Global WHO COVID-19 Clinical Data Platform for clinical characterization and management of hospitalized cases with COVID-19

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On behalf of the COVID-19 Clinical Management response team
World Health Organization

Outline

- Overview of the COVID-19 Clinical Data Platform Initiative
- Open Clinical Platform and data curation
- Use of data and country report outline

Background

WHO's COVID-19 response focused on 3 pillars:

- 1. Slowing and stopping transmission of COVID-19
- 2. Minimizing the **impact** of the epidemic on **health systems**, social services and economic activity
- 3. <u>Providing optimized care for all COVID-19 patients to reduce mortality</u>

Goal

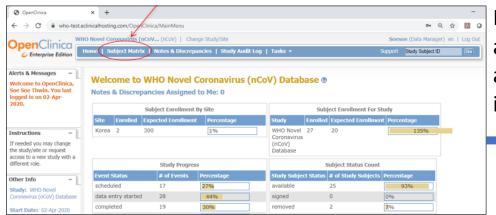
Inform appropriate clinical interventions, public health response and generation of evidence-based guidelines on clinical management of COVID-19 at country, regional and global level

Objectives

- 1. Characterize **regional variations** and **temporal trends** in clinical phenotypes, clinical care and interventions
- 2. Derive **risk factors** associated with mortality and ICU admission globally and by **region**
- 3. Characterize clinical phenotypes, clinical care and interventions in **subpopulations** (i.e. children, pregnant women, people living with HIV, TB, malaria)
- 4. Describe mid- and long- term sequelae of patients discharged from hospitals

Global WHO plan for clinical characterization and management of hospitalized cases

WHO COVID19 Clinical Platform



Data curation, aggregation, analysis, interpretation

Rapid analysis

WHO GLOBAL and COUNTRY REPORT on COVID-19 clinical characterization



1

De-identified patient clinical data from different settings and subpopulations (1) Summarize demographic and clinical features and intervention globally, in regions and subgroups;

(2) Characterize the variability in the clinical features;

(3) Explore the risk factors associated with mortality and ICU admission

Inform national strategies to respond to COVID19

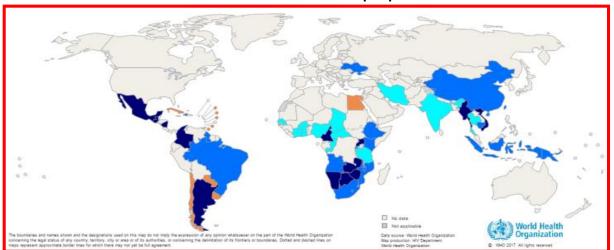
Inform modelling work

Inform vaccination strategies

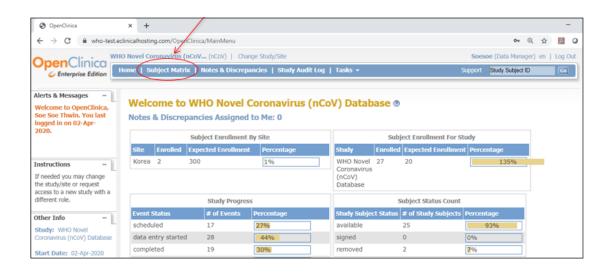
Rapid Response

Inform WHO
Guidelines on
COVID-19 clinical
management and
public heath
response





WHO Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform



What? System that enables rapid, standardized, and systematic collection of anonymized clinical data on hospitalized cases with suspected or confirmed COVID19

Why? Facilitate real time aggregation, analysis, interpretation of clinical data from different settings and sub-populations across the globe

Where? Secure, limited-access, password-protected web based platform hosted on OpenClinica

Global WHO Clinical Data Platform for clinical characterization and management of hospitalized cases: standard clinical case report form

(4) World Health Organization

AND two of the following:

b) Hypotension or shock

Children and adolescents 0-19 years of age with fever ≥ 3 days

d) Evidence of coagulopathy (abnormal PT, PTT, elevated d-Dimers e) Acute gastrointestinal problems (diarrhoea, vomiting or abdominal pain Flevated markers of inflammation such as FSR. C-reactive protein or proceditionic

Date of completing module [D][D][M][M][M][2][D][Y][Y]

World Health Organization				
Organization ISARIC MODULE1: complete on		CIPANT ID II II II I		لبالب
•	admission/enroime			
ite name		Country		
ate of enrolment [D][D]/[CLINICAL INCLUSION CRITE	MILM VL2 LO LY I	Y		
Proven or suspected infection w	ith pathogen of Public He	alth Interest		
One or more A histo	ory of self-reported feverisi	hness or measured fever of ≥ 38 ₀	C □Yes □No	,
of these Cough	,		□Yes □No	,
during this Dyspn	oea (shortness of breath)	OR Tachypnoea*	□Yes □No	,
		not meeting criteria above	□Yes □No	
		≥30 for 5-12 years; ≥20 for ≥13 year		
DEMOGRAPHICS				
		fbirth [D][D]/[M][M]/[)	YLYLYLY	
If date of birth is unknown, reco				
Healthcare Worker? □Yes □		oratory Worker? □Yes □No □		
Pregnant? □Yes □No □Ur	nknown ⊟N/A If yes	: Gestational weeks assessme	nt weeks	
DATE OF ONSET AND ADMIS	SION VITAL SIGNS (first	available data at presentation/a	dmission)	
	arliest symptom) [D][D	VIMIIM VI 2 II 0 II Y II Y	. 1	
		LVEMLIKUVEZIEOLEKIEX ZUEOLEKIEKI	<u> </u>	
Admission date at this facility		2101141141	a	
Admission date at this facility Temperature [][].[]°C	[2101141141	a	
Admission date at this facility Temperature	LPJLPJ/LMJLMJ/L Heart rate [][][aths/min	2101141141		n
Admission date at this facility Temperature [].[]°(Respiratory rate [][]bre BP [] [](systolic) [PLPLICATION TO THE PROPERTY OF	2_[_0_]_Y_]_Y_]]beats/min mHg Severe dehydration □Y		n
Admission date at this facility Temperature []]-[]*C Respiratory rate []]bre BP [] [] (systolic) [Sternal capillary refill time >2	[]_[]_[]_[]_[]_[]_[]_[2_		
Admission date at this facility Temperature [].[_]*[Respiratory rate [].] bre BP []. [_](systolio) [Sternal capillary refill time >2 Oxygen saturation: [_].[_]. Glasgow Coma Score (GCS /1	/	2	es □No □Unknow V P U (circle o	ne)
Admission date at this facility Temperature [][_]*C Respiratory rate []_ [_]bre BP [] [_](systolio) [_ Sternal capillary refill time >2 Oxygen saturation: [_]_[_] Glasgow Coma Score (GCS /1	/	2	es □No □Unknow	ne)
Admission date at this facility Temperature [CD_LD_J/LM_JLM_J/L 	2	es □No □Unknow V P U (circle o	ne)
Admission date at this facility Temperature []** Respiratory rate []bre BP	Heart rate	2 JLO JLY JLY Johnson mHg Severe dehydration DY. Johnson n therapy Duhanoun A hutrition DYes DNO Duhanoun leight: J J Jom V. Johnson	es □No □Unknow V P U (circle o Weight: [_][_][ne) lkg
Admission date at this facility Temperature []*(Respiratory rate []*(Respiratory rate []*(Periodical []*	Heart rate [][][Heart rate [][2 JLO JLY JLY Johnson nHg Severe dehydration DY. Jakanoan A nutrition DYes DNo Dukanoan A Auttrition DYes DNo Dukanoan A Jakanoan Disabetes	es	ne)]kg
Admission date at this facility Temperature	Heart rate	2_1L0_1LV_1LV_1	es	lkg
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Admission date at this facility Temperature []. []. Respiratory rate []. BP [Heart rate	2 JLO JLY JLY Joeats/min mHg Severe dehydration 17/ Jenson Herapy Uhanoun A autrition 17/es 18/es 18/es Leight: J J Joe V Isknown) Diabetes Current smoking Tuberculosis Asplenia	v P U (circle o Weight:]kg
Admission date at this facility Temperature [2_1L0_1LV_1LV_1	P U (circle o V P U (circle o Weight:	lkg □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk
Admission date at this facility Temperature [Heart rate	2_ILO_ILV_I_V	v P U (circle o Weight:	lkg □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk
Admission date at this facility Temperature		2_ILO_ILV_ILV	es □No □Unitros V P U (circle o Weight: [_][_]] □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No	lkg □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk
Admission date at this facility Temperature		2_ILO_ILV_I_V	es □No □Unitros V P U (circle o Weight: [_][_]] □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No	lkg □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk
Admission date at this facility Temperature [] "CRespiratory rate] "Exespiratory rate] "BP [] "I		2_ILO_ILV_ILV	S	□Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk
Admission date at this facility Temperature [2_ILO_ILV_ILV	S	□Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk
Admission date at this facility Temperature [2_1L0_1LV_1LV_1	S	□Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk
Admission date at this facility Temperature		2_ILO_ILV_ILV	S	□Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk □Unk

CIVI	LIVL	GNANCY
World Health Organization	PARTICIPAN	TID1IIIIIII-IIII
PREGNANCY MODULE (Form 1): c	complete on admission/enrolment
ls Subject Pregnant or recei □Yes □No □Unknow		ed within 21 days from onset of sympton
If "yes" Answer the following		
Q1. STATUS UPON ADMISSION	V	
Pregnant not in labour Pregnant in labour Pregnant in labour Postpartum (days)* Post-abortion, miscarriage Number of foetuses Best estimate of gestational age in completed weeks * This form days not speed to be one	Singleton	Breastfeeding! VES NO Twin Triplet Other (wmber) Unknown weeks Omo of COVID-19 started more than 21 days post-parture
Q2. ABORTION OR MISCARRIA		
Date of induced abortion or spontaneous abortion/miscar Were symptoms of COVID-19 present at the time?	riage? [D II D I/I M II M I/I Z II O II X II X I YES □ NO □ UNKNOWN
Q3. OBSTETRIC HISTORY		
Number of previous pregnance	ies beyond 22	2 weeks gestation [number]
Please tick any which apply to	previous deliv	veries:
Jppiy to		

Core CRF: hospitalized children and adults with COVID19

Pregnancy CRF: hospitalized pregnant women

Fever	□Yes	□No	Unknow	1	
Duration o	f fever	days			
Rash	□Yes	□No	Unknown	1	
Bilateral n	on-purulent	conjunctivitis	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Oral muco	sal inflamm	ation signs	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Peripheral	cutaneous	inflammation s	igns (hands or	feet)	Yes □No □Unknown
Hypotensi	on (age-app	ropriate)	ПYes	ПМо	□Unknown
	lia (age-app		□Yes	□No	□Unknown
	capillary re		□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Pale/motti	ed skin		□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Cold hand	s/feet		□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Urinary ou	tput < 2 mL	/kg/hr	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Chest pair	1		□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Tachypno	ea (age-app	ropriate)	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Respirator	y distress		□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Abdomina	l pain		□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Diarrhoea			□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Vomiting			□Yes	□No	□Unknown
V lυ	ılti	sys ¹	ten	<u>1</u>	
nfl	an	nma	ato	ry	syndrom

