```
1
     public void dyProSolve() {
         // there's a maximum amount of fuel which we would ever want to store in the tank
 2
 3
         int maxStorage;
 4
         if (tankCapacity*storageCost <= deliveryCost) maxStorage = tankCapacity;</pre>
 5
         else maxStorage = (deliveryCost - (deliveryCost % storageCost)) / storageCost;
 6
 7
         // this is our lookup table
8
         TableEntry[][] bestCosts = new TableEntry[maxStorage + 1][numDays];
9
10
         // for the first day, we have to pay a flat delivery rate regardless of the amount
         of gas purchased.
11
         // we also set all the parent pointers to null to mark these days don't have parent
         cells
12
         for(int gasLeftOver = 0; gasLeftOver < maxStorage + 1; gasLeftOver++) {</pre>
13
             TableEntry newCost = new TableEntry(0, gasSoldPerDay[0] + gasLeftOver,
             deliveryCost, null);
14
             bestCosts[gasLeftOver][0] = newCost;
15
         }
16
17
         // for every day..
18
         for(int today = 1; today < numDays; today++) {</pre>
19
             //and for every amount of gas which we want to have left over on that day...
20
             for(int gasLeftOver = 0; gasLeftOver <= maxStorage; gasLeftOver++) {</pre>
21
                 // we need to know the cheapest way to reach that state.
22
                 int[] costs = new int[gasSoldPerDay[today] + gasLeftOver + 1];
23
                 // we can only store so much in the tank, so in certain cases we must
                 purchase at least a minimum amount.
24
                 int smallestPurchase = 0;
25
                 if((gasSoldPerDay[today] + gasLeftOver) > maxStorage) smallestPurchase =
                 gasSoldPerDay[today] + gasLeftOver - maxStorage;
                 // for every amount of gas we could choose to order today...
26
27
                 for(int gasBoughtToday = smallestPurchase; gasBoughtToday <=</pre>
                 gasSoldPerDay[today] + gasLeftOver; gasBoughtToday++) {
28
                     // we need to know how much it would cost given the amount of gas we
                     have left over from yesterday
29
                     costs[gasBoughtToday] = bestCosts[gasSoldPerDay[today] + gasLeftOver -
                     gasBoughtToday][today - 1].getCost();
30
                     costs[gasBoughtToday] += deliveryCost;
31
                     costs[gasBoughtToday] += storageCost * (gasSoldPerDay[today] +
                     gasLeftOver - gasBoughtToday);
32
                 // if we don't purchase gas, we don't pay the delivery cost.
33
34
                 costs[0] -= deliveryCost;
35
36
                 // now we find the minimum cost that gives us the desired amount of gas
                 left over.
37
                 int minCost = costs[smallestPurchase];
38
                 int amountPurchased = smallestPurchase;
39
                 int amountFromYesterday = gasSoldPerDay[today] + gasLeftOver -
                 smallestPurchase;
40
                 for(int gasBoughtToday = smallestPurchase; gasBoughtToday <=</pre>
                 gasSoldPerDay[today] + gasLeftOver; gasBoughtToday++) {
41
                     if(costs[gasBoughtToday] < minCost) {</pre>
42
                         minCost = costs[gasBoughtToday];
43
                          amountPurchased = gasBoughtToday;
44
                         amountFromYesterday = gasSoldPerDay[today] + gasLeftOver -
                          gasBoughtToday;
45
                     }
46
47
                 // now we store the best option in the table (the day, the amount we bought
                 today, the cost so far, and the state we were in yesterday).
48
                 TableEntry newCost = new TableEntry(today, amountPurchased, minCost,
                 bestCosts[amountFromYesterday][today-1]);
49
                 bestCosts[gasLeftOver][today] = newCost;
50
             }
51
         }
52
53
         // this is the cost of the solution.
54
         totalCost = bestCosts[0][numDays - 1].getCost();
```

```
55
         // now we need to look back through the table and see how much we bought on each day.
56
         TableEntry startCell = bestCosts[0][numDays - 1];
        while(startCell != null){
57
58
             if( startCell.getGasPurchased() != 0) {
59
                 numDaysPurchased++;
60
                 deliveryDays[startCell.getDay()] = true;
61
62
             gasOrderedPerDay[startCell.getDay()] = startCell.getGasPurchased();
63
             startCell = startCell.getParent();
64
         }
65
    }
66
67 public class TableEntry {
68
        private int day;
        private int gasPurchased;
69
70
        private int cost;
71
        private TableEntry parent;
72
73
        public TableEntry(int day, int gasPurchased, int cost, TableEntry parent) {
74
             this.day = day;
75
             this.gasPurchased = gasPurchased;
76
             this.cost = cost;
77
             this.parent = parent;
78
         }
79
80
         public int getDay() {
81
            return day;
82
         }
83
84
         public int getGasPurchased() {
85
            return gasPurchased;
86
         }
87
88
         public int getCost() {
89
            return cost;
90
         }
91
92
         public TableEntry getParent() {
93
             return parent;
94
         }
95
    }
96
```

97