# Ali Darijani

# Applied Math

 $-\,Monograph\,-\,$ 

January 14, 2023

Darij's Publishing House



### Foreword

This is merely an effort to share some experience in the hope that it might benefit people survive Applied Math, Life, and last but not least Germany and not die trying:-)

Berlin, January 14, 2023

Ali Darijani

## **Preface**

This is merely an effort to share some experience in the hope that it might benefit people survive Applied Math, Life, and last but not least Germany and not die trying:-)

Berlin, January 14, 2023

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# Acknowledgements

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I would like to thank my

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### **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

Here you can see a list of important acronyms.

ANSI American National Standards Institute

ASCII American Standard Code for Information Interchange

CPU Central Processing Unit

CUDA Compute Unified Device Architecture

DRAM Dynamic Random Access Memory

GNU GNU's Not Unix

GPU Graphics Processing Unit

grep g lobal(ly) search r egular e xpression p rint

NVRAM Non-Volatile Random Access Memory

pip Pip Installs Packages

RAM Random Access Memory

SDRAM Static Random Access Memory

TPU Tensor Processing Unit

# Part I Part Title

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#### Chapter 1

### ,,, and beyond

And Ken Said Let Everything Be A File...And Then There Was Light...

**Abstract** Nowadays an applied mathematicians must utilize a computer in order to handle their workflow. Computers must have an () and that is set in the stone. As to what OS is optimal, there are no clear answers obviously. Every OS has its pros and cons. I adopted the Unix-like OSs for now as I observed my mentors during my college years and still continue to do so. This chapter tries to help you determine whether you would benefit from those OSs too and if yes formulate a guideline for its learning process.

#### 1.1 Unix or not to Unix!

For now Unix is only a name and not a verb therefore making the heading a failed attempt at making a witty remark. I however, hope that it someday makes its way to the standard dictionaries as a verb like grep or google. During my BSc, MSc, phD years I observed my mentors and tried to have the same hardware, OS and softwares as a ay of minimizing the initial overhead of having a working workflow.

#### 1.1.1 BSc Years

I would say that in my BSc years there were only a handful of people that used Unix-like systems. My trust in them however were so solid that I decided to follow their footsteps instead of the more popular windows pathway. Here is a list and a short description of the nature of their computing works:

 Mir Abbas Jalali: Mechanical engineer professor but an applied mathematician at heart mostly doing complex physics simulation. Needed fast, high-performance low-level code(C, Fortran) to perform his computer experiments. Joined the CUDA party really fast back in 2010. Had an Apple, MacBook Pro with Darwin 4 1,,, and beyond

on top as the OS. Was willing to do cluster computing and parallelization if deemed worthy monstrous computations done.

• Saeed Rezaei:

#### basic usage

brew install fgjn

#### 1.2 Section Heading

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#### 1.3 Section Heading

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Furtheron please use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations.

Please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

Use the standard equation environment to typeset your equations, e.g.

$$a \times b = c \,, \tag{1.1}$$

5

however, for multiline equations we recommend to use the equarray environment<sup>1</sup>.

$$\left|\nabla U_{\alpha}^{\mu}(y)\right| \le \frac{1}{d-\alpha} \int \left|\nabla \frac{1}{|\xi - y|^{d-\alpha}}\right| d\mu(\xi) = \int \frac{1}{|\xi - y|^{d-\alpha+1}} d\mu(\xi) \tag{1.2}$$

$$= (d-\alpha+1)\int_{d(y)}^{\infty} \frac{\mu(B(y,r))}{r^{d-\alpha+2}} dr \le (d-\alpha+1)\int_{d(y)}^{\infty} \frac{r^{d-\alpha}}{r^{d-\alpha+2}} dr \quad (1.3)$$

#### 1.3.1 Subsection Heading

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Further on please use the LaTeX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. 1.3.

Please do not use quotation marks when quoting texts! Simply use the quotation environment – it will automatically be rendered in the preferred layout.

#### 1.3.1.1 Subsubsection Heading

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Furtheron please use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. 1.3.1, see also Fig. 1.1<sup>2</sup>

Please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

#### Paragraph Heading

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In physics texts please activate the class option vecphys to depict your vectors in **boldface-italic** type - as is customary for a wide range of physical subjects.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> If you copy text passages, figures, or tables from other works, you must obtain *permission* from the copyright holder (usually the original publisher). Please enclose the signed permission with the manucript. The sources must be acknowledged either in the captions, as footnotes or in a separate section of the book.

6 1,,, and beyond

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For typesetting numbered lists we recommend to use the enumerate environment – it will automatically render Springer's preferred layout.

- Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.
  - a. Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioe-conomic development.
  - Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.
- Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.

#### Subparagraph Heading

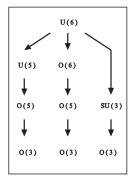
In order to avoid simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. 1.3, see also Fig. 1.2.

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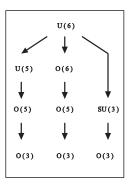
- Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development, cf. Table 1.1.
  - Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.
  - Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.

Fig. 1.1 If the width of the figure is less than 7.8 cm use the sidecapion command to flush the caption on the left side of the page. If the figure is positioned at the top of the page, align the sidecaption with the top of the figure – to achieve this you simply need to use the optional argument [t] with the sidecaption command



1.4 Section Heading

Fig. 1.2 Please write your figure caption here



7

Table 1.1 Please write your table caption here

Classes	Subclass	Length	Action Mechanism
Translation	mRNA <sup>a</sup>	22 (19–25)	Translation repression, mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA cleavage	21	mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA	21–22	mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA	24–26	Histone and DNA Modification

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Table foot note (with superscript)

· Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.