CRF MIS-C

a) Rash or bilateral non-purulent conjunctivitis or muco-cutaneous inflammation signs (oral, hands or feet

Evidence of COVID (RT-PCR, antigen test or serology positive) or likely contact with patients with COVID MODULE 1. Complete this form for all children aged 0-19 suspected to have me inflammatory disorder (even if all criteria in the case definition are not met - to full spectrum of the condition). Initiate the form at the time the disorder is susp Submit Module 1 when initial investigations included in case definition are a

c) Features of myocardial dysfunction, or pericarditis, or valvulitis, or coronary abnormalities (ECHO findings or e

Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform: Case Report Form for suspected cas Multisystem inflammatory syndrome (MIS) in children and adolescents temporally related t

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adolescents

CRF FOLLOW UP

World Health Organization	Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform CRF for mid- and long-term consequences of COVID-19
The WHO Global COV	ID-19 Clinical Case Record Form
Module 1 to be comp Module 2 to be comp between wards.	oal CRF has 3 modules: leted on the first day of admission to the health centre. leted daily for as many days as resources allow. Continue to follow-up patients who transfer leted at discharge or death.
medium- and long-ter A clinical tool affected by COVID-19 needs are identified a A means for g through the WHO Clir understanding of the prepare for large scale It is relevant to note t	e) is designed to build on CRF Modules 1-3 by creating a minimum data set to examine the m consequences of COVID-19. It is intended to serve as: that can be used by Member States to document the mid- and long-term sequelae among those disease. Uniformity in follow up of patients could ensure that long-term clinical and rehabilitation of patients are directed towards/provided the care they require. athering standardized information regarding the mid- and long-term sequelae of COVID-19 icail Data Platform. Such data collision and its subsequent analysis would improve WHO's consequences of COVID-19 in all parts of the world and inform further public health response and clinical trials. hat the module is designed so that it can be adapted, if needed, and can be applied across ps, health systems, and country contexts (e.g. current COVID-19 status, definitions and diagnostic
Use of CRF module 4	
all patients who were most relevant for pati	tation of CRF module 4: The form should be completed by an health care provider/attendant for discharged from hospital with a diagnosis [clinical and laboratory based] of COVID-19. This is ents who suffered severe or critical illness (refer note below on how to assess severity). However upulse of COVID-19 are still emergine, it is recommended that where health system capacity.

Time-points for administration: If feasible, the form could be completed any time during follow up. For patients who have been hospitalized, it is preferably completed between 4 to 12 weeks after discharge and every 3-6 months

In case of complaints or complications the patient should be referred for the required investigations, clinical care or rehabilitation.

. the form should be repeated at three-month intervals as long as needed In case of no complications, the form should be repeated after six and twelve months from discharg

 Part 1 of the form contains background information and a questionnaire that can be used to identify patient who require further assessment.

permits, part 1 of the form (questionnaire) be administered to all patients who survived the acute phase of COVID-19

 Part 2 of the form enables clinicians to document the result of any examinations and tests that were undertaken, as well as a diagnosis, if one was made, It is important that ONLY results of tests and diagnosis

made during the follow up visit be recorded here.

. Self-administered or administered remotely (online or through telephone): only Part 1 of the form (background information and questionnaire) can be self-administered or remotely administered. This can be useful for identifying patients who require further assessment. It is most relevant where administration of the

Follow up CRF: patients discharged from hospital; to assess **COVID** sequalae

CORE and Pregnancy CASE RECORD FORM include 3 modules



Critical module

MODULE 1

To complete ad admission

- Demographics
- Date of onset and admission vital signs
- Co-morbidities
- Signs and symptoms
- Medication
- Supportive care received
- Lab results

MODULE 2 to complete daily during hospital stay

- Vital signs
- Daily clinical features
- Lab results
- Medication
- Supportive care received

Critical module

MODULE 3

To complete at discharge or death

- Diagnostic/pathogen testing
- Complications
- Medication
- Supportive care received
- Outcome

3e. OUTCOME	=
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Outcome: □Discharged alive □H	Hospitalized □Transfer to othe	r facility □Death □Palliative	e discharge □Unknowr
Outcome date: [D][D]/[M]	[M /[2 [0 Y Y] □	Jnknown	

If Discharged alive: Ability to self-care at discharge versus before illness: □Same as before illness □Worse

□Better	\Box U	Inknow
	-	

MIS-C CASE RECORD FORM includes 2 modules



MODULE 1 To complete ad admission

- Demographics
- Date of onset and admission vital signs
- Co-morbidities
- Signs and symptoms
- Medication
- Supportive care received
- Lab results

MODULE 3 To complete at discharge or death

- Diagnostic/pathogen testing
- Complications
- Medication
- Supportive care received
- Outcome

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(37)	World	ization

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MODULE 1. Complete on hospital admission (within 24 hrs from hospital admission)

Facility name	Country
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Date of enrolment [_D_][_D_]/[_M_][_M_]/[_2_][_0_][_Y_][_Y_]

I	1a. CLINICAL INC	CLUS	SION CRITERIA		
	One or more	ı	A history of self-reported feverishness or measured fever of ≥38°C	□Yes	□No
ı	of these	I	Cough	□Yes	□No
ı	during this	1	Dyspnoea (shortness of breath) OR Tachypnoea*	□Yes	□No
ı	illness	I	Clinical suspicion despite not meeting criteria above	□Yes	□No
ı	* Respiratory rate ≥	50 br	eaths/min for < 1 year; ≥ 40 for 1–4 years; ≥ 30 for 5–12 years; ≥ 20 for ≥ 13 years		

1b. DEMOGRAPHICS

Sex at birth □Male □Female □Not specified Date	of birth [D_][D_]/[M_][M_]/[Y_][Y_][Y_][Y_]
If date of birth is unknown, record: Age [][][_] years OR [][] months OR [][] days
Health care worker? □Yes □No □Unknown	Laboratory worker? □Yes □No □Unknown
Pregnant?* DVes DNo DUnknown DN/A	If yes: Gestational weeks assessment [][]weeks

If currently pregnant or recently pregnant (delivery within 21 days of symptom onset), complete Pregnancy CRF

1c. DATE OF ON SET AND ADMISSION VITAL SIGNS (first available data at presentation/admission)

Symptom onset (date of first/earliest symptom) [_D_](_D_]/[_M_](_M_]/[_2_](_0_](_Y_](_Y_]
Admission date at this facility [](]/[_M_]/[_2_](_0_](_Y_](_Y_]
Temperature [][]:C Heart rate [][][]beats/min Respiratory rate [][]breaths/min
Respiratory rate [][]breaths/min
BP [] [](systolic) [][](diastolic) mmHg Severe dehydration □Yes □No □Unknown
Sternal capillary refill time > 2 seconds □Yes □No □Unknown

Oxygen saturation: [][JL	_]% on □Room air □Oxygen therapy □Unknown	Α	٧	Р	U	(circle one)

Glasgow Coma Score (GCS/15) [11	1	Malnutrition DYes DNo DUnknown

ı												
	Mid-upper arm circumference [_][_][_]mm	Height [J[_	_][]cm	Weight [_	IL.][_]kg

1d. CO-MORBIDITIES (existing	at admis	sion) (Ui	nk = Unki	nown)			
Chronic cardiac disease (not hypertension)	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Diabetes	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Hypertension	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Current smoking	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Chronic pulmonary disease	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Tuberculosis (active)	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Asthma	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Tuberculosis (previous)	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Chronic kidney disease	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Asplenia	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Chronic liver disease	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Malignant neoplasm	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Chronic neurological disorder	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Other	□Yes	□No	□Unk
				If yes, specify:			
HIV	□Yes (o	n ART)	□Yes	(not on ART) □No □Unkno	own ART	egimen	

1e, PRE-ADMISSION AND CHRONIC MEDICATION Were any of the following taken within 14 days of admission

I	Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors (ACE inhibitors)?	□Yes □No □Unknown
ı	Angiotensin II receptor blockers (ARBs)?	□Yes □No □Unknown
ı	Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID)?	□Yes □No □Unknown
I	Antiviral? \square Chloroquine/hydroxychloroquine \square Azithromycin	□Lopinavir/Ritonavir □Other:

CORE CRF Module 1: Admission

Module 1 - page 2

1f. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS C History of fever			□Unk	Lower chest indrawing	□Ves	□No □Unk
Cough	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Headache	□Yes	
with sputum production	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Altered consciousness/confusion	□Yes	
with haemoptysis	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Seizures	□Yes	
Sore throat	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Abdominal pain	□Yes	
Runny nose	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Vomiting/nausea	□Yes	
Wheezing	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Diarrhoea	□Yes	□No □Unk
Chest pain	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Conjunctivitis	□Yes	□No □Unk
Muscle aches	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Skin rash	□Yes	□No □Unk
Joint pain (arthralgia)	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Skin ulcers	□Yes	□No □Unk
Fatigue/malaise	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Lymphadenopathy	□Yes	□No □Unk
Loss of taste	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Inability to walk	□Yes	□No □Unk
Loss of smell	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Bleeding	□Yes	□No □Unk
Shortness of breath	□Yes	□No	□Unk	If bleeding, specify site(s):		
Stroke: ischaemic stroke	□Yes	□No	□Unk			
Stroke: intracerebral haemorrh	age 🗆	Yes D	⊐No □U	nk		
Other:	□Yes	□No	□Unk			
If yes, specify:						

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ı	
l	1h. SUPPORTIVE CARE On the day of admission, did the patient receive any of the following:
l	ICU or high dependency unit admission? □Yes □No □Unknown
ı	Oxygen therapy? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, complete all below
ı	O₂ flow: □1-5 L/min □6-10 L/min □11-15 L/min □> 15 L/min □Unknown
ı	Source of oxygen: □Piped □Cylinder □Concentrator □Unknown
ı	Interface: □Nasal prongs □HF nasal cannula □Mask □Mask with reservoir □CPAP/NIV mask □Unknown
ı	Non-invasive ventilation? (e.g. BIPAP/CPAP) □Yes □No □Unknown
ı	Invasive ventilation (any)? □Yes □No □Unknown
ı	If yes, what were the following values closest to 08:00:
l	PEEP (cm H ₂ O); FiO ₂ (%); Plateau pressure (cm H ₂ O); PaCO ₂ ; PaO ₂
ı	Extracorporeal (ECMO) support? Yes No Unknown
ı	Prone position? □Yes □No □Unknown
ı	Inotropes/vasopressors? □Yes □No □Unknown

