REST

```
Type Reference
when passing a List (OR any type that takes in a parameter) in the request body always DO NOT USE TYPE.class use
```

.bodyToMono(new PerametertizedTypeReference<List<Type>>> () {})

Server side

full example

```
@RestController
@RequestMapping(path="/persons", consumes = {MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE}), produces = {MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON_VALUE})
public class PersonResource {
        private final PersonService personService;
        public PersonResource(PersonService personService) {
   this.personService = personService;
         // TODO Part 1: Implement the specified endpoints here
        @CetMapping
public ResponseEntity<List<Person>> getAllPersons(@RequestParam(name = "AD", defaultValue = "Descending") String AD, @RequestParam( name = "FD", defaultValue = "ID") String FD){
    PersonSortingOptions sortOp = new PersonSortingOptions();
    switch(AD){
                         case \ "Descending" \ -> sortOp.setSortingOrder(PersonSortingOptions.SortingOrder.DESCENDING); \\ default \ -> sortOp.setSortingOrder(PersonSortingOptions.SortingOrder.ASCENDING); \\
                  switch(FD){
                         tch(FD){
case "ID" -> sortOp.setSortField(PersonSortingOptions.SortField.ID);
case "FN" -> sortOp.setSortField(PersonSortingOptions.SortField.FIRST_NAME);
case "LN" -> sortOp.setSortField(PersonSortingOptions.SortField.LAST_NAME);
case "BD" -> sortOp.setSortField(PersonSortingOptions.SortField.BIRTHDAY);
default -> sortOp.setSortField(PersonSortingOptions.SortField.ID);
                  }
return ResponseEntity.ok(personService.getAllPersons(sortOp));
         @PostMapping
                 itinppary
itin ResponseEntity<Person> createPerson(@RequestBody Person person){
  if(person.getId()==null) {
    return ResponseEntity.ok(personService.savePerson(person));
}
                  return ResponseEntity.badRequest().build();
            PutMapping("/{id}")
        public ResponseEntity
person
public ResponseEntity
person

                  return ResponseEntity.badRequest().build();
         @DeleteMapping("/{id}")
        public ResponseEntity<Void> deletePerson(@PathVariable UUID id){
   if(id!= null){
                      personService.deletePerson(id);
                 return ResponseEntity.noContent().build();
```

Response

#response

```
return ResponseEntity.ok(ObjectToReturn);
return ResponseEntity.badRequest.build();

//For Deletes
return ResponseEntity.noContent().build();
```

Request

#request

Path Variable

server side

```
@GetMapping("/onTopOfBaseURI/{parameter}")
public ResponseEntity<ResponseType> function(@PathVariable Type parameter){}
```

client side

```
RestTemplate restTemplate = new RestTemplate();
String url = "http://localhost:8080/users/{id}";
Long userId = 42L;

ResponseEntity<String> response = restTemplate.getForEntity(url, String.class, userId);
System.out.println(response.getBody());
```

or something simpler by concatenating

```
PRESTTEMPLATE vs WebClient

getForEntity() / getFor0bject() is used with RestTemplate
.get()...retrieve.bodyToMono().subscribe(something -> {}) is used with WebClient

THE SUBSCRIBE IS OPTIONAL FOR A REACTIVE ACTION
```

Client side

Full example

```
wwCluent_past(.pri(press).body/abse/person).retrieve().body/abse/person.class).subscribe(newPerson.>{
    persons.cod(newPerson).pody/abse/persons)
    persons.cod(newPerson).pody/abse/persons)
}

pablic void updatePerson(Person person, ConsumerList-Persons> personsConsumer) {
    //TODO Part 2: Nake an http put request to the server
    weClient.put().uri(persons/* person,getid().body/abse/person.getid().body/abse/person.class).subscribe(newPerson.> {
        persons.replacabil(debreron > classon.getid().body/abse/person.getid()).body/abse/person.getid()?
    persons.replacabil(debreron > classon.getid().body/abse/person.getid()?
    persons.replacabil(debreron > classon.getid().body/abse/person.getid()?
    persons.replacabil(debreron)
persons.replacabi
```

better simple example

```
public void updatePerson(Person person, Consumer<List<Person>> personsConsumer) {
    // TODD. Part 2: Make an http.put request to the server
    webClient.put().uri("persons/" + person.getId()).bodyValue(person).retrieve().bodyToMono(Person.class).subscribe(newPerson-> {
        persons.replaceAll(oldPerson -> oldPerson.getId().equals(newPerson.getId())? newPerson : oldPerson);
        personsConsumer.accept(persons);
    });
}
```

URI Builder

#uri

滋 DO NOT USE FOR SIMPLE PATH VARIABLES

```
webClient.get().uri(uriBuilder -> uriBuilder.path("persons").queryParam("AD",AD).queryParam("FD", FD).build()).retrieve().bodyToMono(new ParameterizedTypeReference<List<Person>>() {}).onErrorStop().subscribe(newPersons -> { persons.clear(); persons.addAll(newPersons); personsConsumer.accept(persons); });
```

Object Mapper

#json

(i) Most of the time isn't used manually

return ResponseEntity.ok(user); uses it by default to serialize OR within @RequestBody

if needed though

```
ObjectMapper objectMapper = new ObjectMapper();
String jsonString = objectMapper.writeValueAsString(user);
User user = objectMapper.readValue(jsonString, User.class);
```