# SMART INDIA HACKATHON 2025

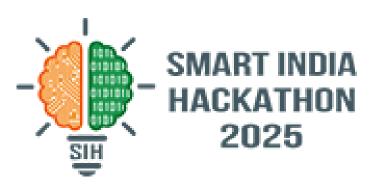


- Problem Statement ID: 25082
- Problem Statement Title: (PS 81)
   Development of a travel related software app that can be installed on mobile phones that could capture trip related information
- Theme: Travel & Tourism
- PS Category: Software
- Team Name: Team Unskilled





# **YATRA**



### **Idea Explanation**

- An app to track trip chain data and share with government, including an Al bot that also takes voice input uses RAG (LangChain + ChromaDB etc.) to pull live travel, weather & govt-data.
- Builds full itineraries + trip chains from user inputs (budget, duration, destinations, companions), stores data, exports PDF.
- Features live location updates danger zone updates, emergency/SOS alerts, public transport tracking, Transport ticket/hotel uploads and past trip analytics.

#### **How It Addresses the Problem**

- Replaces costly, low-coverage manual surveys with high-volume automated + minimal user input data.
- Captures richer, more accurate trip chain & transport mode details.
- Enables NATPAC / govt to access real-time + historic mobility patterns for better planning & response.

### **Innovation & Uniqueness**

- Al recommendations for destinations, activities, and restaurants. Real-time group collaboration and expense sharing.
- Safety features: SOS alerts and live location tracking. Centralized document management for tickets and bookings. Dynamic updates on weather, transport, and local events..

APP LINK: https://expo.dev/accounts/kislay04/projects/yatra/builds/518051b3-fc56-45ef-9e93-98f2ab035d81

#### **APP FEATURES**

All in one Trip/ Travel assistant



Live timed danger/ safety/ risky zone location updates

Trip Chain Tracker (live & summary download for govt database)

Smart GPS
Trip detection

Tripsy: AI Trip assistant

Al Trip Planning Live public transport track chain on trip for safety

Gps tracking Live location news/ updates

Trip Safetyl Emergency Ensured Hotel
booking
Train/flight
ticket upload

Track group trips/ members' location and group chain

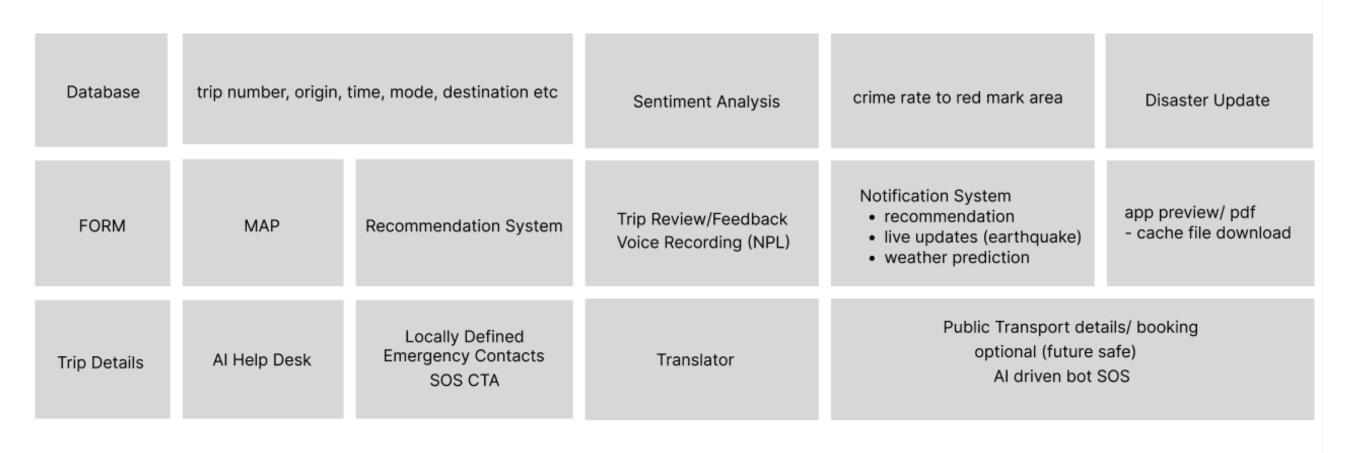
- Easy trip chain data access for the government & user
- User safety ensured and recorded at every step
- Al trip planning & recommendations
- Live location updates/ news/ weather/ safety updates/ transport tracking
- Group trip chain, addition hotel booking & trip/flight ticket saved in database