COVID-19 CASE REPORT FORM_RAPID CORE_version 8 April 2020_revised 13 July 2020

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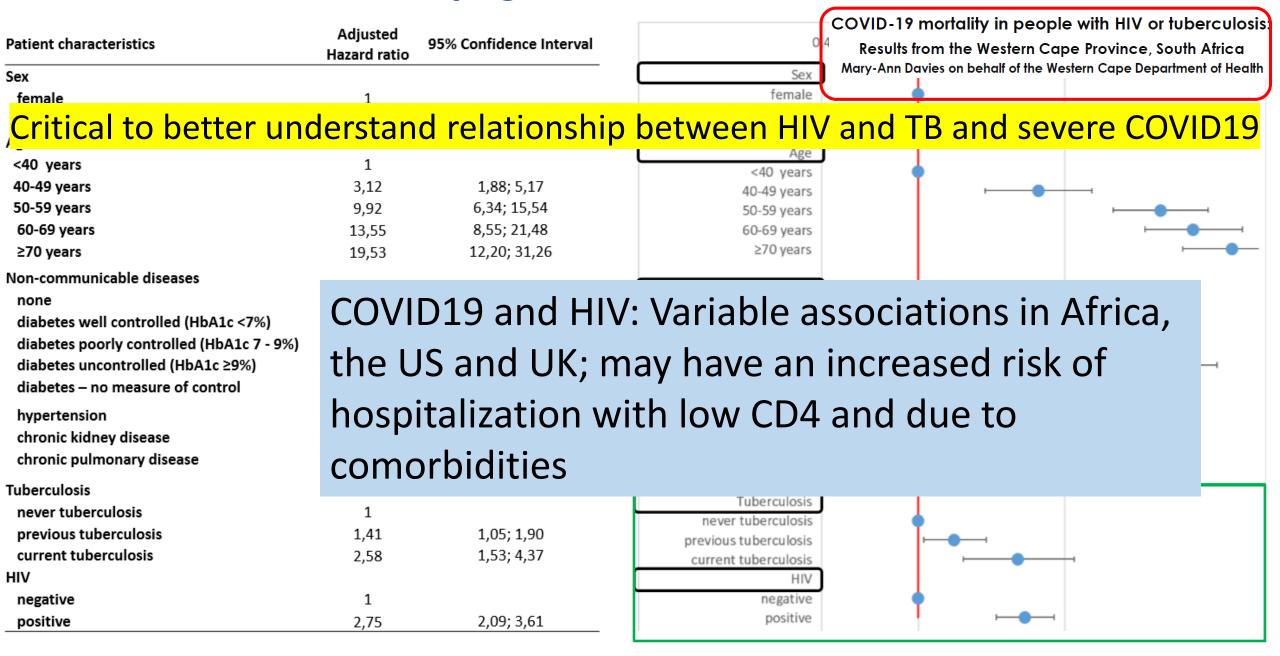
Module 1 - page 3

1i. LABORATO	i. LABORATORY RESULTS ON ADMISSION (*record units if different from those listed)										
Parameter	Value*		Units Parameter			Value*	ι	Inits			
Haemoglobin		□ g/L □ g/dL			Creatinine		□ mg/L	□ µmol/L			
WBC count		□ /mm³	G/L (= x10 ⁹ /L)		Sodium		□ mEq/	L = mmol/L			
Haematocrit		0	%		Potassium		□ mEq/	L = mmol/L			
Platelets		□ /mm³	G/L (= x10°/L)		Procalcitonin		□ ng/mL □ µg/L				
APTT/APTR		□ sec	conds		CRP		□ mg/L				
PT (seconds)		□ sec	conds		LDH		0	IU/L			
INR					Creatine kinase		□ IU/L	□ UKAT/L			
ALT/SGPT		0	U/L		Troponin		□ ng/mL	□ µg/L			
AST/SGOT		0	U/L		ESR		0	mm/hour			
Total bilirubin		□ mg/L	□ µmol/L		D-dimer		□ ng/mL □ µg/L				
Urea (BUN)		gL	□ mg/dL	□ mmol/L	Ferritin		□ ng/mL □ μg/L				
Lactate		□ mg/dL	□ mmol/L		IL-6			pg/mL			

CORE CRF Module 1 includes information on co-morbidities, co-infections

1d. CO-MORBIDITIES (existing	at admis	sion) (Ui	nk = Unki	nown)			
Chronic cardiac disease (not hypertension)	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Diabetes	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Hypertension	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Current smoking	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Chronic pulmonary disease	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Tuberculosis	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Asthma	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Asplenia	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Chronic kidney disease	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Malignant neoplasm	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Chronic liver disease	□Yes	□No	□Unk	Other	□Yes	□No	□Unk
Chronic neurological disorder	□Yes	□No	□Unk	If yes, specify:			
HIV	□Yes (o	n ART)	□Yes ((not on ART) □No □Un	known ART re	gimen_	

What are the chances of dying from COVID-19 for different risk factors?



CORE CRF Module 2: daily follow up

ribiiiii~iii	N	1odule 2	2 – page 4
uring hospital stay (daily or as frequent as possibl	le based	on fea	asibility)
abnormal value between 00:00 to 24:00)			
Heart rate [][][]beats per min Respiratory rat	te [_][_]brea	ths/min
][][_](diastolic) mmHg Severe dehydration □Ye	s □No	□Unkn	iown
seconds □Yes □No □Unknown A	V P U (circle o	ne)
□Room air □Oxygen therapy □Unknown GCS/15 [_]	r	-	.
artonia a conjunitariji dolikilovii dosto []			
ES (Unk = Unknown)			
	□Yes	□No	□Unk
ES (<i>Unk</i> = <i>Unknown</i>) Yes □No □Unk Yes □No □Unk Yes □No □Unk Seizures		□No	□Unk
ES (<i>Unk</i> = <i>Unknown</i>) Yes □No □Unk Yes □No □Unk	□Yes	□No	
ES (Unk = Unknown) Yes □No □Unk	□Yes □Yes	□No □No	□Unk
ES (Unk = Unknown) Yes	□Yes □Yes □Yes	□No □No □No	□Unk □Unk
ES (Unk = Unknown) Yes □No □Unk	□Yes □Yes □Yes □Yes	□No □No □No □No	□Unk □Unk □Unk
ES (<i>Unk</i> = <i>Unknown</i>) Yes □No □Unk			

2c. LABORATOR	RY RESUL	TS (*record	units if diffe	rent fron	n those listed)					
Parameter	Value*	Units	Units		Parameter	Value*	Ur	nits		
Haemoglobin		g/L	g/dL		Creatinine		mg/L	µmol/L		
WBC count		/mm ³	G/L (= x10 ⁰ /L)		Sodium		mEq/L	= mmol/L		
Haematocrit		_	%		%		Potassium		mEq/L	= mmol/L
Platelets		/mm ³ (= x10 ⁹ /L)			Procalcitonin		ng/mL	µg/L		
APTT/APTR		seconds			CRP		m	ıg/L		
PT (seconds)		54	conds		LDH		IU/L			
INR					Creatine kinase		IU/L	_ UKAT/L		
ALT/SGPT		'	U/L		Troponin		ng/mL	µg/L		
AST/SGOT		'	U/L		ESR		mm/hour			
Total bilirubin		mg/L	µmol/L		D-dimer		ng/mL	µg/L		
Urea (BUN)		g/L	mg/dL	mmol/L	Ferritin		ng/mL	µg/L		
Lactate		mg/dL	mmol/L		IL-6		P9	/mL		

	At any time during this 24-hour hospital day, did the patient receive:
Oral/orogastric f	luids? □Yes □No □Unknown Intravenous fluids? □Yes □No □Unknown
Antiviral? □Yes	S □No □Unknown If yes: □Ribavirin □Lopinavir/Ritonavir □Neuraminidase inhibitor
□Interferon alp	oha □Interferon beta □Other, specify:
	□Yes □No □Unknown If yes, route: □Oral □Intravenous □Inhaled
	provide agent and maximum daily dose:
Antibiotic? □Ye	es □No □Unknown If yes, specify:
Antifungal agent	? □Yes □No □Unknown
Antimalarial age	nt? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, specify:
Experimental age	ent? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, specify:
Non-steroidal an	ti-inflammatory (NSAID) □Yes □No □Unknown
Angiotensin con	verting enzyme inhibitors (ACE inhibitors) □Yes □No □Unknown
Angiotensin II re	ceptor blockers (ARBs) □Yes □No □Unknown
Systemic anticoa	agulation □Yes □No □ Unknown
2e. SUPPORTIVE	ECARE At any time during this 24-hour hospital day, did the patient receive:
ICU or high depe	ndency unit admission? □Yes □No □Unknown
Date of ICU/h	HDU admission _D_/[_M_](_M_]/[_2_](_0_](_Y_](_Y_) □Unknown
ICU/HDU dis	charge date _D_/[_M_](_M_]/[_2_](_0_](_Y_](_Y_)
Oxygen therapy?	P □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, complete all below:
	5 L/min □6–10 L/min □11–15 L/min □ > 15 L/min □Unknown
	ygen: □Piped □Cylinder □Concentrator □Unknown
	Nasal prongs □HF nasal cannula □Mask □Mask with reservoir □CPAP/NIV mask □Unknown
	ntilation? (e.g. BIPAP, CPAP) □Yes □No □Unknown
	ion (any)? □Yes □No □Unknown
	were the following values closest to 08:00: O); FiO ₂ (%); Plateau pressure (cm H ₂ O); PaCO ₂ ; PaO ₂
	ECMO) support? Yes No Unknown
	□Yes □No □Unknown
	ressors? □Yes □No □Unknown
Penal replaceme	nt therapy (RRT) or dialysis? □Yes □No □Unknown

(4)	World	Health
6.47	Organ	ization

PARTICIPANT ID I_		ل_ال_ال		Module 3 – page 6
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MODULE 3. Complete at discharge/death

3a. DIAGNOSTIC/PATHOGEN TESTING
Chest X-ray/CT performed? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, infiltrates present? □Yes □No □Unknown
Was pathogen testing done during this illness episode? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, complete all below:
Influenza virus: □Positive □Negative □Not done If positive, type
Coronavirus: □Positive □Negative □Not done If positive: □MERS-CoV □SARS-CoV-2 □Other
Other respiratory pathogen: □Positive □Negative □Not done If positive, specify
Viral haemorrhagic fever: □Positive □Negative □Not done If positive, specify virus
Other pathogen of public health interest detected: If yes, specify:
Falciparum malaria: □Positive □Negative □Not done
Non-falciparum malaria: □Positive □Negative □Not done
HIV: □Positive □Negative □Not done

3b. COMPLICATIONS At any time during hospitalization, did the patient experience:							
Shock	□Yes	□No	□Unknown	Bacteraemia	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Seizure	□Yes	□No	□Unknown	Bleeding	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Meningitis/encephalitis	□Yes	□No	□Unknown	Endocarditis	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Anaemia	□Yes	□No	□Unknown	Myocarditis/pericarditis	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Cardiac arrhythmia	□Yes	□No	□Unknown	Acute renal injury	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Cardiac arrest	□Yes	□No	□Unknown	Pancreatitis	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Pneumonia	□Yes	□No	□Unknown	Liver dysfunction	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Bronchiolitis	□Yes	□No	□Unknown	Cardiomyopathy	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS)	□Yes	□No	□Unknown	Other If yes, specify	□Yes	□No	□Unknown
Stroke: ischaemic stroke	□Yes	□No	□Unknown				
Stroke: intracerebral haemorrhage	□Yes	□No	□Unknown				

