

# Improving Laser Guide Stars through Magnetic Resonant Pulsing

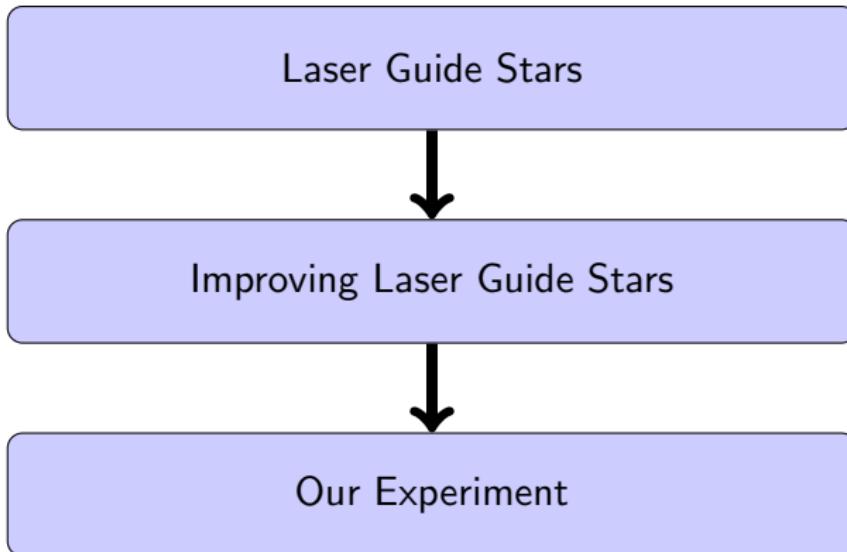
Adam Newton Wright

Willamette University

April 18, 2018

Bishop, Brianna, "Bringing New Life to Laser Guide Star," Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, June 2014

# Overview

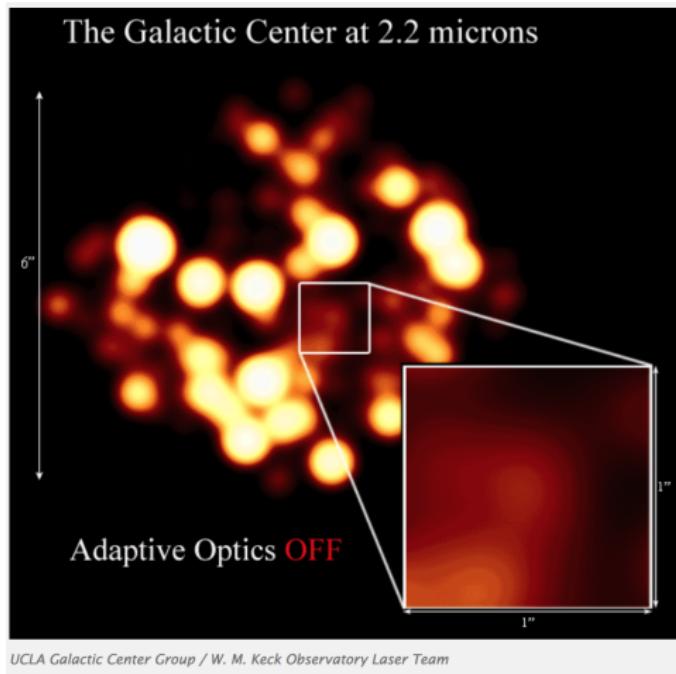




Bishop, Brianna, "Bringing New Life to Laser Guide Star," Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, June 2014