Run-in Heading Boldface Version Use the LATEX automatism for all your crossreferences and citations as has already been described in Sect. 1.3.

Run-in Heading Boldface and Italic Version Use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. 1.3.

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8 1,,, and beyond

If you want to list definitions or the like we recommend to use the Springerenhanced description environment – it will automatically render Springer's preferred layout.

Type 1 That addresses central themes pertaining to migration, health, and disease. In Sect. 1.2, Wilson discusses the role of human migration in infectious disease distributions and patterns.

Type 2 That addresses central themes pertaining to migration, health, and disease. In Sect. 1.3.1, Wilson discusses the role of human migration in infectious disease distributions and patterns.

#### 1.4.1 Subsection Heading

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If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts we recommend to use the newly defined Springer class option graybox and the newly defined environment svgraybox. This will produce a 15 percent screened box 'behind' your text.

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts we recommend to use the newly defined Springer class option and environment svgraybox. This will produce a 15 percent screened box 'behind' your text.

#### 1.4.1.1 Subsubsection Heading

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Please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

**Theorem 1.1** Theorem text goes here.

**Definition 1.1** Definition text goes here.

**Proof** Proof text goes here.

1.4 Section Heading 9

#### Paragraph Heading

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Note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

**Theorem 1.2** Theorem text goes here.

**Definition 1.2** Definition text goes here.

**Proof** Proof text goes here.

#### **Trailer Head**

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Trailer Head we recommend to use

```
\begin{trailer}{Trailer Head}
...
\end{trailer}
```

#### ? Questions

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Questions we recommend to use

```
\begin{question}{Questions}
...
\end{question}
```

#### > Important

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\begin{important}{Important}
...
\end{important}
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10 1,,, and beyond

#### ! Attention

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\begin{warning}{Attention}
...
\end{warning}
```

#### **Program Code**

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Program Code we recommend to use

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\begin{programcode}{Program Code}
\begin{verbatim}...\end{verbatim}
\end{programcode}
```

#### **Tips**

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```
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...
\end{tips}
```

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...
\end{overview}
```

1.4 Section Heading 11

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```
\begin{backgroundinformation}{Background Information}
...
\end{backgroundinformation}
```

#### **Legal Text**

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\begin{legaltext}{Legal Text}
...
\end{legaltext}
```

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#### **Appendix**

When placed at the end of a chapter or contribution (as opposed to at the end of the book), the numbering of tables, figures, and equations in the appendix section continues on from that in the main text. Hence please *do not* use the appendix command when writing an appendix at the end of your chapter or contribution. If there is only one the appendix is designated "Appendix", or "Appendix 1", or "Appendix 2", etc. if there is more than one.

$$a \times b = c \tag{1.4}$$

#### **Problems**

**1.1** A given problem or Excercise is described here. The problem is described here. The problem is described here.

#### 1.2 Problem Heading

- (a) The first part of the problem is described here.
- (b) The second part of the problem is described here.

12 1 , , , and beyond

#### References

In view of the parallel print and (chapter-wise) online publication of your book at www.springerlink.com it has been decided that – as a general rule – references should be sorted chapter-wise and placed at the end of the individual chapters. However, upon agreement with your contact at Springer you may list your references in a single seperate chapter at the end of your book. Deactivate the class option sectrefs and the thebibliography environment will be put out as a chapter of its own.

References may be *cited* in the text either by number (preferred) or by author/year.<sup>3</sup> If the citation in the text is numbered, the reference list should be arranged in ascending order. If the citation in the text is author/year, the reference list should be *sorted* alphabetically and if there are several works by the same author, the following order should be used:

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- 2. all works by the author with a coauthor, ordered alphabetically by coauthor
- 3. all works by the author with several coauthors, ordered chronologically by year of publication.

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- The *two* recommended styles for references in books on *mathematical*, *physical*, *statistical and computer sciences* are depicted in [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] and [6, 7, 8, 9, 10].
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Always use the standard abbreviation of a journal's name according to the ISSN *List of Title Word Abbreviations*, see http://www.issn.org/en/node/344

References 13

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# Appendix A Chapter Heading

#### All's well that ends well

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#### A.1 Section Heading

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#### A.1.1 Subsection Heading

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For multiline equations we recommend to use the eqnarray environment.

$$\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{c}$$
$$\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{c}$$
 (A.1)

#### A.1.1.1 Subsubsection Heading

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Furtheron please use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. A.1.1.

**Fig. A.1** Please write your figure caption here



Please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

Table A.1 Please write your table caption here

Classes	Subclass	Length	Action Mechanism
Translation	mRNA <sup>a</sup>	22 (19–25)	Translation repression, mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA cleavage	21	mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA	21–22	mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA	24–26	Histone and DNA Modification

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Table foot note (with superscript)

### Glossary

Use the template *glossary.tex* together with the Springer document class SVMono (monograph-type books) or SVMult (edited books) to style your glossary in the Springer layout.

#### **GNU** GNU is not UNIX

**glossary term** Write here the description of the glossary term. Write here the description of the glossary term. Write here the description of the glossary term.

**glossary term** Write here the description of the glossary term. Write here the description of the glossary term. Write here the description of the glossary term.

#### abs datenwise

**glossary term** Write here the description of the glossary term. Write here the description of the glossary term. Write here the description of the glossary term.

### **Solutions**

### **Problems of Chapter 1**

- **1.1** The solution is revealed here.
- 1.2 Problem Heading
- (a) The solution of first part is revealed here.
- (b) The solution of second part is revealed here.

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