Stoke. Ilitiacerebiai naemormage	
3c. MEDICATION While hospitalized or at discharge, were any of the following adm	inistered:
Oral/orogastric fluids? □Yes □No □Unknown Intravenous fluids? □Yes □No □Unknown Intravenous fluids? □Yes □No □Unknown Intravenous fluids?	nknown
Antiviral? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes: □Ribavirin □Lopinavir/Ritonavir □Neuram □Interferon alpha □Interferon beta □Other, specify:	
Corticosteroid? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, route: □Oral □Intravenous □Inhaled If yes, specify agent and maximum daily dose: Antibiotic? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, specify:	1
Antifungal agent? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, specify:	_

CORE CRF Module 3: discharge/death

World Health Organization PARTICIPANT ID II II II II II II II
3d. SUPPORTIVE CARE At any time during hospitalization, did the patient receive/undergo:
ICU or high dependency unit admission? Yes Unknown If yes, total duration: days
Date of ICU admission [D] [D] / [M] / [2] [0] [Y] [Y]
Date of ICU discharge [D][D]/[M][M]/[2][0][Y][Y]
Oxygen therapy? Yes No Unknown If yes, complete all: Total duration:days
O₂ flow: □1–5 L/min □6–10 L/min □11–15 L/min □ > 15 L/min
Source of oxygen: Piped Cylinder Concentrator
Interface: □Nasal prongs □HF nasal cannula □Mask □Mask with reservoir □CPAP/NIV mask
Non-invasive ventilation? (e.g. BIPAP, CPAP) □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, total duration:days
Invasive ventilation (any)? Yes No Unknown If yes, total duration: days Extracorporeal (ECMO) support? Yes No Unknown If yes, total duration: days Prone position? Yes No Unknown If yes, total duration: days
Inotropes/vasopressors? □Yes □No □Unknown If yes, total duration:days
Renal replacement therapy (RRT) or dialysis? □Yes □No □Unknown
3e. OUTCOME
Outcome: Discharged alive Hospitalized Transfer to other facility Death Palliative discharge Unknown
Outcome date: [D_][D_]/[M_][M_]/[2_][0_][Y_][Y_]
If discharged alive, ability to self-care at discharge versus before illness: □Same as before illness □Worse
□Better □Unknown



Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform - NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19) - RAPID CORE CRF

RAPID CORE CRF Completion Guidance

DESIGN OF THIS CASE REPORT FORM (CRF)

This CRF has 3 modules:

Module 1 to be completed on the first day of admission to the health centre.

Module 2 to be completed daily during hospital stay for as many days as resources allow. Continue to follow-up patients who transfer between wards.

Module 3 to be completed at discharge or death.

GENERAL GUIDANCE (ADAPTED FROM ISARIC GUIDANCE)

- The Rapid Core CRF is designed to collect data obtained through examination, interview and review of hospital notes. Data may be collected retrospectively if the patient is enrolled after the admission date.
- Participant identification numbers consist of a site code and a participant number.
 You can obtain a site code and register on the data management system by contacting COVID ClinPlatform@who.int

Participant numbers should be assigned sequentially for each site beginning with 00001. In the case of a single site recruiting participants on different wards, or where it is otherwise difficult to assign sequential numbers, it is acceptable to assign numbers in blocks or incorporating alpha characters. For example, Ward X will assign numbers from 00001 or A0001 onwards and Ward Y will assign numbers from 50001 or B0001 onwards. Enter the participant identification number at the top of every page.

- Data are entered on the central electronic WHO OpenClinica database at https://who.eclinicalhosting.com/OpenClinica/ Printed paper CRFs may be used for later transfer of the data onto the electronic database.
- In the case of a participant transferring between sites, it is preferred to maintain the same participant identification number across the sites. When this is not possible, space for recording the new number is provided.
- Complete every section. Questions marked "If yes, ..." should be left blank when they do not apply (i.e. when the answer is not yes).
- · As necessary, where there are multiple selection answers, choose as many as are applicable.
- Mark "Unknown" for any data that are not available, not applicable or unknown.
- Avoid recording data outside of the dedicated areas. Sections are available for recording additional information.
- . If using paper CRFs, we recommend writing clearly in ink, using BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS.
- Place an X when you choose the corresponding answer. To make corrections, strike through (-----)
 the data you wish to delete and write the correct data above it. Please initial and date all corrections.
- Please keep all the sheets for a single participant together, e.g. with a staple or participant-unique folder.
- All paper CRFs can be stored by the institution responsible for them.
- Please enter data on the electronic data capture system at https://who.eclinicalhosting.com/OpenClinical
- Please contact us at <u>COVID ClinPlatform@who.int</u> to contribute data to the WHO Clinical Data Platform.

MODULE 2. DAILY FOLLOW UP DURING HOSPITAL STAY

Complete daily during hospital stay and for as many days as resources allow. Please state the date of follow-up for this form. All data should refer to that calendar date, from midnight to midnight.

a. VITAL SIGNS

Record one value for the calendar day (midnight to midnight) for the date of follow-up stated on the form

Temperature. Please state the greatest recorded temperature in degrees Celsius. Heart rate. Please state the greatest recorded heart rate.

Respiratory rate. Please state the greatest recorded respiratory rat

Blood pressure. Please state the lowest recorded blood pressure.

Severe dehydration. Please record if severe dehydration was present at any point during the follow-up day. Signs of severe dehydration include dry mucous membranes, low volumes of dark-coloured urine, sunken eves. reduced skin elasticity.

Stemal capillary refill time. Please record if stemal capillary refill time was > 2 seconds. This is assessed by pressing on the sternum for 5 seconds until the underlying skin turns white and then noting the time for the colour to return when the pressure is released.

Oughe startiles. Please state the lowest reliable ougher saturation recorded. Record the first documented pasterin prehiperal organ saturation measurement as a percentage. Record whether the first documented patterin prehiperal organ saturation measurement occurred white the pattern was breathing now in or any form of supplemental oxygen. Record "Unknown" if it is unclear whether the pattern was breathing croin as or oxygen at the time of the measurement. Sometimes a born measurement is

pulse oximetry due to poor peripheral perfusion, and a warmer body site will give a greater value. In these circumstances, where the pulse oximeter has given two different readings in succession, with no change to coygen therapy, the greater measurement should be recorded. If the low measurement was accepted by the clinical team and changes to

MODULE 2. Daily follow up during hospital stay (for as many days as resources allow).

2a VIFLA SERSE; broad most advormal value believes (0.00 to 24.00)
Temperature [. E._], [. P. (Heart et al. [. I.], Bost) or no Respirature [. et __]. Prostbuches
BPL [. [.], [.], brytifals(-], I. [.], Stontifaleninini Severe deliphotes (1.00 to 1.00 to 0.00 to 0.00

Module 1

World Health Organization

Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform — Rapid Core CRF Completion Guidance

Module 3 - page 15

MODULE 3. COMPLETE AT DISCHARGE/DEATH

This page should be completed once a patient is discharged or has died using all available data throughout their stay in hospital.

3a. DIAGNOSTIC/PATHOGEN TESTING

Chest X-ray/CT. Please select "Yes" if a chest X-ray or thoracic CT was performed at any point during the patient's hospital stay.

Infiltrates present. Please tick that infiltrates are present if they are reported as present by a radiologist. You can also select "Yes" if you are qualified to assess the images, or if a senior member of the clinical team looking after the patient has documented that the images showed "infiltrates", "consolidation" or "radiological signs of pneumonia".

Pathogen testing. For each pathogen, select whether the test was positive (the pathogen was found), negative (the pathogen was not found) or the test was not done. Where a pathogen was identified, please specify the organism identified as precisely as possible.

3b. COMPLICATION:

Please select all that were present at any time during the hospital admission.

Shork An existe life-threatening circulatory failure. Sings can include technicardia.

ock. An acute, life-threatening circulatory failure. Signs can include tachycard chypnoea, hypotension and altered mental state.

Seizure. A seizure, convulsion or "fit" is an involuntary rhythmic contraction of muscles Select "Yes" for any seizure regardless of cause (e.g. febrile or due to epilepsy).

Moningitis/encephalitis. Inflammation of the meninges or the brain. Select "Yes' if diagnosed clinically, radiologically or microbiologically.

tes pathogs beting dense during this Dieses speaked Clinic Dio Libericon Eyes, consists all boles behaviors show Dimitor Displation Dicks on Eyes (Displation Displation Displa

Module 2

Shook	CYes			Bacterserea			Otherow
Delicare	CYes		(D)ransee				Otherow
Meringitaiereaphaltis	CYles			Endocardito	CYes	(2%)	Otherow
Acuserous				Myscardingercesting			Distrow
Cardiac arrhythmia				Acute rend risky			Dürkrew
Cardiac arrest				Pancreatite			Distress
Preumonia				Liver-dystanction			Distrow
Snonchiolitis	CYes	C#40	Chiracone	Cardionyspathy	CTYM	C2960	Clintnown
MOS	CYes	DNo	Clintrown	Cities if yes, specify	CYks	Die	CUntras
Stroke: lechaomic stroke	CYes	Ote	Cl24rown				
Stroke: intracerobral hasmorrhage	CYes	CNo	Clintown				

MODULE 1. COMPLETE ON HOSPITAL ADMISSION

Participant ID: On each page, enter your assigned 5-digit site code followed by the 4-digit participant ID: Participant numbers should be assigned sequentially for each site beginning with 001, 0002, 0003.

1a. CLINICAL INCLUSION CRITERIA

How to define a pathogen of public health interest: select "Yes" if you suspect a pathogen may; be capable of causing severe disease, be highly contagious, have outbreak potential, be an emerging pathogen, or may be of public health interest for another reason. Select "No." if none of those apply.

Suspected or proven acute COVID-19 infection as main cause for admission. A proven COVID-19 infection refers to a laboratory-confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19. A participant may also be included if the treating clinician suspects they may have an COVID-19 infection, based on local definition. Place a cross (X) in the appropriate box (Yes*, "not.")

1b. DEMOGRAPHICS

Please provide sex at birth, and date of birth in day/month/year form.

If date of birth is unknown, please record age in years, or if < 1 year old, record age in months.

Record whether the patient is a health care worker with potential exposure to infected patients (for example, but not limited to: physician, nurse, nursing assistant, clinical officer, etc.).

Record whether the patient is a laboratory worker who processes or analyses human biological samples. Please select details of any pregnancy.

Pregnancy status is based on patient reported response and/or confirmatory testing if available. If there is a discrepancy, report the results of testing. Record "N/A" if no documentation of pregnancy status exists and it is unclear if the question was asked.