# Telescopic Imaging

Concerned with Highest Resolution



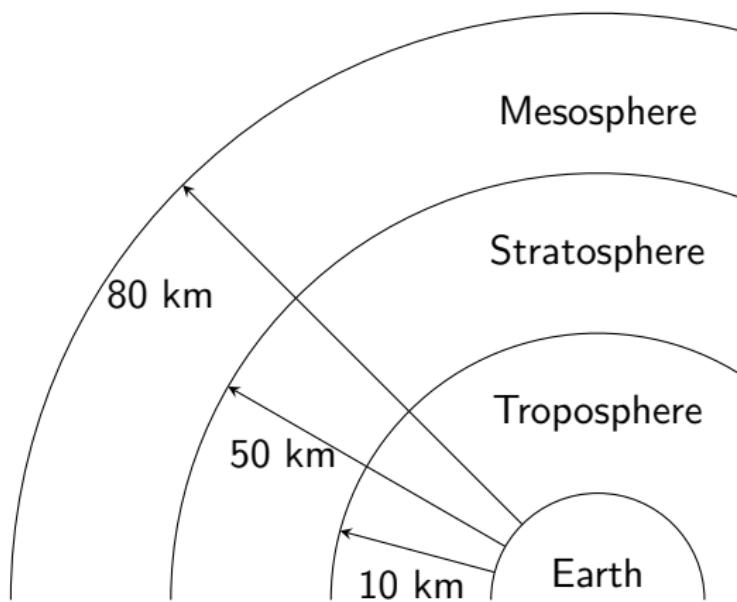
# Atmospheric Distortion

Causes reduced quality in telescopic imaging



# Laser Guide Stars

Aid in correcting distorted images through adaptive optics<sup>2</sup>



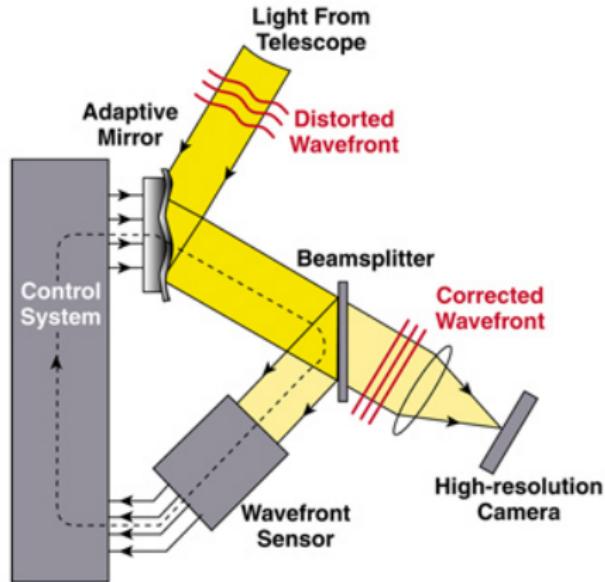
<sup>2</sup> "Laser Guide Star," RP Photonics, 2016

"Laser-Guide Star HD Videos and Images," Gemini Observatory/AURA, gemini.edu, 2013

# Adaptive Optics

Correct distortions from atmosphere

**Feedback loop:**  
next cycle  
corrects the  
(small) errors of  
the last cycle



C. Max, Center for Adaptive Optics, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and NSF Center for Adaptive Optics,

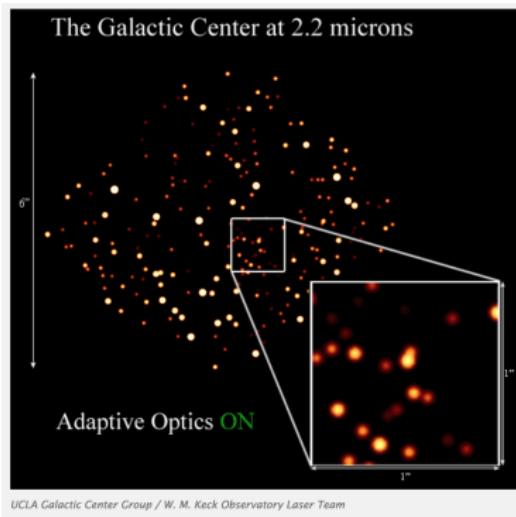
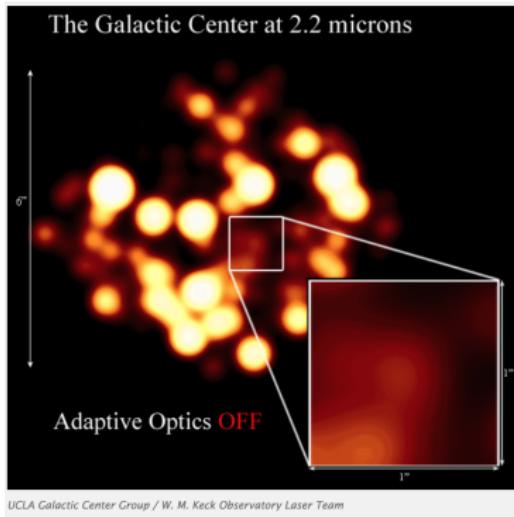
2016

# Adaptive Optics and LGS

Correct distortions from atmosphere

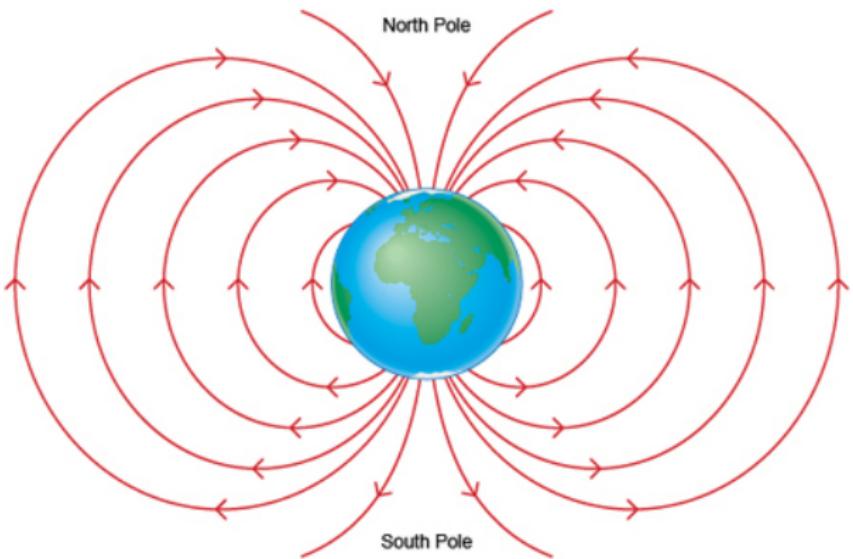
# Adaptive Optics and LGS

Correct distortions from atmosphere



# Geomagnetic Field

Reduces the benefits of Optical Pumping<sup>5</sup>



<sup>5</sup>Rampy, Rachel, Donald Gavel, Simon M. Rochester, and Ronald Holzlhner. "Toward optimization of pulsed sodium laser guide stars." JOSA B32, no. 12 (2015): 2425-2434.

