



Model Optimization and Tuning Phase Report

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Date	15 July 2024
Team ID	739921
Project Title	
	Smartwatch Price Prediction
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

Model Optimization and Tuning Phase



from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor y_pred = rfr.predict(X_test) print(y_pred)

[344.73755508 291.0817691 249.82695678 215.41426607 303.70033648 191.37153371 298.35804465 215.41426607 271.29582738 310.0855083 181.92053838 259.43126129 317.06749465 214.87499546 339.03145069 314.86642774 321.10897239 182.65264837 281.97947074 265.52833842 304.73187845 264.84837114 348.39312633 263.04011563 179.5195108 317.06749465 296.62697154 298.30872145 216.19562511 589.23416085 303.79854914 281.97947074 350.50827681 265.89435462 353.05733735 532.33914929 184.47500131 299.04862712 453.96303205 418.07970397 270.73739161 287.40045758 153.89833426 179.5195108 304.73187845 433.27620649 316.26186003 215.41426607 201.73083725 303.79854914 236.40839276 307.37013203 226.82597218 325.44531398 242.66607874 371.49219091 558.69227709 296.0434014 292.51964541 282.56565504 427.43297972 271.4551246 323.54489494 433.27620649 588.84929899 179.5195108 200.08429313 303.16062629 224.31025968 303.79854914 239.61695941 403.88072129 236.40839276 414.77963321 268.831261586 226.03343188]





```
Linear
                                                                                                                  [386.62342118 360.15332618 286.1540297 303.04423719 447.33365739
                         from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
                                                                                                                  280.1024611 266.73826566 303.04423719 229.58183629 316.23267651
                        lr = LinearRegression()
Regres
                         lr.fit(X_train, y_train)
                        y_pred = lr.predict(X_test)
sion
                                                                                                                  307.86866906 390.25477341 276.0249498 87.22404958 408.18664545 235.93441149 259.62286383 398.65183839 235.83178176 531.16852174
                         print(y_pred)
                                                                                                                  376.40149751 301.32347435 241.5889741 386.96417899 364.59940819
240.41026898 292.09931584 290.80190493 312.24197811 280.57224316
                                                                                                                   350.93647563 126.88276443 303.04423719 311.90538403 235.93441149
                                                                                                                   320.71164875 373.64947106 284.76250953 321.18061925 199.33418385
341.78599221 512.03026582 546.13831112 448.81127427 285.76375109
                                                                                                                   375.1295165 267.98421596 355.73183744 327.36849535 499.22284167
312.24197811 306.5011872 451.01740079 121.24938376 235.93441149
                                                                                                                   338.04640863 323.48495571 320.71164875 257.60289285 215.13953391
```

The Model Optimization and Tuning Phase involves refining machine learning models for peak performance. It includes optimized model code, fine-tuning hyperparameters, comparing performance metrics, and justifying the final model selection for enhanced predictive accuracy and efficiency.

Hyperparameter Tuning Documentation (6 Marks):

Performance Metrics Comparison Report (2 Marks):





Decisio n Tree	<pre>from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor y_pred = rfr.predict(X_test) print(y_pred)</pre>	[344.73755508 291.0817691 249.82695678 215.41426607 303.70033648 191.37153371 298.35804465 215.41426607 271.29582738 310.0855083 181.92053838 259.43126129 317.06749465 214.87490546 339.03145069 314.86642774 321.10897239 182.65264837 281.97947074 265.52833842 304.73187845 264.84837114 348.39312633 263.04011563 179.5195108 317.06749465 296.62697154 298.30872145 216.19562511 589.23416085 303.79854914 281.97947074 356.50827681 265.89435462 353.06733735 532.33914929 184.47500131 299.04862712 453.96303205 418.07970397 270.73739161 287.40045758 153.89833426 179.5195108 304.73187845 433.27620649 316.26186003 215.41426607 201.73083725 303.79854914 236.40839276 307.37013203 226.82597218 325.44531398 242.66607874 371.49219091 558.69227709 296.0434014 292.51964541 282.56565504 427.43297972 271.4551246 323.54489494 433.27620649 588.84929899 179.5195108 200.08429313 303.16062629 224.31025968 303.79854914 239.61695941 403.88072129 236.40839276 414.77963321 268.31261586 226.03343188]
Gradien t Boostin g	<pre>from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingRegressor y_pred = gbr.predict(X_test) print(y_pred) [</pre>	394.18353629 248.9359602 277.61792648 201.31666931 264.83367429 164.32361752 305.77017841 201.31666931 242.07807594 379.5476952 163.262689758 218.7377031 291.95798564 183.47578719 286.81768829 387.50656516 275.68320957 187.63012144 254.82122965 310.60712175 289.54928567 198.70880195 287.66683188 221.19279057 177.82532319 291.95798564 281.11743423 281.14884466 112.51561962 523.22998559 388.22214817 253.6921244 337.85743767 288.246729354 467.6960819 1426.35202759 187.63012144 337.85743767 589.18267915 541.04533173 268.464626205 273.82097632 127.98045488 177.82532319 289.54928567 456.1457385 593.30214629 201.31666931 174.1582791 308.22214817 214.59418365 283.74462071 225.57078348 333.42248296 235.12493008 297.72558548 570.33820073 267.09739011 266.79940796 280.76167641 480.7586765 299.65606624 234.22785544 489.5213831 400.0651878 177.82532319 150.98400468 373.46356544 297.72973899 308.22214817 279.12224 496.83883085 214.59418365 302.32936877 201.19004248 222.36234985]
Model	Optimized Me	etric
Decision Tree	predict_test_dtr = dtr.predi	ore(y_test, predict_test_dtr) core_dtr_train) est, predict_test_dtr) or:', rmse_dtr_test) 523





Random Forest

```
predict_test_rfr = rfr.predict(X_test)
error_score_rfr_test = r2_score(y_test, predict_test_rfr)
print("R2 error is: ", error_score_rfr_test)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predict_test_rfr)
rmse_rfr_test = np.sqrt(mse)
print('Root Mean Squared Error:', rmse_rfr_test)
R2 error is: 0.4682019160232922
Root Mean Squared Error: 137.5391492918106
```

Linear Regression

```
predict_test = lr.predict(X_test)
  error_score_lr_test = r2_score(y_test, predict_test)
  print("R2 error is: ",error_score_lr_test)
  mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predict_test)
  rmse_lr_test = np.sqrt(mse)
  print('Root Mean Squared Error:', rmse_lr_test)
R2 error is: 0.16590308669836795
Root Mean Squared Error: 172.25078376734078
```





Gradient Boosting

```
predict_test_gbr = gbr.predict(X_test)
error_score_gbr_test = r2_score(y_test, predict_test_gbr)
print("R2 error is: ",error_score_gbr_test)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predict_test_gbr)
rmse_gbr_test = np.sqrt(mse)
print('Root Mean Squared Error:', rmse_gbr_test)
R2 error is: 0.6921013198704671
Root Mean Squared Error: 104.65424845542633
```

Final Model Selection Justification (2 Marks):

Final Model	Reasoning
Decision Tree	The Decision Tree model was selected for its superior performance, exhibiting high accuracy during hyperparameter tuning. Its ability to handle complex relationships, minimize overfitting, and optimize predictive accuracy aligns with project objectives, justifying its selection as the final model.