PARTOMATIOI__I__I__I__I__I__I__I

(A) World Hought

One or mans | A habitry of self-injurated fever-follows or measured fever of 1-29°C | China | China | of feets | 1 | Ching | China | C

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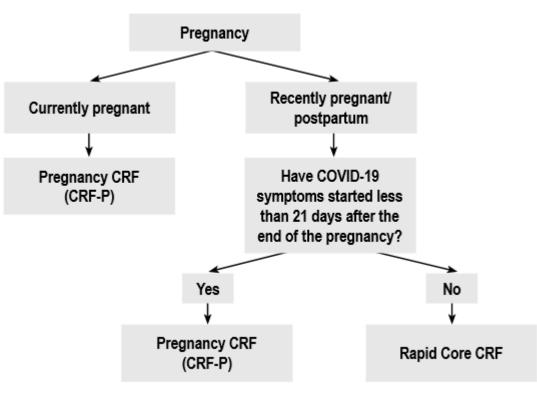
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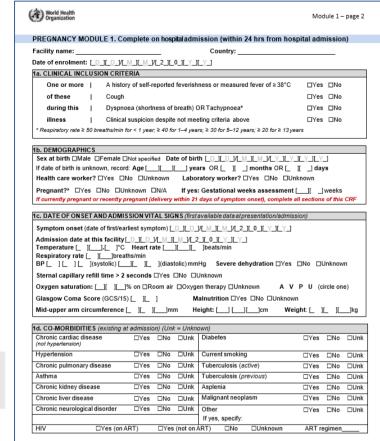
Module 3

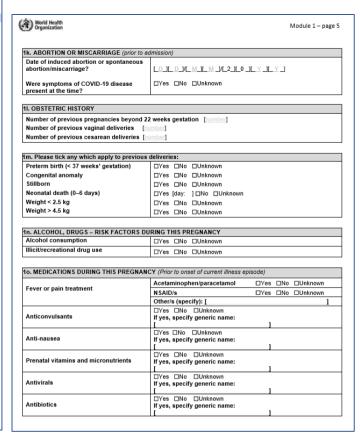
Core CRF Completion Guidance

Pregnancy CRF

This CRF-P should be completed for pregnant women or recently pregnant women who delivered **within 21 days from onset of symptoms.** If COVID symptoms started more than 21 days after the end of the pregnancy, please complete the Rapid Core CRF only.







Pregnancy CRF Completion Guidelines





Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform — NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

RAPID CORE CASE REPORT FORM WITH PREGNANCY MODULE CRF-P Completion Guidance

DESIGN OF THIS CASE REPORT FORM FOR PREGNANCY (CRF-P)

This CRF-P has 3 modules:

Module 1 to be completed on the first day of admission to the health centre.

Module 2 to be completed daily during hospital stay for as many days as resources allow. Continue to follow-up women who transfer between wards.

Module 3 to be completed at discharge or death.

MIS-C CRF



	PARTICIPANT	ID1	11	11	11	11	11	111	11	11	ı
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Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform: Case Report Form for suspected cases of Multisystem inflammatory syndrome (MIS) in children and adolescents temporally related to COVID-19

,		
Children and adolescents	s 0-19 years of age with fever ≥ 3 days	

Children and adolescents 0=19 years of age with fever ≥ 3 day

AND two.of the following:

Preliminary case definition

- a) Rash or bilateral non-purulent conjunctivitis or muco-cutaneous inflammation signs (oral, hands or feet)
- b) Hypotension or shock
- Features of myocardial dysfunction, or pericarditis, or valvulitis, or coronary abnormalities (ECHO findings or elevated Troponin/NT-proBNP)
- d) Evidence of coagulopathy (abnormal PT, PTT, elevated d-Dimers)
- e) Acute gastrointestinal problems (diarrhoea, vomiting or abdominal pain)

AND

Elevated markers of inflammation such as ESR, C-reactive protein or procalcitonin

AND

No other obvious microbial cause of inflammation, including bacterial sepsis, staphylococcal or streptococcal shock syndromes.

Evidence of COVID (RT-PCR, antigen test or serology positive) or likely contact with patients with COVID

MODULE 1. Complete this form for all children aged 0-19 suspected to have multisystem inflammatory disorder (even if all criteria in the case definition are not met – to capture full spectrum of the condition). Initiate the form at the time the disorder is suspected. Submit Module 1 when initial investigations included in case definition are available.

Facility name	Country
Date of completing module	
Date of admission to hospital	[D] [D M M] [M M 2] [O] [Y] [Y]

1a. CLINICAL FEATURES OF CURRENT ILLNESS (complete when IAIS is first suspected) □Yes □No □Unknown Duration of fever ____ days □Yes □No Bitateral non-purulent conjunctivitis □Yes □No □Unknown Oral mucosal inflammation signs □Yes □No □Unknown Peripheral cutaneous inflammation signs (hands or feet) ☐Yes ☐No ☐Unknown □Unknown □Yes □No □Unknown Tachycardia (age-appropriate) Prolonged capillary refill time □Yes □No □Unknown Pale/mottled skin □Yes □No □Unknown Cold hands/feet □Yes □No □Unknown Urinary output < 2 mL/kg/hr □Yes □No □Unknown □Yes □No □Unknown Tachypnoea (age-appropriate) □Yes □No □Unknown Respiratory distress □Yes □No □Unknown Abdominal pain Diarrhoea □Yes □No □Unknown □Yes □No □Unknown Vomiting

COVID-19 CASE RECORD FORM FOR SUSPECTED CASES OF MULTIPISTED HIRALAMANTON'S SINCE DATE IN CALIDEEN AND ADDLESCENTS TEMPORALLY RELATED TO CONTO-19 SENING (COST)

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substituted by EQCID, on bear of Colors University.

MIS-C CRF Completion Guidelines



MIS Temporally Related to COVID-19 Case Report Form Completion Guide

MODULE 1: PRESENTATION/ADMISSION CASE REPORT FORM PRELIMINARY CASE DEFINITION

Suspected multisystem inflammatory syndrome (MIS) temporally related to COVID-19 infection:

Initiate completion of the format the time MIS is first suspected, even if all the criteria in the case definition provided are not met. Submit Module 1 when the initial investigations included in the case definition are available. Therefore, Module 1 can be initiated with incomplete investigations and submitted at a later date when the full information is available.

1a DEMOGRAPHICS

Date of birth

Please provide the patient's date of birth. If this is not known, please provide their age in years OR months.

Ethnicity

Please document the ethnicity reported by the family. Document all that applies.

1b. DATE OF ONSET OF CURRENT ILLNESS AND VITAL SIGNS

Date of onset of first symptom or sign

Please provide the date of patient/carer reported onset of the first symptom that you clinically believe was related to this episode of MIS.

Date of onset of fever

Please provide the date of patient/carer reported onset of fever (self-reported or measured)

Temperature

Please enter the peripheral body temperature in degrees Celsius (°C) (rectal if < 3 months) in the space provided.

Heart rate (HR)

Enter the heart rate measured in beats per minute. This may be measured manually or by electronic monitoring.

Respiratory rate (RR)

Enter the respiratory rate in breaths per minute. Manual rather than electronic measurement is preferred where possible. Record the highest respiratory rate documented at first suspicion of MIS.

Systolic B

Please enter the systolic blood pressure measured in millimetres of mercury (mmHg), in the relevant sections. Use any recognised method for measuring blood pressure.

Diastolic BF

Please enter the diastolic blood pressure measured in millimetres of mercury (mmHg), in the relevant sections. Use any recognised method for measuring blood pressure.

Capillary refill time > 2 seconds

Capillary refill time is measured by pressing on the stemum for five seconds with a finger or thumb until the underlying skin turns white and then noting the time in seconds needed for the colour to return once the pressure is released.

Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform: Case Record Form for suspected cases of Multisystem inflammatory syndrome (MIS) in children and adolescents temporally related to COVID-19

Pretim	inary case definition
Childre	n and addlescents 0-19 years of age with measured or self-reported fever = 3 days
AND	ro or more of the following:
a)	Rash or bilateral non-purulent conjunctivitis or muco-cutaneous inflammation signs (oral, hands or feet)
b)	Hypotension or shock
	Features of myocardial dysfunction, or pericarditis, or valvulitis, or coronary abnormalities (clinical features, ECHO finding or laboratory markers such as elevated Troponin/NT-proBNP)
d)	Evidence of coagulopathy (such as abnormal PT, PTT, elevated d-Dimers)
e)	Acute gastrointestinal problems (such as diarrhoea, vomiting or abdominal pain)
AND	
Elevate AND	d markers of inflammation such as ESR, C-reactive protein or procalcitonin
No other	er obvious microbial cause of inflammation, including bacterial sepsis, staphylococcal or streptococcal shock syndromes
AND	
Eviden	ce of COVID (RT-PCR, antigen test or serology positive) or likely contact with patients with COVID
NB Cor	nsider this syndrome in children with features of typical or atypical Kawasaki disease or toxic shock syndrome.

MODULE 1. Complete this module for all children aged 0-19 suspected to have multisystem inflammatory disorder (even if all criteria in the case definition are not met - to capture the full spectrum of the condition). Start completing the module at the time the disorder is suspected.

Date of patient assessment	LDJLDJLMJLMJL2JL0JLYJLYJ
Date of admission to hospital	[0][0]/[M][M]/[2][0][Y][Y]
1a. DEMOGRAPHICS (complete	te when MS is first suspected)
Sex at birth ? Male ? Female	? Not specified. Date of birth [D][D]/[M][M]/[Y][Y][Y][Y]
If date of birth is unknown, record	Age
Ethnicity (as reported by family)	(please pre-specify main groups in the population and choose from the list)
1b. DATE OF ONSET OF CUR	RENT ILLNESS AND VITAL SIGNS (complete when MIS is first suspected)
Date of onset of first sympton	n orsign [D] [D] [M] [M] [2] [0] [Y] [Y]
Date of onset of fever [_D_][_0	DULMIKMIKI (ZIKOJKYJKY)
Temperature [][][]°C Heart rate [IIII]beats/min
Respiratory rate []bre	athsimin
BP [] [](systolic) [I I)(diastolic)mmHg Dehydration □Severe □Some □None
Capillary refill time > 2 secon	ds 🗆 Yes 🗆 No 🗆 Unknown
Oxygen saturation [][][_]	% on □Room air □Oxygen therapy □Unknown
	[20] (20) (12) (12) (12) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13) (13

Follow up CRF

For patients discharged from the hospitals who completed the CORE CRF and are assessed in FU visits

CRF will be finalized soon



Global COVID-19 Clinical Platform CRF for mid- and long-term consequences of COVID-19

The WHO Global COVID-19 Clinical Case Record Form

The original WHO global CRF has 3 modules:

Module 1 to be completed on the first day of admission to the health centre.

Module 2 to be completed daily for as many days as resources allow. Continue to follow-up patients who transfer between wards.

Module 3 to be completed at discharge or death.