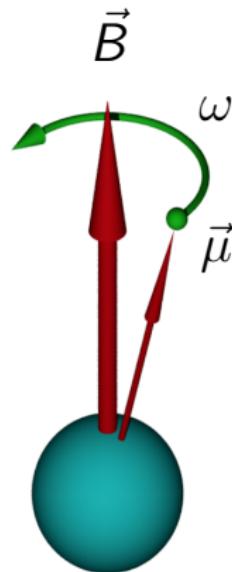
# Optical Pumping

## Larmor Precession

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\omega = -\gamma B$$

$$\gamma = \frac{eg}{2m}$$



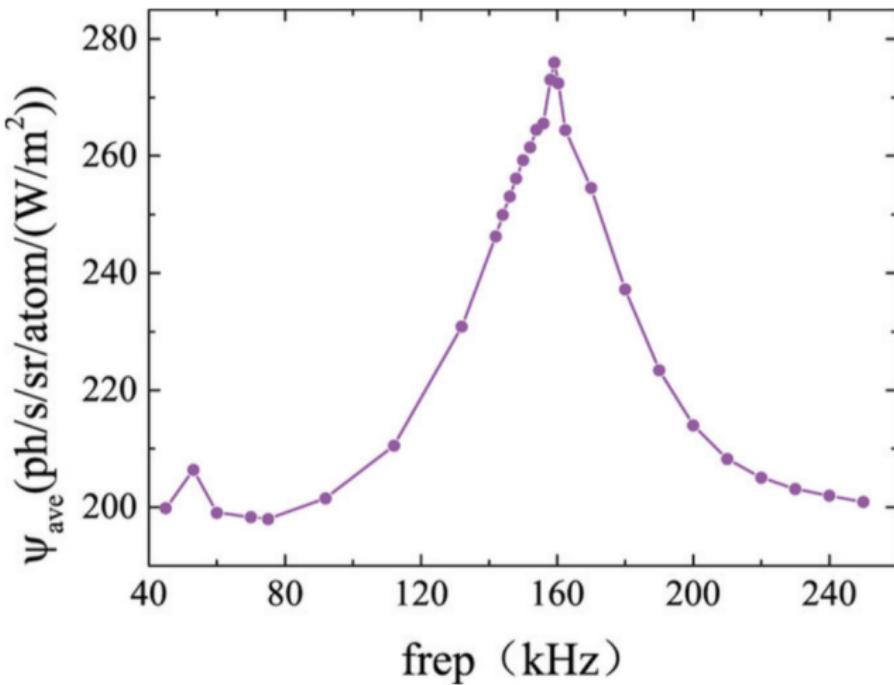
# Larmor Precession

# Continuous Wave Pumping

# Magnetic Resonant Pulsing

# Expected Results

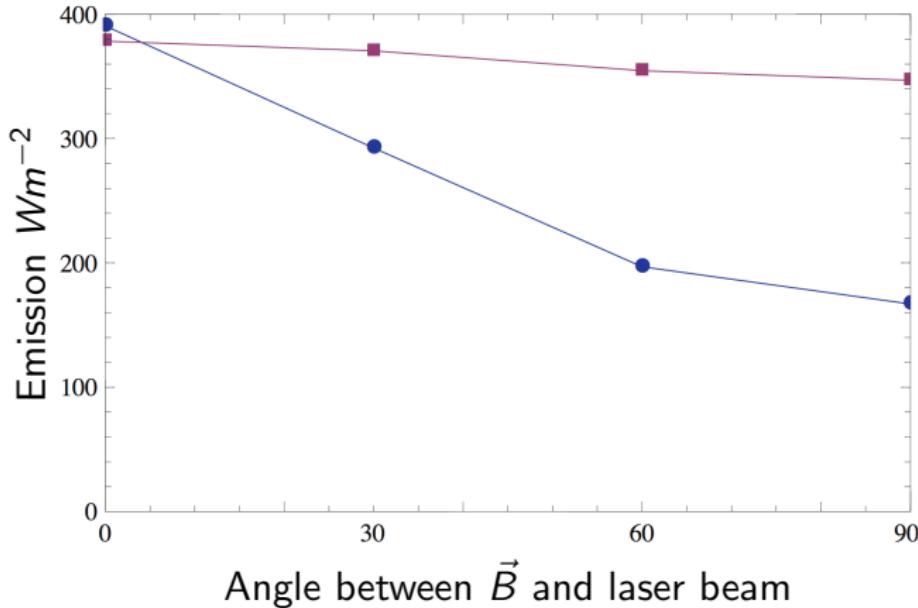
## Polarization Switching



Fan Improving Sodium LGS through Polarization Switching, Scientific Papers

# Expected Results

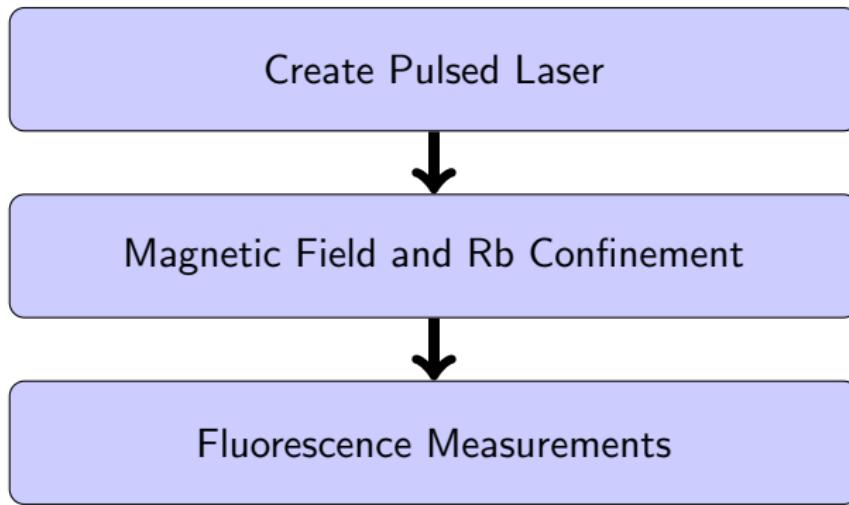
## Magnetic Resonant Pulsing



Kane, "Pulsed laser architecture for enhancing backscatter from sodium." SPIE Astronomical Telescopes.

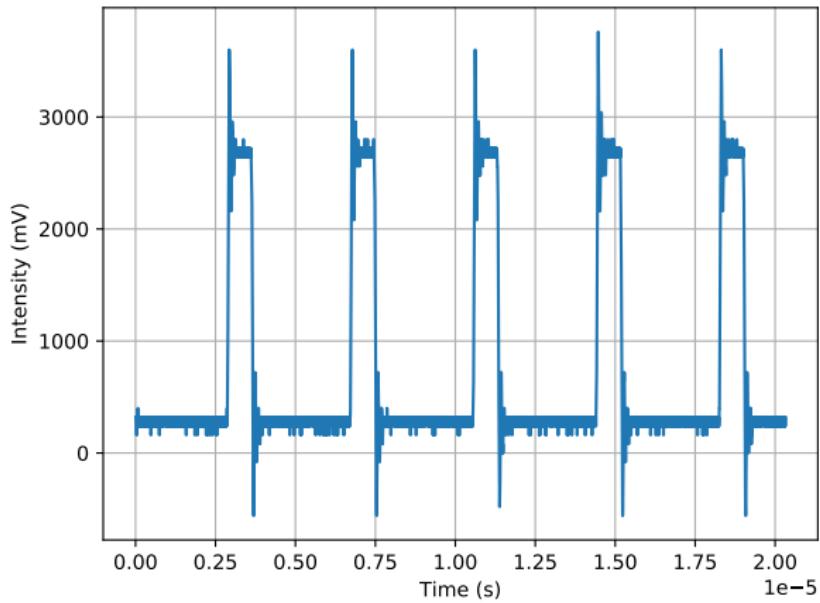
# Our Experiment

## Outline



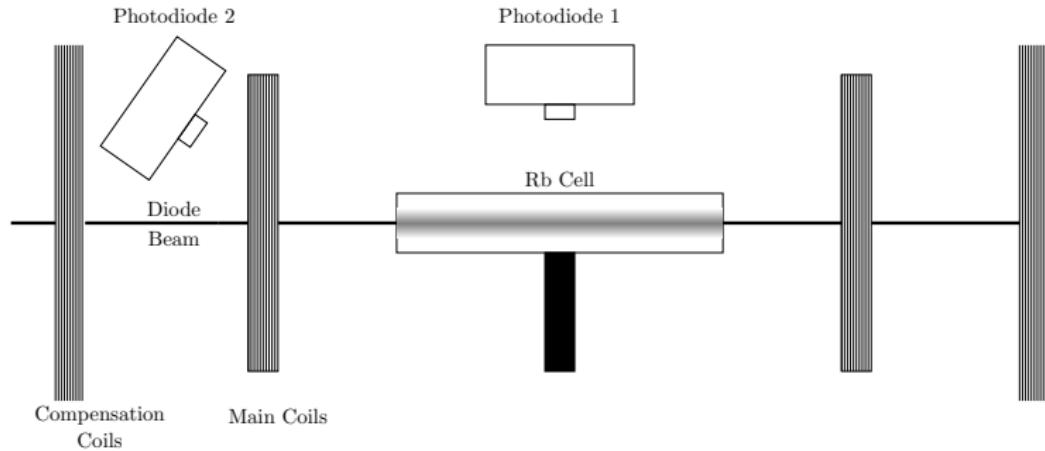
# Laser System

Created with diode laser and AOM



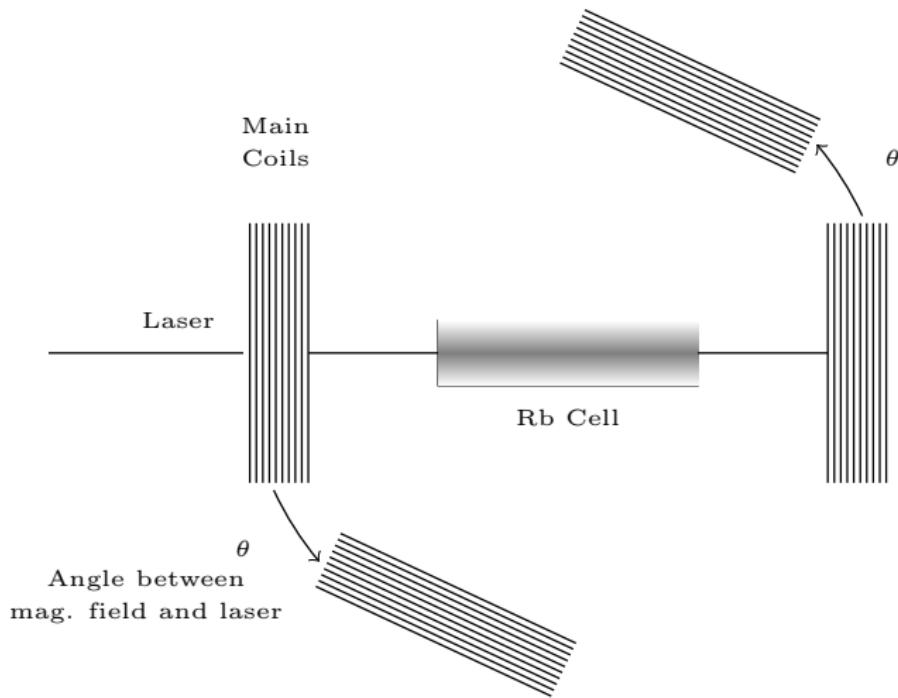
