

## HORNMORPHOA 3.1

# Morphological analysis and grapheme-phoneme conversion of Amharic words

## Quick Reference

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### Installation

- 1. Uncompress the file that you downloaded. This will yield a directory (folder) called HornMorphoA-3.1, which contains all of the files that you need to run HORNMORPHOA.
- 2. Go to the HornMorphoA-3.1 directory (folder), and enter the following, making sure that you are running some version of Python 3.

python setup.py install

#### Use

#### STARTING THE PROGRAM

Start up the Python interpreter, again making sure that you are running at least Python 3.1, and type the following to load the program.

import hm

#### **FUNCTIONS**

Options for each function are shown with their default values.

#### A(word)

Options: raw=False

Performs morphological analysis of the word. For ambiguous words returns the first 5 analyses. Analyses are ordered by their estimated frequency. If raw is True, the raw analysis is returned; otherwise, the analyses is printed out, and nothing is returned.

```
>>> hm.A('የማያስፈልጋትስ')
  word: የጣያስፈልጋትስ
  POS: verb, root: <fl_g>, citation: አስፌለን
   subject: 3, sing, masc
   object: 3, sing, fem
   grammar: imperfective, causative, relative, definite, negative
   conjunctive suffix: s
  >>> hm.A('am', 'አይደለችም')
  word: አይደለችም
  POS: copula, root: <ne>
   subj: 3, sing, fem
   negative
  >>> hm.A('am', 'ለዘመዶቻችንም', raw=True)
  [('zemed', [-acc, cnj='m', der=[-ass], -dis, +plr, pos='n',
  poss=[+expl, +p1, -p2, +plr], pp='le', rl=[-acc, +p], v=None])]
AF(input file)
  Options: output file=None
  Runs A on the words in a file and writes them to output file, if one is given for output -
  file, otherwise to standard output.
  >>> hm.AF('hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt',
             'hm/languages/am/data/ag out.txt')
  Analyzing words in hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt
  Writing to hm/languages/am/data/ag out.txt
  Options: raw=False
```

S(word)

Performs morphological segmentation on the word. Morphemes are separated by '-'; stems/ roots appear within '{}'. If raw is True, a list of analyses is returned, each a part-of-speech, segmentation pair. For complex words, the part-of-speech is that of the stem or root, not the whole word. If raw is False (the default), the segmentations are printed out, with the part-ofspeech appearing before the segmentation, separated by ':', and different analyses/segmentations separated by ';;'.

```
>>> hm.S('ሲያዌበረብሩን')
ሰ.ያዊብረብሩን -- v:s(cnj1)-y(sb=3sm|3p)-{Cbrbr+a12e3e4_5}(imprf,trans)-
u(sb=2p|3p)-n(ob=1p)
>>> hm.S('ለነገራቸው', raw=True)
[('n', 'le(prep)-{neger}-ac_ew(poss=3p)'), ('v', 'le(prep1)-(rel)-
{ngr+1e2_e3}(prf)-e(sb=3sm)-ac_ew(ob=3p)')]
>>> hm.S("አልማዝ")
```

```
አልማዝ -- n:{'almaz};;nm prs:{'almaz}
SF(input_file)
  Options: output file=None
  Runs s on the words in a file.
  >>> hm.SF('hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt',
              'hm/languages/am/data/ag out.txt')
  Segmenting words in hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt
  Writing to hm/languages/am/data/ag out.txt
P(word)
  Options: raw=False
  Converts a word written in Ge'ez characters to a romanized form that shows consonant gemina-
  tion and the epenthetic vowel (represented by {}^{\prime}P). If multiple pronunciations are possible, they
  are ordered by estimated frequency. If raw is True, a list of pronunciations is returned; other-
  wise, each is printed out, separated by spaces.
  >>> hm.P("ይመታሉ")
  yImetal_u yIm_et_al_u
  >>> hm.P('እንድብር')
  ?IndIbIr
PF(input file)
  Options: output_file=None
  Runs P on the words in a file.
  >>> hm.PF('hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt',
              'hm/languages/am/data/ag phon.txt')
  Analyzing words in hm/languages/am/data/ag.txt
  Writing analysis to hm/languages/am/data/ag_phon.txt
exit()
  Options: none
  Exits HornMorpho, saving any analyses or generated forms in a file to be loaded next time you
  use the program. This will significantly speed up the performance of the program.
  >>> hm.exit()
```