Module 4 (this module) is designed to build on CRF Modules 1-3 by creating a minimum data set to examine the medium- and long-term consequences of COVID-19. It is intended to serve as:

- A clinical tool that can be used by Member States to document the mid- and long-term sequelae among those
 affected by COVID-19 disease. Uniformity in follow up of patients could ensure that long-term clinical and rehabilitation
 needs are identified and patients are directed towards/provided the care they require.
- A means for gathering standardized information regarding the mid- and long-term sequelae of COVID-19
 through the WHO Clinical Data Platform. Such data collation and its subsequent analysis would improve WHO's
 understanding of the consequences of COVID-19 in all parts of the world and inform further public health response and
 prepare for large scale clinical trials.

It is relevant to note that the module is designed so that it can be adapted, if needed, and can be applied across different income groups, health systems, and country contexts (e.g. current COVID-19 status, definitions and diagnostic criteria).

Use of CRF module 4

Criteria for implementation of CRF module 4: The form should be completed by an health care provider/attendant for all patients who were discharged from hospital with a diagnosis (clinical and laboratory based) of COVID-19. This is most relevant for patients who suffered severe or critical illness (refer note below on how to assess severity). However, as many long-term sequelae of COVID-19 are still emerging, it is recommended that where health system capacity permits, part 1 of the form (questionnaire) be administered to all patients who survived the acute phase of COVID-19, including those with mild or moderate illness, regardless of hospitalisation.

Time-points for administration: If feasible, the form could be completed any time during follow up. For patients who have been hospitalized, it is preferably completed between 4 to 12 weeks after discharge and every 3-6 months thereafter. For patients who have not been hospitalized, it is preferably completed between 4 to 12 weeks after the enset of illness.

In case of complaints or complications:

- · the patient should be referred for the required investigations, clinical care or rehabilitation;
- the form should be repeated at three-month intervals as long as needed.

In case of no complications, the form should be repeated after six and twelve months from discharge.

Contents of the form:

- Part 1 of the form contains background information and a questionnaire that can be used to identify patients who require further assessment.
- Part 2 of the form enables clinicians to document the result of any examinations and tests that were
 undertaken, as well as a diagnosis, if one was made. It is important that ONLY results of tests and diagnosis
 made during the follow up visit be recorded here.

Mode of administration: The form can be:

 Self-administered or administered remotely (online or through telephone): only Part 1 of the form (background information and questionnaire) can be self-administered or remotely administered. This can be useful for identifying patients who require further assessment. It is most relevant where administration of the CRF by a health worker is not possible.

CRF available in different languages

Core CRF

Arabic | Chinese | English | French | Russian |
Spanish Portoguese

Pregnancy CRF

Arabic | Chinese | English | French | Russian |
Spanish
Portoguese

Multisystem inflammatory syndrome CRF

Arabic | Chinese | English | French | Russian |
Spanish Portoguese

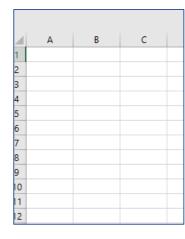
2 options for contributing data to WHO Platform

1) WHO CRF used to collect data (paper based or electronic)





2) Data entered in local system





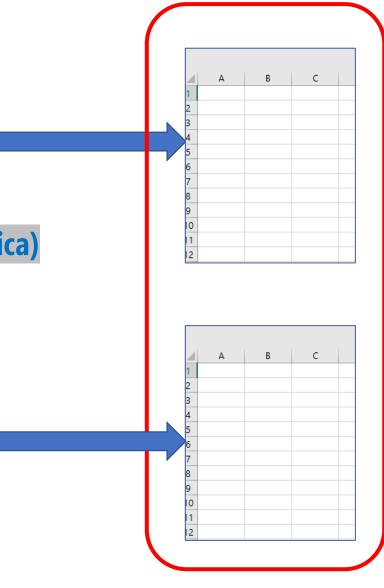
Login User Name Password Password Forgot Password? Login I 12/09 - To counter bias, counterbalance - On a scale from 1to 10, with 10 representing ... Password Forgot Password? Login Forgot Password? I 10/07 - Sourcein's from Baltimore (SCDM 2019 ... 10/07 - Sourcein's from Baltimore (SCDM 2019 ... 10/07 - Sourcein's from Baltimore (SCDM 2019 ... 10/07 - Sourcein's from Baltimore (SCDM 2019 ...) 10/07 - Sourcein's from Baltimore (SCDM 2019 ...)

Web-based System (Open Clinica)

Variables aligned and transferred to WHO

WHO work with data contributors to transfer relevant variables from local databases to the WHO COVID-19 Clinical Data Platform

Pool Data



Data collection and data entry

Collection:

- Paper-based CRF or web-based CRF (Open Clinica); or
- through transfer from local databases

Data entry:

prospectively and

retrospectively through examination and review of medical records



Health Topics v

rucit /s suid 14

https://www.who.int/teams/health-care-readiness-clinical-

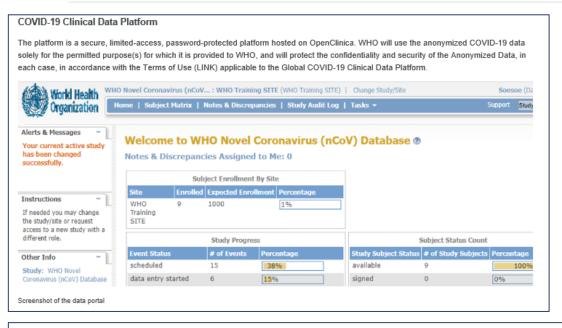
unit/covid-19/---

Emergencies v

Data 🗸

About Us ∨

Global COVID-19 Clinical Data Platform for clinical characterization and management of hospitalized patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19



Clinical characterization case report form (CRF)

To harmonize data collection across diverse global settings, WHO has developed a standard CRF. This contains a minimum set of key variables and forms the basis of three types of CRFs:

- Core CRF: to record data relating to hospitalized adults and children with suspected or confirmed infection with COVID-19.
- Pregnancy CRF: to record additional key information relating to the subgroup of hospitalized pregnant women with suspected or confirmed infection with COVID-19.
- Multisystem inflammatory syndrome (MIS) in children and adolescents temporally related to COVID-19 CRF: to record data relating to suspected cases with this syndrome.

Information Package

- Information sheet
- Updated CRFs: (i) rapid core CRF; (ii) pregnancy CRF (iii) MIS CRF
- Term of Use
- Instructions to complete CRF
- . Instructions to upload clinical data to the Global Clinical Platform

3 simple steps to contribute to the platform

- Create your profile
- 2. Review Terms of Use
- After 1-2 day, you'll receive an email with the log in credential to access the Global COVID-19 Clinical Data Platform or, in case you have an
 established database, other instructions to share data.

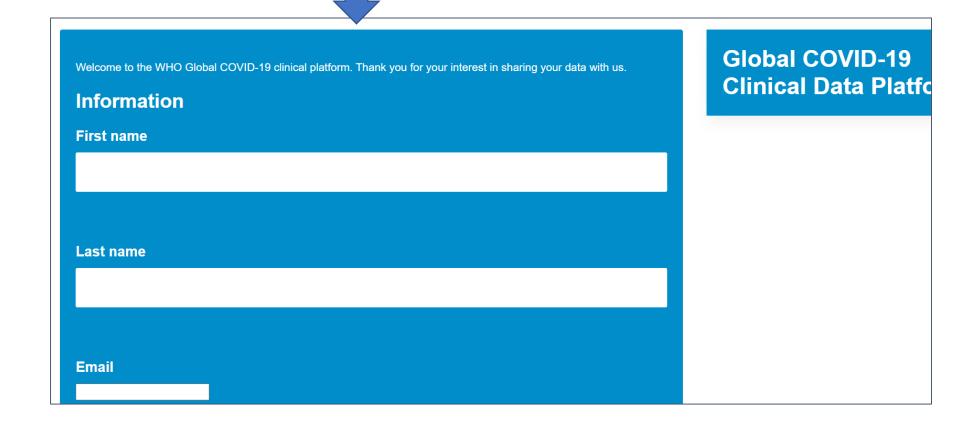
If you have any questions, please contact COVID_ClinPlatform@who.int.



or confirmed COVID-19, thereby increase understanding of the severity, spectrum, and impact of the disease

in the hospitalized population globally, in different countries

Step 1. Create you profile Registration to the Platform



Step 2 Agree to the Terms of Use

Agree to the Terms of Use (WHO standard DSA available upon request)

Step 3

Receive log-in credentials to access the Platform and start entering data

Terms of Use

TERMS OF USE

for Global COVID-19 Clinical Data Platform for Clinical Characterization and Management of Hospitalized Patients

The World Health Organization, a United Nations' Specialized Agency with headquarters at 20 Avenue Appia, CH1211 Geneva, Switzerland ("WHO"), maintains a global data platform to facilitate the sharing of anonymized clinical data and information relating to patients with suspected or confirmed infections with COVID-19, which platform is known as the "Global COVID-19 Clinical Data Platform for Clinical Characterization and Management of Hospitalized Patients" (the "Platform"). Access to and use of the Platform and the Data (as defined herein) is subject to and governed by these Terms of Use. By accessing or using the Platform, whether as a provider or user of Data or otherwise, you: (i) agree to and accept, both for yourself and on behalf of the entity of which you are an employee or representative, that you and such entity (collectively, the "Entity") will be bound by these Terms of Use effective as of the first date of your access or use the Platform; and (ii) represent and warrant that you have all power and authority necessary to agree to and accept these Terms of Use on behalf of

1. Provision and Use of Data

- 1.1 Subject to the terms and conditions these Terms of Use, the Entity hereby agrees to provide, and WHO hereby agrees to accept, the Data for the Purpose of Use (as each such term is defined below). The Data will be provided, free of charge, through the Platform. As used herein.
 - "Data" means all anonymized (i.e., stripped of any personal identifiers) clinical data and information related to patients with suspected or confirmed infections with COVID-19 that are collected by or on behalf of the Entity and that are provided pursuant to these Terms of Use and/or the Platform, and
 - "Purpose of Use" means the following purposes for which the Data may be used by or on behalf of WHO pursuant to these Terms of Use: (a) to inform, develop, review and/or update (i) public health and/or clinical guidance in connection with COVID-19 which is or may be published by WHO on its website(s) and/or its printed, electronic or other publications, (ii) WHO's research, scientific or public health prioritization purposes, and/or (iii) any activities or materials relating to any of the foregoing; and/or (b) for WHO's activities, products and/or materials arising from or relating to the Protect and/or to the Platform, its purpose and objectives including, without limitation, to inform COVID-19 Clinical Characterization and Management and public health response.
- 1.2 The Data are supplied by the Entity to WHO solely for the Purpose of Use. The Entity hereby grants WHO a nonexclusive, worldwide, royally-free, sub-licensable license and right to use, reproduce, store, display, distribute, query, clean, currate, analyse, modify, adapt, visualize and/or exercised derivative works (including, without limitation, summaries, graphs, charts and/or statistics) from the Data for the Purpose of Use, subject to and in accordance with these Terms of Use.
- 1.3 The Data shall only be used for the Purpose of Use. Except for and/or within the Purpose of Use, the Data shall not be

- used for any other purpose without the prior written agreement of the Entity.
- 1.4 WHO shall not transfer or distribute the Data to any third parties without the prior written agreement of the Entity. Notwithstanding the foregoing, WHO may transfer or distribute the Data to, and the Data may be used by, any third parties who have a need to know for the Purpose of Use and who are bound by similar obligations of confidentiality and restrictions on use as contained in these Terms of Use.
- 1.5 WHO shall take reasonable, appropriate technical safeguards and controls to protect the security and confidentiality of the Data. In particular, WHO shall keep the Data in a secure environment, protected against theft, damage, loss, misuse or unauthorized access.
- 1.6 WHO shall not use the Data to attempt to identify any specific individuals from the Data received.
- 1.7 Nothing contained in these Terms of Use shall restrict the Entity's right to transfer or distribute the Data to any other person or entity for any purpose.