# Our Experiment

## Rubidium Housing and Magnetic Field



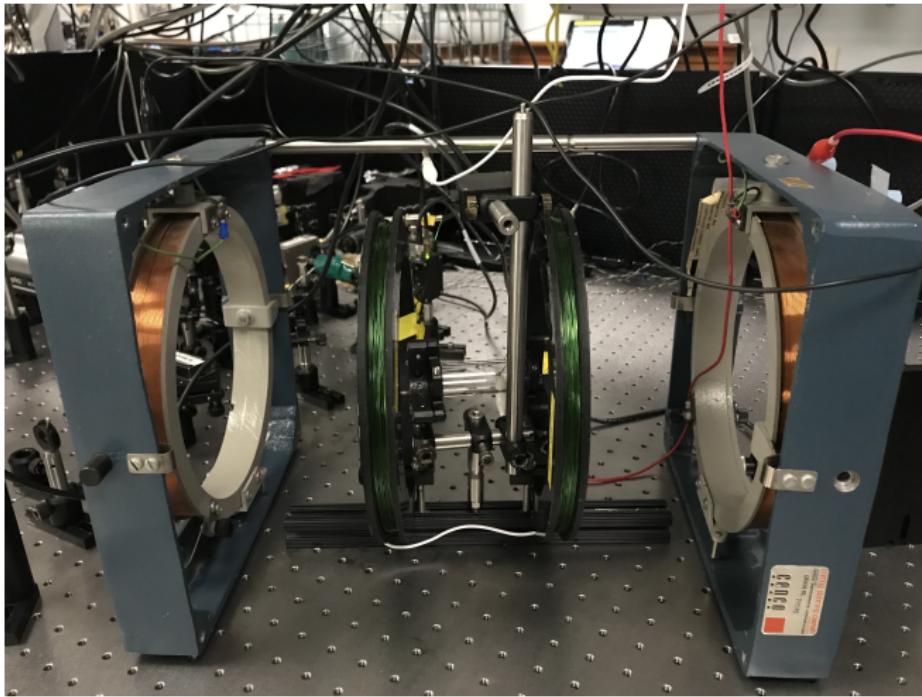
# Our Experiment

## Rubidium Housing and Magnetic Field

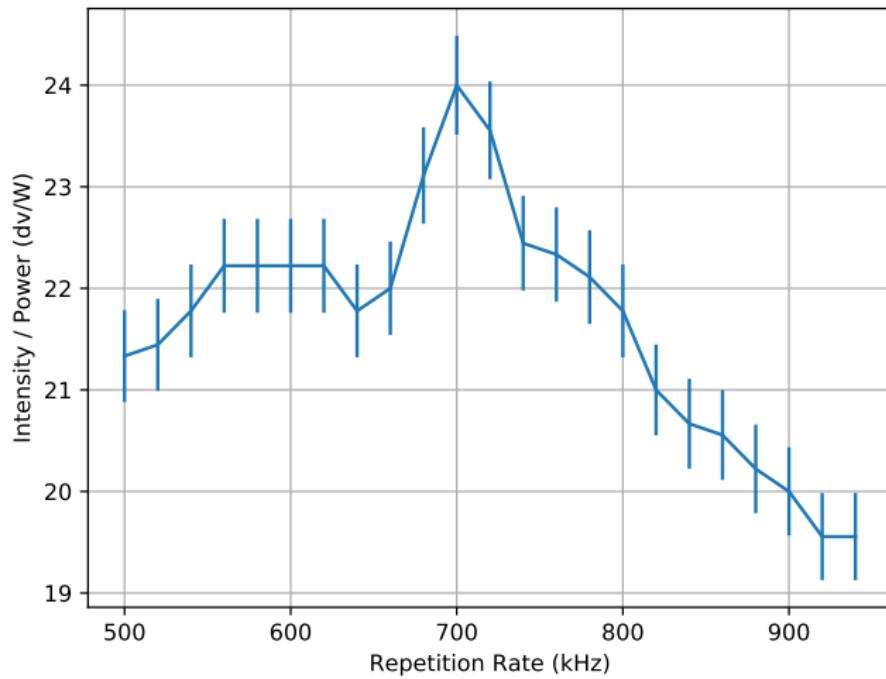