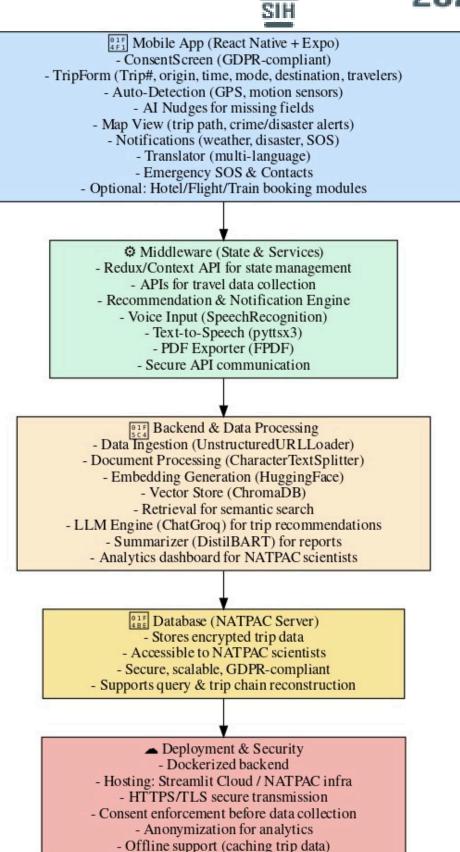


## TECHNICAL APPROACH



- **Technologies used:** React native, node.js, Generative AI, RAG, Langchain, transformers, fastapis, docker (ffmpeg, espeak), conversationalbuffermemory, chromadb, huggingface for vector embedding, Groq apikey, react native, typescript
- Methodology and process for implementation:







# FEASIBILITY AND VIABILITY



## **Feasibility**

- Technologies like RAG, vector DBs + APIs are proven; mobile OS allow background tracking.
- DigiPIN gives a 10character code per 4×4 m grid, works offline, precise geo-addressing
- India's DPDP Act mandates consent, data minimization, right to withdraw → supports legal viability.

## **Challenges & Risks**

- Battery drain and location inaccuracy (e.g. indoors, remote).
- Cost/scalability of real-time APIs, DBs, servers.
- Ensuring privacy, managing consent, legal compliance.

## Strategies to Overcome challenges

Use consent-first design; allow opt-out; minimal data collection.

- Use DigiPIN + reduced GPS usage;
   cache data; enable offline support.
- Scale infrastructure gradually; lean open-source tools; efficient DB indexing.
- Use a centralized Consent Manager registered under the DPDP Act, which serves as the single point of contact to collect, manage, review, and withdraw user consent in an auditable and transparent manner



## IMPACT AND BENEFITS



## **Potential Impact on Target Audience**

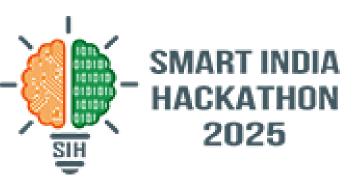
- Citizens get better travel planning: faster, cheaper, safer trips via real-time updates & SOS features.
- Increased trust: transparency over travel data, control over consent, improved safety in emergencies.
- Enhanced mobility choices: public transport, routes, and options that adapt to user needs (companions, budget, destination).
- Better preparedness: Live alerts and evacuation planning for disasters/emergency situations while travelling.
- Enhances group travel experience by enabling realtime collaborative itineraries, live schedule updates, safety alerts, and centralized document coordination, keeping everyone informed, connected, and secure

#### **Benefits of the Solution**

- Helps transportation planners (like NATPAC) make data-driven decisions: route design, infrastructure investment, demand forecasting.
- Reduces congestion and lowers travel time
   & costs across the system.
- Helps Government agency manage crowd and record data more efficiently
- Economic benefit: boosts tourism, local businesses; reduces cost of operating transport and emergency services.
- Social benefit: safer travel, inclusion of vulnerable users, more equitable access to transit and mobility services.



# RESEARCH AND REFERENCES



#### **Datasets**

App trip logs (collected): anonymized GPS traces, timestamps, trip events (start/stop), user-provided trip metadata (origin, destination, purpose).

OpenStreetMap (OSM): base maps, POIs, routing & administrative boundaries. (openstreetmap.org)

GTFS feeds: public transit schedules for route matching and trip reconstruction

Disaster / incident feeds: GDACS, EM-DAT, GDELT for global incident / disaster alerts. (gdacs.org · emdat.be · gdeltproject.org)

Crime / local incident datasets: state/city open-data portals (e.g., local police data / data.gov) or Kaggle crime datasets for alert training. (kaggle.com)

Ground-truth / evaluation data: human-labeled alert relevance, user feedback logs, curated trip reports for summarization eval.

#### **Reseach Models**

Embeddings & models: Sentence-BERT / transformer embeddings; BART / DistilBART for summarization (Hugging Face model hub). (huggingface.co)

Vector DBs & retrieval: ChromaDB, FAISS, Milvus for semantic search.

Pipelines & helpers: LangChain / Haystack (document loaders, splitters, RAG patterns).

Speech / TTS: Google Speech-to-Text, Vosk / DeepSpeech for recognition; pyttsx3 / gTTS for TTS.

Mapping & client: Mapbox / Leaflet / MapLibre; React Native + Expo for mobile.

Deployment / infra: Docker, Streamlit (analytics), HTTPS/TLS, NATPAC infra.

#### Reference

Lewis, M. et al., BART: Denoising Sequence-to-Sequence Pre-training for NLG, 2019.

Lewis, P. et al., Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG), 2020.

Reimers, N. & Gurevych, I., Sentence-BERT: Sentence Embeddings using Siamese BERT, 2019.

Johnson, J., Douze, M., & Jégou, H., Billion-scale similarity search with FAISS, 2017.

GDPR — Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (data protection & consent). (gdpr.eu)

OWASP Foundation — OWASP Top 10 (security guidance). (owasp.org)

ChromaDB / Hugging Face / LangChain documentation (tool & model references). (chroma.github.io · huggingface.co · langchain.com)