2. Confidentiality

- 2.1 The Data shall be treated by WHO as confidential and shall only be used for the Purpose of Use. Accordingly, during the term of these Terms of Use and for a period of five (5) rears following the expiration or early termination hereof, WHO shall take reasonable measures to protect the confidentiality of the Data.
- 2.2 The above obligations of confidentiality and restrictions on use shall not apply to Data which: (a) were lawfully in WHO's possession and known to WHO prior to disclosure by the Entity under the Platform, as evidenced by documents antedating the date of disclosure, or (b) were in the public domain or the subject of public knowledge at the time of disclosure by the Entity under the Platform; or (c) become part of the public domain or the subject of public knowledge through no fault of WHO, or (d) become available to WHO from a third party not in breach of a legal obligation of confidentiality in respect thereof, or (e) were subsequently and independently developed by or on behalf of WHO, as shown by written records, by persons who had no knowledge of the Data disclosed under the Platform.

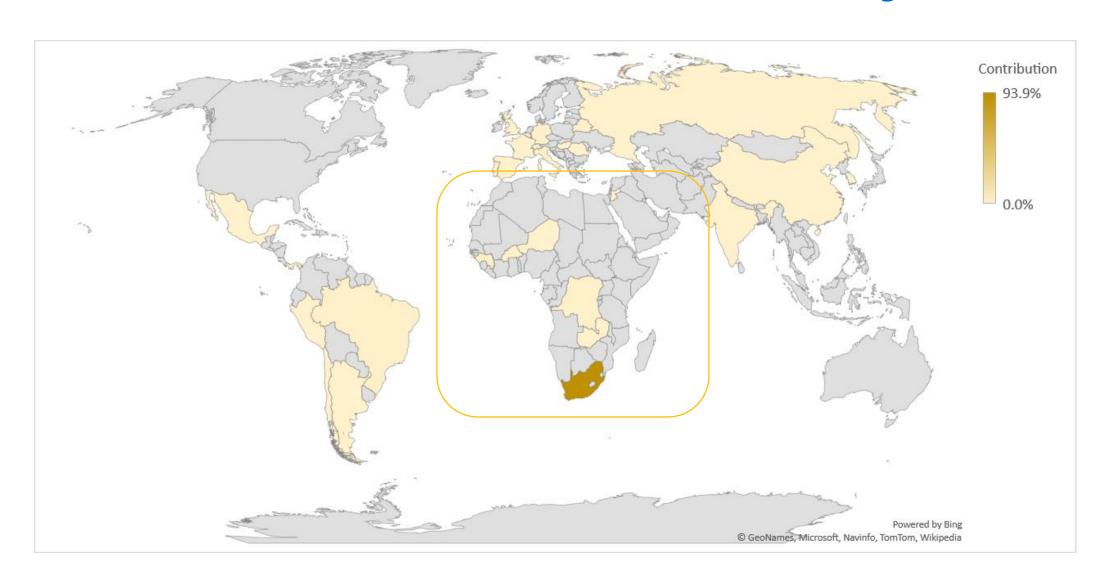
Right

Except for the license and rights explicitly granted hereunder, nothing contained in these Terms of Use shall be construed as conveying to WHO any tide, ownership or other rights in or to the Data, which remain the property of the Entity.

4. Publications

- 4.1 Subject to the protection of the Entity's proprietary rights in the data and to the protection of the confidentiality of the Data, the findings and/or results obtained through use of the Data for and/or within the Purpose of Use (collectively, "Results") may be published or otherwise publicly disclosed by WHO.
- 4.2 In addition to, and without limiting, the foregoing, WHO shall also have the right to publish (including, without limitation, in the form of Public Health Reports on WHO's website) the Data provided by the Entity to WHO under the Platform; provided, however, that the Data shall be published in an anorymized fashion, and shall not be identified as

sites in 59 countries have confirmed interest and data from 57 932 cases have been shared from 29 countries, as of Aug 2020



N.B. Data contributors are changing daily

Implementation:

As of August 2020, Sites in 29 countries have contributed clinical data

7	AFRO	55449	Zambia, DRC, South Africa, Guinea, Burkina Faso, Nigeria, Niger
2	EMRO	364	Jordan, Saudi Arabia
13	EURO	1323	Belgium, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Spain, Armenia, Romania, Belarus, France, Portugal, Russian Federation, Switzerland, United Kingdom
7	РАНО	600	Brazil, Mexico, USA, Panama, Trinidad and Tobago, Argentina, Chile
2	SEARO	68	Bangladesh, India
2	WPRO	128	China, Republic of Korea
29		57932	

Who is invited to countribute?

- MoH
- Health facilities
- Clinical/research networks

Why contributing?

- 1. Upon submission of data to WHO, contributors will have access to their dataset in an analyzable format
- 2. WHO will develop country report to support national response to COVID19
- Large size of the population studied = more robust estimates
- 4. Enable comparing disease presentation and outcome in different subpopulations (e.g children, HIV infected pts) with general population hospitalized with COVID
- 5. Facility-level information will not be identifiable, meaning that data contributors will still be able to publish their data elsewhere
- 6. Entered data will not be visible/accessible to other data contributors using the platform

Questions?

COVID-19 Clinical Platform Webpage

https://www.who.int/teams/health-care-readiness-clinical-unit/covid-19/

30 September 2020

Global COVID-19 Clinical Data Platform

Soe Soe Thwin, MS, PhD
Manager - Biostatistics and Data Management
Dept of Sexual and Reproductive Health and Research, WHO



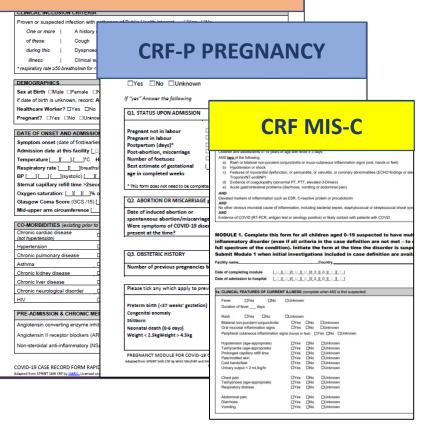


WHO Data Management Team

Soe Soe Thwin
Firdavs Kurbonov
Saidou Kouyate Mohamed
Ronaldo Silva

Khurshed Nosirov Sihem Landoulsi Data platform
Data Curation
Data Analytics (EPI team)

CRF-CORE



<u>Core CRF:</u> hospitalized children and adults with COVID19

<u>Pregnancy CRF:</u> core CRF + specific sections/variables in hospitalized pregnant women

Multisystem inflammatory syndrome (MIS): Children and Adolescents

Case Report Forms (CRFs)

MODULE 1 Admission

- Clinical inclusion criteria
- Demographics
- Date of onset and admission vital signs
- Co-morbidities
- Medication
- Signs and symptoms on admission
- Supportive care received
- Lab results

 Pregnancy Status upon Admission

MODULE 2 Inpatient stay (Daily Follow Up)

- Vital signs
- Daily clinical features
- Lab results
- Medication
- Supportive care received
- Fetal Heart Rate

MODULE 3 Discharge or death (Outcome)

- Diagnostic/ pathogen testing
- Complications
- Medication
- Supportive care received
- Outcome
- •
- Pregnancy
 Outcomes

2 options for contributing data to WHO Platform

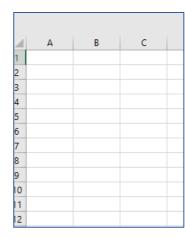
1) WHO CRF used to collect data (paper based or electronic)





Web-based System

2) Data entered in local system

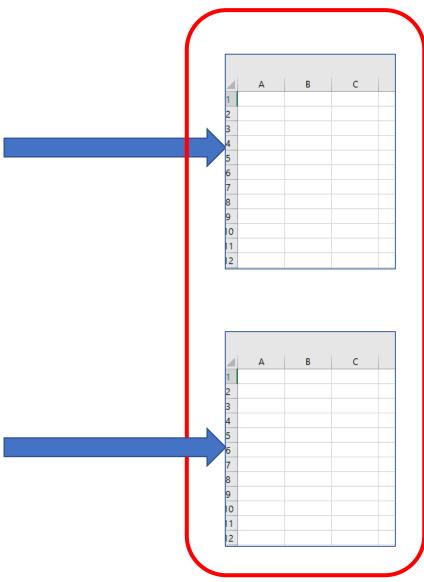




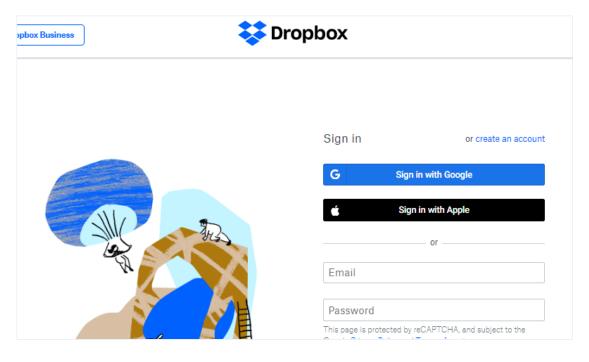
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WHO work with data contributors to transfer relevant variables from local databases to the WHO COVID-19 Clinical Data Platform

