 1 \land 0 \le j - i + 1 = E_o) imp
       (T \land res = 1 \land 0 < j - i < E_o) imp
       if (s[i]!=s[j])
              (|i < j \land res = 1 \land 0 \le j - i + 1 = E_o \land s[i]! = s[j]) if-statement
              res := 0
              (0 \le j - i + 1 < E_o) imp
       else
              (|i < j \land res = 1 \land 0 \le j - i + 1 = E_o \land \neg(s[i]! = s[j])) if-statement
              (0 \le j - i + 1 < E_o) imp
       (T \land 0 \le (j-1) - (i+1) + 1 < E_o) imp
       i := i + 1;
       ||T \wedge 0 \leq (j-1) - i + 1 < E_o|| asg
       (T \land 0 \le j - i + 1 < E_o) asg
(T \land (j \leqslant i \mid | res = 0)) while
(\mid T\mid)
```

Solution 3(c)

```
Show \vdash_{par} (\mid 0 \leq |s| \mid) checkPalindrome (\mid (res == 1) \Leftrightarrow isPal(s)).
Invariant = res = 1 \Leftrightarrow isPal(s[..i] + s[j + 1..])
Variant = j - i + 1
Let
I_2 = 0 \le i < j + 1 \le |s|
(|s| > 0)
(I_2 \land 1 = 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..0] + s[0 - 1 + 1..]) \land isPal(s[..0] + s[0 - 1 + 1..]) \Rightarrow 1 = 1) imp
res := 1;
var i := 0;
var j := |s| - 1;
(|I_2 \land res = 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..0] + s[0 - 1 + 1..]) \land isPal(s[..0] + s[0 - 1 + 1..]) \Rightarrow res = 1 |) asg
while ( i < j \& res = 1)
        (I_2 \land \text{res} == 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..]) \land isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..]) \Rightarrow \text{res} == 1) while
        (|I_2| = \land (s[i]! = s[j] \Rightarrow (0 \neq 1 \land isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..]))) \land \neg (s[i]! = s[j] \Rightarrow (1 \neq 1 \land isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..])))
isPal(s[..i] + s[j + 1..]))) | if-statement
        if (s[i]!=s[j])
        {
                 (|0 \neq 1 \land isPal(s[..i] + s[j + 1..]))
                 res := 0
                 (|res| = 0 \land isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j..]))
                 (|\operatorname{res} == 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j..]) \wedge isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j..]) \Rightarrow \operatorname{res} == 1imp
        }
        else
        {
                 (|1| = 1 \land isPal(s[..i] + s[i+1..]))
                 ||res| = 1 \land isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j..])||imp|
                 (|\operatorname{res} == 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j..]) \wedge isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j..]) \Rightarrow \operatorname{res} == 1imp
        (|I_2 \land \text{res} == 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j..]) \land isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j..]) \Rightarrow \text{res} == 1if-statement
        (I_2 \land \text{res} == 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j+1-1..]) \land isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j+1-1..]) \Rightarrow \text{res}
==1 ) imp
        i := i + 1;
        (|I_2 \land res == 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1-1..]) \land isPal(s[..i+1] + s[j+1-1..]) \Rightarrow res
==1 ) asg
        j := j - 1;
        (\mid I_2 \land \text{res} == 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..]) \land isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..]) \Rightarrow \text{res} == 1 \mid) asg
(I_2 \land \text{res} == 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..]) \land isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..]) \Rightarrow \text{res} == 1 \land \neg(i < j \land isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..]) \Rightarrow \neg(i < j \land isPal(s[..i] + s[j+1..]))
res = 1) | while
(\mid I_2 \land \mathrm{res} == 1 \Rightarrow \mathit{isPal}(s[..i] + s[j+1..]) \land \mathit{isPal}(s[..i] + s[j+1..]) \Rightarrow \mathrm{res} == 1 \land i = j \mid) \mathit{imp}
(|\operatorname{res} == 1 \Rightarrow isPal(s) \land isPal(s) \Rightarrow \operatorname{res} == 1 |) imp
```

 $(\mid \mathsf{res} == 1 \Leftrightarrow \mathsf{isPal}(\mathsf{s}) \mid)$

Question 4

Solution 4(a)

Show $\vdash_{tot} (\mid 0 < |s| \mid)$ findMax (| isMax(s, lo)).

```
method findMax(s: seq<int>) returns(lo: int)
requires |s| > 0
ensures isMax(s, lo)
    assert (|s| > 0);
    assert(0 < 1 <= |s| \&\& isMax(s[...1], 0));
    10 := 0;
    assert(0 <= lo < |s| && isMax(s[..1], lo));
    var hi : int := |s| - 1;
    assert(0 <= hi < |s| && isMax(s[hi..], 0));</pre>
    assert(hi - lo >= 0);
    while (lo < hi)</pre>
        decreases hi - lo
        invariant 0 <= lo <= hi < |s|</pre>
        invariant (isMax2(s, 0, lo, lo) && isMax2(s, hi, |s|-1, lo)) || (
           isMax2(s, 0, 1o, hi) && isMax2(s, hi, |s|-1 , hi))
        if(s[lo] <= s[hi])
            10 := 10 + 1;
        }
        else
           hi := hi - 1;
    }
predicate isMax2(s: seq<int>, lo: int, hi: int, max: int) {
    0 \le \max < |s| \&\& 0 \le lo \le hi < |s| \&\& forall x : int :: lo \le x \le hi
       ==> s[max] >= s[x]
predicate isMax(s : seq<int>, lo: int){
   0 \le 10 \le |s| \&\& forall x: int :: 0 \le x \le |s| ==> s[10] >= s[x]
```

Solution 4(b)

Show $\vdash_{par} (\mid T \mid)$ checkPalindrome $(\mid (res == 1) \Leftrightarrow isPal(s))$.

```
method checkPalindrome(s: seq<int>) returns (res: bool)
requires |s| >= 0
ensures isPalindrome(s) <==> res == true
   res := true;
   var i := 0 ;
   var j := | s | - 1 ;
    while ( i < j && res == true)</pre>
    invariant i == |s| -1 - j \&\& i <= |s| \&\& ((forall k :: 0 <= k < i ==> s[k])
        == s[|s|-k-1]) <==> res == true)
    decreases |s| - i
        if (s[i] != s[j])
           res := false;
        else {
        }
       i := i + 1;
        j := j - 1;
   }
predicate palindrome(s1: seq<int>, s2: seq<int>)
    |s1| == |s2| \&\& forall x : int :: 0 <= x < |s1| ==> s1[x] == s2[|s2|-x-1]
predicate isPalindrome(s: seq<int>)
    forall x : int :: 0 \le x \le |s| == s[|s|-x-1]
```