Operating Systems - Diagnostic test on C and Unix

Time Limit – 20 minutes
Full Name:
Instructions: Write only one-line answers.
Q-1: [5 points] Assume that your current directory in Unix environment contains the following files part1.c, part1.o, part2, poem1, poem2, quiz6
(a) What is the output of the following command? <i>Is po</i> *
(b) What does the following command do? cp part1.c part1.tmp
(c) What does the following command do? grep BU part1.c more
(d) What does the following command do? mkdir mydir; cd mydir
(e) Assume your current directory is mydir. What does the following command do? mv/poem*.

Q-2: [4 points] Given a set of N objects, what data structure can be used to search an object in constant time in the average case? What is the worst-case search complexity for this data structure?

Q-3: [4 points] What is the return value of function g() in this program fragment?

```
int f( int x )
{
     x++;
     return x;
}
int g(void)
{
     int x = 2;
     f(x);
     return (x);
}
```

Answer:

Q-4: [4 points] Let i, j, and k be integer variables, each having a value of 3. What are the values of i, j, and k after the execution of the following statement?

$$i *= ++j + k--;$$

Answer:

Q-5: [3 points] Write a macro (i.e, use #define) called 'mymacro' that takes two parameters, x and y. If $\mathbf{x} < \mathbf{y}$, it should give you the value of $\mathbf{x} * \mathbf{y}$. Otherwise it should give you the value of \mathbf{x}/\mathbf{y} . You must use a conditional expression in the macro definition to accomplish this.

Answer:

Q-6: [3 points] Consider the following code fragment:

```
char arr[10] = { \a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h','i','j'};
char *p = &arr[4];
```

What is the value of **p[3]**?

Answer: