

Equations for the sim

CIA Wanted

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We split horizontal and vertical dynamics.

## 1 Vertical dynamics

$$a_v = \frac{1}{m}(L - W), \quad (1)$$

where  $a_v$  is the vertical acceleration in  $\text{ms}^{-2}$ ,  $m$  is the mass of the aircraft in Kg, and  $L$  and  $W$  are the lift and weight forces respectively in Newtons.

$$W = mg, \quad (2)$$

where  $g = 9.8 \text{ms}^{-2}$  is the gravity acceleration.

$$L = c_l v_s^2, \quad (3)$$

where  $c_l$  is a coefficient to be determined experimentally, and  $v_s$  is the airspeed of the aircraft. We can assume that

$$v_s = c_{th}(t_h + \Delta t_h) + w_{bx}, \quad (4)$$

where  $(t_h + \Delta t_h) \in [0, 100]$  is the throttle signal and  $c_{th}$  is a coefficient to be determined experimentally, and  $w_{bx}$  is the component of the wind vector along the horizontal axis of the vehicle. We set  $t_h$  to a nominal value, let us say 50 and we use  $\Delta t_h$  to control the altitude of the aircraft with a P controller, i.e.,

$$\Delta t_h = k_p(h_d - h_c), \quad (5)$$

where  $k_p$  is a positive gain constant, and  $h_d$  is the desired altitude and  $h_c$  is the current altitude of the aircraft in meters.

### 1.1 Euler integration

$$\begin{cases} h(k+1) &= h(k) + v_s(k)\Delta T \\ v_v(k+1) &= v_s(k) + a_v(k)\Delta T, \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

where  $v_v$  is the vertical speed (do not confuse it with the airspeed  $v_s$ ).

## 2 Horizontal kinematics

$$\begin{cases} \dot{p} &= c_{th}(t_h + \Delta t_h) \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) \end{bmatrix} + w \\ \dot{\theta} &= u \end{cases}, \quad (7)$$

where  $p$  is the position of the aircraft in the plane,  $\theta$  is the angle of the velocity vector in the plane,  $w$  is the wind vector, and  $u$  is the control action for steering the aircraft (path tracking controller).

## 2.1 Euler integration

$$\begin{cases} p(k+1) &= p(k) + \dot{p}(k)\Delta T \\ \theta(k+1) &= \theta(k) + \dot{\theta}(k)\Delta T, \end{cases} \quad (8)$$