Pool Data

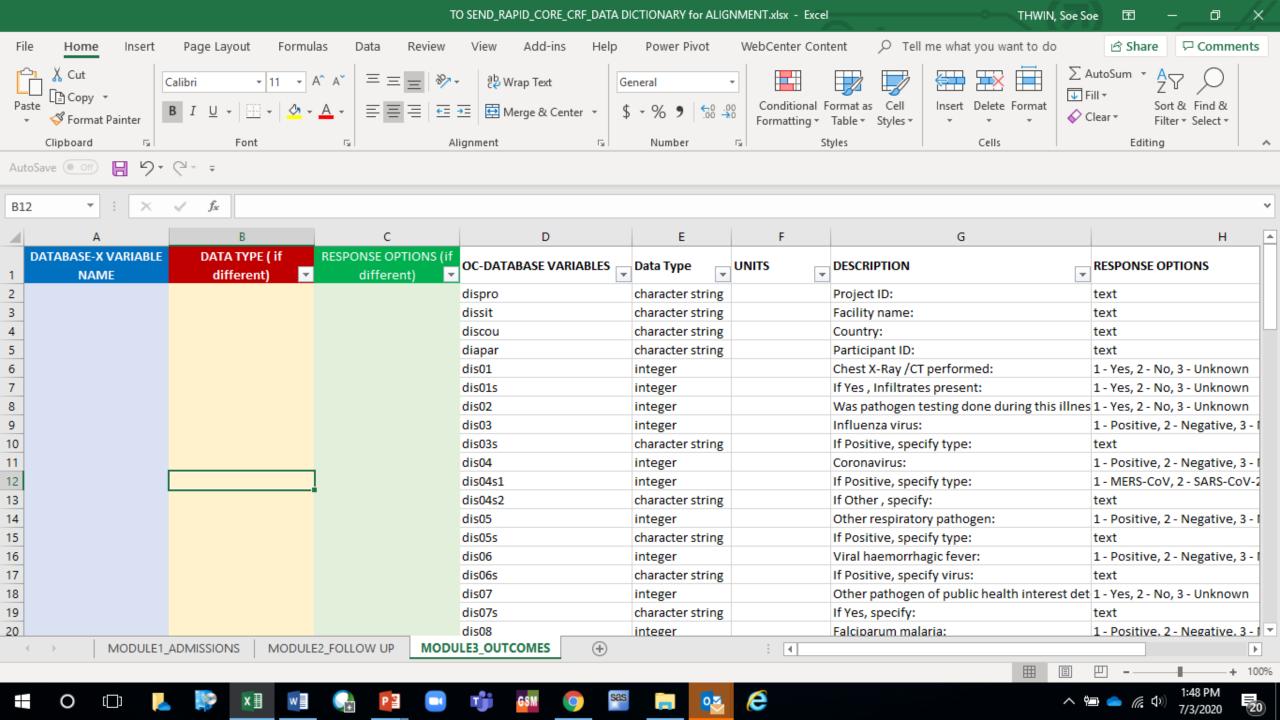


WHO/HRP DropBox

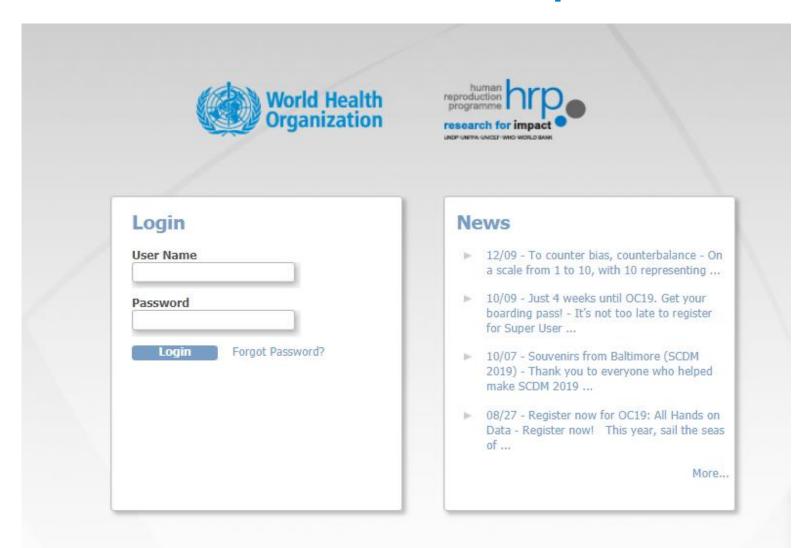


- Access Controlled
- Data Upload and Download





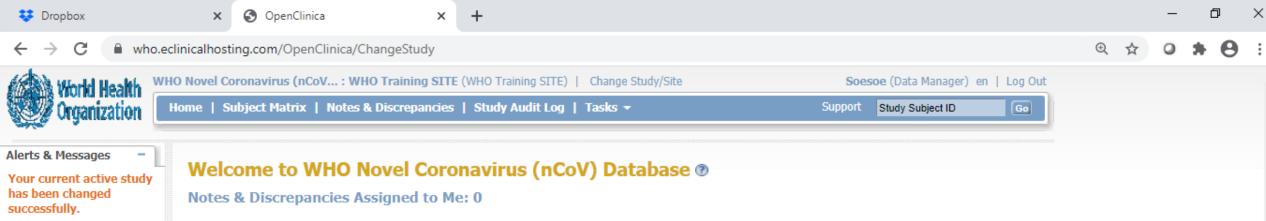
Electronic Data Capture (EDC) Platform



- > EDC platform, web based
- > Regulatory Compliant
- > Access controlled
- System commands in English
- eCRFs interface in English, French, Spanish

https://who.eclinicalhosting.com/OpenClinica/pages/login/login

PLATFORM	X COVID-MISCX CORE/PREGNANCY
User Name	
Email	
Site Name	
City	
Country	
Additional	
Users	



Instructions

If needed you may change the study/site or request access to a new study with a different role.

Other Info

Study: WHO Novel Coronavirus (nCoV) Database

Site: WHO Training SITE

Start Date: N/A

End Date: N/A

PI: SRH

Protocol Verification/IRB Approval Date:

Subject Enrollment By Site					
Site	Enrolled	Expected Enrollment	Percentage		
WHO Training SITE	83	1000	8 %		

Study Progress			
Event Status	# of Events	Percentage	
scheduled	165	59%	
data entry started	80	29%	
completed	33	12%	
signed	0	0%	
locked	0	0%	
skipped	0	0%	
stopped	0	0%	

Subject Status Count				
Study Subject Status	# of Study Subjects	Percentage		
available	81	98%		
signed	0	0%		
removed	2	2%		

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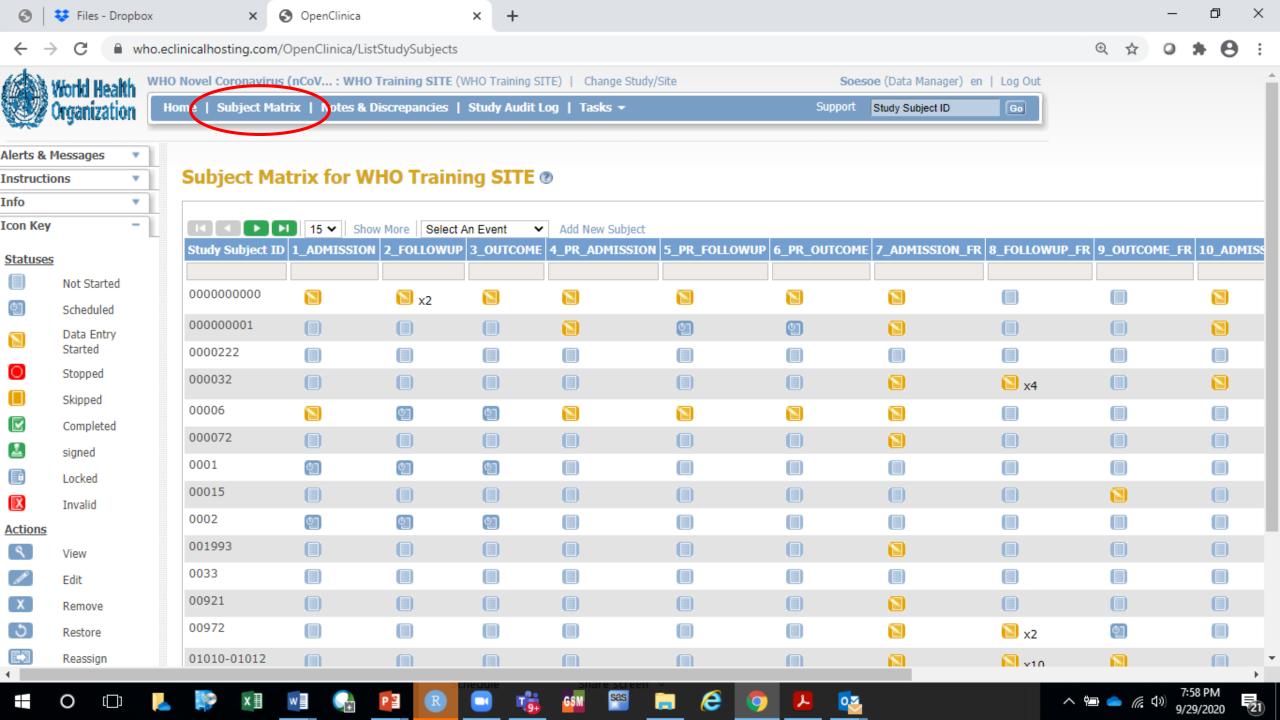












Data Curation

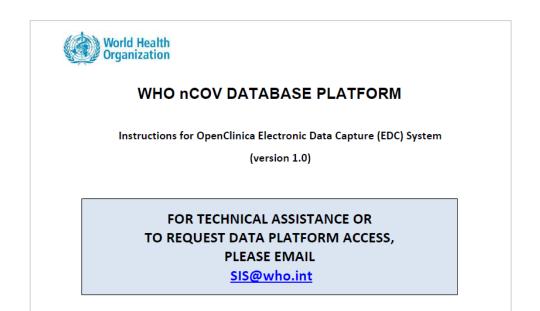
- ➤ Identify missing key variables (Admission date, Age/DOB)
- ➤ Identify outliers (lab values)
- > Identify logic discrepancies (parent/child questions, xtabulation)

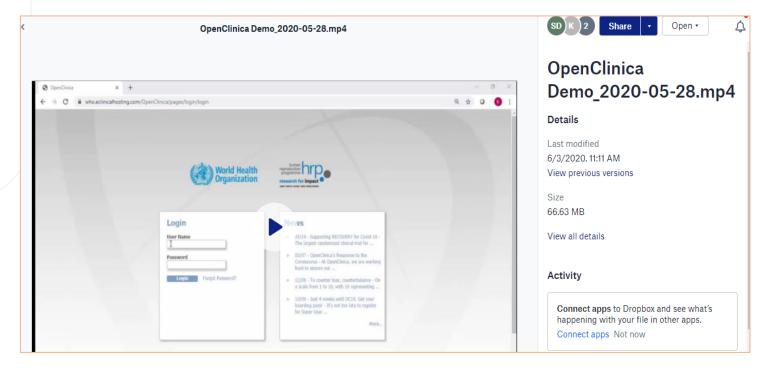
Data Aggregation and Analysis

- ➤ Algorithms developed in SAS and R for data aggregation and visualization (Global and Country Report)
- ➤ Statistical Analysis Plan

Training & Technical Support

- ➤ Instruction Manual for Data Platform
- ➤ Instruction Manual for Data Extraction
- ➤ Training Video
- ➤ End-User training via Zoom/ Q&A via phone or email





WHO Website Link:

https://www.who.int/teams/health-care-readiness-clinical-unit/covid-19/data-platform

OpenClinica Logon Link:

https://who.eclinicalhosting.com/OpenClinica/pages/login/login

Thank you.