# Our Experiment

## Rubidium Housing and Magnetic Field

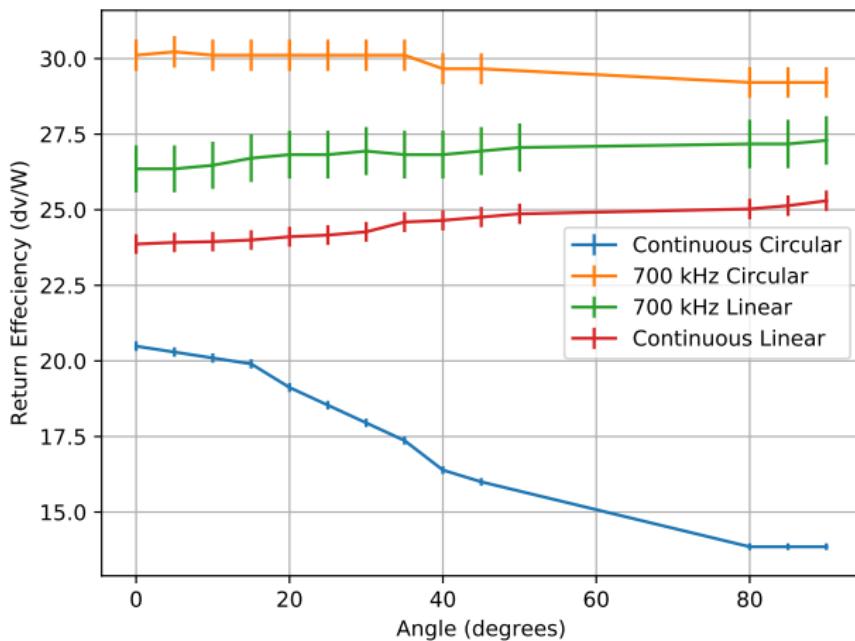


# Fluorescence versus Repetition Rate of Laser



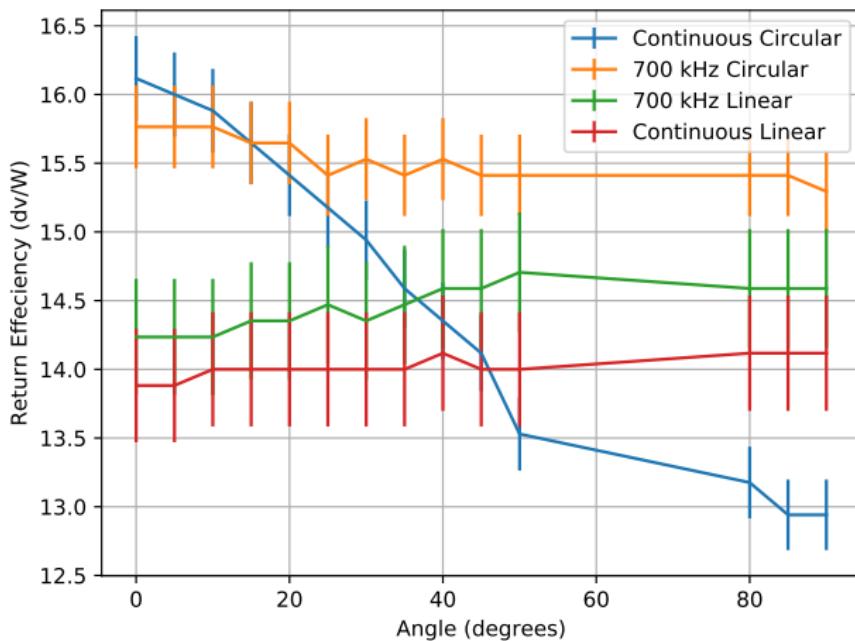
# Fluorescence versus Angle between Laser and Mag. Field

## High Intensity



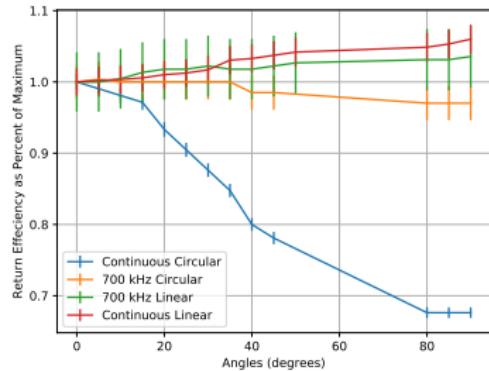
# Fluorescence versus Angle between Laser and Mag. Field

Low Intensity

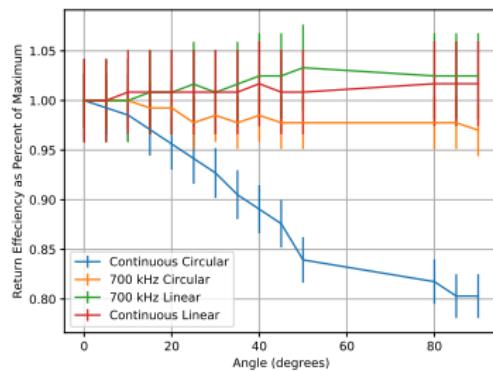


# Percent Changes in Fluorescence

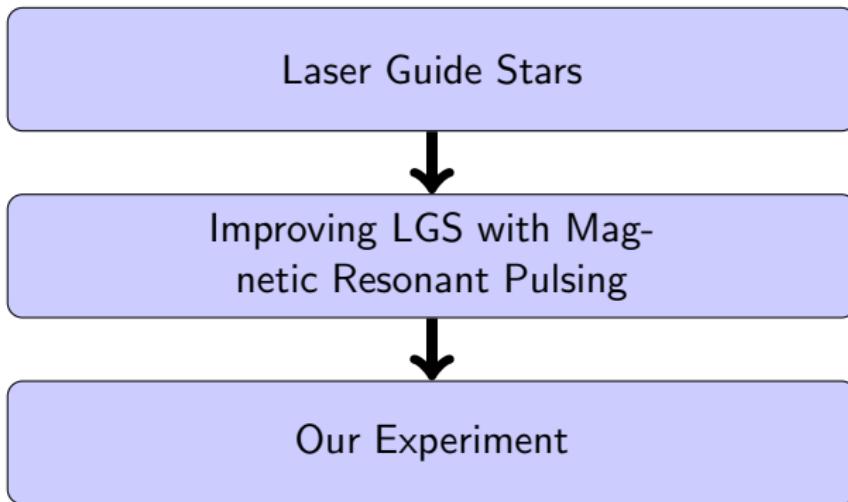
High Intensity



Low Intensity



# Summary



# Questions??



"Straight to the Milky Way's Heart," Scientific Computing, 2011

# Extras

Subtitle

Slide Body

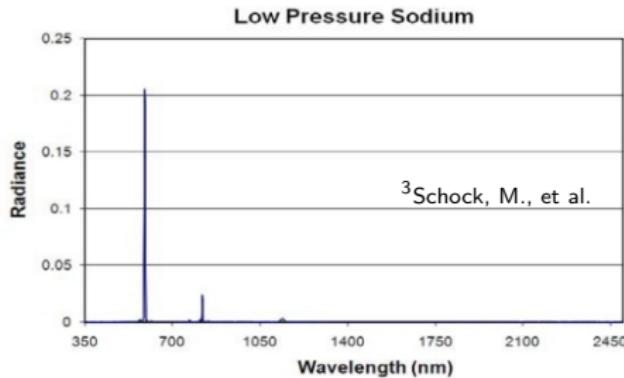
# Laser Guide Stars (LGS)

## Sodium LGS

### Sodium Laser Guide Star System

- ▶ Mesospheric sodium layer: 10 km thick and 90 km in altitude
  - ▶ Created by the ablation of meteors

- ▶ Wavelength  $\lambda = 589.593$  nm
- ▶ Intensity<sup>3</sup>  $I \approx 10 W m^{-2}$
- ▶ Circularly polarized light  $\sigma^+$



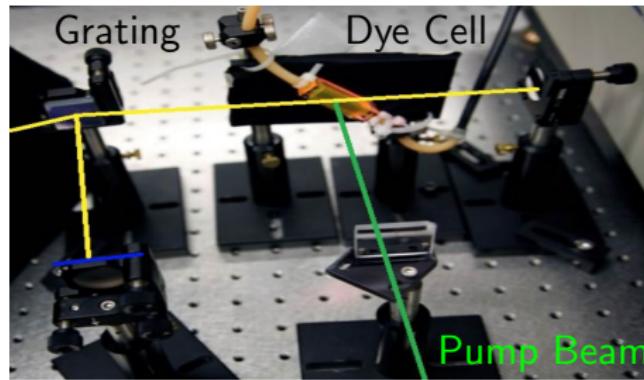
"Performance analysis of polychromatic laser guide stars used for wavefront tilt sensing." Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society 337.3 (2002)

