## NATURAL DEDUCTION FOR PREDICATE LOGIC

AND 
$$\frac{\phi \quad \psi}{\phi \land \psi} \land i \qquad \frac{\phi \land \psi}{\phi} \land e_1 \quad \frac{\phi \land \psi}{\psi} \land e_2$$

$$OR \qquad \frac{\phi}{\phi \lor \psi} \lor i_1 \quad \frac{\psi}{\phi \lor \psi} \lor i_2 \qquad \frac{\phi \lor \psi}{\chi} \quad \frac{\psi}{\chi} \quad \frac{\psi}{\chi} \lor e$$

$$IMPLICATION \qquad \frac{\phi}{\phi \to \psi} \to e$$

$$NEGATION \qquad \frac{\phi}{\phi \to \psi} \to e$$

$$CONTRADICTION \qquad \frac{\phi}{\neg \phi} \to e$$

$$DOUBLE NEGATION \qquad \frac{\phi}{\neg \neg \phi} \to e$$

$$EQUALITY \qquad t = t = i \qquad \frac{a = b \quad \phi[a/x]}{\phi[b/x]} = e$$

$$FORALL \qquad \frac{\psi}{\forall x \phi} \quad \forall x i \qquad \frac{\forall x \phi}{\phi[t/x]} \quad \forall x e$$

$$EXISTS \qquad \frac{\phi[t/x]}{\exists x \phi} \exists x i \qquad \frac{x_0 \quad \psi[x_0/x]}{\chi} \quad \exists x$$

$$\frac{\phi \to \psi \quad \neg \psi}{\neg \phi} \text{ MT} \qquad \frac{\phi \lor \neg \phi}{\downarrow} \text{ LEM}$$

## Linear-time temporal logic

 $\mathcal{M} = (S, \to, L)$  a model and  $\pi = s_1 \to \ldots$  a path in  $\mathcal{M}$ .  $i \geq 1, \pi^i = s_i \to s_{i+1} \to \ldots \to \mathcal{M}, s \models \phi$  if for every path  $\pi$  of  $\mathcal{M}$  starting in s we have  $\pi \models \phi$ .

- 1.  $\pi \models \top$
- 2.  $\pi \not\models \bot$
- 3.  $\pi \models p \text{ iff } p \in L(s_1)$
- 4.  $\pi \models \neg \phi \text{ iff } \pi \not\models \phi$
- 5.  $\pi \models \phi \land \psi$  iff  $\pi \models \phi \land \pi \models \psi$
- 6.  $\pi \models \phi \lor \psi$  iff  $\pi \models \phi \lor \pi \models \psi$
- 7.  $\pi \models \phi \rightarrow \psi$  iff  $\pi \models \psi$  whenever  $\pi \models \phi$
- 8.  $\pi \models X \phi \text{ iff } \pi^2 \models \phi$
- 9.  $\pi \models G \phi$  iff, for all  $i > 1, \pi^i \models \phi$
- 10.  $\pi \models F \phi$  iff there is some  $i \ge 1$  such that  $\pi^i \models \phi$
- 11.  $\pi \models \phi \cup \psi$  iff there is some  $i \geq 1$  such that  $\pi^i \models \psi$  and for all  $j = 1, \ldots, i-1$  we have  $\pi^j \models \phi$
- 12.  $\pi \models \phi \ W \ \psi$  iff either there is some  $i \geq 1$  such that  $\pi^i \models \psi$  and for all  $j = 1, \ldots, i-1$  we have  $\pi^j \models \phi$ ; or for all  $k \geq 1$  we have  $\pi^k \models \phi$
- 13.  $\pi \models \phi \ \mathbb{R} \ \psi$  iff either there is some  $i \geq 1$  such that  $\pi^i \models \phi$  and for all  $j = 1, \ldots, i$  we have  $\pi^j \models \psi$ , or for all  $k \geq 1$  we have  $\pi^k \models \psi$

## Computational tree logic

 $\mathcal{M} = (S, \to, L)$  a model,  $s \in S$ ,  $\phi, \psi$  CTL formulas.

- 1.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models \top$  and  $\mathcal{M}, s \not\models \bot$
- 2.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models p \text{ iff } p \in L(s)$
- 3.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models \neg \phi \text{ iff } \mathcal{M}, s \not\models \phi$
- 4.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models \phi \land \psi \text{ iff } \mathcal{M}, s \models \phi \land \mathcal{M}, s \models \psi$
- 5.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models \phi \lor \psi \text{ iff } \mathcal{M}, s \models \phi \lor \mathcal{M}, s \models \psi$
- 6.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models \phi \rightarrow \psi \text{ iff } \mathcal{M}, s \models \psi \text{ whenever } \mathcal{M}, s \models \phi$
- 7.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models AX\phi$  iff for all  $s_1$  such that  $s \to s_1$  we have  $\mathcal{M}, s_1 \models \phi$ . 'In every next state.'
- 8.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models \mathrm{EX}\phi$  iff for some  $s_1$  such that  $s \to s_1$  we have  $\mathcal{M}, s_1 \models \phi$ . 'In some next state.'
- 9.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models AG\phi$ . For all paths starting in  $s \phi$  holds globally.
- 10.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models \mathrm{EG}\phi$ . There exists a path starting in s where  $\phi$  holds globally.
- 11.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models AG\phi$ . For all paths starting in s there is some future state where  $\phi$  holds.
- 12.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models \text{EF}\phi$ . For all paths beginning in s there is some future state where  $\phi$  holds.
- 13.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models A[\phi U \psi]$ . All paths starting in s satisfies  $\phi U \psi$ .
- 14.  $\mathcal{M}, s \models \mathrm{E}[\phi \mathrm{U}\psi]$ . There exists some path starting in s where  $\phi \mathrm{U}\psi$  holds.