Elvidge CD et al, "Spectral identification of lighting type and character." Earth Observation Group

# Our Experiment

## Dye Lasers

- ▶ Excellent tunability over close to one hundred nanometers
- ▶ Lasing medium: organic fluid dye solution
- ▶ Pumping: Laser light excites dye solution
- ▶ Cavity: Two mirrors and a diffraction grating
- ▶ Diffraction grating allows wavelength to be selected



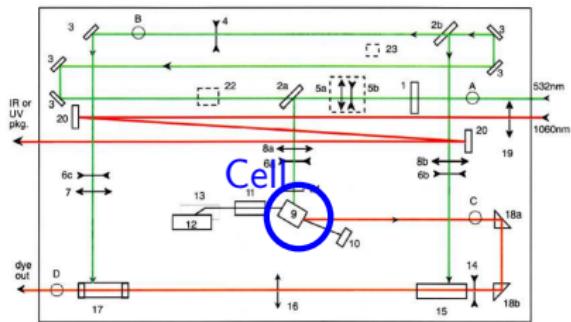
"Construction of a Dye Laser for Use in Detecting Ultracold RbCa," Hayley Whitson, Willamette University, 2012'

# Our Experiment

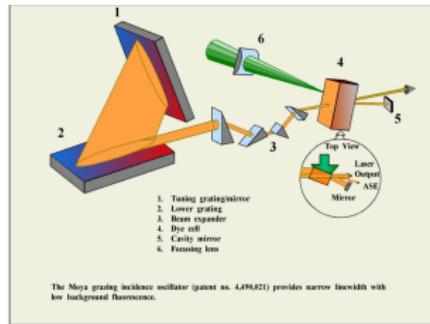
## Our Dye Laser

- ▶ Moya cavity creates lasing and minimizes spontaneous emission
- ▶ Two amplification cells intensify output beam
- ▶ Pump with kilohertz, picosecond pump beam

Dye laser schematic



Moya cavity

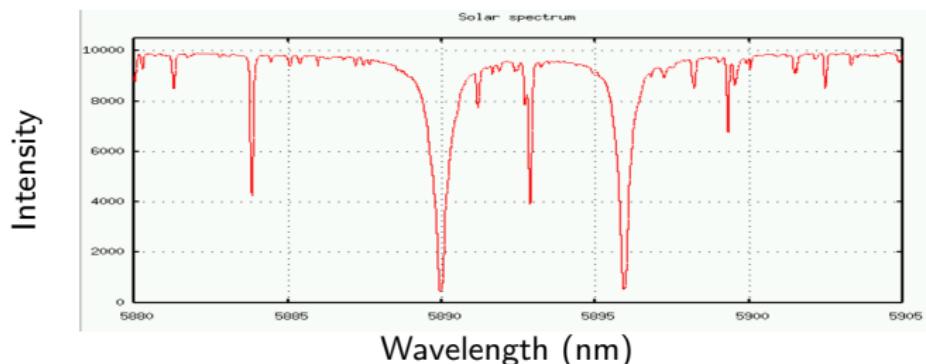


" ND6K User Manual," Continuum Lasers, 1994

# Our Experiment

## Absorption Measurements

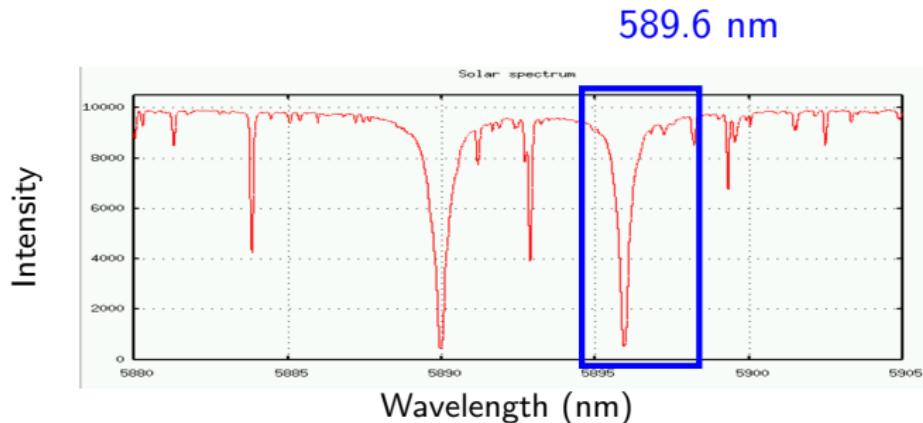
- ▶ Take absorption spectroscopy measurements
  - ▶  $\vec{B}$  along one direction
  - ▶ Measure absorption as  $\lambda$  changes
  - ▶ Change direction of  $\vec{B}$  and repeat



# Our Experiment

## Absorption Measurements

- ▶ Take absorption spectroscopy measurements
  - ▶  $\vec{B}$  along one direction
  - ▶ Measure absorption as  $\lambda$  changes
  - ▶ Change direction of  $\vec{B}$  and repeat



# Optical Pumping

